

Homework Set #1 Solutions

① $Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i + \varepsilon_i$,

where $\varepsilon_1, \dots, \varepsilon_n \sim \text{iid } N(0, \sigma^2)$

② β_1 is the difference in mean muscle mass from a 1 year increase in age.

③ $\hat{y} = 156.35 - 1.19x$

④ $\hat{\sigma}^2 = 66.8$, $\hat{\sigma} = 8.17$

⑤ see graph

⑥ Muscle mass shows a general linear (decreasing) trend as a function of age, so a linear regression model is appropriate.

HW #1 Computing

Data from Exercise 1.27

A sample of women is selected to investigate the relationship between age (x) and muscle mass (y)

:

```
hw1.data = read.table(  
  'http://users.stat.ufl.edu/~rrandles/sta4210/Rclassnotes/data/textdatasets/Ku  
tnerData/Chapter%20%201%20Data%20Sets/CH01PR27.txt'  
)  
colnames(hw1.data)=c("muscle.mass", "age")
```

```
hw1.mod = lm(muscle.mass ~ age, data=hw1.data)
```

```
hw1.mod$coefficients
```

```
## (Intercept)      age  
## 156.346564    -1.189996
```

```
e = hw1.mod$residuals  
n = length(e)  
sse = sum(e^2)  
mse = sse / (n-2)  
sigma.hat = sqrt(mse)
```

```
mse
```

```
## [1] 66.80082
```

```
sigma.hat
```

```
## [1] 8.173177
```

```
plot(hw1.data$age, hw1.data$muscle.mass, type = "p", xlab = "age", ylab = "muscle  
mass")  
abline(hw1.mod)
```

