

# **AOD254**

# 150V N-Channel MOSFET

# **General Description**

The AOD254 uses trench MOSFET technology that is uniquely optimized to provide the most efficient high frequency switching performance. Power losses are minimized due to an extremely low combination of R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> and Crss.In addition, switching behavior is well controlled with a soft recovery body diode. This device is ideal for boost converters and synchronous rectifiers for consumer, telecom, industrial power supplies and LED backlighting.

# **Product Summary**

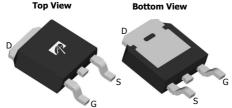
 $V_{\rm DS}$ 150V  $I_D$  (at  $V_{GS}=10V$ ) 28A  $R_{DS(ON)}$  (at  $V_{GS}$ =10V) < 46m $\Omega$  $R_{DS(ON)}$  (at  $V_{GS} = 4.5V$ )  $< 53 \text{m}\Omega$ 

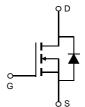
100% UIS Tested 100% R<sub>g</sub> Tested





**Top View** 





Absolute Maximum Ratings T<sub>A</sub>=25℃ unless otherwise noted

Parameter		Symbol	Maximum	Units	
Drain-Source Voltage		V <sub>DS</sub>	150	V	
Gate-Source Voltage		V <sub>GS</sub>	±20	V	
Continuous Drain	T <sub>C</sub> =25℃		28		
Current	T <sub>C</sub> =100℃	ID ID	20	A	
Pulsed Drain Current C		I <sub>DM</sub>	45		
Continuous Drain	T <sub>A</sub> =25℃		4.5	٨	
Current	T <sub>A</sub> =70℃	IDSM	3.6	A	
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>		I <sub>AS</sub>	12	А	
Avalanche energy L=0.1mH <sup>C</sup>		E <sub>AS</sub>	7	mJ	
	T <sub>C</sub> =25℃	В	100	W	
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	T <sub>C</sub> =100℃	→P <sub>D</sub>	50	VV	
	T <sub>A</sub> =25℃	В	2.5	10/	
Power Dissipation <sup>A</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> =70℃	P <sub>DSM</sub>	1.6	W	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to 175	C	

Thermal Characteristics								
Parameter	Symbol	Тур	Max	Units				
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	t ≤ 10s	D	15	20	℃/W			
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient AD	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JA}$	41	50	°C/W			
Maximum Junction-to-Case	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JC}$	1	1.5	℃/W			



### Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25℃ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Parameter Conditions		Тур	Max	Units			
STATIC PARAMETERS									
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu A, V_{GS}=0V$	150			V			
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =150V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V			1	μA			
		T <sub>J</sub> =55℃			5	μΑ			
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}$ =0V, $V_{GS}$ =±20V			±100	nA			
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$ , $I_{D}=250\mu A$	1.7	2.2	2.7	V			
$I_{D(ON)}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $V_{DS}$ =5V	45			Α			
		V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		37	46	mΩ			
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	T <sub>J</sub> =125℃		74	90	11122			
		$V_{GS}$ =4.5V, $I_D$ =20A		40	53	mΩ			
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	V <sub>DS</sub> =5V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		55		S			
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A,V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.7	1	V			
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Curr			46	Α				
DYNAMIC	PARAMETERS								
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance			2150		pF			
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =75V, f=1MHz		110		pF			
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			4		pF			
$R_g$	Gate resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, f=1MHz		2.3		Ω			
SWITCHI	NG PARAMETERS								
Q <sub>g</sub> (10V)	Total Gate Charge			27	40	nC			
Q <sub>g</sub> (4.5V)	Total Gate Charge	V -10V V -75V I -20A		12	17	nC			
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $V_{DS}$ =75V, $I_{D}$ =20A		7		nC			
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge	1		3		nC			
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime			9		ns			
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $V_{DS}$ =75V, $R_{L}$ =3.75 $\Omega$ ,		10		ns			
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime	$R_{GEN}=3\Omega$		29		ns			
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time	]		4		ns			
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, dI/dt=500A/μs		51		ns			
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, dI/dt=500A/μs		434		nC			

A. The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on  $1in^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A$  =25° C. The Power dissipation  $P_{DSM}$  is based on  $R_{\theta JA}$  and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150°  $\,$  C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design, and the maximum temperature of 175° C may be used if the PCB allows it.

- D. The  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case  $R_{\theta JC}$  and case to ambient.
- E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300µs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

  F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =175° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.
- G. The maximum current rating is package limited.
- H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25° C.

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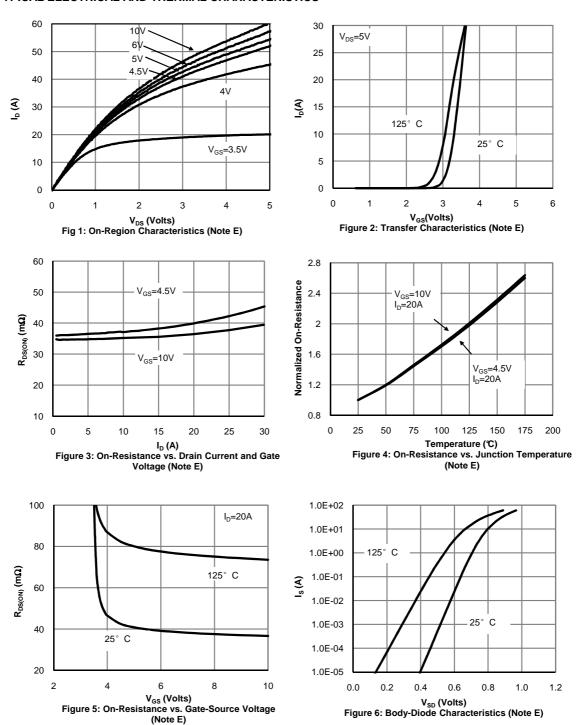
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B. The power dissipation P<sub>D</sub> is based on T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=175° C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=175° C. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial T<sub>J</sub>=25° C.

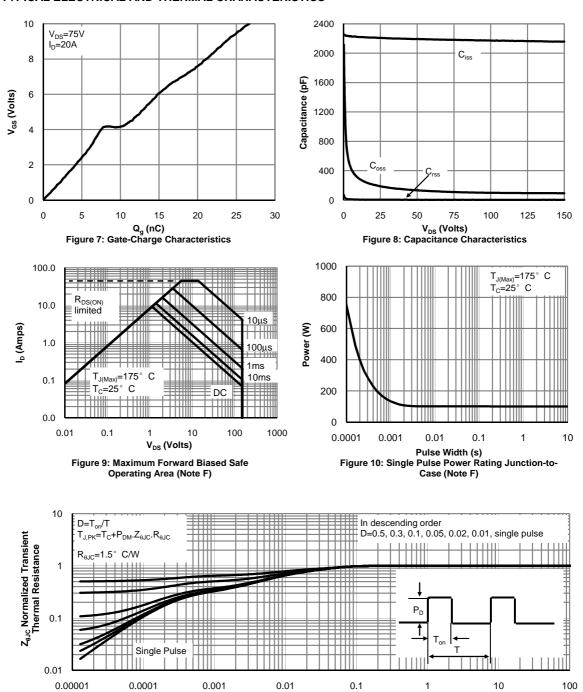


### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS





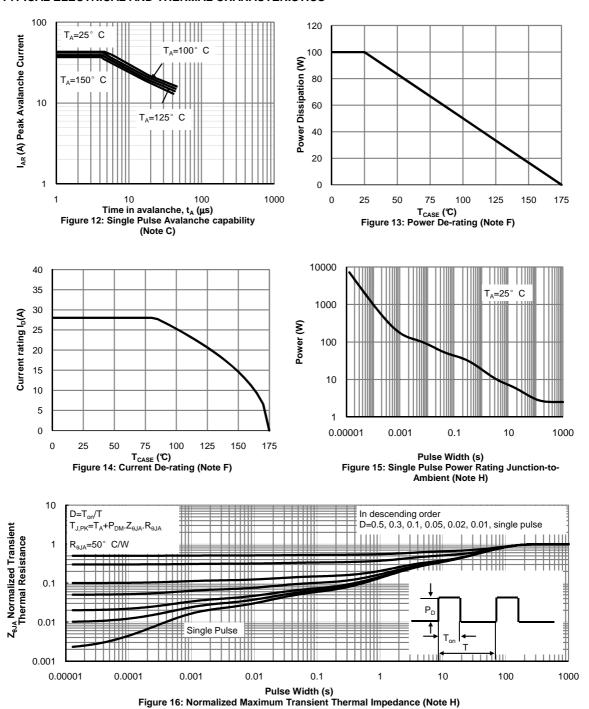
#### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



Pulse Width (s)
Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

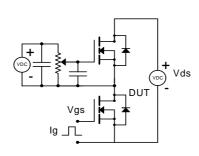


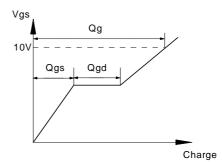
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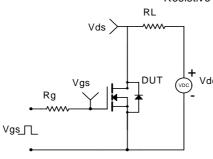


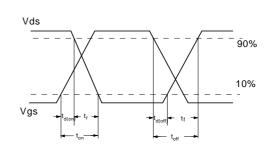
# Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



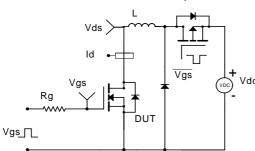


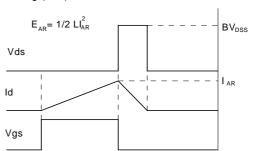
Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms





# Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms





# Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

