

# LAB de ggplot

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```
# Cargamos librería
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## Registered S3 methods overwritten by 'ggplot2':
##   method      from
## [.quosures    rlang
## c.quosures    rlang
## print.quosures rlang
```

```
## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'rvest':
##   method      from
## read_xml.response xml2
```

```
## -- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.2.1 --
```

```
## v ggplot2 3.1.1    v purrr  0.3.2
## v tibble  2.1.1    v dplyr  0.8.3
## v tidyr   1.0.0    v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr   1.3.1    v forcats 0.4.0
```

```
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
```

```
# Cargamos los datos
ggplot2::mpg
```

```
## # A tibble: 234 x 11
##   manufacturer model displ  year  cyl trans drv   cty   hwy fl   class
##   <chr>         <chr> <dbl> <int> <int> <chr> <chr> <int> <int> <chr> <chr>
## 1 audi         a4      1.8  1999    4 auto~ f     18    29 p    comp~
## 2 audi         a4      1.8  1999    4 manu~ f     21    29 p    comp~
## 3 audi         a4      2    2008    4 manu~ f     20    31 p    comp~
## 4 audi         a4      2    2008    4 auto~ f     21    30 p    comp~
## 5 audi         a4      2.8  1999    6 auto~ f     16    26 p    comp~
## 6 audi         a4      2.8  1999    6 manu~ f     18    26 p    comp~
## 7 audi         a4      3.1  2008    6 auto~ f     18    27 p    comp~
## 8 audi         a4 q~    1.8  1999    4 manu~ 4     18    26 p    comp~
## 9 audi         a4 q~    1.8  1999    4 auto~ 4     16    25 p    comp~
## 10 audi        a4 q~    2    2008    4 manu~ 4     20    28 p    comp~
## # ... with 224 more rows
```

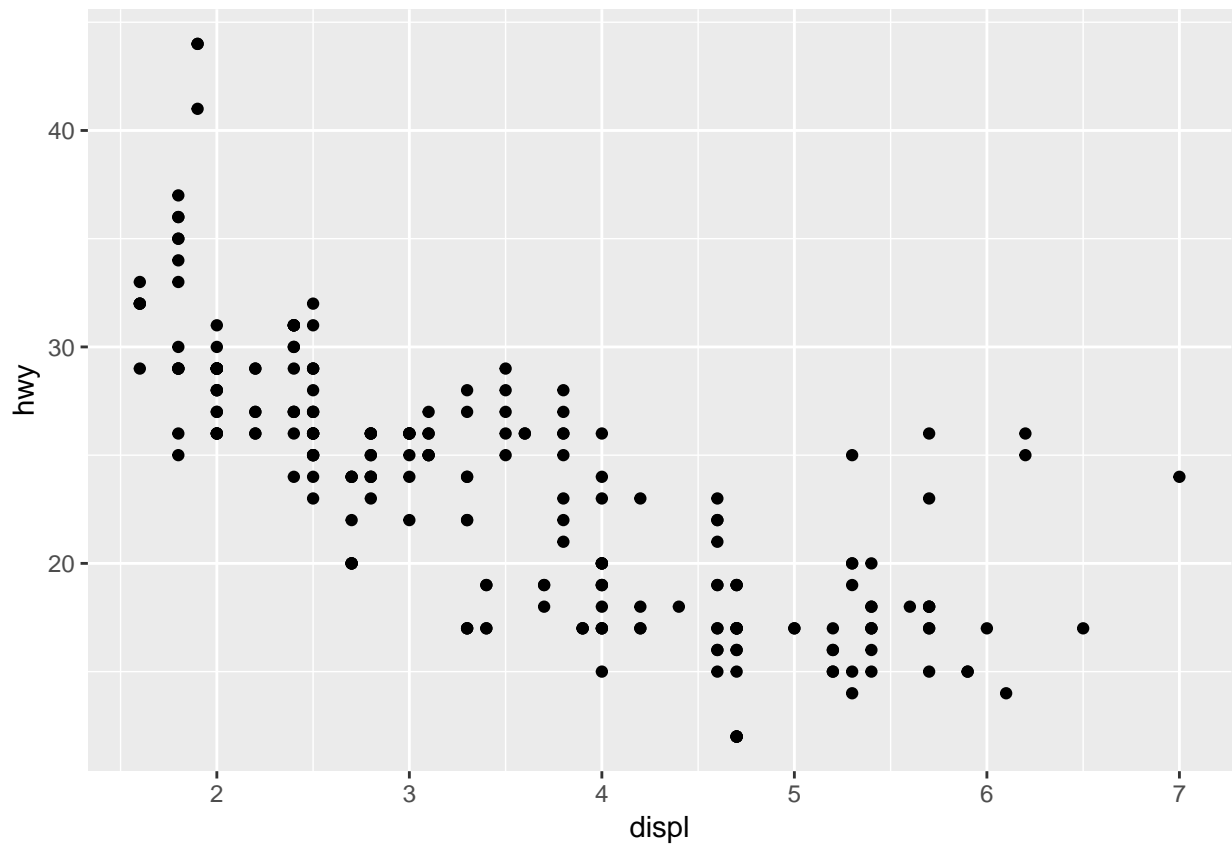
```
# Creamos un gráfico con ggplot
```

```
# DATOS
```

```
ggplot(data = mpg) +
```

```
# GEOMETRIAS (funciones de estética)
```

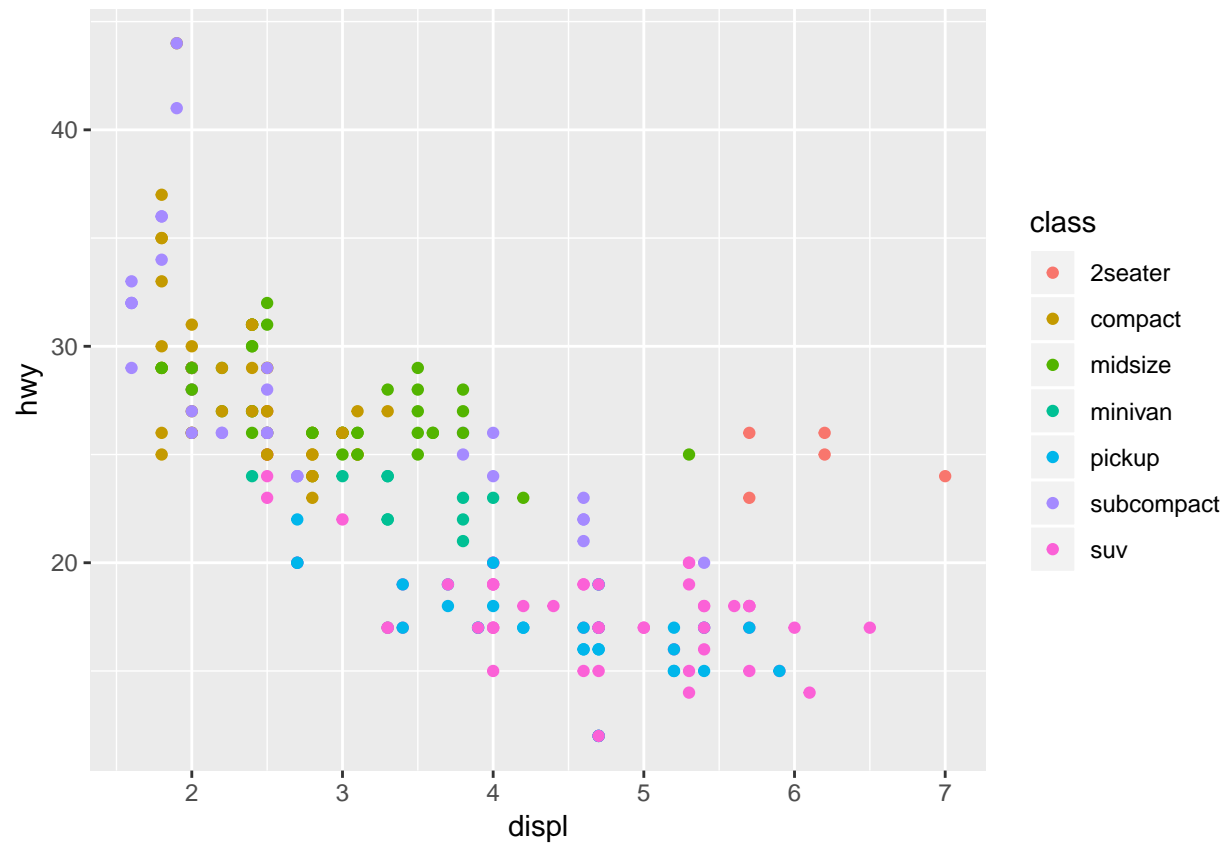
```
geom_point(mapping = aes(x = displ, y = hwy))
```



```
# Diferenciamos por color cada clase de coche
```

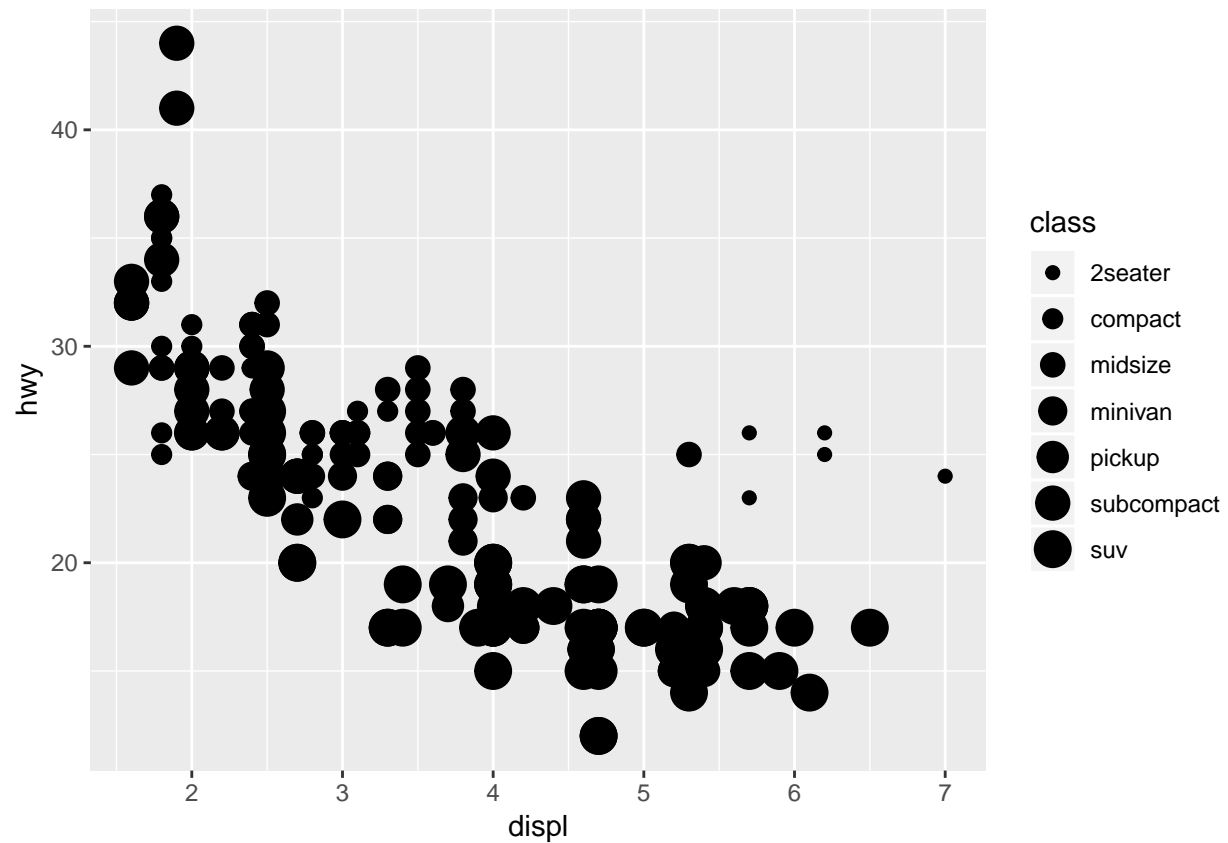
```
ggplot(data = mpg) +
```

```
geom_point(mapping = aes(x = displ, y = hwy, color = class))
```



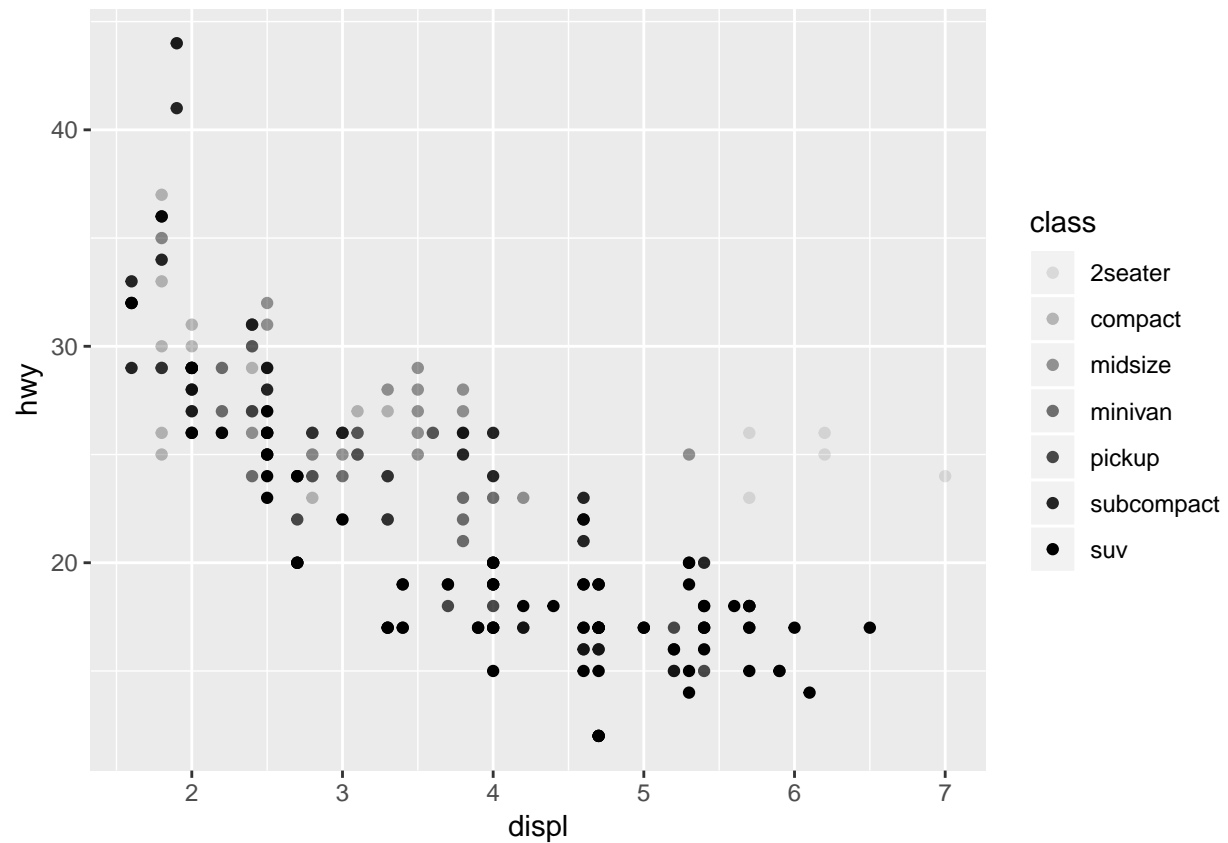
```
# Diferenciamos el tamaño de cada clase con el atributo size
ggplot(data = mpg) +
  geom_point(mapping = aes(x = displ, y = hwy, size=class))
```

```
## Warning: Using size for a discrete variable is not advised.
```



```
# ALPHA es la gradación de color por clase
ggplot(data = mpg) +
  geom_point(mapping = aes(x = displ, y = hwy, alpha = class))
```

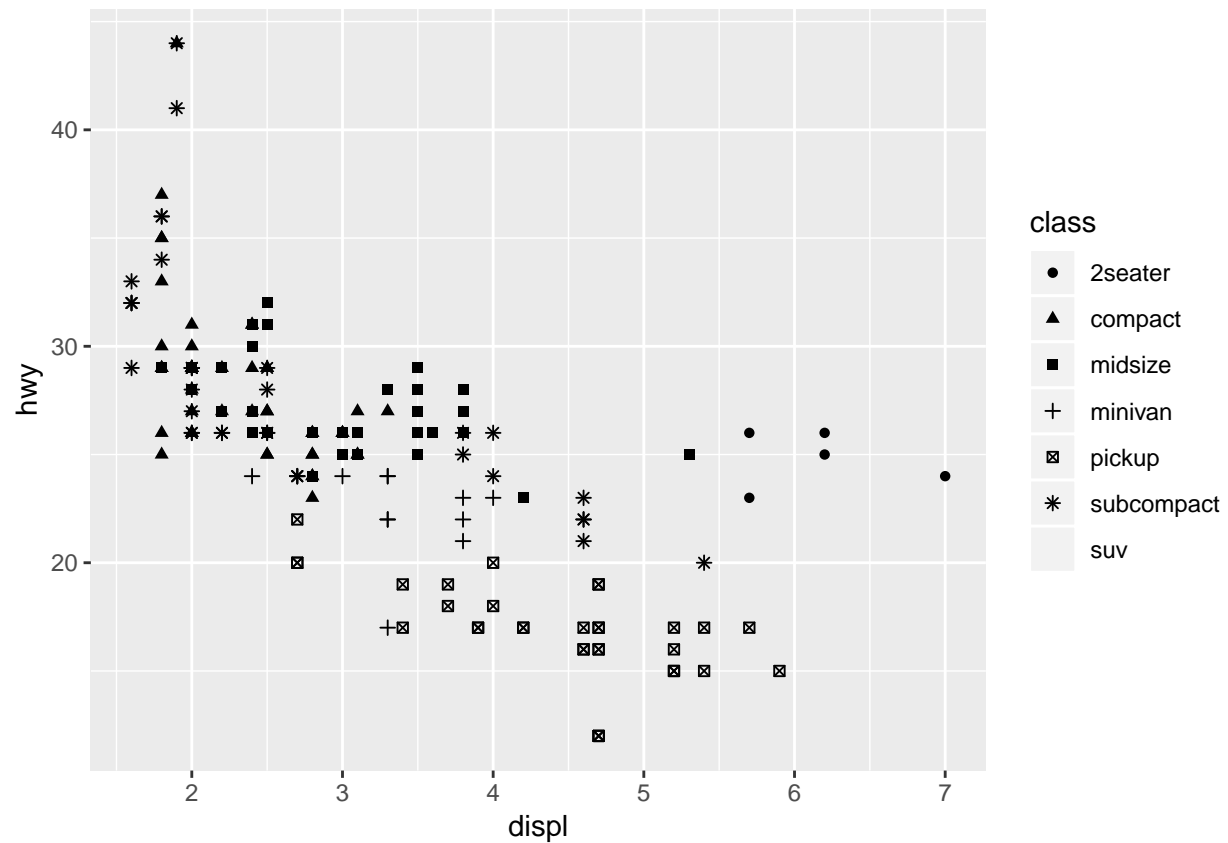
```
## Warning: Using alpha for a discrete variable is not advised.
```



```
# SHAPE es el tipo de punto por clase
ggplot(data = mpg) +
  geom_point(mapping = aes(x = displ, y = hwy, shape = class))
```

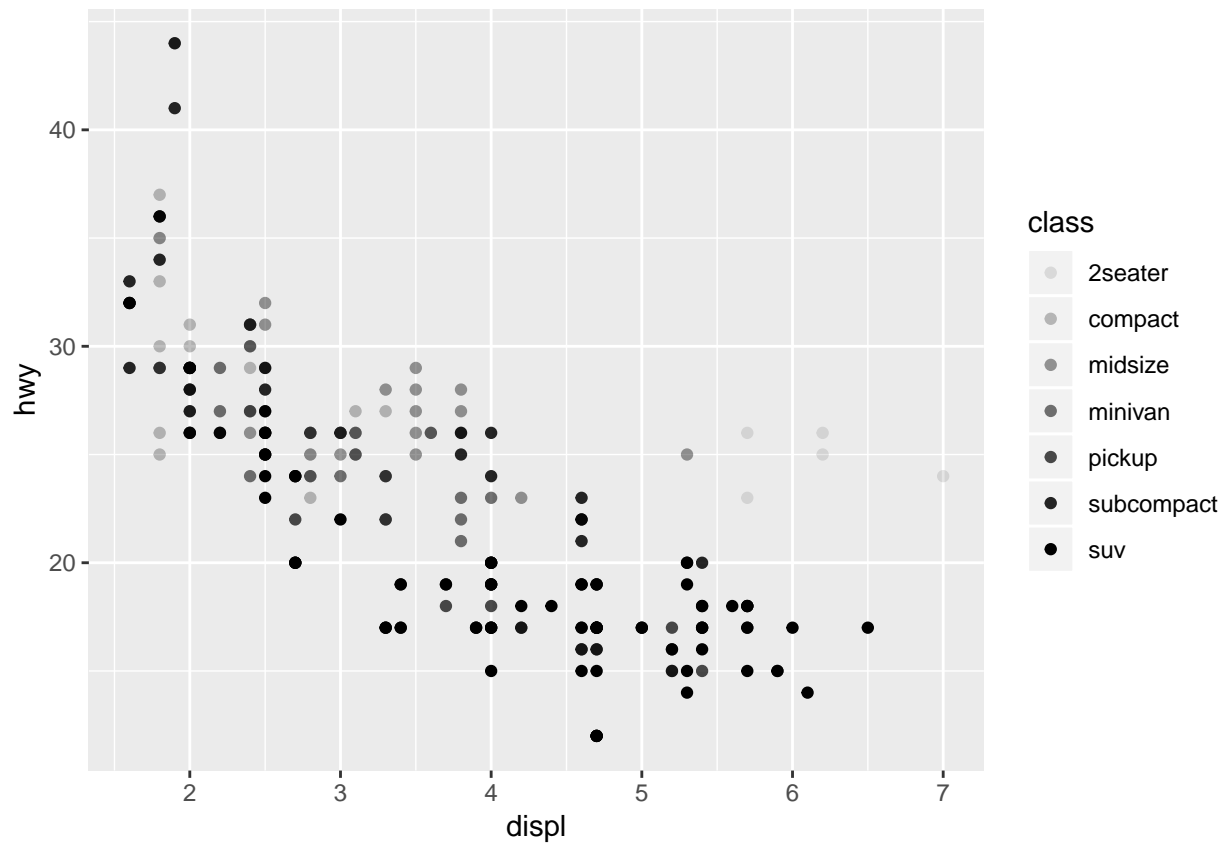
```
## Warning: The shape palette can deal with a maximum of 6 discrete values
## because more than 6 becomes difficult to discriminate; you have 7.
## Consider specifying shapes manually if you must have them.
```

```
## Warning: Removed 62 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```



```
ggplot(data = mpg) +
  geom_point(mapping = aes(x = displ, y = hwy, alpha = class))
```

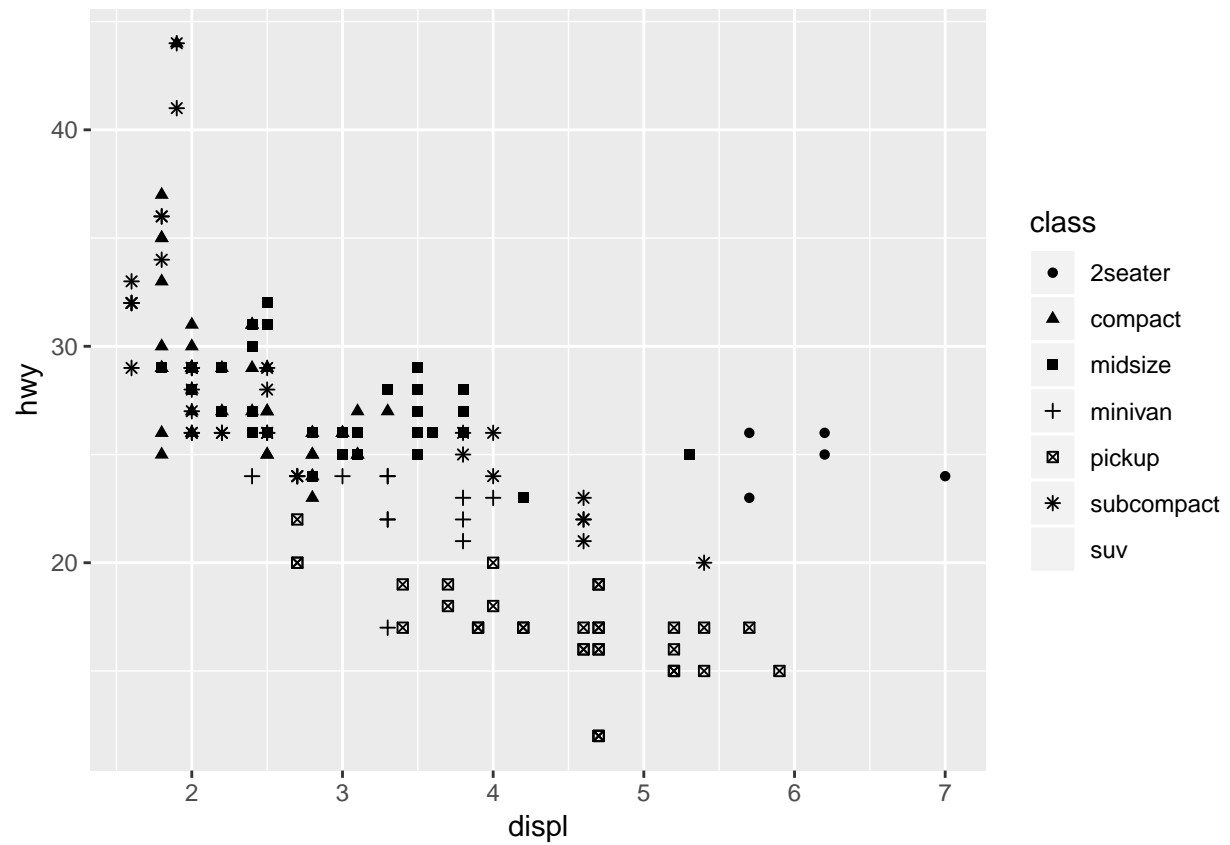
## Warning: Using alpha for a discrete variable is not advised.



```
ggplot(data = mpg) +  
  geom_point(mapping = aes(x = displ, y = hwy, shape = class))
```

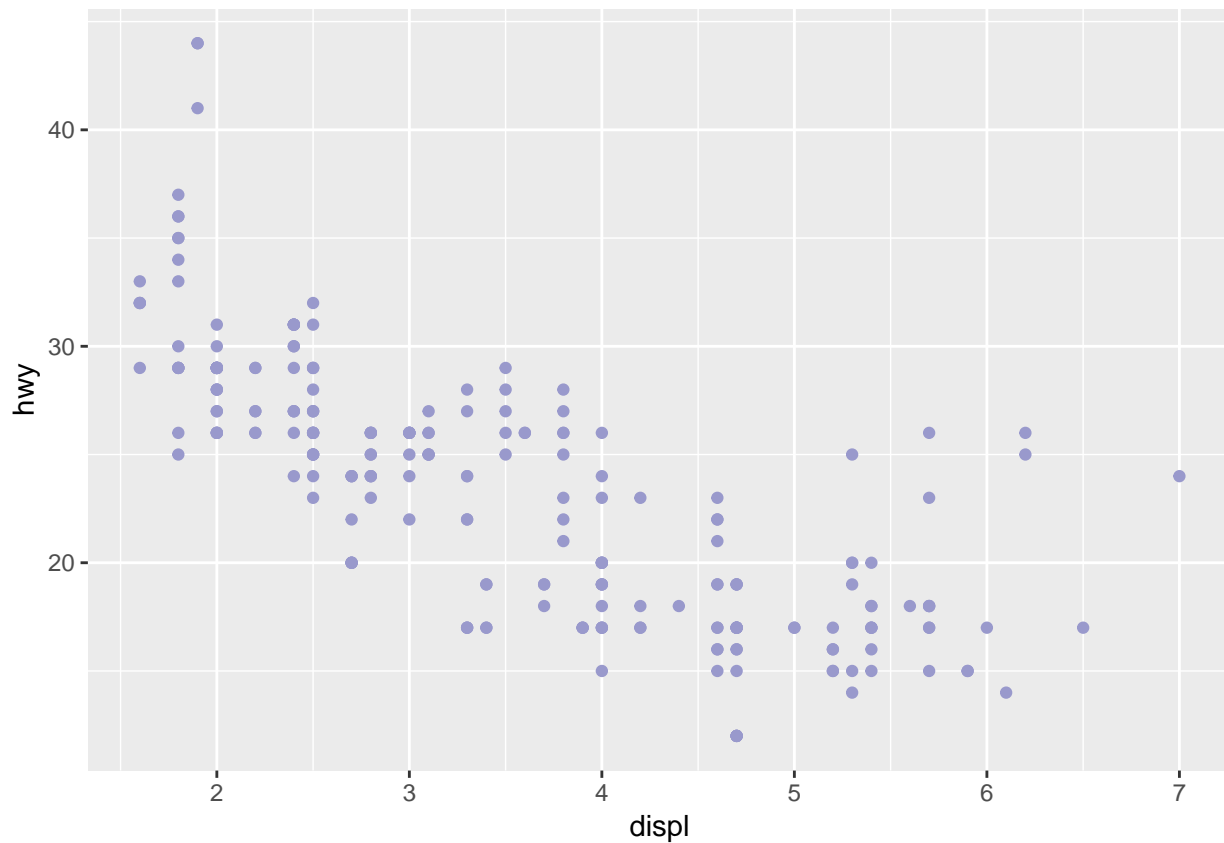
```
## Warning: The shape palette can deal with a maximum of 6 discrete values  
## because more than 6 becomes difficult to discriminate; you have 7.  
## Consider specifying shapes manually if you must have them.
```

```
## Warning: Removed 62 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```



```
# asignamos la escala de colores (por paleta, hexadecimal...combinaciones ColorBrewer)
ggplot(data = mpg) +
  geom_point(mapping = aes(x = displ, y = hwy), color = "#9999CC")
```

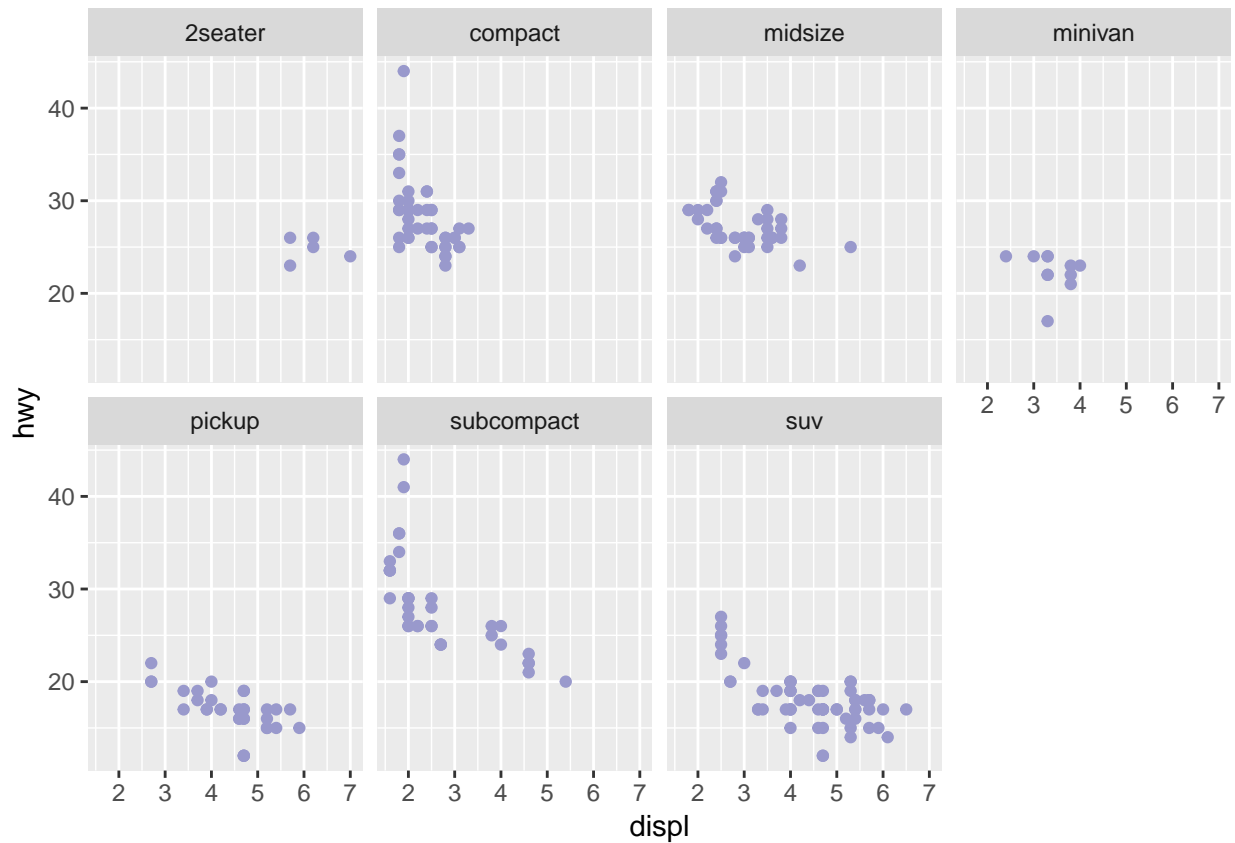




Palette de colores: [http://www.cookbook-r.com/Graphs/Colors\\_\(ggplot2\)/](http://www.cookbook-r.com/Graphs/Colors_(ggplot2)/)

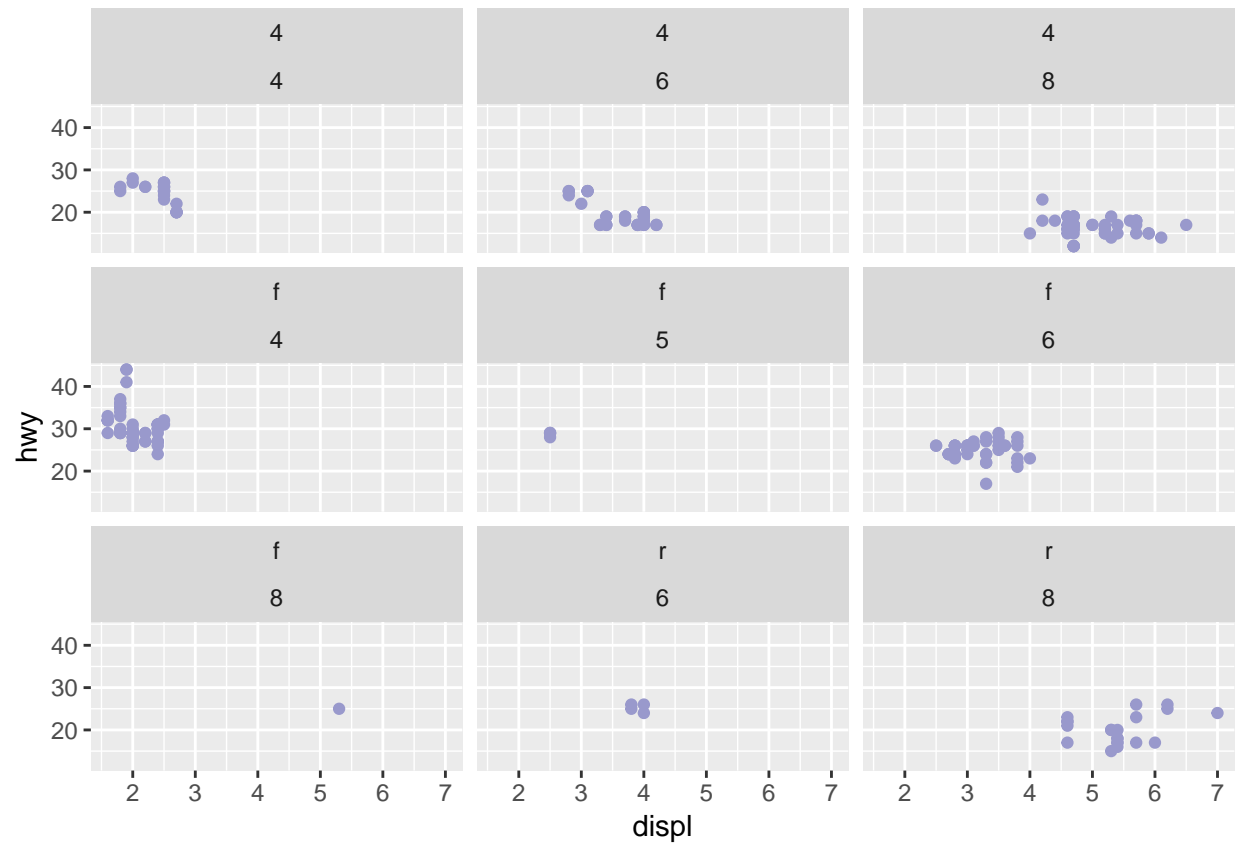
[https://ggplot2.tidyverse.org/reference/scale\\_brewer.html#palettes](https://ggplot2.tidyverse.org/reference/scale_brewer.html#palettes)

```
# creamos una matriz con facet_wrap para distribuir las variables o elementos  
ggplot(data = mpg) +  
  geom_point(mapping = aes(x = displ, y = hwy), color = "#9999CC") +  
  facet_wrap(~ class, nrow = 2)
```



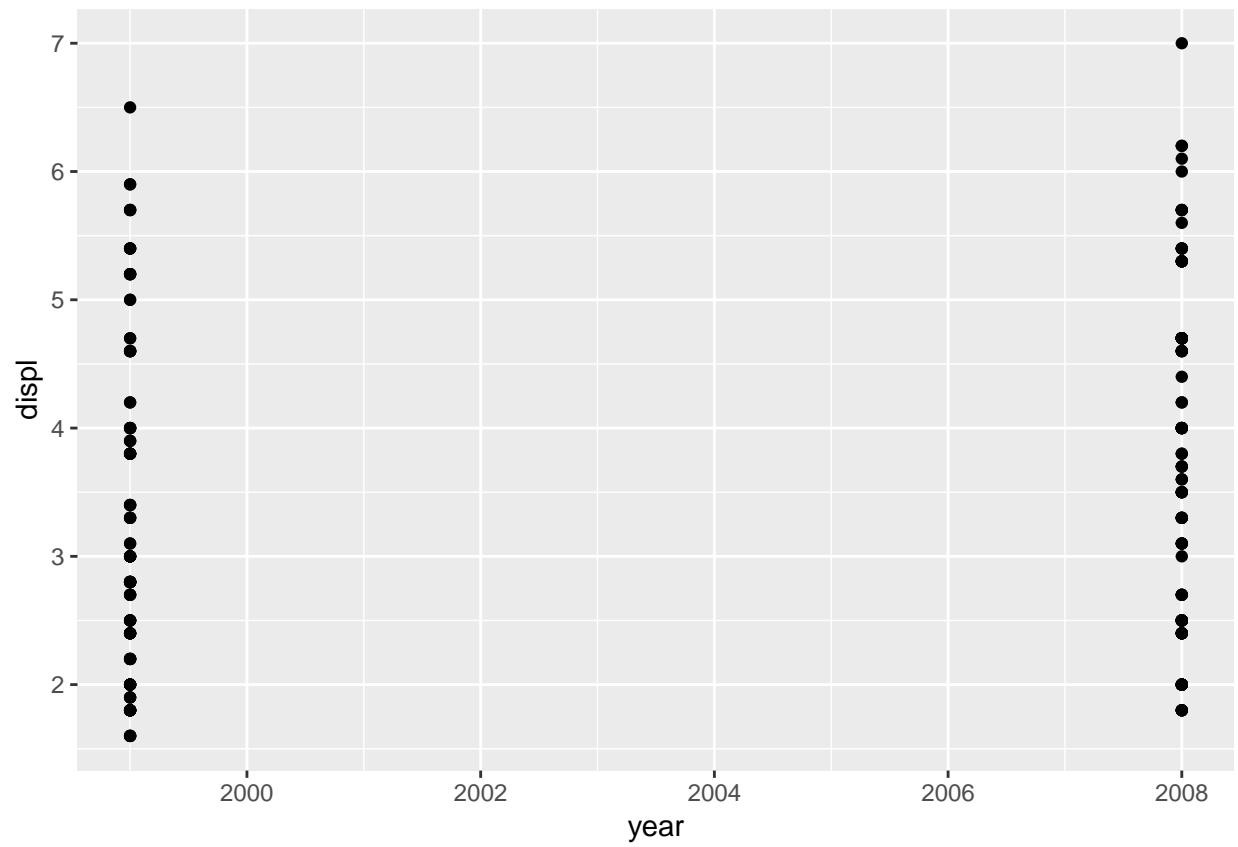
```
# creamos una matriz con todos los atributos excepto ~ class
```

```
# colocamos en la matriz los elementos de los atributos drv y cyl
ggplot(data = mpg) +
  geom_point(mapping = aes(x = displ, y = hwy), color = "#9999CC") +
  facet_wrap(drv ~ cyl)
```

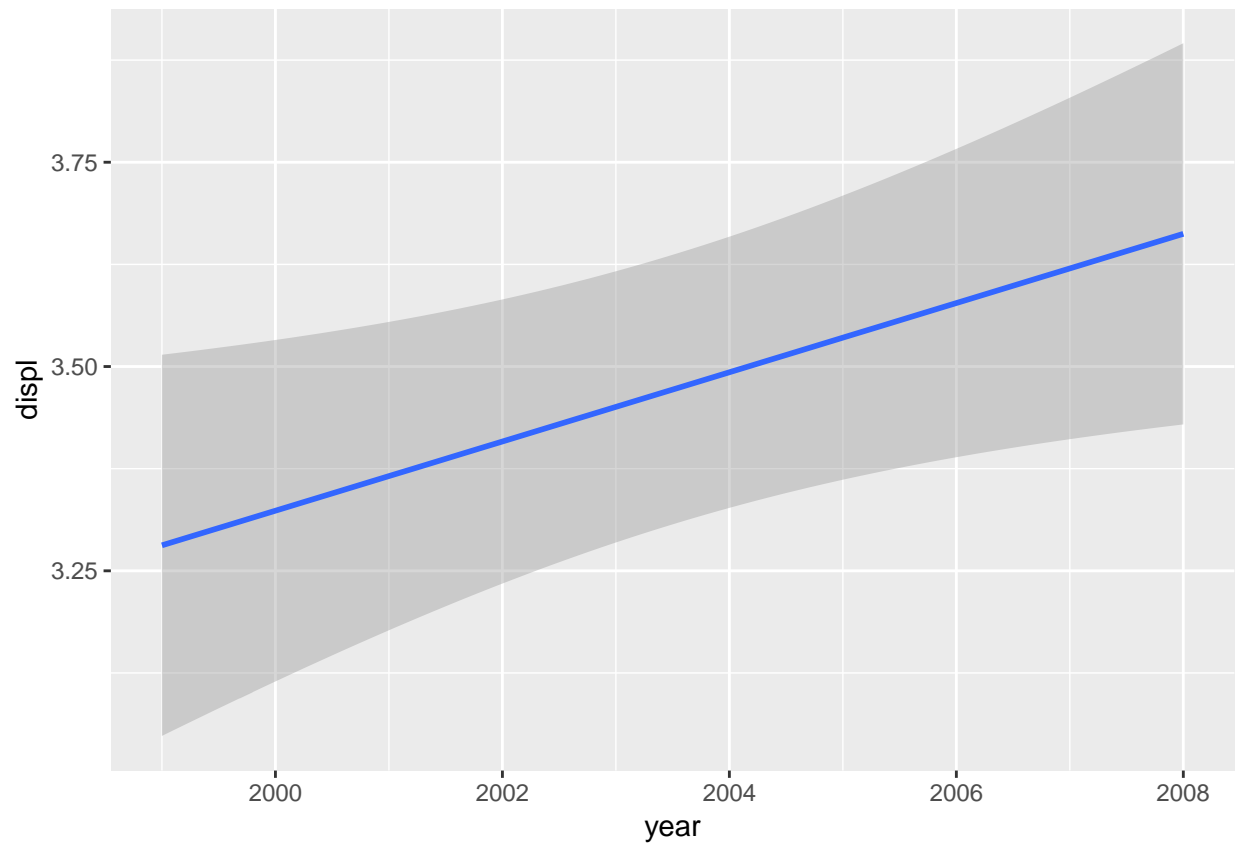


## Objetos gráficos

```
ggplot(data = mpg) +  
  geom_point(mapping = aes(x = year, y = displ))
```

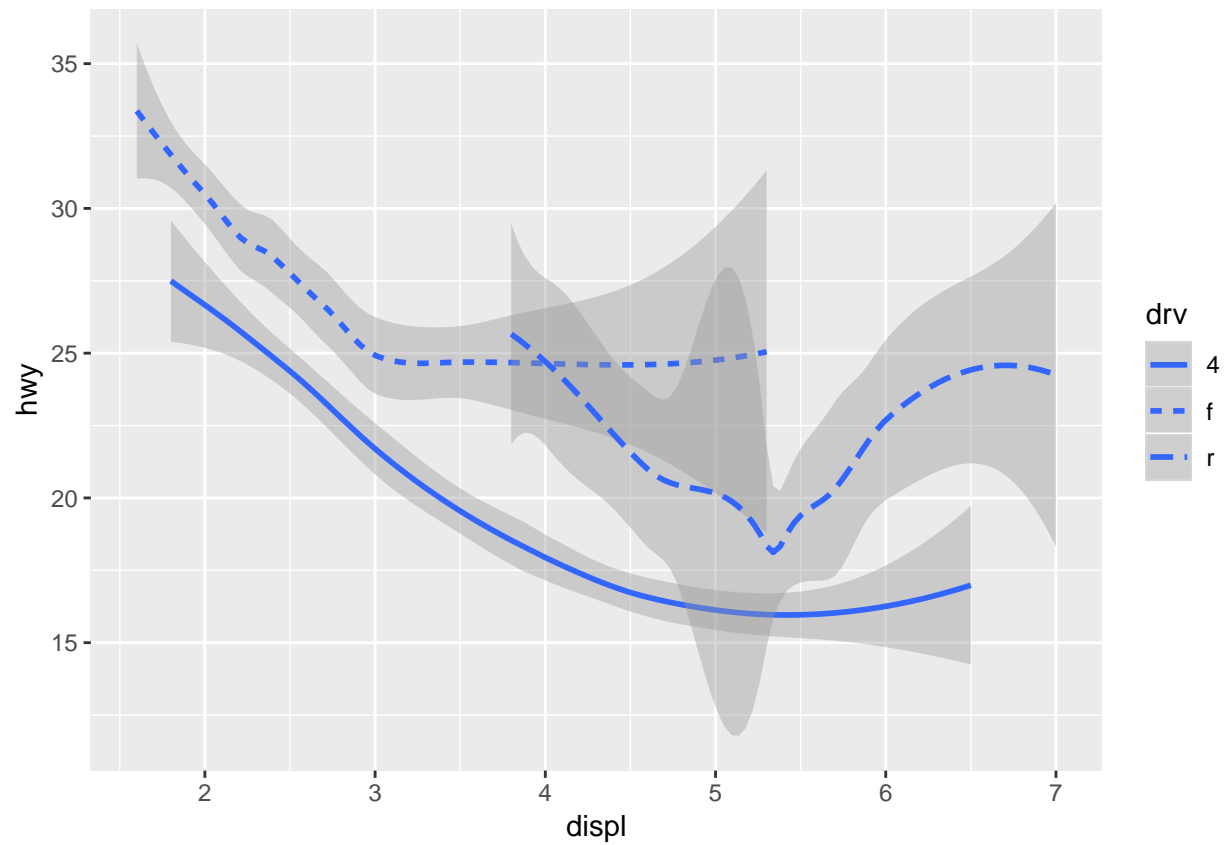


```
ggplot(data = mpg) +  
  geom_smooth(mapping = aes(x = year, y = displ), method = "lm")
```

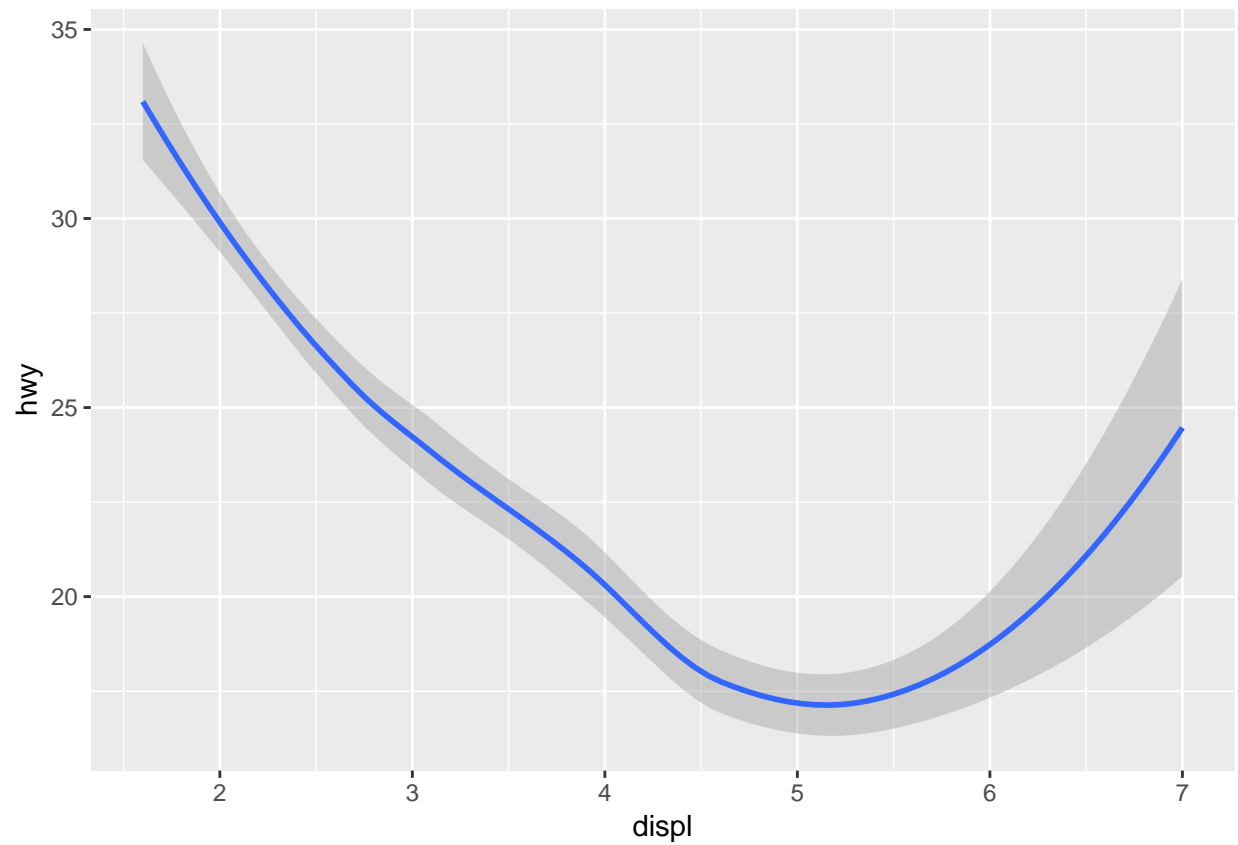


```
ggplot(data = mpg) +  
  geom_smooth(mapping = aes(x = displ, y = hwy, linetype = drv))
```

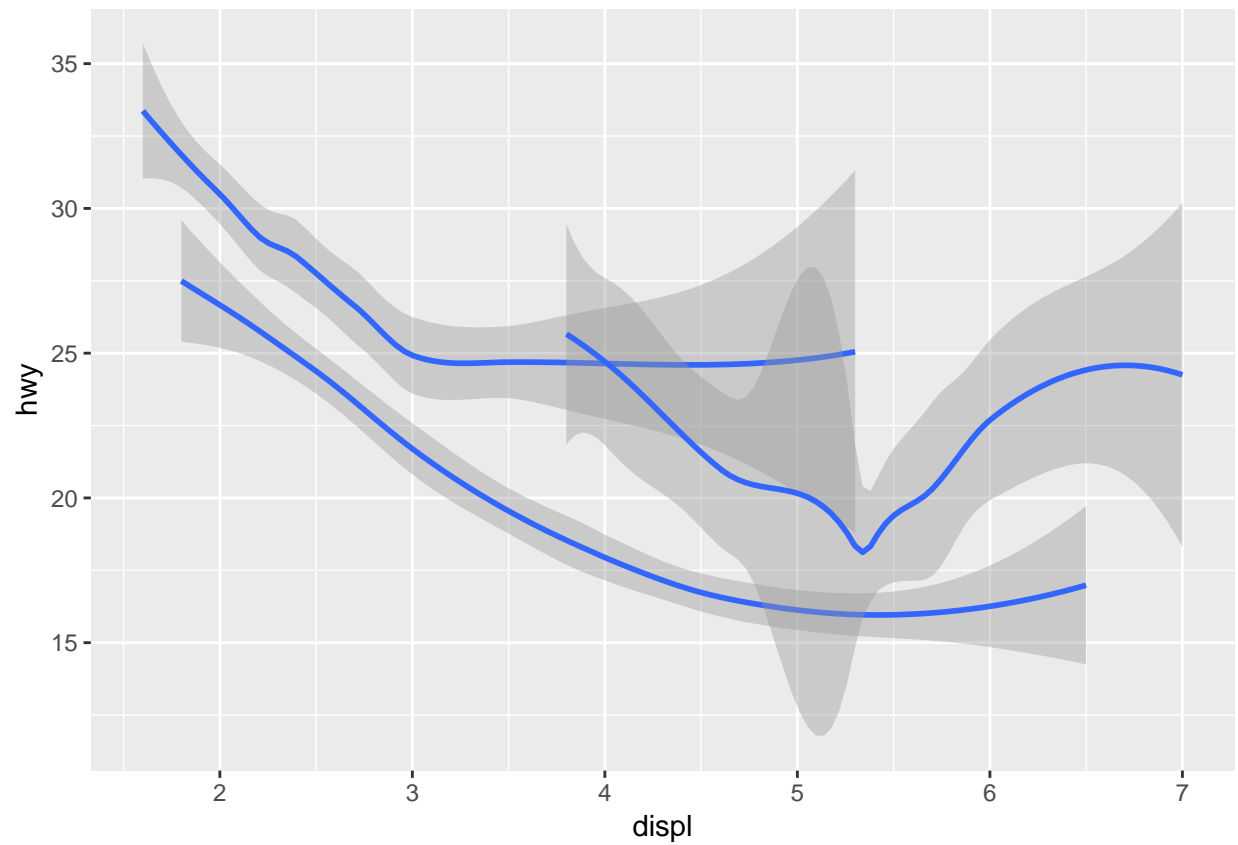
```
## `geom_smooth()` using method = 'loess' and formula 'y ~ x'
```



```
ggplot(data = mpg) +  
  geom_smooth(mapping = aes(x = displ, y = hwy), method = 'loess')
```



```
ggplot(data = mpg) +  
  geom_smooth(mapping = aes(x = displ, y = hwy, group = drv), method = 'loess')
```



```
ggplot(data = mpg) +  
  geom_smooth(mapping = aes(x = displ, y = hwy), show.legend = T)
```

```
## `geom_smooth()` using method = 'loess' and formula 'y ~ x'
```



