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编译技术第二次作业

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一、 $G[Z] = Z \rightarrow \langle \text{非零数字} \rangle \langle \text{数字串} \rangle | \langle \text{非零数字} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{数字串} \rangle \rightarrow \langle \text{数字串} \rangle \langle \text{数字} \rangle | \langle \text{数字} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{数字} \rangle \rightarrow 0 | \langle \text{非零数字} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{非零数字} \rangle \rightarrow 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9$

二、 $A^+ : 0, 1, 2, 00, 01, 02, 10$.

$A^* : \varepsilon, 0, 1, 2, 00, 01, 02$

三、1. $V_T = \{a, b, c, 0, 1\}$. $V_n = \{ \langle \text{标识符} \rangle \}$

$a: G \Rightarrow a$. $ab0X$ $a0c01: G \Rightarrow \langle \text{标识符} \rangle |$

$\Rightarrow \langle \text{标识符} \rangle 01 \Rightarrow \langle \text{标识符} \rangle c01 \Rightarrow \langle \text{标识符} \rangle 0c01$

$\Rightarrow a0c01$ $0aX$ $11X$ $aaa: G \Rightarrow \langle \text{标识符} \rangle a$

$\Rightarrow \langle \text{标识符} \rangle aa \Rightarrow aaa$

2. $G[Z] : Z \rightarrow \langle A \rangle \langle B \rangle | \langle C \rangle | - \langle A \rangle \langle B \rangle$

$\langle A \rangle \rightarrow \langle A \rangle \langle D \rangle | \langle E \rangle$

$\langle D \rangle \rightarrow 0 | 1 | 2 | \dots | 9$

$\langle B \rangle \rightarrow 0 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8$

$\langle C \rangle \rightarrow \langle B \rangle | -2 | -4 | -6 | -8$

$\langle E \rangle \rightarrow 1 | 2 | \dots | 9$

4. $\langle A \rangle \Rightarrow cc \checkmark$ $\langle A \rangle \Rightarrow b \langle A \rangle \Rightarrow bcc \checkmark$

$\langle A \rangle \Rightarrow b \langle A \rangle \Rightarrow bb \langle A \rangle \Rightarrow bbcc \checkmark$

$\langle A \rangle \Rightarrow b \langle A \rangle \Rightarrow bb \langle A \rangle \Rightarrow bbb \langle A \rangle \Rightarrow bbbb \checkmark$

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5. (1) $G[Z] : \langle Z \rangle \rightarrow a(\langle A \rangle)a \mid ac \rangle a.$

$\langle A \rangle \rightarrow \langle A \rangle b \mid b$

(2) $G[Z] : Z \rightarrow (\langle A \rangle) (\langle B \rangle)$

$\langle A \rangle \rightarrow \langle A \rangle a \mid a$

$\langle B \rangle \rightarrow \langle B \rangle b \mid b$

6. (1) $\langle \text{表达式} \rangle \Rightarrow \langle \text{项} \rangle \Rightarrow \langle \text{因子} \rangle \Rightarrow i$

$\langle \text{表达式} \rangle \Rightarrow \langle \text{项} \rangle \Rightarrow \langle \text{因子} \rangle \Rightarrow (\langle \text{表达式} \rangle) \Rightarrow (i)$

$\langle \text{表达式} \rangle \Rightarrow \langle \text{项} \rangle \Rightarrow \langle \text{项} \rangle * \langle \text{因子} \rangle \Rightarrow i * i$

$\langle \text{表达式} \rangle \Rightarrow \langle \text{表达式} \rangle + \langle \text{项} \rangle \Rightarrow i * i + i$

$\langle \text{表达式} \rangle \Rightarrow \langle \text{项} \rangle \Rightarrow \langle \text{项} \rangle * \langle \text{因子} \rangle$

$\Rightarrow \langle \text{项} \rangle * (\langle \text{表达式} \rangle) \Rightarrow i * (i + i).$

7. $G[\langle \text{表达式} \rangle]$. 句型 $w = \langle \text{表达式} \rangle + \langle \text{项} \rangle * \langle \text{因子} \rangle.$

~~短语 $L(G[\langle \text{表达式} \rangle])$. 由于 w 中含有 $\langle \text{表达式} \rangle$.~~

~~且 $\langle \text{项} \rangle$ 与 $\langle \text{因子} \rangle$ 都可由 $\langle \text{表达式} \rangle$ 推出~~

~~故所有短语均为 $\langle \text{表达式} \rangle$ 所能推出的所有~~

~~所有~~ 短语: $\langle \text{表达式} \rangle + \langle \text{项} \rangle * \langle \text{因子} \rangle, \langle \text{项} \rangle * \langle \text{因子} \rangle$

~~$\langle \text{项} \rangle, \langle \text{因子} \rangle$~~

~~简单~~ 短语: $\langle \text{项} \rangle * \langle \text{因子} \rangle$

简单