CYCLISTIC BIKE SHARE CASE STUDY WITH R

Quang Cao Phan 2023-02-20

Scenario

You are a junior data analyst working in the marketing analyst team at Cyclistic, a bike-share company in Chicago. The director of marketing believes the company's future success depends on maximizing the number of annual memberships. Therefore, your team wants to understand how casual riders and annual members use Cyclistic bikes differently. From these insights, your team will design a new marketing strategy to convert casual riders into annual members. But first, Cyclistic executives must approve your recommendations, so they must be backed up with compelling data insights and professional data visualizations.

ASK

- Question
 - 1. What is the difference between Subscriber and Custumer using Cyclistic bikes?
 - 2. Why did Custumer buy an annual Cyclistic membership?
 - 3. How can Cyclistic use digital media to influence casual riders to become members?

PREPARE

library(ggplot2)

Dataset: https://divvy-tripdata.s3.amazonaws.com/index.html (https://divvy-tripdata.s3.amazonaws.com/index.html) - For this analysis, I will use Q1 2019 to Q4 2019 data

```
#install packages
library(tidyverse)
## Warning: package 'tidyverse' was built under R version 4.2.3
## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 4.2.3
## Warning: package 'tibble' was built under R version 4.2.3
## Warning: package 'dplyr' was built under R version 4.2.3

    Attaching core tidyverse packages

                                                             — tidyverse 2.0.0 —
## ✔ dplyr
              1.1.1
                        ✓ readr
                                    2.1.4
## ✓ forcats 1.0.0
                                    1.5.0

✓ stringr
## / ggplot2 3.4.2

✓ tibble

                                    3.2.1
## ✓ lubridate 1.9.2

✓ tidyr

                                    1.3.0
## ✔ purrr
             1.0.1
    Conflicts
                                                         – tidyverse conflicts() —
## * dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## * dplyr::lag()
                   masks stats::lag()
## i Use the ]8;;http://conflicted.r-lib.org/conflicted package]8;; to force all conflicts to become errors
library(lubridate)
```

```
library(dplyr)
library(knitr)

#import datasets
q1 2019 <- read csv("C:/Users/Pearls/Documents/Google R Project/Divvy Trips 2019 Q1.csv")</pre>
```

```
## Rows: 365069 Columns: 12
## — Column specification —
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (4): from_station_name, to_station_name, usertype, gender
## dbl (5): trip_id, bikeid, from_station_id, to_station_id, birthyear
## num (1): tripduration
## dttm (2): start_time, end_time
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

```
q2_2019 <- read_csv("C:/Users/Pearls/Documents/Google R Project/Divvy_Trips_2019_Q2.csv")</pre>
```

```
## Rows: 1108163 Columns: 12
## — Column specification —
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (4): 03 - Rental Start Station Name, 02 - Rental End Station Name, User...
## dbl (5): 01 - Rental Details Rental ID, 01 - Rental Details Bike ID, 03 - R...
## num (1): 01 - Rental Details Duration In Seconds Uncapped
## dttm (2): 01 - Rental Details Local Start Time, 01 - Rental Details Local En...
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

```
q3_2019 <- read_csv("C:/Users/Pearls/Documents/Google R Project/Divvy_Trips_2019_03.csv")
```

```
## Rows: 1640718 Columns: 12
## — Column specification —
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (4): from_station_name, to_station_name, usertype, gender
## dbl (5): trip_id, bikeid, from_station_id, to_station_id, birthyear
## num (1): tripduration
## dttm (2): start_time, end_time
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

```
q4_2019 <- read_csv("C:/Users/Pearls/Documents/Google R Project/Divvy_Trips_2019_Q4.csv")
```

```
## Rows: 704054 Columns: 12
## — Column specification —
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (4): from_station_name, to_station_name, usertype, gender
## dbl (5): trip_id, bikeid, from_station_id, to_station_id, birthyear
## num (1): tripduration
## dttm (2): start_time, end_time
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

Process

First, we need to check the column names first before merging the four datasets. This is important because all column names must be the same.

```
colnames(q1_2019)
```

```
colnames(q2_2019)
```

```
## [1] "01 - Rental Details Rental ID"
## [2] "01 - Rental Details Local Start Time"
## [3] "01 - Rental Details Local End Time"
## [4] "01 - Rental Details Bike ID"
## [5] "01 - Rental Details Duration In Seconds Uncapped"
## [6] "03 - Rental Start Station ID"
## [7] "03 - Rental Start Station Name"
## [8] "02 - Rental End Station ID"
## [9] "02 - Rental End Station Name"
## [10] "User Type"
## [11] "Member Gender"
## [12] "05 - Member Details Member Birthday Year"
```

```
colnames(q3_2019)
```

```
colnames(q4_2019)
```

Because the columns are not identical with other datasets, we will proceed to rename the columns.

```
q2_2019 fixed <- rename (q2_2019
                   ,ride_id = "01 - Rental Details Rental ID"
                   ,rideable_type = "01 - Rental Details Bike ID"
                   ,started at = "01 - Rental Details Local Start Time"
                   ,ended at = "01 - Rental Details Local End Time"
                   ,start_station_name = "03 - Rental Start Station Name"
                   ,start station id = "03 - Rental Start Station ID"
                   ,end_station_name = "02 - Rental End Station Name"
                   ,end_station_id = "02 - Rental End Station ID"
                   ,tripduration = "01 - Rental Details Duration In Seconds Uncapped"
                   ,birthyear = "05 - Member Details Member Birthday Year"
                   ,gender = "Member Gender"
                   ,member_casual = "User Type")
q4 2019fixed <- rename(q4 2019
                   ,ride id = trip id
                   ,rideable_type = bikeid
                   ,started_at = start_time
                   ,ended_at = end_time
                   ,start_station_name = from_station_name
                   ,start station id = from station id
                   ,end station name = to station name
                   ,end station id = to station id
                   ,member casual = usertype)
q3 2019fixed <- rename(q3 2019
                   ,ride_id = trip_id
                   ,rideable_type = bikeid
                   ,started_at = start_time
                   ,ended_at = end_time
                   ,start_station_name = from_station_name
                   ,start_station_id = from_station_id
                   ,end_station_name = to_station_name
                   ,end station id = to station id
                   ,member_casual = usertype)
q1 2019fixed <- rename(q1 2019
                   ,ride_id = trip_id
                   ,rideable_type = bikeid
                   ,started_at = start time
                   ,ended at = end time
                   ,start_station_name = from_station_name
                   ,start_station_id = from_station_id
                   ,end station name = to station name
                   ,end station id = to station id
                   ,member_casual = usertype)
```

Next, we need to check the data types of each column to make sure all the data is formatted correctly.

```
str(q1_2019fixed)
```

```
## spc tbl [365,069 \times 12] (S3: spec tbl df/tbl df/tbl/data.frame)
## $ ride id
                      : num [1:365069] 21742443 21742444 21742445 21742446 21742447 ...
## $ started at
                       : POSIXct[1:365069], format: "2019-01-01 00:04:37" "2019-01-01 00:08:13" ...
                      : POSIXct[1:365069], format: "2019-01-01 00:11:07" "2019-01-01 00:15:34" ...
## $ ended at
## $ rideable_type
                      : num [1:365069] 2167 4386 1524 252 1170 ...
                       : num [1:365069] 390 441 829 1783 364 ...
    $ tripduration
   $ start station id : num [1:365069] 199 44 15 123 173 98 98 211 150 268 ...
## $ start_station_name: chr [1:365069] "Wabash Ave & Grand Ave" "State St & Randolph St" "Racine Ave & 18th St"
"California Ave & Milwaukee Ave" ...
                      : num [1:365069] 84 624 644 176 35 49 49 142 148 141 ...
## $ end station id
## $ end station name : chr [1:365069] "Milwaukee Ave & Grand Ave" "Dearborn St & Van Buren St (*)" "Western Av
e & Fillmore St (*)" "Clark St & Elm St" ...
   $ member casual
                       : chr [1:365069] "Subscriber" "Subscriber" "Subscriber" "Subscriber" ...
                        : chr [1:365069] "Male" "Female" "Female" "Male" ...
##
    $ gender
##
   $ birthyear
                        : num [1:365069] 1989 1990 1994 1993 1994 ...
    - attr(*, "spec")=
##
##
     .. cols(
##
         trip id = col double(),
     . .
         start_time = col_datetime(format = ""),
##
     . .
         end time = col datetime(format = ""),
##
     . .
##
        bikeid = col double(),
     . .
##
         tripduration = col number(),
     . .
##
     .. from station id = col double(),
##
        from_station_name = col_character(),
     . .
##
         to station id = col double(),
     . .
##
         to station name = col character(),
     . .
         usertype = col_character(),
##
     . .
     .. gender = col_character(),
##
##
    .. birthyear = col double()
##
    ..)
   - attr(*, "problems")=<externalptr>
##
```

str(q2 2019fixed)

```
## spc_tbl_[1,108,163 \times 12] (S3: spec_tbl_df/tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
                   : num [1:1108163] 22178529 22178530 22178531 22178532 22178533 ...
## $ ride_id
## $ started at
                        : POSIXct[1:1108163], format: "2019-04-01 00:02:22" "2019-04-01 00:03:02" ...
                       : POSIXct[1:1108163], format: "2019-04-01 00:09:48" "2019-04-01 00:20:30" ...
## $ ended at
## $ rideable_type
                       : num [1:1108163] 6251 6226 5649 4151 3270 ...
                       : num [1:1108163] 446 1048 252 357 1007 ...
## $ start station id : num [1:1108163] 81 317 283 26 202 420 503 260 211 211 ...
## $ start_station_name: chr [1:1108163] "Daley Center Plaza" "Wood St & Taylor St" "LaSalle St & Jackson Blvd"
"McClurg Ct & Illinois St" ...
   $ end station id : num [1:1108163] 56 59 174 133 129 426 500 499 211 211 ...
## $ end_station_name : chr [1:1108163] "Desplaines St & Kinzie St" "Wabash Ave & Roosevelt Rd" "Canal St & Mad
ison St" "Kingsbury St & Kinzie St" ...
   $ member casual
                       : chr [1:1108163] "Subscriber" "Subscriber" "Subscriber" "Subscriber" ...
##
                        : chr [1:1108163] "Male" "Female" "Male" "Male" ...
##
   $ gender
##
    $ birthyear
                        : num [1:1108163] 1975 1984 1990 1993 1992 ...
    - attr(*, "spec")=
##
     .. cols(
##
          `01 - Rental Details Rental ID` = col double(),
##
         `01 - Rental Details Local Start Time` = col datetime(format = ""),
##
          `01 - Rental Details Local End Time` = col_datetime(format = ""),
##
          `01 - Rental Details Bike ID` = col_double(),
##
##
          `01 - Rental Details Duration In Seconds Uncapped` = col number(),
     . .
          `03 - Rental Start Station ID` = col_double(),
##
     . .
         `03 - Rental Start Station Name` = col_character(),
##
     . .
##
         `02 - Rental End Station ID` = col double(),
     . .
##
          `02 - Rental End Station Name` = col character(),
     . .
          `User Type` = col_character(),
##
          `Member Gender` = col character(),
##
     . .
          `05 - Member Details Member Birthday Year` = col_double()
##
     . .
##
    - attr(*, "problems")=<externalptr>
```

```
str(q3_2019fixed)
```

```
## spc_tbl_ [1,640,718 x 12] (S3: spec_tbl_df/tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
                       : num [1:1640718] 23479388 23479389 23479390 23479391 23479392 ...
## $ ride id
                       : POSIXct[1:1640718], format: "2019-07-01 00:00:27" "2019-07-01 00:01:16" ...
## $ started at
                       : POSIXct[1:1640718], format: "2019-07-01 00:20:41" "2019-07-01 00:18:44" ...
## $ ended at
   $ rideable type
                       : num [1:1640718] 3591 5353 6180 5540 6014 ...
##
##
    $ tripduration
                        : num [1:1640718] 1214 1048 1554 1503 1213 ...
    $ start station id : num [1:1640718] 117 381 313 313 168 300 168 313 43 43 ...
##
## $ start_station_name: chr [1:1640718] "Wilton Ave & Belmont Ave" "Western Ave & Monroe St" "Lakeview Ave & Fu
llerton Pkwy" "Lakeview Ave & Fullerton Pkwy" ...
## $ end station id
                      : num [1:1640718] 497 203 144 144 62 232 62 144 195 195 ...
   $ end station name : chr [1:1640718] "Kimball Ave & Belmont Ave" "Western Ave & 21st St" "Larrabee St & Webs
##
ter Ave" "Larrabee St & Webster Ave" ...
    $ member_casual
                        : chr [1:1640718] "Subscriber" "Customer" "Customer" "Customer" ...
                        : chr [1:1640718] "Male" NA NA NA ...
##
    $ gender
                        : num [1:1640718] 1992 NA NA NA NA ...
##
    $ birthvear
    - attr(*, "spec")=
##
##
     .. cols(
##
         trip_id = col_double(),
     . .
##
         start time = col datetime(format = ""),
     . .
##
         end time = col datetime(format = ""),
     . .
##
         bikeid = col_double(),
     . .
##
         tripduration = col number(),
     . .
##
         from station id = col double(),
     . .
##
         from_station_name = col_character(),
     . .
##
         to station_id = col_double(),
     . .
##
         to station name = col character(),
     . .
##
     . .
         usertype = col_character(),
         gender = col_character(),
##
     . .
##
         birthyear = col_double()
    . .
##
    ..)
   - attr(*, "problems")=<externalptr>
##
```

str(q4_2019fixed)

```
## spc_tbl_[704,054 \times 12] (S3: spec_tbl_df/tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
## $ ride_id
                    : num [1:704054] 25223640 25223641 25223642 25223643 25223644 ...
                        : POSIXct[1:704054], format: "2019-10-01 00:01:39" "2019-10-01 00:02:16" ...
##
    $ started_at
                       : POSIXct[1:704054], format: "2019-10-01 00:17:20" "2019-10-01 00:06:34" ...
##
   $ ended_at
## $ rideable type
                       : num [1:704054] 2215 6328 3003 3275 5294 ...
## $ tripduration
                       : num [1:704054] 940 258 850 2350 1867 ...
## $ start station_id : num [1:704054] 20 19 84 313 210 156 84 156 156 336 ...
   $ start_station_name: chr [1:704054] "Sheffield Ave & Kingsbury St" "Throop (Loomis) St & Taylor St" "Milwauk
##
ee Ave & Grand Ave" "Lakeview Ave & Fullerton Pkwy" ...
                       : num [1:704054] 309 241 199 290 382 226 142 463 463 336 ...
    $ end station id
   $ end station name : chr [1:704054] "Leavitt St & Armitage Ave" "Morgan St & Polk St" "Wabash Ave & Grand Av
##
e" "Kedzie Ave & Palmer Ct" ...
                       : chr [1:704054] "Subscriber" "Subscriber" "Subscriber" ...
##
   $ member casual
                       : chr [1:704054] "Male" "Male" "Female" "Male" ...
##
   $ gender
##
                        : num [1:704054] 1987 1998 1991 1990 1987 ...
    $ birthyear
##
    - attr(*, "spec")=
     .. cols(
##
##
         trip id = col double(),
     . .
##
         start time = col datetime(format = ""),
     . .
##
     .. end_time = col_datetime(format = ""),
##
         bikeid = col_double(),
     . .
##
         tripduration = col number(),
     . .
##
          from_station_id = col_double(),
     . .
##
         from_station_name = col_character(),
     . .
##
         to station id = col double(),
     . .
##
         to_station_name = col_character(),
     . .
##
         usertype = col_character(),
##
     . .
         gender = col_character(),
##
         birthyear = col double()
     . .
##
    - attr(*, "problems")=<externalptr>
##
```

We need to convert gender to characters so we can merge the tables.

```
q4_2019fixed <- mutate(q4_2019fixed, gender = as.character(gender))
q3_2019fixed <- mutate(q3_2019fixed, gender = as.character(gender))
q2_2019fixed <- mutate(q2_2019fixed, gender = as.character(gender))
q1_2019fixed <- mutate(q1_2019fixed, gender = as.character(gender))</pre>
```

```
trips = bind\_rows(q1\_2019fixed, \ q2\_2019fixed, \ q3\_2019fixed, \ q4\_2019fixed)
```

The next step is to clean the data.

We will add columns that list the day, month, day, and year of each trip. This will allow us to aggregate trip data for each month, day or year.

```
trips$date <- as.Date(trips$started_at)
trips$month <- format(as.Date(trips$date), "%m")
trips$day <- format(as.Date(trips$date), "%d")
trips$year <- format(as.Date(trips$date), "%Y")
trips$day_of_week <- format(as.Date(trips$date), "%A")
colnames(trips)</pre>
```

```
[1] "ride id"
##
                              "started at"
                                                    "ended at"
##
    [4] "rideable type"
                              "tripduration"
                                                    "start station id"
    [7] "start_station_name" "end_station_id"
                                                    "end station name"
## [10] "member_casual"
                              "gender"
                                                    "birthyear"
## [13] "date"
                              "month"
                                                    "day"
## [16] "year"
                              "day of week"
```

Now, we will add a column for the trip length for each trip by finding the time difference between the start time and end time of the trip.

```
trips$ride_length = difftime(trips$ended_at,trips$started_at)
```

There is some "bad" data to remove when ride_length is a negative number due to the maintenance of removing the bike for quality check. We will create a new dataframe to remove these negative trip length trips.

```
trip_data_clean <- trips[!(trips$ride_length <= 0),]
glimpse(trip_data_clean)</pre>
```

```
## Rows: 3,817,991
## Columns: 18
## $ ride id
                         <dbl> 21742443, 21742444, 21742445, 21742446, 21742447, 2...
                         <dttm> 2019-01-01 00:04:37, 2019-01-01 00:08:13, 2019-01-...
## $ started at
## $ ended at
                         <dttm> 2019-01-01 00:11:07, 2019-01-01 00:15:34, 2019-01-...
## $ rideable_type
                         <dbl> 2167, 4386, 1524, 252, 1170, 2437, 2708, 2796, 6205...
## $ tripduration
                         <dbl> 390, 441, 829, 1783, 364, 216, 177, 100, 1727, 336,...
## $ start_station_id <dbl> 199, 44, 15, 123, 173, 98, 98, 211, 150, 268, 299, ...
## $ start station name <chr> "Wabash Ave & Grand Ave", "State St & Randolph St",...
                         <dbl> 84, 624, 644, 176, 35, 49, 49, 142, 148, 141, 295, ...
## $ end station id
                         <chr> "Milwaukee Ave & Grand Ave", "Dearborn St & Van Bur... <chr> "Subscriber", "Subscriber", "Subscriber", "Subscrib...
## $ end station name
## $ member_casual
                          <chr> "Male", "Female", "Female", "Male", "Male", "Female...
## $ gender
## $ birthyear
                          <dbl> 1989, 1990, 1994, 1993, 1994, 1983, 1984, 1990, 199...
                          <date> 2019-01-01, 2019-01-01, 2019-01-01, 2019-01-01, 20...
## $ date
## $ month
                         <chr> "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01...
                          <chr> "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01...
## $ day
                          <chr> "2019", "2019", "2019", "2019", "2019", "2019", "20..."
## $ year
                          <chr> "Tuesday", "Tuesday", "Tuesday", "Tuesday", "Tuesda...
## $ day_of_week
## $ ride_length
                         <drtn> 6.500000 mins, 7.350000 mins, 13.816667 mins, 29.7...
```

Analyze

min(trip data clean\$ride length)

We will now perform a descriptive analysis of the data to find patterns between Customer and Subscriber. Before we begin the analysis, it is a good idea to review basic descriptive statistics about the data.

```
mean(trip_data_clean$ride_length)

## Time difference of 24.17443 mins

median(trip_data_clean$ride_length)

## Time difference of 11.81667 mins

max(trip_data_clean$ride_length)

## Time difference of 177200.4 mins
```

```
## Time difference of 1.016667 mins
First, we'll compare Customer and Subscriber trip stats.
 aggregate(trip_data_clean$ride_length ~ trip_data_clean$member_casual, FUN = mean)
 trip_data_clean$member_casual
 <chr>
 Customer
 Subscriber
 2 rows | 1-1 of 2 columns
 aggregate(trip_data_clean$ride_length ~ trip_data_clean$member_casual, FUN = median)
 trip_data_clean$member_casual
 <chr>
 Customer
 Subscriber
 2 rows | 1-1 of 2 columns
 aggregate(trip_data_clean$ride_length ~ trip_data_clean$member_casual, FUN = max)
 trip_data_clean$member_casual
 <chr>
 Customer
 Subscriber
 2 rows | 1-1 of 2 columns
 aggregate(trip_data_clean$ride_length ~ trip_data_clean$member_casual, FUN = min)
 trip_data_clean$member_casual
 <chr>
 Customer
```

Before continuing, arrange the day of week column in the correct order.

```
trip_data_clean$day_of_week <- ordered(trip_data_clean$day_of_week, levels=c("Sunday", "Monday", "Tuesday", "Wedn
esday", "Thursday", "Friday", "Saturday"))</pre>
```

Next, we will check the average ride time per day and the total number of trips for Customer and Subscriber

```
plot <- trip_data_clean %>%
  group_by(member_casual, day_of_week) %>% #groups by member_casual
  summarise(number_of_rides = n() #calculates the number of rides and average duration
  ,average_ride_length = mean(ride_length),.groups="drop") %>% # calculates the average duration
  arrange(member_casual, day_of_week) #sort
```

Share

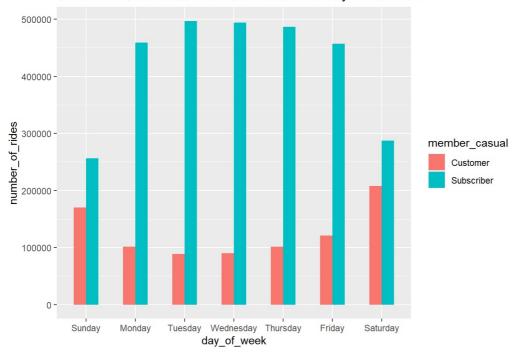
Subscriber

2 rows | 1-1 of 2 columns

Before making recommendations to the marketing department, we will create some visualizations to share with stakeholders as well as give us a better idea of what insights to share.

```
ggplot(plot,aes(x = day_of_week, y = number_of_rides, fill = member_casual)) +
labs(title ="Total rides of Members and Casual riders Vs. Day of the week") +
geom_col(width=0.5, position = position_dodge(width=0.5))+
scale_y_continuous(labels = function(x) format(x, scientific = FALSE))
```

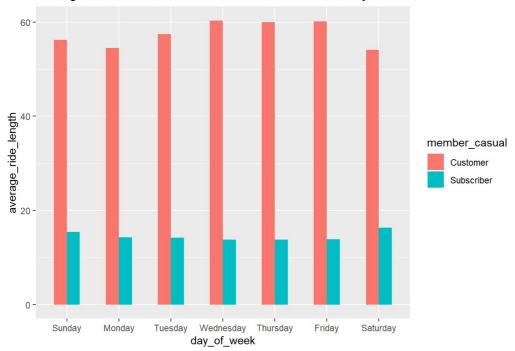
Total rides of Members and Casual riders Vs. Day of the week



From the chart above, it can be seen that Subscribe is the group with the most number of rides on weekdays.

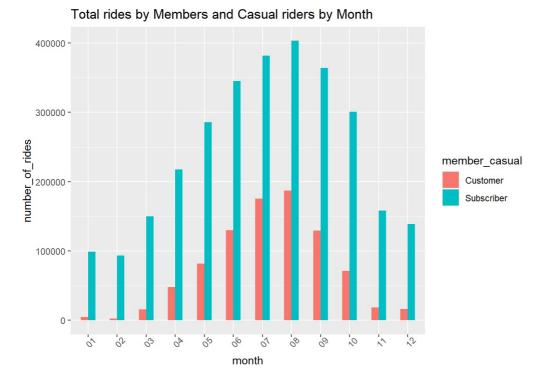
```
ggplot(plot,aes(x = day_of_week, y = average_ride_length, fill = member_casual)) +
  geom_col(width=0.5, position = position_dodge(width=0.5)) +
  labs(title ="Average ride time of Members and Casual riders Vs. Day of the week")+
  scale_y_continuous(labels = function(x) format(x, scientific = FALSE))
```

Average ride time of Members and Casual riders Vs. Day of the week



From the chart above, we can observe that the Custumer group cycled for longer periods of the week with the highest number of rides on weekends while the Subscribers drove at a steady pace during the week with the highest number of rides. highest on weekends.

```
trip_data_clean %>%
  group_by(member_casual, month) %>%
  summarise(number_of_rides = n(),.groups="drop") %>%
  arrange(member_casual, month) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = month, y = number_of_rides, fill = member_casual)) +
  labs(title ="Total rides by Members and Casual riders by Month") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45)) +
  geom_col(width=0.5, position = position_dodge(width=0.5)) +
  scale_y_continuous(labels = function(x) format(x, scientific = FALSE))
```



From the chart above, we can see that the Subscriber group has a higher number of trips throughout the year

Act

For the last step in the data analysis process, we will make three recommendations to increase the number of Subscribers every year. But first, we'll lay out three key insights.

Key Findings:

- 1. Custumer rides the most on weekends. In contrast, Subscriber makes the most trips during the week.
- 2. On average, Subscriber rides shorter than Custumer.
- 3. There is no difference between Custumer and Subscriber in terms of the number of trips they make per month. Both Custumer and Subscriber have the highest number of trips in the summer months and the least number of trips in late winter and early spring.

Recommendations

- 1. Target Custumer bike rentals for weekend fun.
- 2. Create a big summer campaign when more people can afford to rent bikes.