

# CC Geometry Unit 8 Review packet

Tuesday, May 18, 2021 9:32 AM



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Geometry...

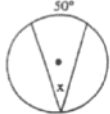
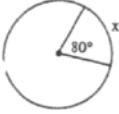

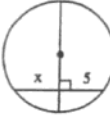

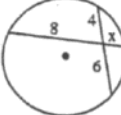
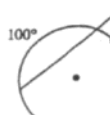
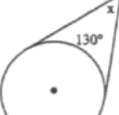
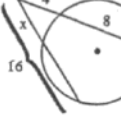


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Geometry...

Name Quang Huynh Date \_\_\_\_\_

# Unit 8: Circles Review Packet

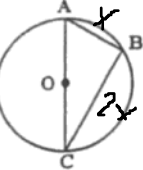
For each of the following, use the diagram to find the value for x.

 <p><math>x = \underline{50}</math></p>	 <p><math>x = \underline{80}</math></p>	 <p><math>x = \underline{80}</math></p>
 <p><math>x = \underline{5}</math></p>	 <p><math>x = \underline{70}</math></p>	 <p><math>x = \underline{3}</math></p>
 <p><math>x = \underline{70}</math></p>	 <p><math>x = \underline{50}</math></p>	 <p><math>x = \underline{3}</math></p>

In circle O, the ratio of  $\widehat{BC}$  to  $\widehat{AB}$  is 2:1.

(a) What is the measure of  $\angle ACB$ ? 30

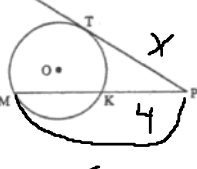
(b) What is the measure of  $\angle ABC$ ? 60



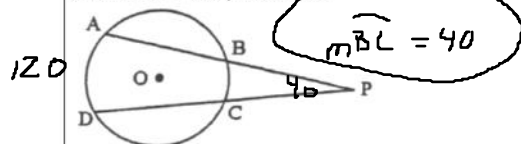
$x = 60$

In the following diagram,  $\overline{PT}$  is tangent to circle O at T, and  $\overline{PKT}$  is a secant. If  $PK = 4$  and  $PM = 9$ , find PT.

$x^2 = 4(9)$   
 $x^2 = 36$   
 $x = 6$   
 $\overline{PT} = 6$



$\overline{PBA}$  and  $\overline{PCD}$  are secant to circle  $O$ . If  $m\angle P = 40^\circ$  and  $m\widehat{AD} = 120^\circ$ , find  $m\widehat{BC}$ .

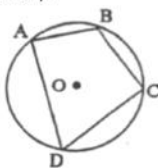


$$40 = \frac{120 - x}{2}$$

$$80 = 120 - x$$

$$-40 = -x$$

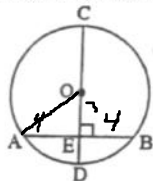
In the following diagram, quadrilateral  $ABCD$  is inscribed in circle  $O$ . If  $m\angle A = 4x - 15$ ,  $m\angle B = 3y + 1$ ,  $m\angle C = 81 - x$ ,  $m\angle D = y + 47$ . Solve for  $x$  and  $y$ .



$$x = 38$$

$$y = 33$$

In circle  $O$ , chord  $AB = 8$  and  $OE = 3$ . Find  $OA$ .

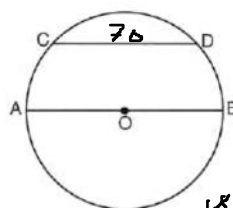


$$4^2 + 3^2 = x^2$$

$$16 + 9 = x^2$$

$$25 = x^2$$

In the diagram below of circle  $O$ , diameter  $\overline{AB}$  is parallel to chord  $\overline{CD}$ .

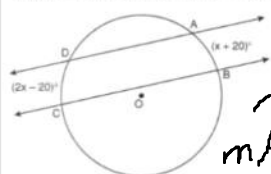


If  $m\widehat{CD} = 70$ , what is  $m\widehat{AC}$ ?

- 1 110
- 2 70
- 3 55
- 4 35

$$\frac{180 - 70}{2} = 55$$

In the diagram below, two parallel lines intersect circle  $O$  at points  $A, B, C$ , and  $D$ , with  $m\widehat{AB} = x + 20$  and  $m\widehat{DC} = 2x - 20$ . Find  $m\widehat{AB}$ .

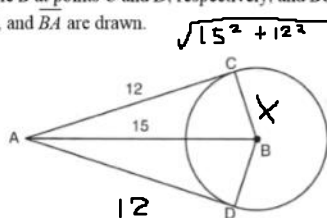


$$m\widehat{AB} = 60$$

$$2x - 20 = x + 20$$

$$x = 40$$

In the diagram below,  $\overline{AC}$  and  $\overline{AD}$  are tangent to circle  $B$  at points  $C$  and  $D$ , respectively, and  $\overline{BC}$ ,  $\overline{BD}$ , and  $\overline{BA}$  are drawn.

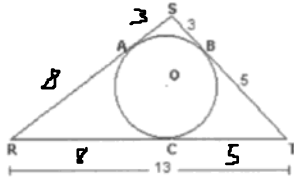


If  $AC = 12$  and  $AB = 15$ , what is the length of  $\overline{BD}$ ?

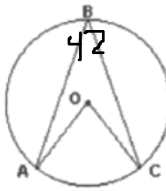
- 1 5.5
- 2 9
- 3 12
- 4 18

In the diagram,  $\overline{RS}$ ,  $\overline{ST}$ , and  $\overline{TR}$  are tangent to circle  $O$  at  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$ , respectively. If  $SB = 3$ ,  $BT = 5$ , and  $TR = 13$ , what is  $RS$ ?

1. 11 3. 15  
2. 12 4. 21



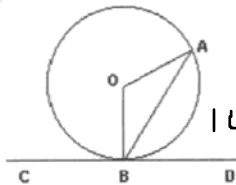
In the diagram of circle  $O$ , the measure of  $\angle ABC$  is  $42^\circ$ . What is the number of degrees in the measure of  $\angle AOC$ ?



$$m\angle AOC = 84$$

In the diagram,  $\overline{CD}$  is tangent to circle  $O$  at  $B$ .  $\overline{AO}$  and  $\overline{BO}$  are radii, and chord  $\overline{AB}$  is drawn. If  $m\angle AOB = 108$ , find  $m\angle ABD$ .

1. 27 3. 54  
2. 36 4. 72

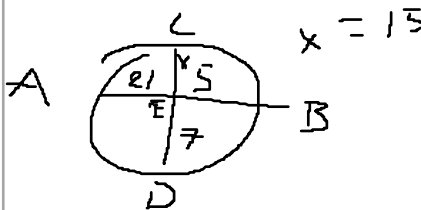


$$\frac{108}{2} = 54$$

In a circle, chords  $\overline{AB}$  and  $\overline{CD}$  intersect at  $E$ . If  $AE = 21$ ,  $EB = 5$ , and  $ED = 7$ , find  $CE$ .

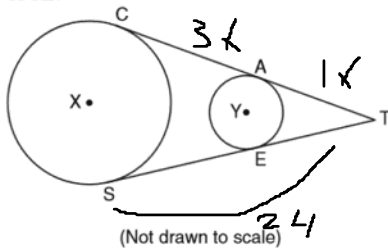
1.  $\frac{3}{5}$  3. 5  
2.  $\frac{5}{3}$  4. 15

$$7x = 21 \cdot 5$$



4 point Regents question:

In the diagram below, circles  $X$  and  $Y$  have two tangents drawn to them from external point  $T$ . The points of tangency are  $C$ ,  $A$ ,  $S$ , and  $E$ . The ratio of  $TA$  to  $AC$  is  $1:3$ . If  $TS = 24$ , find the length of  $SE$ .



$$3x \cdot x = 24x$$

$$3x^2 = 24x$$

$$3x = 24$$

$$SE = 8$$

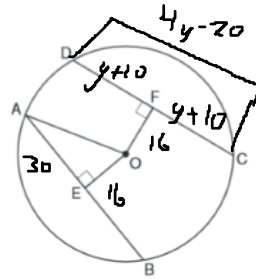
6 point Regents question:

In circle  $O$  shown below, chords  $\overline{AB}$  and  $\overline{CD}$  and radius  $\overline{OA}$  are drawn, such that  $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{CD}$ ,  $\overline{OE} \perp \overline{AB}$ ,  $\overline{OF} \perp \overline{CD}$ ,  $OF = 16$ ,  $CF = y + 10$ , and  $CD = 4y - 20$ .

Determine the length of  $\overline{DF}$ .

$$\begin{aligned} 2y + 20 &= 4y - 20 \\ 40 &= 2y \\ y &= 20 \end{aligned}$$

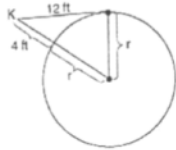
$$DF = 30$$



Determine the length of  $\overline{OA}$ .

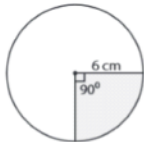
$$\begin{aligned} 16^2 + 30^2 &= x^2 \\ x &= 34 \end{aligned}$$

Kimmy wants to determine the radius of a circular pool without getting wet. She is located at point  $K$ , which is 4 feet from the pool and 12 feet from the point of tangency, as shown in the accompanying diagram. What is the radius of the pool?



$$\begin{aligned} r^2 + 12^2 &= (r + 4)^2 \\ r^2 + 144 &= r^2 + 8r + 16 \\ 144 - 16 &= 8r + 16 \\ 128 &= 8r \\ r &= 16 \end{aligned}$$

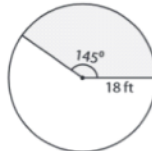
Determine the area of the shaded sector.



$$\text{Area in terms of pi} = \frac{20\pi}{6}$$

$$\text{Area rounded to nearest tenth} = 10.27 \text{ cm}^2$$

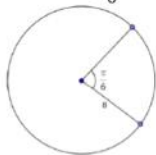
Determine the area of the shaded sector.



$$\text{Area in terms of pi} = 101\pi$$

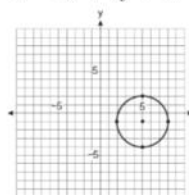
$$\text{Area rounded to nearest tenth} = 317.06 \text{ m}^2$$

Given the following diagram, what is the length of the arc created by the central angle measuring  $\frac{\pi}{6}$  radians?

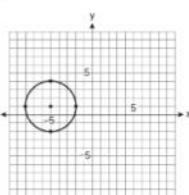


Find the length of the arc created by a central angle that measures  $\frac{\pi}{4}$  radians within a circle whose radius is 15. Round your answer to the nearest tenth.

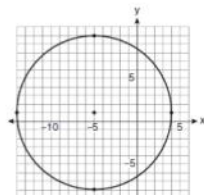
Which graph represents a circle with the equation  $(x - 5)^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 9$ ?



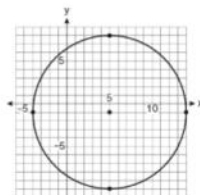
(1)



(2)

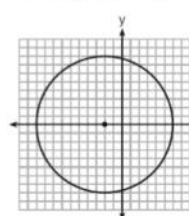


(3)

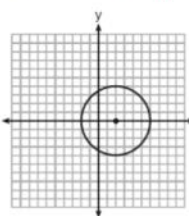


(4)

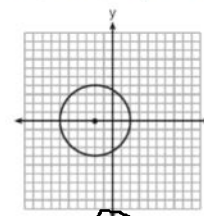
Which graph represents a circle whose equation is  $(x + 2)^2 + y^2 = 16$ ?



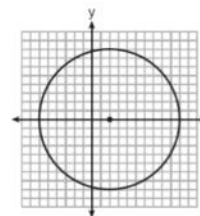
(1)



(2)



(3)



(4)

Which equation of a circle will have a graph that lies entirely in the first quadrant?

- 1  $(x - 4)^2 + (y - 5)^2 = 9$
- 2  $(x + 4)^2 + (y + 5)^2 = 9$
- 3  $(x + 4)^2 + (y + 5)^2 = 25$
- 4  $(x - 5)^2 + (y - 4)^2 = 25$

The equation of a circle is  $(x - 2)^2 + (y + 5)^2 = 32$ . What are the coordinates of the center of this circle and the length of its radius?

- 1  $(-2, 5)$  and 16
- 2  $(2, -5)$  and 16
- 3  $(-2, 5)$  and  $4\sqrt{2}$
- 4  $(2, -5)$  and  $4\sqrt{2}$

What is an equation of a circle with its center at  $(-3, 5)$  and a radius of 4?

- 1  $(x - 3)^2 + (y + 5)^2 = 16$
- ☒ 2  $(x + 3)^2 + (y - 5)^2 = 16$
- 3  $(x - 3)^2 + (y + 5)^2 = 4$
- 4  $(x + 3)^2 + (y - 5)^2 = 4$

What is an equation of the circle with a radius of 5 and center at  $(1, -4)$ ?

- 1  $(x + 1)^2 + (y - 4)^2 = 5$
- 2  $(x - 1)^2 + (y + 4)^2 = 5$
- 3  $(x + 1)^2 + (y - 4)^2 = 25$
- ☒ 4  $(x - 1)^2 + (y + 4)^2 = 25$

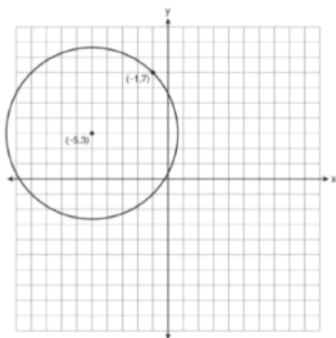
What are the center and radius of a circle whose equation is  $(x - A)^2 + (y - B)^2 = C$ ?

- 1 center =  $(A, B)$ ; radius =  $C$
- 2 center =  $(-A, -B)$ ; radius =  $C$
- ☒ 3 center =  $(A, B)$ ; radius =  $\sqrt{C}$
- 4 center =  $(-A, -B)$ ; radius =  $\sqrt{C}$

Write an equation of a circle whose center is  $(-3, 2)$  and whose diameter is 10.

$$(x + 3)^2 + (y - 2)^2 = 25$$

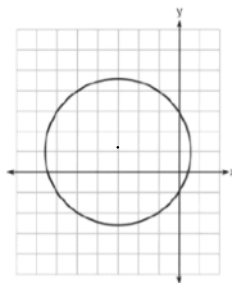
A circle shown in the diagram below has a center of  $(-5, 3)$  and passes through point  $(-1, 7)$ .



Write an equation that represents the circle.

$$(x + 5)^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 32$$

Which equation is represented by the graph below?



- 1  $(x - 3)^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 5$
- 2  $(x + 3)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 5$
- 3  $(x - 1)^2 + (y + 3)^2 = 13$
- ☒ 4  $(x + 3)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 13$

Determine the center and radius of the following circle:

$$x^2 - 24x + y^2 + 6y = -137$$

$$x^2 - 24x + (-12) + y^2 + 6y + 3 = -137$$

$$(x - 12)^2 + (y + 3)^2 = 16$$

$$\text{Center} = (12, -3)$$

$$\text{Radius} = 4$$

Determine the center and radius of the following circle:

$$x^2 + 2x + y^2 - 10y - 55 = 0$$

$$(x + 1) + y^2 - 10y + (-5) = 55$$

$$(x + 1)^2 + (y - 5)^2 = 81$$

$$\text{Center} = (-1, 5)$$

$$\text{Radius} = 9$$

Determine the center and radius of the following circle:

$$x^2 + y^2 + 4y - 12 = 0$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + 4y + 2 = 12$$

$$(x)^2 + (y + 2)^2 = 14$$

$$\text{Center} = (0, -2)$$

$$\text{Radius} = \sqrt{14}$$