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### Response to Homework 3

1. There are four columns in the VC forwarding table. Names are as follow:

- Incoming Interface
- Incoming VC #
- Outgoing Interface
- Outgoing VC #

Their meaning are intuitive by their names.

There are two columns in the datagram network forwarding table. Names are as follow:

- Destination Address Range
- Link Interface

Their meaning are intuitive by their names.

2. a. Below is the longest prefix forwarding table:

Destination Address Range	Link Interface
11100000 00***** ***** *****	0
11100000 01000000 ***** *****	1
11100000 ***** ***** *****	2
11100001 0***** ***** *****	2
otherwise	3

b. Below is the forwarding result:

Address	Link Interface
11001000 10010001 01010001 01010101	3
11100001 01000000 11000011 00111100	2
11100001 10000000 00010001 01110111	3

3. In the situation that both Arnold and Bernard are behind a NAT, it is impossible to establish a TCP connection between them. A TCP connection requires a three way hand shake to start (by sending SYN packages). However, since both side are behind NAT, the router will have no idea which internal client to send the SYN package to without application-specific configuration. So the SYN will be dropped and the connection will not be established.
4. Below is the result of running Dijkstra's shortest-path algorithm starting from u:

Step	N	D(t), p(t)	D(v), p(v)	D(w), p(w)	D(x), p(x)	D(y), p(y)	D(z), p(z)
0	u	2, u	3, u	3, u	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
1	u t		3, u	3, u	$\infty$	9, t	$\infty$
2	u t v			3, u	6, v	9, t	$\infty$
3	u t v w				6, v	9, t	$\infty$
4	u t v w x					9, t	14, x
5	u t v w x y						14, x
6	u t v w x y z						

5. The distance table is attached at the end.
6. Anycasting is a “network addressing and routing methodology” which allows “nodes to access one of a collection of servers providing a well-known service, without manual configuration in each node of the list of servers”. The packages sent by a sender can be routed to “the topologically nearest node in a group of potential receivers”. The packages are sent to several nodes but identified by the same destination address. One application is that anycasting simplified network configuration process. As mentioned previously anycasting allows packages to be sent to several nodes but identified by the same destination address. For example, a worldwide service (e.g. Youtube) need to be deployed. In traditional way, DNS servers need to be configures at different places (e.g. Asia, Europe, America) in order to direct users to their nearest server. With the help of anycasting, we can just configure one IP address everywhere.
7. a. Below is the routing table of stdlinux. Destination is the destination host or network. Gateway is the address of the gateway (\* means not yet set). Genmask is the netmask of the destination network. In Flags, U means router is up, G means gateway is used, etc. MSS is the abbreviation of maximum segment size. The irtt is the some kind of

time to live (timed out setting). Iface is the Internet interface to which packages will be sent for this route.

```

1 % /bin/netstat -r
2 Kernel IP routing table
3 Destination      Gateway            Genmask           Flags   MSS Window  irtt Iface
4 164.107.113.0    *                  255.255.255.0     U        0 0        0 eth0
5 link-local       *                  255.255.0.0       U        0 0        0 eth0
6 default          hsrp113.cse.ohi  0.0.0.0           UG       0 0        0 eth0

```

- b. The titles of each columns are the same. hsrp113.cse.ohio-state.edu is now resolved into 164.107.113.1. For \*, it is resolved to 0.0.0.0. link-local is resolved to 169.254.0.0.

```

1 Destination      Gateway            Genmask           Flags   MSS Window  irtt Iface
2 164.107.113.0    0.0.0.0           255.255.255.0     U        0 0        0 eth0
3 169.254.0.0      0.0.0.0           255.255.0.0       U        0 0        0 eth0
4 0.0.0.0          164.107.113.1    0.0.0.0           UG       0 0        0 eth0

```

Step 1							Step 2							Step 3					
Node: u							Node: u							Node: u					
	Cost Via							Cost Via							Cost Via				
	$D^u$	$v$	$y$		<b>DV</b>			$D^u$	$v$	$y$		<b>DV</b>			$D^u$	$v$	$y$		<b>DV</b>
Dest	$v$	1	$\infty$		$v, 1$		Dest	$v$	1	$\infty$		$v, 1$		Dest	$v$	1	5		$v, 1$
	$x$	4	$\infty$		$x, \infty$			$x$	4	5		$x, 4$			$x$	4	5		$x, 4$
	$y$	$\infty$	2		$y, 2$			$y$	$\infty$	2		$y, 2$			$y$	4	2		$y, 2$
	$z$	$\infty$	$\infty$		$z, \infty$			$z$	7	$\infty$		$z, 7$			$z$	6	7		$z, 6$
Node: v							Node: v							Node: v					
	Cost Via							Cost Via							Cost Via				
	$D^v$	$u$	$x$	$z$	<b>DV</b>			$D^v$	$u$	$x$	$z$	<b>DV</b>			$D^v$	$u$	$x$	$z$	<b>DV</b>
Dest	$u$	1	$\infty$	$\infty$	$u, 1$		Dest	$u$	1	$\infty$	$\infty$	$u, 1$		Dest	$u$	1	7	12	$u, 1$
	$x$	$\infty$	3	$\infty$	$x, 3$			$x$	5	3	8	$x, 3$			$x$	5	3	8	$x, 3$
	$y$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$y, \infty$			$y$	3	6	$\infty$	$y, 3$			$y$	3	6	11	$y, 3$
	$z$	$\infty$	$\infty$	6	$z, 6$			$z$	8	5	6	$z, 5$			$z$	7	5	6	$z, 5$
Node: x							Node: x							Node: x					
	Cost Via							Cost Via							Cost Via				
	$D^x$	$v$	$y$	$z$	<b>DV</b>			$D^x$	$v$	$y$	$z$	<b>DV</b>			$D^x$	$v$	$y$	$z$	<b>DV</b>
Dest	$u$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$u, \infty$		Dest	$u$	4	5	$\infty$	$u, 4$		Dest	$u$	4	5	8	$u, 4$
	$v$	3	$\infty$	$\infty$	$v, 3$			$v$	3	$\infty$	8	$v, 3$			$v$	3	6	7	$v, 3$
	$y$	$\infty$	3	$\infty$	$y, 3$			$y$	6	3	$\infty$	$y, 3$			$y$	6	3	7	$y, 3$
	$z$	$\infty$	$\infty$	2	$z, 2$			$z$	8	$\infty$	2	$z, 2$			$z$	8	8	2	$z, 2$
Node: y							Node: y							Node: y					
	Cost Via							Cost Via							Cost Via				
	$D^y$	$u$	$x$		<b>DV</b>			$D^y$	$u$	$x$		<b>DV</b>			$D^y$	$u$	$x$		<b>DV</b>
Dest	$u$	2	$\infty$		$u, 2$		Dest	$u$	2	7		$u, 2$		Dest	$u$	2	7		$u, 2$
	$v$	$\infty$	$\infty$		$v, \infty$			$v$	3	6		$v, 3$			$v$	3	6		$v, 3$
	$x$	$\infty$	3		$y, 3$			$x$	6	3		$y, 3$			$x$	6	3		$y, 3$
	$z$	$\infty$	$\infty$		$z, \infty$			$z$	9	5		$z, 5$			$z$	8	5		$z, 5$
Node: z							Node: z							Node: z					
	Cost Via							Cost Via							Cost Via				
	$D^z$	$v$	$x$		<b>DV</b>			$D^z$	$v$	$x$		<b>DV</b>			$D^z$	$v$	$x$		<b>DV</b>
Dest	$u$	$\infty$	$\infty$		$u, \infty$		Dest	$u$	7	6		$u, 6$		Dest	$u$	7	6		$u, 6$
	$v$	6	$\infty$		$v, 6$			$v$	6	5		$v, 5$			$v$	6	5		$v, 5$
	$x$	$\infty$	2		$y, 2$			$x$	9	2		$y, 2$			$x$	9	2		$y, 2$
	$y$	$\infty$	$\infty$		$z, \infty$			$y$	9	5		$z, 5$			$y$	9	5		$z, 5$