QCI Day 9

The Past, Present, and Future of Quantum Computing

A (non-comprehensive) history of quantum

1900, Max Planck: Quantization of energy levels

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1920s: Copenhagen interpretation

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Feynman: Quantum Electrodynamics

Quantum Computing

1981: Feynman claims that quantum computers can outperform classical

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1981: Feynman claims that quantum computers can outperform classical

1992: Deustch-Jozsa algorithm developed

1994: Shor's Algorithm developed

1996: Grover's Algorithm developed



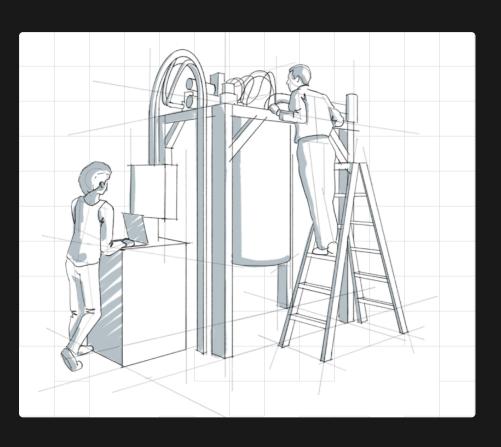
2011: D-Wave builds 1st quantum computer



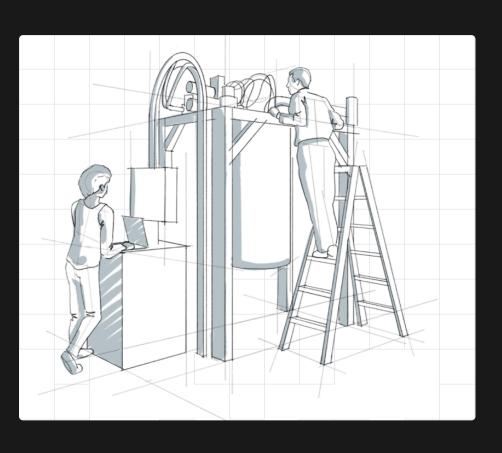
2011: D-Wave builds 1st quantum computer

2019: Google Quantum Supremacy

Quantum Research + Getting Involved!

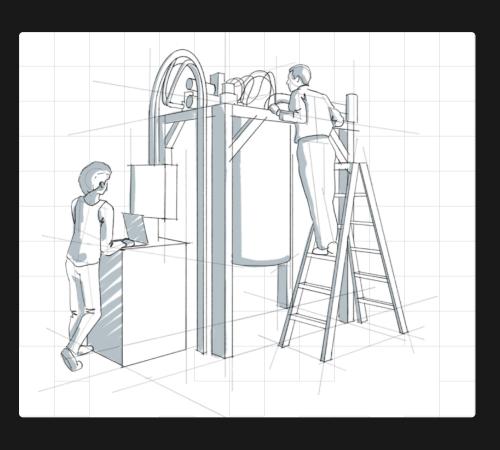


Contribute to Qiskit (and other libraries!)

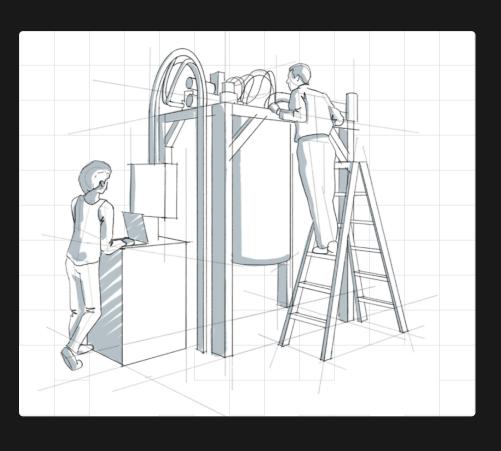


Contribute to Qiskit (and other libraries!)

Quantum Hardware Research



Quantum Country



Quantum Country QOSF

References

- Yanofsky, Mannucci. Quantum Computing for Computer Scientists
- Quantum computing history and background
- A Brief History of Quantum Computers
- What are the main differences between the Google Quantum computer, IBM Q, and the D-Wave quantum computer?
- 27 Milestones In The History Of Quantum Computing
- Google and NASA Achieve Quantum Supremacy
- Reinventing Data Processing with Quantum

- Computing
- History of Quantum Computing
- History of quantum mechanics