NET Core 6 application that utilizing public weather APIs to collect and store weather data from over ten cities in five different countries

# Task 2

**Brief Project Documentation** 

Piotr Stola

## Contents

Introduction	2
Technology stack	2
Project structure	3
Blazor Server UI Interface and functionalities	4
Unit tests and Test Coverage	5
Time report	6
Future development and improvements	6

Introduction

This document outlines the procedure for utilizing public weather APIs to collect

and store weather data from over ten cities in five different countries. It details how to

configure the system to update this data every minute, ensuring timeliness and relevance.

The core task involves retrieving essential weather metrics such as country, city,

temperature, cloudiness, and wind speed, followed by storing these details in a designated

database.

Additionally, the document guides you through creating two distinct graphical

representations of the collected data, enabling effective analysis and visualization of

weather trends and comparisons.

Used API: <a href="https://open-meteo.com/">https://open-meteo.com/</a>

Changes to requirements:

1. According to API documentation, I had to introduce a change in API call interval to

15 minutes.

2. Instead of calculating the trend between two hours, I decide to use the built-in

Trend line functionality in Razdan components.

Technology stack

Projects are based on the following list of technologies and frameworks.

.NET 6.0

EF Core 6.0

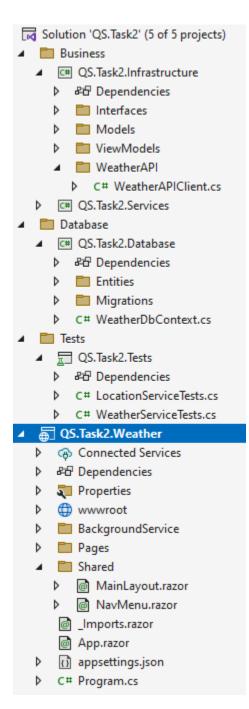
Microsoft Blazor Server 6.0

Radzen Blazor 4.25.9

xUnit Tests - 2.7.0

Moq - 4.20.70

#### **Project structure**



The solution is architecturally designed to enforce a strict separation between the business layer, database layer, and presentation layer, in line with key software design principles such as Separation of Concerns and the Single Responsibility Principle from the SOLID framework. This clear distinction enhances the system's modularity and maintainability, ensuring that each layer independently manages its specific set of responsibilities.

Within the business layer, core classes and interfaces are meticulously outlined to support Dependency Injection, fostering a decoupled and flexible code environment. The database layer is isolated to manage data interactions efficiently, while the presentation layer focuses solely on user interface concerns.

Furthermore, the incorporation of unit testing guarantees robustness and facilitates easier debugging and future updates. By adhering to these structured practices, the solution ensures code reusability, scalability, and straightforward enhancements, setting a solid foundation for a maintainable codebase.

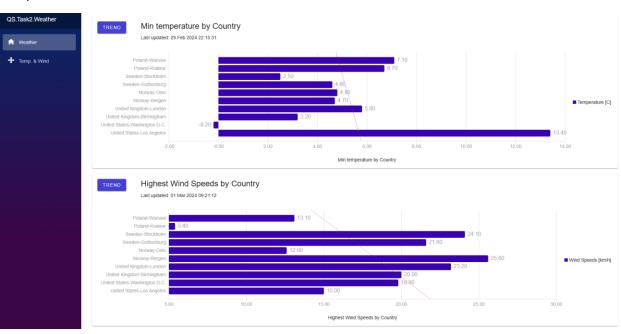
#### Blazor Server UI Interface and functionalities

#### Below are two graphical representations:

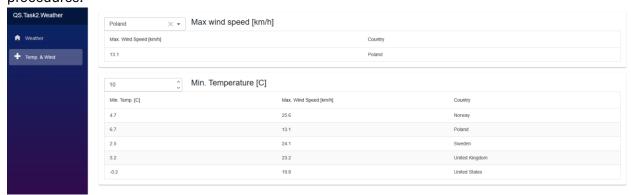
- The first graph displays the minimum temperature, detailing the country, city, temperature, and last update time.
- The second graph illustrates the highest wind speed, showcasing the country, city, wind speed, and last update time.



#### Graphs with trend line.



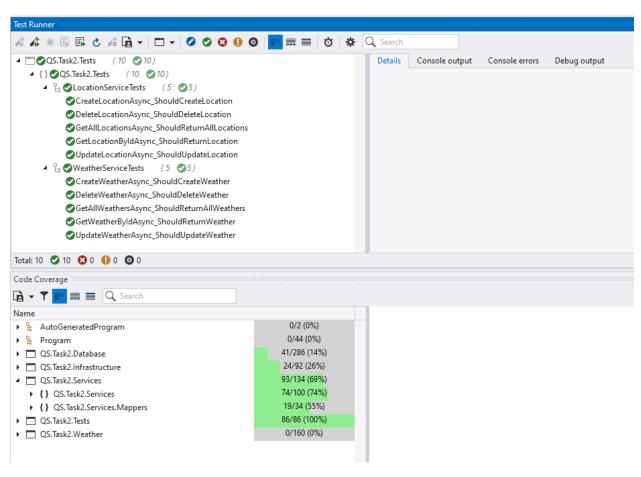
Below is the user interface depiction which demonstrates the functionality of two distinct stored procedures:



The stored procedure definition can be found in the SQL folder of the GitHub repository.

## Unit tests and Test Coverage

Please find below unit test for Azure Function code.



#### Time report

Time is used to create, design, and develop specific parts of the system.

Task Name	Time [h]
Services	1,5
Unit test	1
API	1
Database and EF Core	1,5
Documentation	1
Total:	7h

## Future development and improvements

"There's always room for improvement, you know-it's the biggest room in the house." —

Louise Heath Leber

I would like to introduce a few concepts and potential improvements for the project's future evolution.

#### Project name:

- 1. QS.Task2.Weather
  - a. Implementation of Authentication and Authorization mechanism
  - b. we should consider improving AppSettings key management.
  - c. Introduce a validation mechanism for user input request parameters.
  - d. Introduce Blazor components segregation and separation.
- 2. QS.Task2.Services
  - a. Introduce custom error class
  - b. Improve mapping mechanism with the Entities and ViewModels number increasing it's a good idea to switch to AutoMapper
- 3. QS.Task2.Tests
  - a. Unit test test for API calls and Seeding