



DEFENSIVE SOLUTIONS

- The Golden Gate for Targeted Attack

Hoang Vu Duc, Tu Nguyen Thanh, Quang Tran Minh Viettel Threat Intelligence, Viettel Cyber Security

ABOUT US



HOANG VU DUC Threat Analyst

hoangvd7@viettel.com.vn



TU NGUYEN THANH Threat Intelligence Manager

tunt22@ viettel.com.vn





QUANG TRAN MINH Cyber Security Service Director

quangtm4@viettel.com.vn





CONTENT



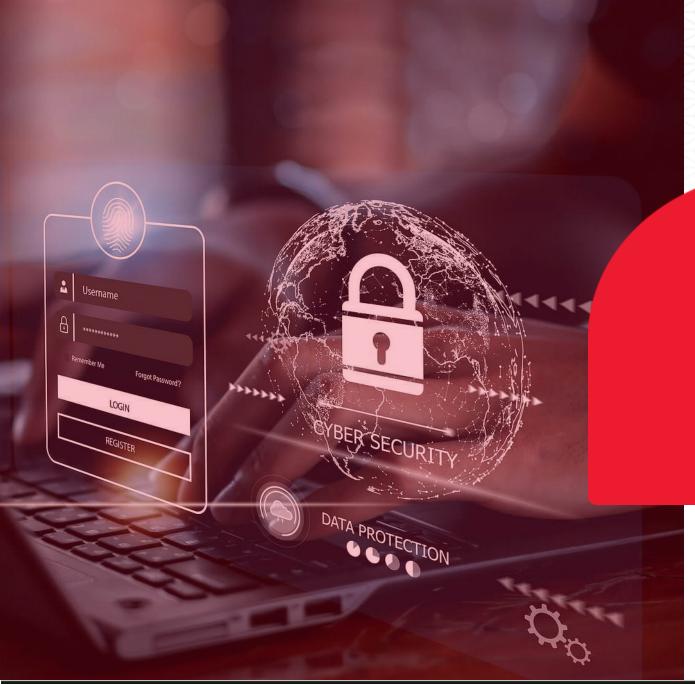
01 Introduction

02 The Attack

03 Malware & Tools

04 Recommendations







1. INTRODUCTION

Threat Hunting – ZeroTrust (1)



We has developed an advanced malware scanning toolkit:





Capable of detecting advanced malware using Process Injection techniques.



Leave no small sign unnoticed

How did we find it?



CommandLine "C:\Windows\TEMP\KAVREM~1\A72617~1\exec\fake.exe"

CurrentDirectory C:\Windows\TEMP\KAVREM~1\A72617~1\exec\

User NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM

LogonGuid {75aa81f9-d615-6627-e703-00000000000000}

LogonId 0x3e7
TerminalSessionId 0

IntegrityLevel System

Hashes MD5=944F7C9DB34B4C5587DCFCEA865A6A06,SHA256=BA20EB674FBB0A6E4300F66150589FF6842D3989A098B9C2DFA93E1823E618C

ParentProcessGuid (75aa81f9-f3c5-664f-de0a-000000001400)

ParentProcessId 6444

ParentImage C:\Windows\Temp\KAV Remote Installations\a726170c-83a0-4ea5-b282-4fa81bce645dc2879ca1-7fe5-4c56-9db7-19fd56148f58\setup.exe

ParentCommandLine "C:\Windows\TEMP\KAV Remote Installations\a726170c-83a0-4ea5-b282-4fa81bce645dc2879ca1-7fe5-4c56-9db7-19fd56148f58

\setup.exe" /s /z"/p\"TASK_ID=a726170c-83a0-4ea5-b282-4fa81bce645d\""

ParentUser NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM

How did we find it?



svchost.exe	5320		C:\Windows\system32\svchost.exe -k LocalServiceAndNoImpersonation	NT AUT\LOCAL SERVICE	
avpsus.exe	340		"C:\Program Files (x86)\Kaspersky Lab\Kaspersky Endpoint Security for Windows\avpsus.exe"	NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM	
✓ III klnagent.exe	1004	2.50	"C:\Program Files (x86)\Kaspersky Lab\NetworkAgent\kInagent.exe"	NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM	274.61 kB
📧 vapm.exe	4952	0.02	"C:\Program Files (x86)\Kaspersky Lab\NetworkAgent\vapm.exe"	NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM	
✓ 👊 cmd.exe	3264		/c "C:\Windows\TEMP\KAV Remote Installations\a/261/0c-83a0-4ea5-b282-4fa81bce645dc28/9ca1-/fe5	NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM	
✓ (setup.exe	6444	0.01	$"C:\Windows\TEMP\KAV\ Remote\ Installations\a726170c-83a0-4ea5-b282-4fa81bce645dc2879ca1-7fe5-4c$	NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM	824 B/s
🚾 fake.exe	5480		"C:\Windows\TEMP\KAVREM~1\A72617~1\exec\fake.exe"	NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM	
✓ K avp.exe	6856		"C:\Program Files (x86)\Kaspersky Lab\Kaspersky Endpoint Security for Windows\avp.exe" -r	NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM	
🕻 avpui.exe	4672		"C:\Program Files (x86)\Kaspersky Lab\Kaspersky Endpoint Security for Windows\avpui.exe" -hidden	DESKTOP-QT0\windows	

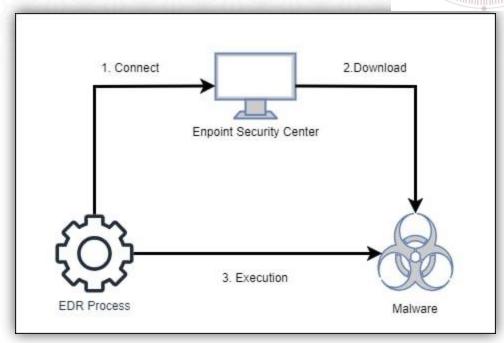


Threat Hunting – ZeroTrust (2)



We detected the 1st incident:

- Detected malware on a system protected by EDR.
- EDR Process executed Malware Process.
- Malware binary was downloaded from Endpoint Security Center.



How did we find it?

						~'///
Time of D Process Name	PID Operation	Path		Result	Detail	
11:45:32.4 • ksnagchk.exe	2876 %Load Image	C	ksnagchk.exe	SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x4000	4156
11:45:32.4 • ksnagchk.exe	2876 %Load Image	C:\Windows\System32\ntdll.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x7ffd4	4156
11:45:32.4 • ksnagchk.exe	2876 %Load Image	C:\Windows\SysWOW64\ntdll.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x775e	4156
11:45:32.4 • ksnagchk.exe	2876 %Load Image	C:\Windows\System32\wow64.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x7ffd4	4156
11:45:32.4 • ksnagchk.exe	2876 \$Load Image	C:\Windows\System32\wow64win.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x7ffd4	4156
11:45:32.4 • ksnagchk.exe	2876 %Load Image	C:\Windows\System32\wow64cpu.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x775d	4156
11:45:32.4 • ksnagchk.exe	2876 %Load Image	C:\Windows\SysWOW64\kernel32.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x76ca	4156
11:45:32.4 • ksnagchk.exe	2876 %Load Image	C:\Windows\SysWOW64\KernelBase.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x7725	4156
11:45:32.4 ■ksnagchk.exe	2876 %Load Image	C:\Windows\SysWOW64\user32.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x76f7	4156
11:45:32.4 • ksnagchk.exe	2876 \$Load Image	C:\Windows\SysWOW64\win32u.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x76e8	4156
11:45:32.4 • ksnagchk.exe	2876 SLoad Image	C:\Windows\SysWOW64\gdi32.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x7695	4156
11:45:32.4 • ksnagchk.exe	2876 %Load Image	C:\Windows\SysWOW64\gdi32full.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x7568	4156
11:45:32.4 • ksnagchk.exe	2876 %Load Image	C:\Windows\SysWOW64\msvcp_win.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x7717	4156
11:45:32.4 ■ksnagchk.exe	2876 %Load Image	C:\Windows\SysWOW64\ucrtbase.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x7683	4156
11:45:32.4 • ksnagchk.exe	2876 SLoad Image	C:\Windows\SysWOW64\advapi32.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x76ab	4156
11:45:32.4 • ksnagchk.exe	2876 SLoad Image	C:\Windows\SysWOW64\msvcrt.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x755c	4156
11:45:32.4 ■ksnagchk.exe	2876 \$Load Image	C:\Windows\SysWOW64\sechost.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x75d0	4156
11:45:32.4 • ksnagchk.exe	2876 SLoad Image	C:\Windows\SysWOW64\rpcrt4.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x75c4	4156
11:45:32.4 • ksnaachk.exe	2876 %Load Image	C:\Windows\SvsWOW64\imm32.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x7559	4156
11:45:32.4 ■ksnagchk.exe	2876 \$Load Image	C	PAVSHLD.dll	SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x7473	4156
11:45:32.4 ■ksnagchk.exe	2876 %Load Image	C:\Windows\SysWOW64\ws2_32.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x76ea	4156
11:45:32.4 • ksnagchk.exe	2876 %Load Image	C:\Windows\SysWOW64\shlwapi.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x75ba	4156
11:45:38.1 OneDriveStandal.	1372 SLoad Image	C:\Windows\System32\msxml6.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x7ffd3	1368

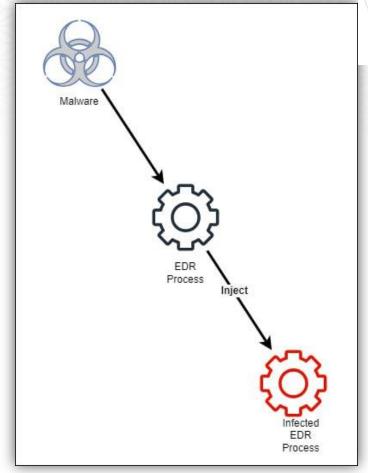




Threat Hunting – ZeroTrust (3)

We detected the 2nd incident:

- Detected malware on a system protected by EDR.
- The malware was running on EDR's Process.
- Malware binary lied in the installation directory of EDR





What did we have?



- Endpoint detection and response (EDR)
- Anti-virus (AV)
- Network Security Monitoring (NSM)
- Email Security Gateway (ESG)
- Security Information and Event Management (SIEM)

KEY FINDINGS



- While scanning malware, it is crucial to pay attention to all processes, even those with signatures, whether they are from Windows or currently running software.
- 2 Security solutions can be utilized to distribute or conceal malware.
- DLL Sideloading and Process Injection techniques are still commonly used by APT groups
- APT groups understand both security solutions and malware scanning tools that the target using.





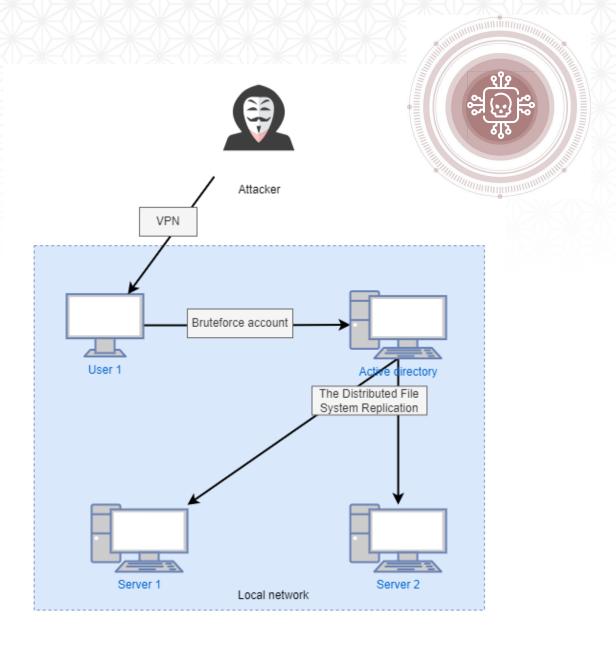
2. THE ATTACK

Attack Scenario (1)

Step 1: Attacker penetrates the internal network through VPN.

Step 2: Attacker successfully brute forces an admin domain account.

Step 3: Attacker gains access to AD and distributes file to other servers.

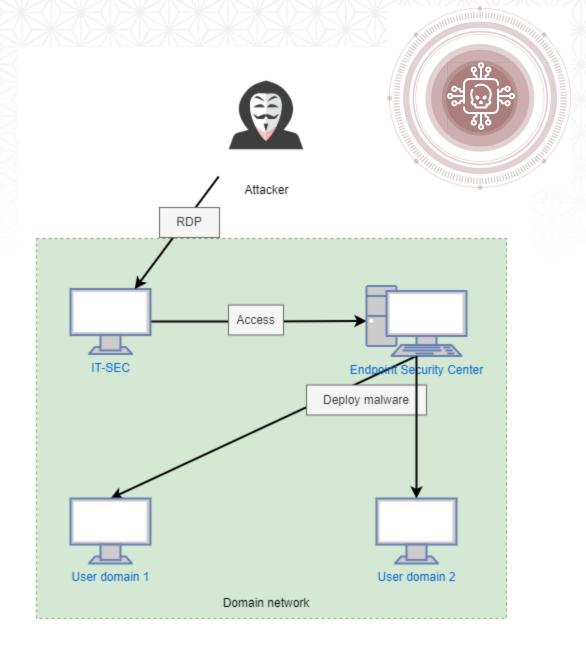


Attack Scenario (2)

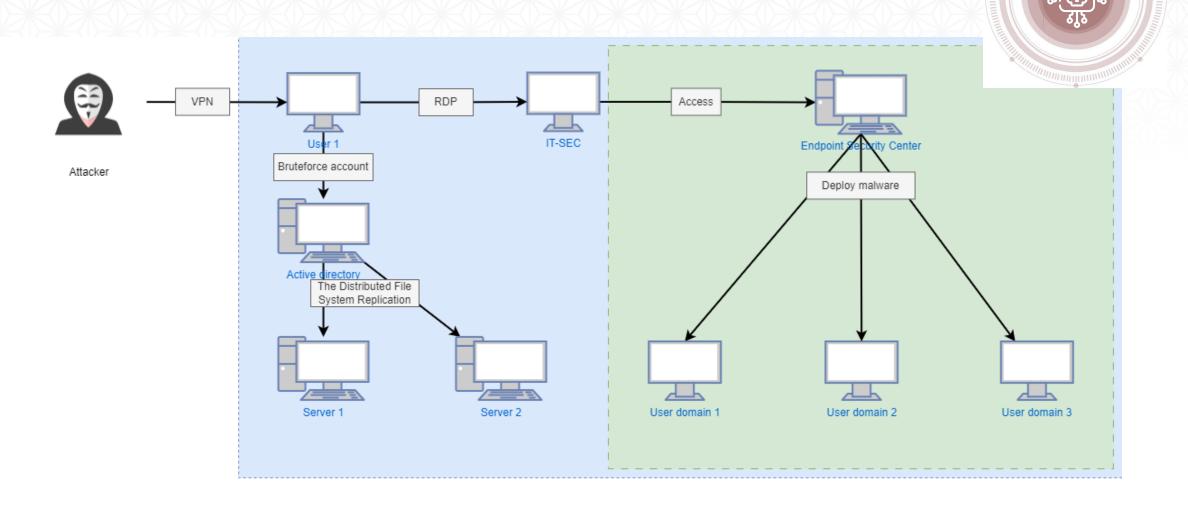
Step 1: Attacker uses RDP to an IT-SEC computer.

Step 2: Attacker gains access to Enpoint Security Center.

Step 3: Attacker deploys malware to all computers.

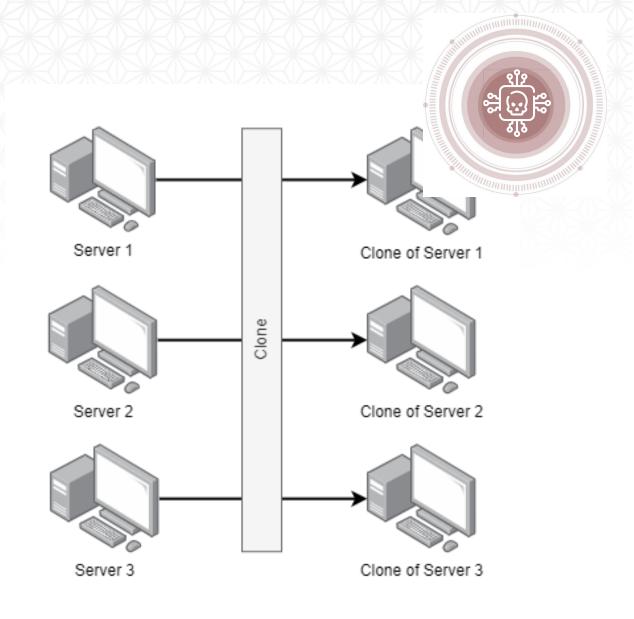


Comprehensive Attack Scenario



Account Security Center

- The organization reused a cloned version of the system in the past.
- Security Center admin account's password has not been changed.
- There was an incident where hackers gained access to Server Security Center.



What is EDR?

EDR solutions must provide four primary capabilities:

- Detect security incidents
- Investigate security incidents
- Contain the exploit at the endpoint
- Provide guidance for remediation

Source:

https://www.gartner.com/en/documents/3978685

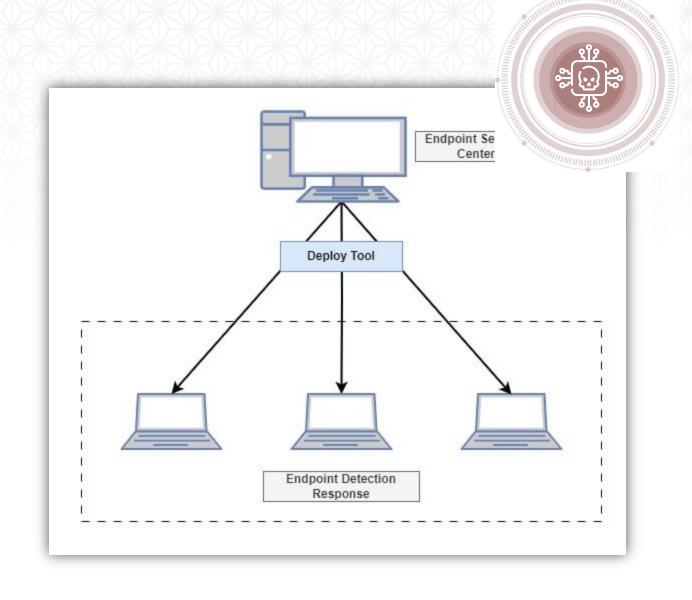


"Deploy tool" Feature

- Deploy a binary file, a script, etc. to endpoint.
- Support Incident response, Forensic, Investigation, etc.



"An excellent feature for distributing malware"

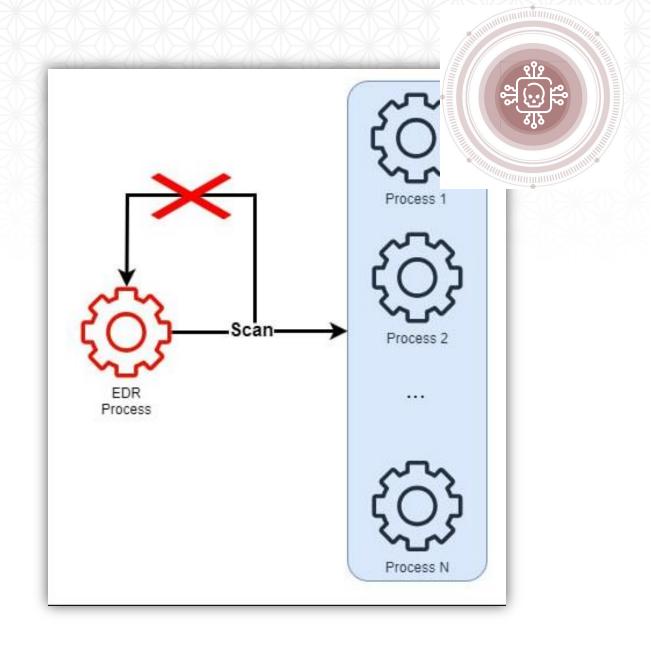


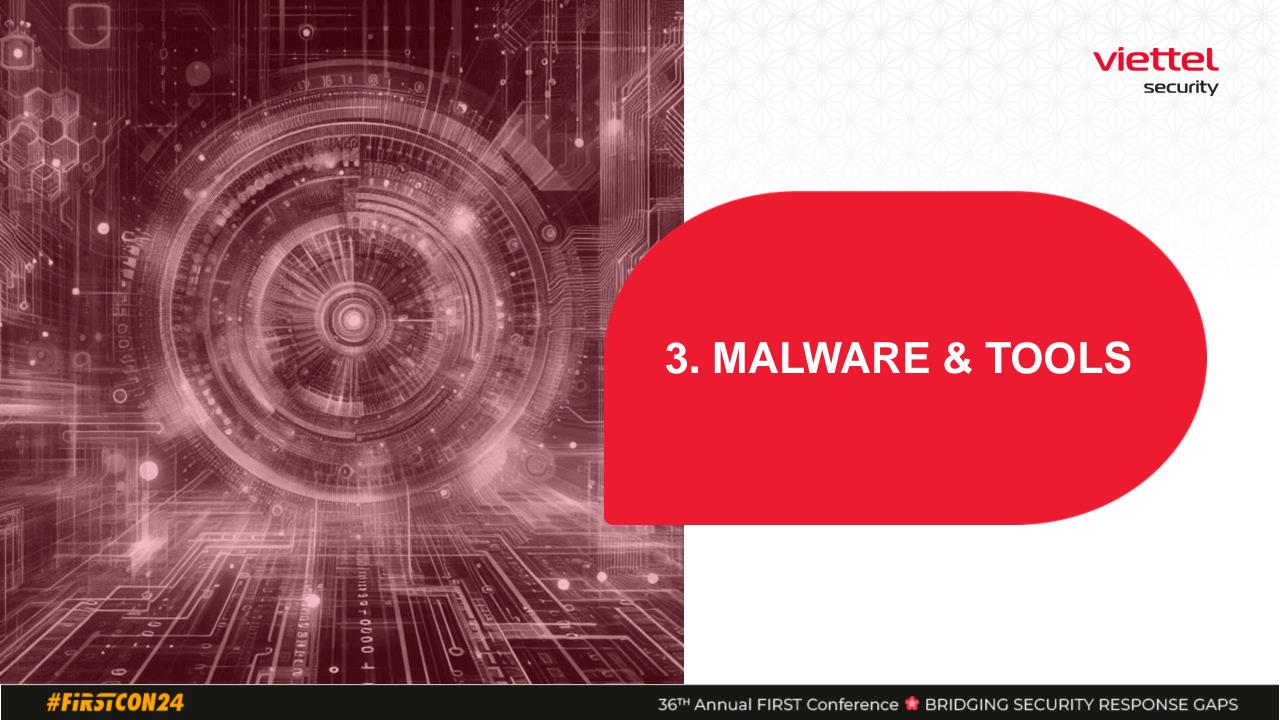
"Infected" EDR

- Tính năng rà quét file không kiểm tra thư mục cài đặt của EDR.
- Tính năng rà quét tiến trình không kiểm tra tiến trình của EDR



"Nơi nguy hiểm nhất chính là nơi an toàn nhất"





Cobaltstrike Malware

- The malware leverages binary HPNotifications.exe to conduct DLL Sideloading.
- After being executed, the malware included in WTSAPI32.dll file is triggered and loads Cobaltstrike shellcode.

Module	Party	Path
hpnotifications.exe		C:\ProgramData\HPNotifications.exe
wtsapi32.dll		C:\ProgramData\WTSAPI32.dll
version.dll	System	C:\Windows\System32\version.dll
apphelp.dll	System	<pre>C:\Windows\System32\apphelp.dll</pre>
win32u.dll	System	C:\Windows\System32\win32u.dll
kernelbase.dll	System	C:\Windows\System32\KernelBase.dll





Cobaltstrike Malware

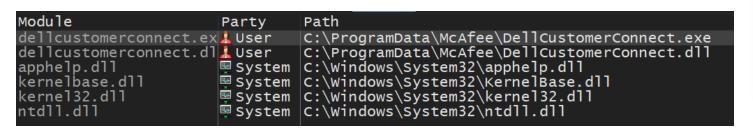
- C2: opendnsns.net:443
- Domain undetected on Virustotal
- Mutex: guid {75A97DF4-54BC-41AA-AEC7-5B553772017B}

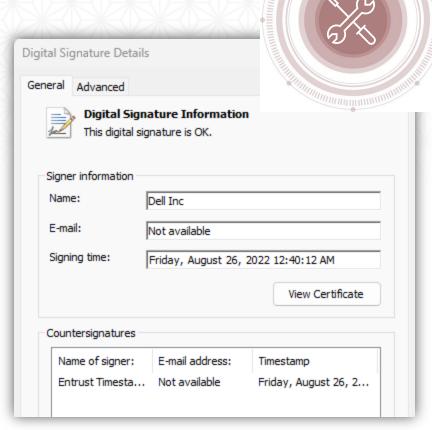
```
payload type
                                     0x0001 0x0002 8 windows-beacor
                                     0x0001 0x0002 443
port
sleeptime
                                     0x0002 0x0004 74312
maxgetsize
jitter
                                     0x0001 0x0002 40
publickey
                                     0x0003 0x0100 30819f300d06092a864886f70d0101010500
 le5943bbe67fc9b5917fa3e91538c6bdf47089ade3f3d7e9c0f1290df375cca21d3cfab2f5966d6116c
0x0003 0x0100 'opendnsns.net,/v1.0/drive/'
0x0003 0x0010 'eo&\x0b§]H<]ÃeĐã½j«'
0x0003 0x0040 '%windir%\\syswow64\\netcfg.exe'
0x0003 0x0040 '%windir%\\sysnative\\netcfg.exe'
server, get-uri
SpawnTo
spawnto_x86
spawnto_x64
CryptoScheme
aet-verb
                                     0x0003 0x0010 'GET'
                                     0x0003 0x0010 'POST'
post-verb
HttpPostChunk
                                     0x0002 0x0004 0
license-id
                                     0x0002 0x0004 0 trial or pirated? - Stats uniques
bStageCleanup
bCFGCaution
                                     0x0003 0x0100 'Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.3; Win64; 0x0003 0x0040 '/OneCollector/1.0/'
useragent
post-uri
Malleable_C2_Instructions
                                     0x0003 0x0100
     Input: [7:Input.4.1:21.2:7.8]
```



NPS Malware

- The malware leverages binary DellcustomerConnect.exe to conduct DLL Sideloading.
- After being executed, the malware included in DellcustomerConnect.dll file is triggered.







NPS Malware



- Create tunnel connect to 194.87.45.17:443.
- NPS is open-source, powerful intranet penetration proxy server.
- https://github.com/ehang-io/nps.

```
windows
               1.18.1 (2022-04-12)
76VhzRILUl2vIiY6K6XO/2pLFsDN0Hs9ajxAJB4wA/6DWHuQEUuy58W_kKc
Compiler
Build ID
               go
ehang.io\nps\cmd\npc
Main root
               128
  std
               47
 vendor
 compiler
 -ldflags
CGO ENÁBLED
GOARCH
               amd64
               windows
```



Malware embedded within EDR

Time of D Process Name	PID Operation	Path		Result	Detail	
11:45:32.4 ■ksnagchk.exe	2876 %Load Image	C	ksnagchk.exe	SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x4000	2.00
11:45:32.4 ■ksnagchk.exe	2876 SLoad Image	C:\Windows\System32\ntdll.dll	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x7ffd4	
11:45:32.4 ■ksnagchk.exe	2876 %Load Image	C:\Windows\SysWOW64\ntdll.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x775e	4156
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11:45:32.4 ■ksnagchk.exe	2876 %Load Image	C:\Windows\System32\wow64win.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x7ffd4	4156
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11:45:32.4 ■ksnagchk.exe	2876 %Load Image	C:\Windows\SysWOW64\msvcp_win.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x7717	4156
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11:45:32.4 ■ksnagchk.exe	2876 %Load Image	C:\Windows\SysWOW64\advapi32.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x76ab	4156
11:45:32.4 ■ksnagchk.exe	2876 %Load Image	C:\Windows\SysWOW64\msvcrt.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x755c	4156
11:45:32.4 ■ksnagchk.exe	2876 SLoad Image	C:\Windows\SysWOW64\sechost.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x75d0	4156
11:45:32.4 ■ksnagchk.exe	2876 %Load Image	C:\Windows\SysWOW64\rpcrt4.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x75c4	4156
11:45:32.4 sksnagchk.exe	2876 ∘ Load Image	C:\Windows\SysWOW64\imm32.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x7559	4156
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11:45:38.1 OneDriveStandal	. 1372 %Load Image	C:\Windows\System32\msxml6.dll		SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x7ffd3	1368



Suspicious DLL files

Detect 4 unsigned dll files in AV's folder:

- Windivert.dll: Open-source module used to capture network packets.
- klcssa2.dll: Creates "klcsldcl.exe" process with "-sw" input.
- version.dll and PAVSHLD.dll: 2 main modules of the malware.

```
NetworkAgent

Status
-----
NotSigned
```



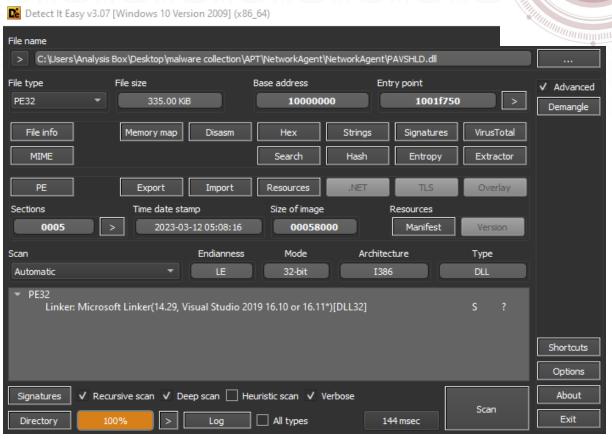


PAVSHLD.DLL Properties

Path: C:\Program Files
 (x86)\Kaspersky Lab\NetworkAgent

• Create time: 2023-03-12 05:08:16

• **Tool:** Visual Studio 2019 16.10





Malware detecting scan tools



autoruns | checkinject | cigui | listdlls | procdump | procexp | procmon | qrcode | regjump | regsw itch | samplecollector | sigcheck | strings | tcpview | vmmap | vscshellscanner | mftrcrd | moveyo urmouse | lastactivityview | jumplistsview | winprefetchview

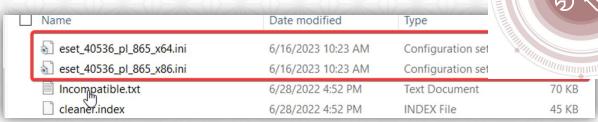
```
v39. Mysize = 0;
v39._Myres = 15;
// autoruns, checkinject, cigui, listdlls, procdump, procexp, procemon, qrcode, regjump, regswitch, samplecollector, sigcheck, strings, tcpvie
std::string(
 &v39,
  "Cei5l6kUAHkNuCgwzVb2lQHWmxRSnitIKsoZLZwh9xgH7rhqJTv9N1ZvWYg7xa6XaUJJXbJn5BrrACOllplsDT2cKmexfoItP4mG5zp0gsggn9WaPA0i"
  "JVfqDtqykYX37U8lZZnL22U89/AXi2aC3iWcn8JUMLHjZ/iSB+bBxuvaNkvlH7c7DBSNPHoO7ZMZE3VIEL5B2fcDM0zJ7bBttb+2wfKFJNnjU/u3ojBu"
 "ElSWbHHExTdpEYigqvbqjS4qj9u1YE6xcHY1uyt2IhLmHKCHeScBWtdwwz==",
 0x124u);
rc4_decrypt(
 (size_t *)&v53,
 v39.u._Ptr,
  *((int *)&v39.u._Ptr + 1),
  *((int *)&v39.u._Ptr + 2),
  *((int *)&v39.u._Ptr + 3),
 v39._Mysize,
  v39._Myres);
```

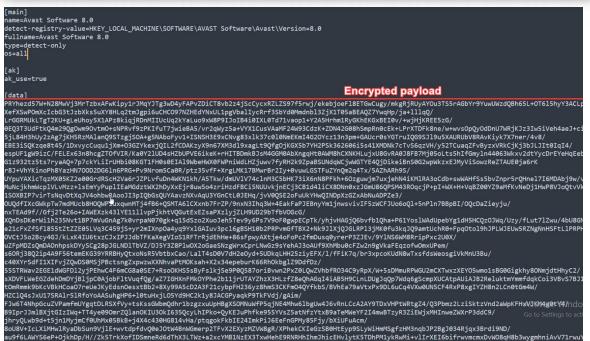


Encrypted Payload

The malware searches for Data/Cleaner folder within kaspersky and finds these file:

- eset_40536_pl_865_x86.ini
- eset_40536_pl_865_x64.ini







Runs new process

PAVSHLD.DLL

- The malware creates the "klbtagt.exe" process.
- Inject decrypted payload INI files into the "klbtagt.exe" process.
- "klbtagt.exe" is also a module of Kaspersky.







Process Hollowing

- Create a new process in suspend form.
- Write payload into a newly created memory area.
- Change the execute pointer of the process in the newly created memory area.
- Continue executing the process.

```
if ( CreateProcess(p_Block, Ptr, 0, 0, 0,
 && (NtGetContextThread(ThreadHandle[1],
      (v5 = VirtualAllocEx(ThreadHandle[0], 0, Buffer.
  p_Buffer = &B ffer;
  if ( Buffer._Myres >= 0x10 )
    p_Buffer = (std_string *)Buffer.u._Ptr;
 Context.Eax = (DWORD)v5;
 NtWriteVirtualMemory(ThreadHandle[0], v5, p_Buffer,
 v7 = (int)ThreadHandle[2];
 NtSetContextThread(ThreadHandle[1], &Context);
 NtResumeThread(ThreadHandle[1], 0);
 CloseHandle(ThreadHandle[0]);
 CloseHandle(ThreadHandle[1]);
```



PE Headless

- The payload is a PE file whose properties information is deleted.
- The malware needs to rebuild IAT for the payload
- RC4 and RTL_Decompess are used to rebuild PE's properties.

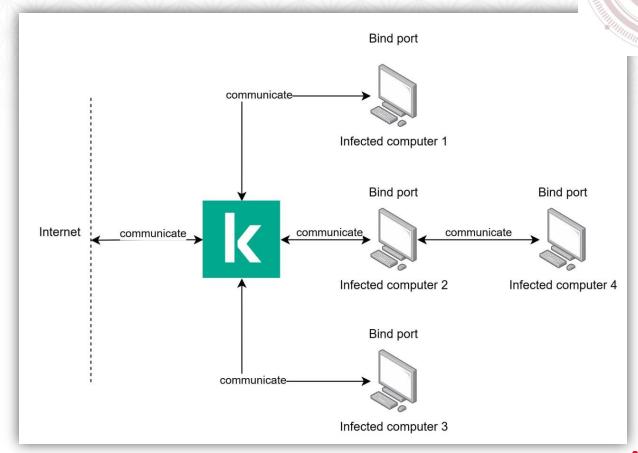
```
if ( first_entry_point->is_rc4_encrypted )
  decrypt_rc4(the_structure, first_entry_point->rc4_k
if ( _first_entry_point->is_rtl_decompress )
  v3 = RTL_decompress(v3, _first_entry_point, v0, proc_addr);
mem = (struct_v2 *)allocate_memory(v3, v0, _first_entry_point)
create_section(v3, (int)mem, _first_entry_point);
relocation(mem, _first_entry_point);
fix_iat((int)mem, v6, v7, v8, _first_entry_point);
return jump_to_entry_point(_first_entry_point, (int)mem);
```



Malware utilizes AV's modules

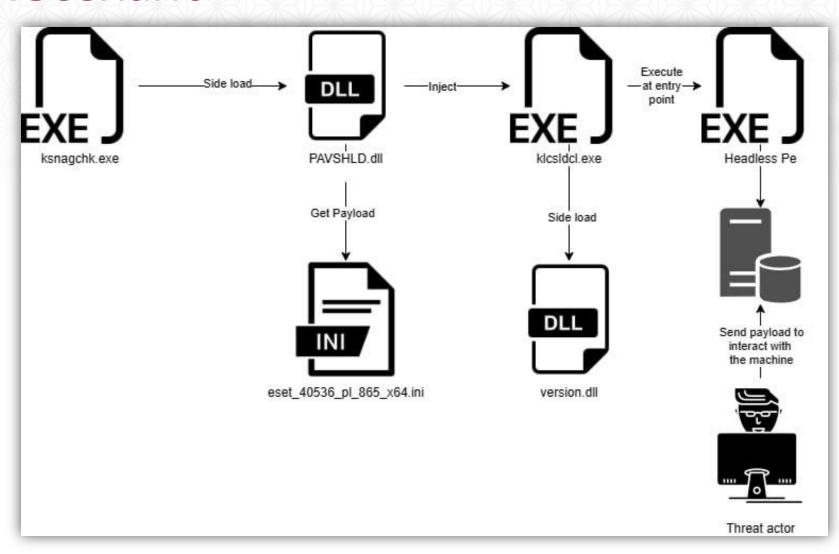
Create Server Bind to communicate within local network.

Port: 8090, 12345





Attack scenario











4. RECOMMENDATION

Defense Solutions: Anti DLL SIDE-LOADING



security

- Sử dụng đường dẫn tuyệt đối hoặc hạn chế đường dẫn tương đối khi load dll
- Đảm bảo các hàm nhập hợp lệ hoặc dùng manifest để xác định file DLL hợp lệ
- Gọi hàm SetDllDirectory với tham số rỗng để loại bỏ thư mục hiện tại khi load dll

Source:

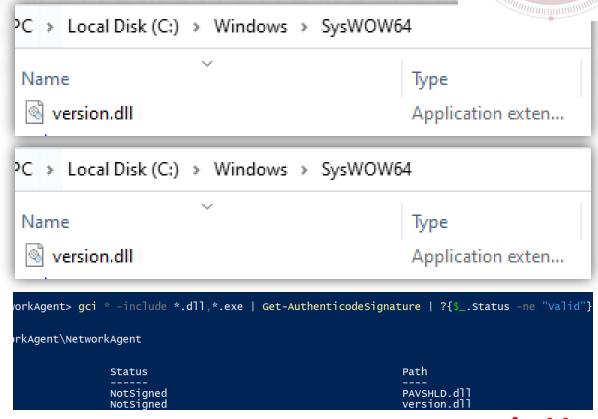
https://www.mandiant.com/sites/default/files/2021-09/rpt-dll-sideloading.pdf

DLL Sideloading detection guide (1)



For Persistent:

- DLL files do not have signature in the same folder.
- DLL files have the same name as the DLL file in the System32/Syswow64 folder (especially version.dll)
- DLL files have different MFT from other DLL files in the same folder.





DLL Sideloading detection guide (2)



For Process:

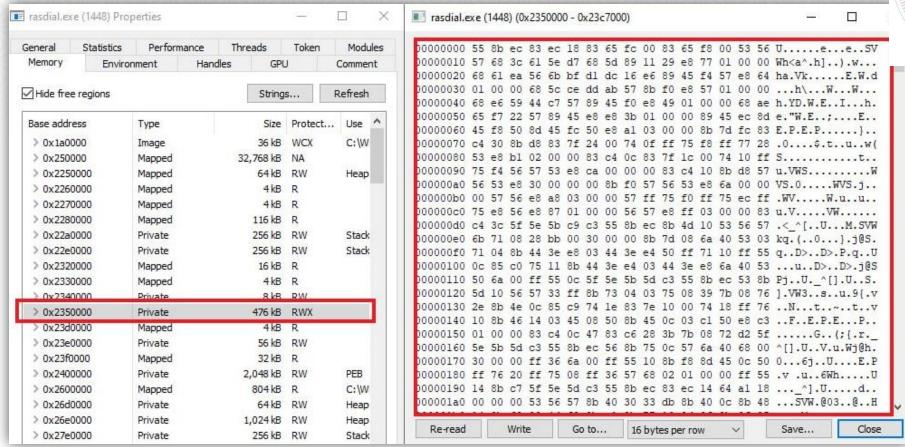
- Identify if the DLL file is loaded by process having the same path as exe files and different from the other DLL files.
- Check the signature and MFT of the DLL file to exe file or to other DLL files in the same folder.



```
klrbtagt.exe
                             & User C:
                                                               NetworkAgent\klrbtagt.exe
                                                               NetworkAgent\version.dll
version.dll
dhcpcsvc.dll
                             System C:\Windows\SysWOW64\dhcpcsvc.dll
msvcrt.dll
                             System C:\Windows\SysWOW64\msvcrt.dll
                             System C:\Windows\SysWOW64\rpcrt4.dll
rpcrt4.dll
                             System C:\Windows\SysWOW64\shlwapi.dll
shlwapi.dll
msvcp_win.dll
                             System C:\Windows\SysWOW64\msvcp_win.dll
kernelbase.dll
                             System C:\Windows\SysWOW64\KernelBase.dll
adi 32.d11
                             System C:\Windows\SysWOW64\qdi32.dll
win32u.dll
                             System C:\Windows\SysWOW64\win32u.dll
imm32.d11
                             System C:\Windows\SysWOW64\imm32.dll
sechost.dll
                             System C:\Windows\SysWOW64\sechost.dll
user32.d11
                             System C:\Windows\SysWOW64\user32.dll
kerne132.d11
                             System C:\Windows\SysWOW64\kernel32.dll
advapi32.dll
                             System C:\Windows\SysWOW64\advapi32.dll
ucrtbase.dll
                             System C:\Windows\SysWOW64\ucrtbase.dll
adi32full.dll
                             System C:\Windows\SysWOW64\gdi32full.dll
                             System C:\Windows\SysWOW64\ntdll.dll
ntdll.dll
```



Process Injection detection guide (1)







Process Injection detection guide (2)

Methods to detect Process Injection in Process Memory:

- Some featured Windows API usually used for process injection: (VirtualAllocEx, WriteProcessMemory, VirtualProtect, CreateRemoteThread, etc.).
- Memory area created by process injection techniques usually has these features: Type – Private, Protect – RWX/RX.
- Memory area contents usually are: Shellcode, PE file, PE file with deleted header.



Base address	Type	Size	Protect	Use
> 0x1a0000	Image	36 kB	WCX	C:\W
> 0x250000	Mapped	32,768 kB	NA	
> 0x2250000	Mapped	64 kB	RW	Heap
> 0x2260000	Mapped	4 kB	R	
> 0x2270000	Mapped	4 kB	R	
> 0x2280000	Mapped	116 kB	R	
> 0x22a0000	Private	256 kB	RW	Stack
> 0x22e0000	Private	256 kB	RW	Stack
> 0x2320000	Mapped	16 kB	R	
> 0x2330000	Mapped	4 kB	R	
> 0x2340000	Private	8 kB	RW	-
> 0x2350000	Private	476 kB	RWX	
> 0x23d0000	Mapped	4 kB	R	
> 0x23e0000	Private	56 kB	RW	
> 0x23f0000	Mapped	32 kB	R	
> 0x2400000	Private	2,048 kB	RW	PEB
> 0x2600000	Mapped	804 kB	R	C:\W
> 0x26d0000	Private	64 kB	RW	Hean





Process Injection detection guide (3)



Process Injection detection guide

- Use Hollows_hunter tool
 (https://github.com/hasherezade/hollows_hunter)
- Tool help detect shellcode, pe file, pe file with deleted header in injected processes







THANK YOU!

Viettel Cyber Security Team

