## Lenguajes de Programación 2020-1 Facultad de Ciencias UNAM Ejericio Semanal 11

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## 1. Considera el siguiente programa

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exception Excpt of int; fun twice (f , x ) = handle f ( f ( x ) ) with Excpt ( x ) = > x ; fun pred ( x ) = if iszero x then raise Excpt ( x ) else x - 1; fun smart ( x ) = handle 1 + pred ( x ) with Excpt ( x ) = > 1;
```

Evalúa las siguientes expresiones utilizando la semántica operacional de la máquina K extendida para manejar excepciones con valor. (pueden obviarse algunos pasos pero no los que involucran manejo de excepciones. En cada caso describe qué excepción fue lanzada y en dónde.)

## • twice(smart, 0)

Cuando se tenga una aplicación con valores bloqueados, se saltarán los pasos hasta el cálculo que los concierna, ignorando los pasos intermedios para verificar que son valores.

```
 \Box \succ \operatorname{app}(\operatorname{twice}, (\operatorname{smart}, 0)) \\ \rightarrow_k \Box \succ \operatorname{twice}[f := \operatorname{twice}, x := 0] \\ \rightarrow_\beta \Box \succ \operatorname{handle}(\operatorname{app}(\operatorname{smart}, \operatorname{app}(\operatorname{smart}, 0)), x.x) \\ \rightarrow_k \operatorname{handle}(\_, x.x) \succ \operatorname{app}(\operatorname{smart}, \operatorname{app}(\operatorname{smart}, 0)) \\ \rightarrow_k \operatorname{app}(\operatorname{smart}, \_), \operatorname{handle}(\_, x.x) \succ \operatorname{app}(\operatorname{smart}, 0) \\ \rightarrow_k \operatorname{app}(\operatorname{smart}, \_), \operatorname{handle}(\_, x.x) \succ \operatorname{smart}[x := 0] \\ \rightarrow_\beta \operatorname{app}(\operatorname{smart}, \_), \operatorname{handle}(\_, x.x) \succ \operatorname{handle}(\operatorname{sum}(1, \operatorname{app}(\operatorname{pred}, 0)), x.1) \\ \rightarrow_k \operatorname{handle}(\_, x.1), \operatorname{app}(\operatorname{smart}, \_), \operatorname{handle}(\_, x.x) \succ \operatorname{sum}(1, \operatorname{app}(\operatorname{pred}, 0)) \\ \rightarrow_k \operatorname{sum}(1, \_), \operatorname{handle}(\_, x.1), \operatorname{app}(\operatorname{smart}, \_), \operatorname{handle}(\_, x.x) \succ \operatorname{pred}[x := 0] \\ \rightarrow_\beta \operatorname{sum}(1, \_), \operatorname{handle}(\_, x.1), \operatorname{app}(\operatorname{smart}, \_), \operatorname{handle}(\_, x.x) \succ \operatorname{if}(\operatorname{iszero}(0), \operatorname{raise}(0), \operatorname{dif}(0, 1)) \\ \rightarrow_k \operatorname{if}(\_, \operatorname{raise}(0), \operatorname{dif}(0, 1)), \operatorname{sum}(1, \_), \operatorname{handle}(\_, x.1), \operatorname{app}(\operatorname{smart}, \_), \operatorname{handle}(\_, x.x) \succ \operatorname{true} \\ \rightarrow_k \operatorname{sum}(1, \_), \operatorname{handle}(\_, x.1), \operatorname{app}(\operatorname{smart}, \_), \operatorname{handle}(\_, x.x) \ll \operatorname{raise}(0)
```

En este punto se lanza una excepción de tipo Excpt con un valor de 0.

```
\rightarrow_k handle(_, x.1),app(smart, _),handle(_, x.x) \ll raise(0)
\rightarrow_k \operatorname{app}(\operatorname{smart}, _-), \operatorname{handle}(_-, \operatorname{x.x}) \succ 1[\operatorname{x:=0}]
\rightarrow_{\beta} app(smart, _), handle(_, x.x) \succ 1
\rightarrow_k handle(_, x.x) \succ smart[x:=1]
\rightarrow_{\beta} handle(_, x.x) \succ handle(sum(1, app(pred,1)), x.1)
\rightarrow_k handle(_, x.1), handle(_, x.x) \succ sum(1, app(pred,1))
\rightarrow_k \text{sum}(1, \_), \text{handle}(\_, x.1), \text{handle}(\_, x.x) \succ \text{app(pred,1)}
\rightarrow_k \text{sum}(1, \_), \text{handle}(\_, x.1), \text{handle}(\_, x.x) \succ \text{pred}[x:=1]
\rightarrow_{\beta} sum(1, _), handle(_, x.1), handle(_, x.x) \succ if(iszero(1), raise(1), dif(1, 1))
\rightarrow_k if(_, raise(1), dif(1, 1)),sum(1, _),handle(_, x.1),handle(_, x.x) \succ iszero(1)
\rightarrow_k if(_, raise(1), dif(1, 1)), sum(1, _), handle(_, x.1), handle(_, x.x) \prec false
\rightarrow_k \text{sum}(1, \_), \text{handle}(\_, x.1), \text{handle}(\_, x.x) \succ \text{dif}(1, 1)
\rightarrow_k \text{sum}(1, \_), \text{handle}(\_, x.1), \text{handle}(\_, x.x) \prec 0
\rightarrow_k handle(_, x.1), handle(_, x.x) \succ sum(1, 0)
\rightarrow_k handle(_, x.1), handle(_, x.x) \prec 1
\rightarrow_k handle(_, x.x) \prec 1
\rightarrow_k \square \prec 1
```

## • twice(pred, 1)

Cuando se tenga una aplicación con valores bloqueados, se saltarán los pasos hasta el cálculo que los concierna, ignorando los pasos intermedios para verificar que son valores.

```
\square \succ app(twice, (pred, 1))
 \rightarrow_k \square \succ \mathsf{twice}[\mathsf{f} := \mathsf{pred}, \; \mathsf{n} := 1]
 \rightarrow_{\beta} \square \succ \text{handle(app(pred, app(pred, 1)), x.x)}
 \rightarrow_k handle(_, x.x) \succ app(pred, app(pred, 1))
 \rightarrow_k \operatorname{app}(\operatorname{pred}, \_), \operatorname{handle}(\_, x.x) \succ \operatorname{app}(\operatorname{pred}, 1)
 \rightarrow_k \operatorname{app}(\operatorname{pred}, \_), \operatorname{handle}(\_, x.x) \succ \operatorname{pred}[x:=1]
 \rightarrow_{\beta} \operatorname{app}(\operatorname{pred}, \_), \operatorname{handle}(\_, x.x) \succ \operatorname{if}(\operatorname{iszero}(1), \operatorname{raise}(1), \operatorname{dif}(1, 1))
 \rightarrow_k if(_, raise(1), dif(1, 1)), app(pred, _), handle(_, x.x) \succ iszero(1)
 \rightarrow_k if(_, raise(1), dif(1, 1)),app(pred, _),handle(_, x.x) \prec false
 \rightarrow_k if(_, raise(1), dif(1, 1)), app(pred, _), handle(_, x.x) \succ iszero(1)
 \rightarrow_k \operatorname{app}(\operatorname{pred}, _{-}), \operatorname{handle}(_{-}, x.x) \succ \operatorname{dif}(1, 1)
 \rightarrow_k app(pred, _), handle(_, x.x) \prec 0
 \rightarrow_k handle(_, x.x) \succ app(pred, 0)
 \rightarrow_k handle(_, x.x) \succ pred[x:=0]
 \rightarrow_{\beta} handle(_, x.x) \succ if(iszero(0), raise(0), dif(0, 1))
 \rightarrow_k if(_, raise(0), dif(0, 1)), handle(_, x.x) \succ iszero(0)
 \rightarrow_k if(_, raise(0), dif(0, 1)), handle(_, x.x) \prec true
 \rightarrow_k handle(_, x.x) \ll raise(0)
 \rightarrow_k \square \succ x[x:=0]
 \rightarrow_{\beta} \square \succ 0
 \rightarrow_k \square \prec 0
```