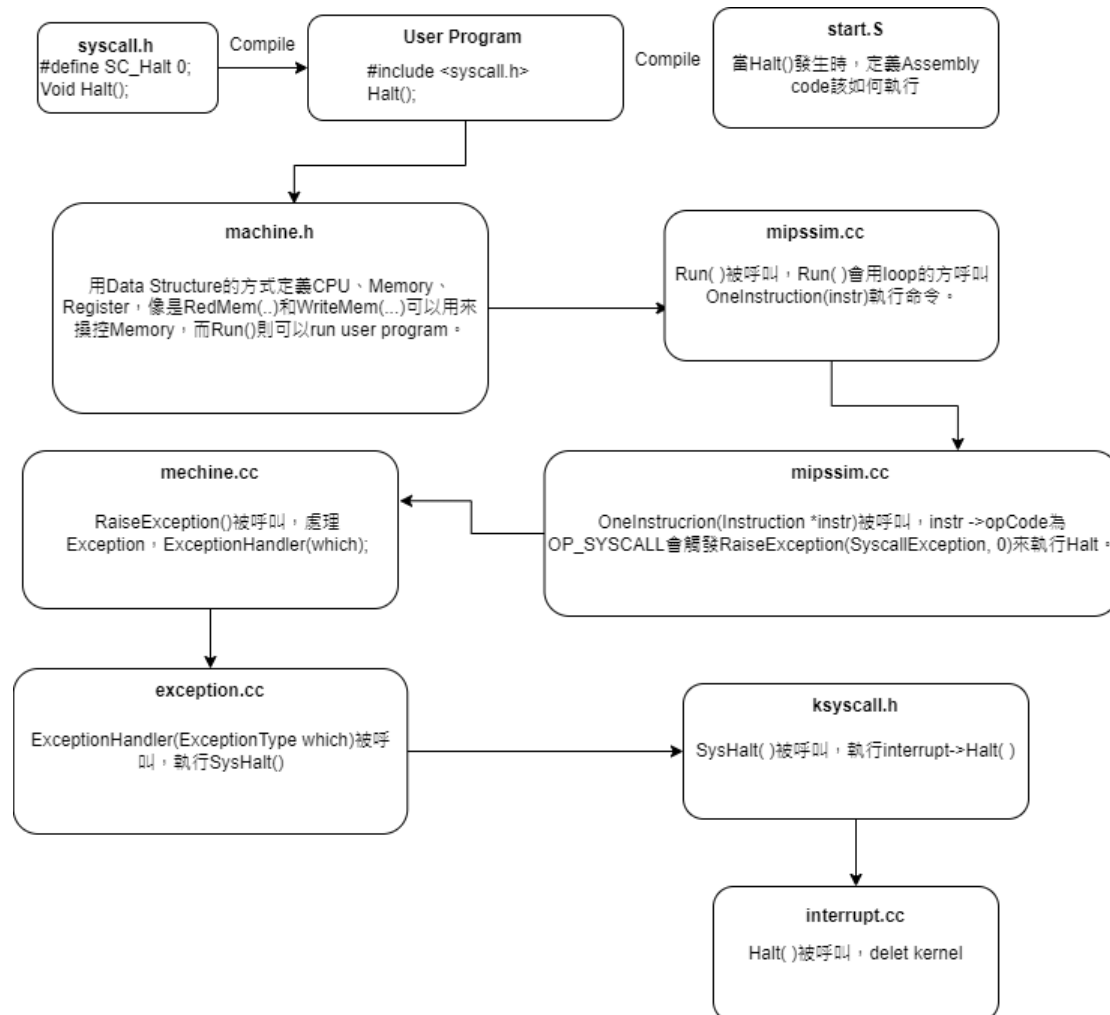


FSS HW00 111598034

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Part 1 : Trace Code Result

1. Flow Chart of Halt() System Call:



2. Details of Trace Code

1. mipssim.cc

執行 `Run()`

```
//-----
void
Machine::Run()
{
    Instruction *instr = new Instruction; // storage for decoded instruction

    if (debug->IsEnabled('m')) {
        cout << "Starting program in thread: " << kernel->currentThread->getName();
        cout << ", at time: " << kernel->stats->totalTicks << "\n";
    }
    kernel->interrupt->setStatus(UserMode);
    for (;;) {
        OneInstruction(instr);
        kernel->interrupt->OneTick();
        if (singleStep && (runUntilTime <= kernel->stats->totalTicks))
            Debugger();
    }
}
```

當 user-level program 執行時，會呼叫 Run()，Run() 會在 loop 裡呼叫 OneInstruction(instr) 執行命令。

2. mipssim.cc

執行 OneInstruction(instr)

```
//-----  
void  
Machine::OneInstruction(Instruction *instr)  
{  
#ifdef SIM_FIX  
    int byte;        // described in Kane for LWL,LWR,...  
#endif  
  
    break;  
  
    case OP_SYSCALL:  
        RaiseException(SyscallException, 0);  
        return;  
  
    case OP_XOR:
```

處理 Halt() 時，instr->opcode = OP_SYSCALL，所以會呼叫 RaiseException(SyscallException, 0)。

3. machine.cc

執行 RaiseException(ExceptionType which, int badVAddr)。

```
//-----  
void  
Machine::RaiseException(ExceptionType which, int badVAddr)  
{  
    DEBUG(dbgMach, "Exception: " << exceptionNames[which]);  
    registers[BadVAddrReg] = badVAddr;  
    DelayedLoad(0, 0);        // finish anything in progress  
    kernel->interrupt->setStatus(SystemMode);  
    ExceptionHandler(which);    // interrupts are enabled at this point  
    kernel->interrupt->setStatus(UserMode);  
}
```

會呼叫 ExceptionHandler(which) 進行處理。

4. exception.cc

執行 ExceptionHandler(ExceptionType which)。

```

void
ExceptionHandler(ExceptionType which)
{
    int type = kernel->machine->ReadRegister(2);
    int val;
    int status, exit, threadID, programID;
    DEBUG(dbgSys, "Received Exception " << which << " type: " << type << "\n");
    switch (which) {
    case SyscallException:
        switch(type) {
        case SC_Halt:
            DEBUG(dbgSys, "Shutdown, initiated by user program.\n");
            SysHalt();
            cout<<"in exception\n";
            ASSERTNOTREACHED();
            break:

```

which 決定此次的 exception 是 system call，type 存放 Register 的指令，以 Halt 為例，Register 存的是 SC_Halt，執行 SysHalt()。

5. ksyscall.h

執行 SysHalt()。

```

void SysHalt()
{
    kernel->interrupt->Halt();
}

```

會觸發 kernel->interrupt->Halt()，真正執行 Halt 背後的程序。

6. interrupt.cc

執行 Halt()。

```

//-----
void
Interrupt::Halt()
{
    // MP4 mod tag
    /*
    cout << "Machine halting!\n\n";
    cout << "This is halt\n";
    kernel->stats->Print();
    */
    delete debug;

    delete kernel; // Never returns.
}

```

將 kernel 刪除。