Efficient Azure OpenAI API Usage with Function Calling, Batching, and Robust Retry Mechanisms

1. Objective

- Learn to use the OpenAI Python library with function calling to structure API interactions
- Implement batching to handle multiple inputs efficiently.
- Apply rate limit handling using tenacity's decorators: retry, wait random exponential, and stop after attempt.
- Handle exceptions gracefully to ensure robustness during API calls.
- Complete a practical coding task within 120 minutes.

2. Problem Statement

- When using the Azure OpenAI API at scale, developers must manage complex workflows including multiple requests (batching), function calling to control output structure, and mitigating API rate limits via retries.
- Failing to handle these issues leads to degraded application performance or failures.
- This exercise guides you to build a Python module that processes a batch of inputs for a chosen topic using function calling, efficiently handles retries on rate limits, and manages exceptions properly.

3. Inputs / Shared Artifacts

- Choose one topic area for content generation (e.g., "Travel Itinerary Planning", "Recipe Summarization", or "Customer Support Email Drafting").
- No starter code provided you will create:
 - o Functions for batch processing with Azure OpenAI API calls
 - o Retry wrappers using tenacity
 - Exception handling logic
- Environment setup:
- Python 3.x
 - o openai library
 - o tenacity library (pip install tenacity)
- Azure OpenAI Resource:
 - API key, endpoint URL, and deployment name (to be set as environment variables).

4. Expected Outcome

- A Python script/module that:
 - Accepts a list of input prompts (batch).
 - Uses Azure OpenAI API's function calling feature to request structured responses.
 - o Retries on rate limit or transient errors with exponential backoff (max 5 attempts).
 - o Properly logs or handles exceptions without crashing.
 - o Demonstrates processing all batch inputs with final output collected and printed.
- Clear, modular, well-commented code.

5. Concepts Covered

- Azure OpenAI API usage with function calling
- Batching requests to optimize throughput
- Rate limit handling using tenacity decorators (retry, wait_random_exponential, stop after attempt)
- Exception handling and robustness
- Efficient Python asynchronous/synchronous programming for APIs (optional)
- Prompt and function schema design

6. Example: Step-by-Step Instructions with Code Snippet

```
from openai import AzureOpenAI
import time
from tenacity import retry, wait random exponential,
stop after attempt, retry if exception type
from openai.error import RateLimitError, APIError
import os
# Step 1: Set your Azure OpenAI API key
client = AzureOpenAI(
   api version="2024-07-01-preview",
    azure endpoint=os.getenv("AZURE OPENAI ENDPOINT"),
   api key=os.getenv("AZURE OPENAI API KEY"),
)
# Step 2: Define your function schema for function calling
functions = [
        "name": "generate itinerary",
        "description": "Generate a travel itinerary for a given
destination and duration.",
        "parameters": {
            "type": "object",
            "properties": {
                "destination": {"type": "string", "description":
"Travel destination city or country"},
```

```
"days": {"type": "integer", "description": "Number of
days to plan for"}
            "required": ["destination", "days"],
        },
    }
1
# Step 3: Define a retry decorator for rate limits and transient errors
@retry(
    retry=retry if exception type((RateLimitError, APIError)),
    wait=wait random exponential(min=1, max=10),
    stop=stop after attempt(5),
    reraise=True
)
def call openai function(prompt, destination, days):
    response = client.chat.completions.create(
        model="gpt-4o-mini",
        messages=[
            {"role": "user", "content": prompt}
        1,
        functions=functions,
        function call={
            "name": "generate itinerary",
            "arguments": f'{{"destination": "{destination}", "days":
{days}}}'
    )
   return response
# Step 4: Batch processing function
def batch process(inputs):
    results = []
    for input data in inputs:
        try:
            prompt = input data["prompt"]
            destination = input data["destination"]
            days = input data["days"]
            res = call openai function(prompt, destination, days)
            results.append(res)
            time.sleep(1) # Optional: prevent hitting rate limits
aggressively
        except Exception as e:
            print(f"Error processing {destination}: {e}")
            results.append(None)
    return results
# Step 5: Example batch inputs
batch inputs = [
    {"prompt": "Plan a travel itinerary.", "destination": "Paris",
"days": 3},
    {"prompt": "Plan a travel itinerary.", "destination": "Tokyo",
"days": 5},
    {"prompt": "Plan a travel itinerary.", "destination": "New York",
"days": 4},
```

```
# Step 6: Run batch processing and display results
if __name__ == "__main__":
    outputs = batch_process(batch_inputs)
    for idx, output in enumerate(outputs):
        print(f"Result for {batch_inputs[idx]['destination']}:")
        if output:
            print(output)
        else:
            print("No result due to error or retry failure.")
        print("-" * 40)
```

7. Final Submission Checklist

- Submit your Python script/module with:
 - o Proper function calling implementation
 - Batch processing capability
 - o Retry logic with tenacity decorators
 - o Exception handling code and error logging
- Include sample inputs and outputs. (3 samples)
- Provide a brief README explaining:
 - o How to run the script
 - Your design choices for batching and retries
 - o Any challenges encountered and how they were solved