A sample of elderly patients were given a psychiatric examination to determine whether symptoms of senility are present. One explanatory variable is a patient's score on the Wechsler Adult Intelligence Scale (WAIS).

- 1. Define the logistic regression model, including notation for the input matrix X, the response vector y, the parameter vector  $\beta$ , and the probability vector  $\pi(\beta)$ .
  - 2.
  - (a) State the likelihood equation for the MLE  $\hat{\beta}$  as a normal equation.
  - (b) State the equation for  $\widehat{V} = \widehat{Cov}(\widehat{\beta})$ , the estimated covariance matrix for  $\widehat{\beta}$ .
  - (c) Compute  $\widehat{\beta}$  and  $\widehat{V}$  from the WAIS data.
  - 3.
  - (a) State the equations for a 95% confidence interval for  $\beta_j$ .
- (b) Compute a 95% confidence interval for  $\beta_1$  from the WAIS data, and provide an interpretation in the context of the problem.
  - 4.
  - (a) State the equations for a 95% confidence interval for the odds ratio  $\theta$ .
  - (b) Compute a 95% confidence interval for  $\theta$  from the WAIS data.
  - 5.
  - (a) State the equations for a 95% confidence interval for the logit  $L_o$  at input level  $x_o$ .
  - (b) Compute a 95% confidence interval for  $L_o$  at input level  $x_o = 10$  from the WAIS data.
  - 6.
  - (a) State the equations for a 95% confidence interval for the probability  $\pi_o$  at input level  $x_o$ .
- (b) Compute a 95% confidence interval for  $\pi_o$  at input level  $x_o = 10$  from the WAIS data, and provide an interpretation in the context of the problem.

wais	$\mathbf{n}$	senil
4	2	1
5	1	1
6	2	1
7	3	2
8	2	2
9	6	2
10	6	2
11	6	1
12	2	0
13	6	1
14	7	2
15	3	0
16	4	0
17	1	0
18	1	0

Applicants for graduate school are classified according to department, sex, and admission status. A goal of the study is to determine the role an applicant's sex plays in the determination of admission status.

- 1. Define a main effects logistic regression model M having two binary input variables. Include notation for the design matrix X, and the parameter vector  $\beta$ . Provide an interpretation for each of the effect parameters in  $\beta$ , stated in the context of the problem.
- 2. Provide notation for the design matrix  $X_S$  and parameter vector  $\beta_S$  for the saturated model  $M_S$ . Provide a brief description of an interaction effect.
- 3. For each of the models  $M_O$ ,  $M_1$ ,  $M_2$ , provide notation for the design matrix and a brief description of the model effects, stated in the context of the problem.
- 4. Compute the deviance statistic D, and give degrees of freedom  $\Delta df$ , for each of the models  $M_O$ ,  $M_1$ ,  $M_2$ , M,  $M_S$  from the grad school data. Provide a general form for the statistic  $G^2$ , and the degrees of freedom for the reference chi-square distribution, for testing a reduced model  $M_R$  against a full model  $M_F$ .
- 5. Compute the likelihood statistic  $G^2$  for testing reduced model M against full model  $M_S$  from the grad school data, and provide an interpretation in the context of the problem.
- 6. Compute the likelihood statistic  $G^2$  for testing reduced model  $M_O$  against full model  $M_2$  from the grad school data, and provide an interpretation in the context of the problem.
- 7. Compute the likelihood statistic  $G^2$  for testing reduced model  $M_1$  against full model M from the grad school data, and provide an interpretation in the context of the problem. Include an explanation of how this test differs from that of the previous problem.
- 8. Compute estimates of the response probabilities based on model  $M_1$  from the grad school data, and provide an interpretation in the context of the problem.

department	sex	$(x_1,x_2)$	admit yes	admit no
science	$\mathbf{male}$	(0,0)	235	35
	female	(0, 1)	38	7
nonscience	$\mathbf{male}$	(1,0)	122	93
	female	(1,1)	103	69