

Autómatas y Lenguajes formales

Ejercicio Semanal 6

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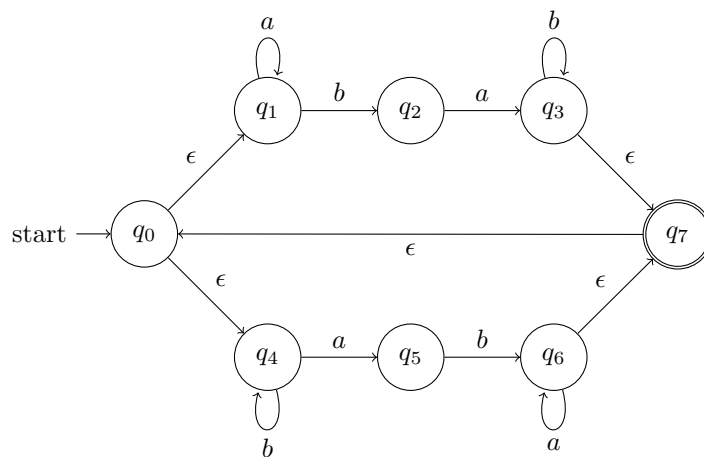
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1. Para cada ANF_ϵ , resuelve los siguientes incisos.

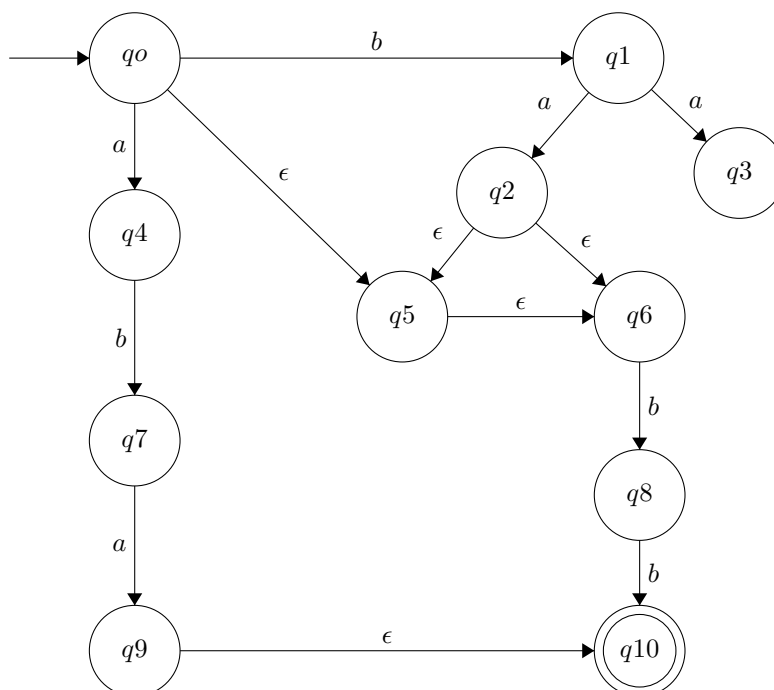
(a) Calcula la ϵ -cerradura de cada estado.

(b) Elimina las ϵ -transiciones obteniendo un AFN, mostrando el proceso de cálculo de las nuevas transiciones.

1. Autómata 1



2. Autómata 2



(a) Calcula la ϵ -cerradura de cada estado

$$\begin{aligned}
Cl_\epsilon(q_0) &= \{q_0, q_5, q_6\} & Cl_\epsilon(q_1) &= \{q_1\} \\
Cl_\epsilon(q_2) &= \{q_2, q_5, q_6\} & Cl_\epsilon(q_3) &= \{q_3\} \\
Cl_\epsilon(q_4) &= \{q_4\} & Cl_\epsilon(q_5) &= \{q_5, q_6\} \\
Cl_\epsilon(q_6) &= \{q_6\} & Cl_\epsilon(q_7) &= \{q_7\} \\
Cl_\epsilon(q_8) &= \{q_8\} & Cl_\epsilon(q_9) &= \{q_9, q_{10}\} \\
Cl_\epsilon(q_{10}) &= \{q_{10}\}
\end{aligned}$$

(b) Elimina las ϵ -transiciones obteniendo un AFN, mostrando el proceso de cálculo de las nuevas transiciones.

Sea $M_\epsilon = \langle Q_\epsilon, \Sigma_\epsilon, \delta_\epsilon, q_{0\epsilon}, F_\epsilon \rangle$ el atómata de la figura.

El nuevo automata sería $M = \langle Q, \Sigma, \delta, q_0, F \rangle$ dado por

$$Q = Q_\epsilon, \quad \Sigma = \Sigma_\epsilon, \quad q_0 = q_{0\epsilon}, \quad F = F_\epsilon$$

Pues $F_\epsilon \cap Cl_\epsilon(q_0) = \emptyset$.

En cuento a la δ , esta se construye de la siguiente manera

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta(q_0, a) &= \delta_\epsilon^*(q_0, a) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon\left(\bigcup_{p \in \delta_\epsilon(q_0, \epsilon)} \delta_\epsilon(p, a)\right) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon(\delta_\epsilon(q_0, a) \cup \delta_\epsilon(q_5, a) \cup \delta_\epsilon(q_6, a)) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon(\{q_4\} \cup \emptyset \cup \emptyset) \\
&= \{q_4\}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta(q_0, b) &= \delta_\epsilon^*(q_0, b) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon\left(\bigcup_{p \in \delta_\epsilon(q_0, \epsilon)} \delta_\epsilon(p, b)\right) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon(\delta_\epsilon(q_0, b) \cup \delta_\epsilon(q_5, b) \cup \delta_\epsilon(q_6, b)) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon(\{q_1\} \cup \emptyset \cup \{q_8\}) \\
&= \{q_1, q_8\}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta(q_1, a) &= \delta_\epsilon^*(q_1, a) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon\left(\bigcup_{p \in \delta_\epsilon(q_1, \epsilon)} \delta_\epsilon(p, a)\right) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon(\delta_\epsilon(q_1, a)) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon(\{q_2, q_3\}) \\
&= \{q_2, q_3, q_5, q_6\}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta(q_1, b) &= \delta_\epsilon^*(q_1, b) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon\left(\bigcup_{p \in \delta_\epsilon(q_1, \epsilon)} \delta_\epsilon(p, b)\right) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon(\delta_\epsilon(q_1, b)) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon(\emptyset) \\
&= \emptyset
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta(q_2, a) &= \delta_\epsilon^*(q_2, a) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon(\bigcup_{p \in \delta_\epsilon(q_2, \epsilon)} \delta_\epsilon(p, a)) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon(\delta_\epsilon(q_2, a) \cup \delta_\epsilon(q_5, a) \cup \delta_\epsilon(q_6, a)) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon(\emptyset \cup \emptyset \cup \emptyset) \\
&= \emptyset
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta(q_2, b) &= \delta_\epsilon^*(q_2, b) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon(\bigcup_{p \in \delta_\epsilon(q_2, \epsilon)} \delta_\epsilon(p, b)) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon(\delta_\epsilon(q_2, b) \cup \delta_\epsilon(q_5, b) \cup \delta_\epsilon(q_6, b)) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon(\emptyset \cup \emptyset \cup \{q_8\}) \\
&= \{q_8\}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta(q_3, a) &= \delta_\epsilon^*(q_3, a) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon(\bigcup_{p \in \delta_\epsilon(q_3, \epsilon)} \delta_\epsilon(p, a)) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon(\delta_\epsilon(q_3, a)) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon(\emptyset) \\
&= \emptyset
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta(q_3, b) &= \delta_\epsilon^*(q_3, b) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon(\bigcup_{p \in \delta_\epsilon(q_3, \epsilon)} \delta_\epsilon(p, b)) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon(\delta_\epsilon(q_3, b)) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon(\emptyset) \\
&= \emptyset
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta(q_4, a) &= \delta_\epsilon^*(q_4, a) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon(\bigcup_{p \in \delta_\epsilon(q_4, \epsilon)} \delta_\epsilon(p, a)) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon(\delta_\epsilon(q_4, a) \cup \delta_\epsilon(q_5, a) \cup \delta_\epsilon(q_6, a)) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon(\{q_4\} \cup \emptyset \cup \emptyset) \\
&= \{q_4\}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta(q_4, b) &= \delta_\epsilon^*(q_4, b) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon(\bigcup_{p \in \delta_\epsilon(q_4, \epsilon)} \delta_\epsilon(p, b)) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon(\delta_\epsilon(q_4, b) \cup \delta_\epsilon(q_5, b) \cup \delta_\epsilon(q_6, b)) \\
&= Cl_\epsilon(\{q_1\} \cup \emptyset \cup \{q_8\}) \\
&= \{q_1, q_8\}
\end{aligned}$$