Krainova: Vocabulary

quantumFeline

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1 Family

Mama

n., an.

Mother/nanny, parent, caretaker. It is expected that the child calls this way some of their family members but not the other ones. "Mama" defines social relationship rather than blood; it could be mother, father, granny, nanny, or even older sibling, depending on how the family looks like. The biological mother is, however, the most typical example.

Ex.:

todo

Tato n., an. The one who teacher behaviour and good manners. Close to the Russian "воспитатель". Mama can be technically seen as a subcategory of tato, but is usually not viewed in this way. In a nuclear family, typically the main parent would be called mama, and the other one tato; this is viewed as a balanced way to raise a child. However, variations always exist. Ex.: todo Rata n., an. Sibling; brother, sister. The kids you grew up with in the same household, and shared the caretaker/s (mamaj). Can be metaphorically used in regard to very close friends as well. *Ex.*: Tona n., an. A person you (or someone else) take care of as mama. The closest analogue in English is "son/daughter". *Ex.*:

Tiki n., an.

"son/daughter", but from a different point of view. Ex.:
Note: it is considered highly unusual for the same person to be a mama for some kids, but a tata for other ones. However, sometimes such cases do exist.
2 People
Är n., an.
Human; a person; a sapient creature. Ex.:
Makoto n., an.
The biological parent of a child. You can also use <i>senaxär</i> (lit. "seeder") instead, but that's incredibly rude to use about a human. <i>Ex.</i> :
Dytyna n., an.
A human child. Ex.:

A person you (or someone else) take care of as tata. Also analogous to

3 Actions

S'ity

v., tr.

To seed, to produce, to spawn something; to be the source of life or something that is growing. An example can be a tree spreading it seeds, or an animal being the biological parent of a child.

Ex.: