# Data Programming Exam

Please reply to the following questions in an R script called "surname\_name.R" (e.g., Mario Rossi will return a file named "rossi\_mario.R"). Please comments your answers using the symbol: #, before the comments (e.g., # comment).

## Exercise 1

- a. (2pt) Create a vector, named vec, containing the following values: 1, 5, 12, 14, 6, 78, 68, 34, 34, 32, 56, 75
- b. (2pt) Select the 3-rd element of vec.
- c. (2pt) Select all elements of vec apart from the 1st.

## Exercise 2

Given the following list, named 11:

```
ll <- list(numbers = c(2,3,5,6,7), letters = c("z", "x", "y", "t"))
ll
```

```
## $numbers
## [1] 2 3 5 6 7
##
## $letters
## [1] "z" "x" "y" "t"
```

- a. (2pt) Extract the element named letters.
- b. (2pt) Extract the object contained in the first element of 11.
- c. (2pt) Add the following element to 11:

```
mat <- matrix(1:12, ncol = 3)
```

## Exercise 3

a. (2pt) Generate a data frame, named df, corresponding to:

country		${\tt population}$	continent	
Italy		59801004	Europe	
France		64668129		Europe
China		1382323332		Asia
Japan		126323715		Asia
Chile		18131850	${\tt South}$	${\tt America}$
Colombia		48654392	${\tt South}$	${\tt America}$
United	States	324118787	North	${\tt America}$
	Canada	36286378	North	${\tt America}$
	Libya	6330159		Africa
Cameroon		23924407		Africa

Use data.frame() function and remember to maintain character vectors as they are, specifying stringsAsFactors = FALSE.

- b. (2pt) Select the third row of df.
- c. (2pt) Select the 2-nd and 3-rd columns of df

## Exercise 4

a. (3 pt) Import the file 2008.txt using the command read.table() in a data frame named flights. Open the text file before importing it to control if the first row contains column names and to control the field and the decimal separator characters. Remember to not import the character columns as factors, specifying the argument stringsAsFactors as FALSE.

This dataset contains information about flight arrival and departure details for all commercial flights within the USA in 2008.

Load dplyr library:

#### require(dplyr)

- b. (1 pt) Convert flights data frame to a tbl\_df using tbl\_df() function.
- c. (2 pt) Starting from flights data frame, select ArrDelay and Dest variables and filter the records for which ArrDelay variable is greater than 120.
- d. (2 pt) Starting from flights data frame, compute the mean delay at departure (DepDelay variable) groupig by Origin variable. Remember to add na.rm=TRUE option to mean computation.

## Exercise 5

Load mtcars dataset in this way:

```
data("mtcars")
```

mtcars data was extracted from the 1974 Motor Trend US magazine, and comprises fuel consumption and 10 aspects of automobile design and performance for 32 automobiles (1973–74 models).

#### head(mtcars)

```
##
                      mpg cyl disp hp drat
                                                wt qsec vs am gear carb
## Mazda RX4
                                160 110 3.90 2.620 16.46
                                                                        4
                     21.0
## Mazda RX4 Wag
                     21.0
                            6
                                160 110 3.90 2.875 17.02
                                                                   4
                                                                        4
                                                              1
## Datsun 710
                            4
                               108
                                    93 3.85 2.320 18.61
                                                                        1
                     22.8
## Hornet 4 Drive
                     21.4
                                258 110 3.08 3.215 19.44
                                                                   3
                                                                        1
                            6
## Hornet Sportabout 18.7
                            8
                               360 175 3.15 3.440 17.02
                                                                   3
                                                                        2
## Valiant
                     18.1
                            6
                               225 105 2.76 3.460 20.22
                                                                        1
```

To achieve more information about mtcars dataset type ?mtcars on R console.

Load ggplot2 library:

#### require(ggplot2)

- a. (1 pt) Calculate the number of rows and columns of the mtcars dataset.
- b. (3 pt) Build a scatterplot to analyze the relationship between mpg and wt variables. Use ggplot() and geom\_point() functions.
- c. (3 pt) Represent the distribution of mpg variable with an histogram. Use ggplot() and geom\_histogram() functions.