1. Consider data from a prospective study on the relationship between daily aspirin use and the onset of heart disease.

	Disease	No Disease	Total
Placebo	28	656	684
Aspirin	18	658	676

- (a) Provide an equation for  $\sigma^2 \left( \log \widehat{RR} \right)$ .
- (b) Provide an equation for  $\widehat{\sigma}\left(\log\widehat{RR}\right)$ .
- (c) Compute a 95% confidence interval for  $\log RR$ .
- (d) Compute a 95% confidence interval for RR.
- 2. A diagnostic test for Covid antibodies is being studied. For a sample of  $n_{\delta}=122$  specimens with antibodies known to be present, the test returned  $y_{\delta}=103$  positive results. For a sample of  $n_{\gamma}=401$  specimens absent any antibodies, the test returned  $y_{\gamma}=399$  negative results.
  - (a) Compute a Bayesian/likelihood interval estimate for the sensitivity,  $\delta = P(+|A)$ .
  - (b) Compute a Bayesian/likelihood interval estimate for the specificity,  $\gamma = P(-|NA|)$ .
- 3. The clinical trial for the Moderna vaccine resulted in  $n_I = 196$  cases of symptomatic infection, with  $y_C = 185$  cases from the control group, and  $y_V = 11$  cases from the vaccine group.

Compute a Bayesian/likelihood interval estimate for the vaccine efficacy, VE.