

1. Consider data from a retrospective study on the relationship between daily alcohol consumption and the onset of esophagus cancer.

	cancer	no cancer
daily alcohol consumption > 80g	71	82
daily alcohol consumption < 80g	60	441
Total	131	523

- Compute an estimate of the odds ratio.
- Interpret the direction of the association, stated in the context of the problem.
- What assumption is necessary for the sample odds ratio to serve as an estimate of the relative risk?

2. The following table summarizes the responses of $n = 91$ couples to the questionnaire item “Sex is fun for me and my partner.”

<i>Husband's Rating</i>	<i>Wife's Rating</i>			
	never or occasionally	fairly often	very often	almost always
never or occasionally	7	7	2	3
fairly often	2	8	3	7
very often	1	5	4	9
almost always	2	8	9	14

(a) What type of sampling was used in collecting the above data? What characteristic do the above variables have that allows us the potential to describe the association with a single parameter? In general, how many parameters would be needed to describe the association?

- Compute $\hat{\gamma}$. Provide an interpretation of your result, stated in the context of the problem.