

12/27/18

NCE

Lesson 1 Finding fossil man

Keywords:

recount [rɪ'kaʊnt]

v. 叙述, 讲述

Details:

recount / relate / report sth. to sb. 向某人讲述某事**tell sb. (about) sth.**

Tell me her phone number. 告诉...事

Tell me **about** the theft. 告诉某事的情况She **recounted** the events of the previous week **to** the police.We know instinctively, just as beekeepers with their bees, that misfortune might overtake us if the important events of our lives **were not related to it**.History does not **relate** whether his friend accepted his medical help, but in all probability he did.After **telling** several of his friends **about** the theft, Dimitri found out that his neighbour, Aleko, had suddenly acquired a new lamb.

After ____ the theft to several of his friends, ...

(A) telling (B) reporting

(C) expressing (D) counting

narrate v. 记叙 (按时间顺序)

narrative n. 记叙文

account n. 账户 v.

account for ... 1. 占...比例 2. 解释 = explainAfro-Americans **account for** 12% of the US population.The gene they discovered doesn't **account for** all those cases.

discount 打折

Members get a 20% **discount**.

saga ['sa:gə]

n. 长篇英雄传说

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| saga | : a prose narrative recorded in Iceland in the Middle Ages. It's written about the Vikings of Norway and Iceland. |
| epic 史诗 半真半假 | long poem about ancient gods |
| legend 民间传说 | the legend of Robin Hood |

Commented [JQ1]: 叙事散文

Commented [JQ2]: (北欧) 海盗
pirate

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| | 半真半假 | Robin Hood is a legendary hero. 传奇的，著名的 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | myth cn. / mythology un. 神话 | Greek myths / mythology | | | | | | | | | | |
| migration [maɪˈgreɪʃn] n. 迁移，移居 especially for work | He had lived in it as a child when it was already disappearing, and his hero was firmly rooted in his memories and experiences, and in both the history and the mythology of the vanished frontier. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | migrate v. 移居；迁徙 migration n. 指迁移行为 migrant n. 移居的人；候鸟 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | immigrate 移民，从外国到本国，指人 immigration immigrant illegal / permanent immigrants | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | emigrate from immigrate to Europeans emigrating from their homelands after World War II were encouraged to immigrate to Australia. emigration emigrant | | | | | | | | | | | |
| anthropologist [ˌænθrəˈpɒlədʒɪst] n. 人类学家 | <table><tr><td>migrate</td><td>migration</td><td>migrant</td></tr><tr><td>immigrate</td><td>Immigration</td><td>immigrant</td></tr><tr><td>emigrate</td><td>emigration</td><td>emigrant</td></tr></table> | | | migrate | migration | migrant | immigrate | Immigration | immigrant | emigrate | emigration | emigrant |
| | migrate | migration | migrant | | | | | | | | | |
| immigrate | Immigration | immigrant | | | | | | | | | | |
| emigrate | emigration | emigrant | | | | | | | | | | |
| [作] GRE | anthropologist anthropology “ anthrop ” = man anthropoid 类人的 Gorillas, chimpanzees and gibbons are all anthropoid apes. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | anthropogenic 人类导致的 The pending extinction of some species are caused by anthropogenic factors , directly or indirectly. To preserve wilderness areas in their natural state can lessen anthropogenic disturbance to Nature, which is of great importance to the environmental conservation and ecological equilibrium. | | | | | | | | | | | |

Commented [JQ3]: 永久性移民

Commented [JQ4]: 大猩猩

Commented [JQ5]: 黑猩猩

Commented [JQ6]: 长臂猿

Commented [JQ7]: 类人猿

Commented [JQ8]: 即将发生的，有可能发生的，潜在的

Commented [JQ9]: 降低，减缓

Commented [JQ10]: 干扰

Commented [JQ11]: 环境保护

Commented [JQ12]: 生态平衡

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| | <p>I strongly agree with the assertion that significant advances in knowledge require expertise from various fields. The world around us presents a seamless web of physical and anthropogenic forces, which interact in ways that can be understood only in the context of a variety of disciplines. Two examples that aptly illustrate this point involve the fields of cultural anthropology and astronomy.</p> <p>philanthropist 慈善家 “phil” = love philosopher 哲学家 “soph” = wisdom 智慧 sophisticated 高精尖的 sophomore 大二学生 “(o)logy” = to study biology “bio” 生命 geology “geo” 大地 psychology “psych” 心理 physiology 生理学 “physi” 身体</p> <p>archaeologist</p> <p>archaeology archaic 古代的</p> |
| ancestor ['ænsɛstə(r)] n. 祖先 | <p>ancestor 常用复数 an (=ante) + ces (to go) + tor (person) Yandi and Huangdi are the legendary ancestors of the Chinese nation. = forefather 常用复数 forebear</p> <p>descendant 后代 cn. He is a direct descendant of Confucius. offspring cn. 单复同型 the conflict between parents and their offspring posterity un. 泛指千秋后代的子孙 These works of art are preserved for posterity.</p> |
| rot [rɒt] v. 腐烂 | <p>Too much candy will rot your teeth / make your teeth rot. rot away rotten adj. 腐烂的 One rotten apple spoils the whole barrel.</p> |

Commented [JQ13]: 在前

Commented [JQ14]:

Commented [JQ15]: 直系

decay 腐烂，及物/不及物；衰落，衰亡
Too much candy will **decay** your teeth / make your teeth **decay**.
Each civilization is born, it **culminates**, and it **decays**.

Commented [JQ16]: 达到巅峰

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| 题目用尽量短小的词 | <p>find: discover fossil man: ancient man; prehistoric man</p> <p>encourage -> spur prohibit / forbid -> ban compete -> vie nominate -> name</p> |
| alliteration 头韵 | <p>Finding fossil man Spare that spider Matterhorn man The sporting spirit Pride and Prejudice Prince and Pauper World Wide Watch A Delicious Dish A Day</p> |
| read of 读到 | <p>We can read of things that happened 5,000 years ago in the Near East, where people first learned to write.</p> |
| 时间+地点+时间 | <p>of 关于 = about, 不能翻译为 “的”</p> <p>speak of / talk of hear of / learn of / know of 听说了, 获悉...情况 think of dream of 梦到</p> <p>Of Truth 论真理 Of Death Of Love Of Envy Of Human Bondage 论人性枷锁</p> |
| 句式平衡, 改变语序 | <p>I saw him at the party yesterday.</p> <p>We can read of things that happened 5,000 years ago <u>in the Near East, where people first learn to write.</u></p> <p>Several <u>cases</u> have been reported in Russia recently <u>of people who can read and detect colors with their fingers, and even see through solid doors and walls.</u></p> <p>He maybe conceited, ill-mannered, presumptuous or fatuous, but I do not <u>turn for protection to dreary clichés about respect of elders</u> — as if mere age were a reason for respect.</p> |

Commented [JQ17]: 提名

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| | <p>If we glimpse the unutterable, it is unwise to try to utter it, nor should we seek to <u>invest with significance</u> that which we cannot <u>grasp</u>.</p> <p>invest A with B 把 B 赋予给 A</p> <p>invest in 投资</p> | <p>Commented [JQ18]: 意义 meaning</p> <p>Commented [JQ19]: 理解; 抓住</p> |
| | <p>What is an intellectual? I shall define him as an individual who has <u>elected</u> as his primary duty and pleasure in life <u>the activity of thinking in Socratic way about moral problems</u>.</p> <p><u>As a logical consequence of this development</u>, <u>separate journals</u> have now appeared <u>aimed mainly towards either professional or amateur readership</u>.</p> | <p>Commented [JQ20]: 选择, 比 choose 正式; 选举 elect vt.</p> <p>Commented [JQ21]: 作为发展的合乎逻辑的结果</p> |
| the Near East | <p>the Near East – Egypt the Middle East – Iraq the Far East – China</p> | |
| 定语从句 – 并非只作 adj. 功能 只要末尾名词是从句中成分, 即可用定从 | <p>We can read of things that happened 5,000 years ago in the Near East, because people first learned to write there.</p> <p>We can read of things that happened 5,000 years ago in the Near East, where people first learned to write.</p> <p>We <u>endeavor to</u> avoid the old, <u>romantic</u> idea of a <u>gusher</u>, which wastes oil and gas.</p> <p>We endeavour to avoid the old, romantic idea of a gusher, because it wastes oil and gas. 原因状从</p> <p>The small ship, Elkor, which had been searching the Barents Sea for weeks, was on its way home.</p> <p>The small ship, Elkor, after she had been searching the Barents Sea for weeks, was on its way home. 状从</p> <p>Much to the aristocrat's amusement, the goaler returned a few moments later with a pair of glasses and the usual copy of the letter which he proceeded to read to the prisoner.</p> <p>Much to the aristocrat's amusement, the goaler returned a few moments later with a pair of glasses and the usual copy of the letter and he proceeded to read it to the prisoner. 并列句</p> <p>I have to be very careful not to offend the boss, who could fire me at any time.</p> <p>I have to be very careful not to offend the boss, because he could fire me at any time. 原因状从</p> <p>The action, which has aroused universal disapproval, is nevertheless the only solution.</p> <p>The action, although it has aroused universal disapproval, is nevertheless</p> | <p>Commented [JQ22]: 竭尽全力</p> <p>Commented [JQ23]: 不切实际的</p> <p>Commented [JQ24]: 喷油井</p> |

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| | <p>the only solution. 让步</p> <p>造句：最近几年大批农民工 (migrant workers from the countryside) 涌入大城市，因为他们在那里可以找到不错的工作并且养活家人。 The past few years witnessed the great influx of migrant workers from the countryside to big cities, where they could secure decent jobs and support their families.</p> <div>But there are some parts of the world where even now people cannot write.</div> |
| There be | <p>There seem / appear to be ... 似乎有 There used to be ... 以前有 There happen to be ... 碰巧有 There is / are going to be ... 即将有</p> <p>造句：有越来越多的人对英语有兴趣。 There are more and more people who are interested in English. X</p> |
| 无灵主语 / 物称主语 (inanimate subject) 经常与 there be 连用 | <p>满堂花醉三千客 一剑光寒十四州 唐 贯休和尚 献钱尚父</p> <p>颠狂柳絮随风舞 轻薄桃花逐水流 唐 杜甫 绝句漫兴(其五)</p> <p>一条雪浪吼巫峡 千里火云烧益州 唐 李商隐 送崔珣往西川</p> <p>造句：有越来越多的人对英语有兴趣。 There are more and more <i>people</i> who are interested in English. There is growing interest in English.</p> <p>造句：人们普遍同意妇女应该享有和男人完全的平等。 People generally agree that women should enjoy full equality with men. There is general agreement that women should enjoy full equality with men.</p> |
| cut off from civilization 与文明相隔绝 | <p>Except for one or two places such as Zermatt and Chamonix, which had rapidly become popular, Alpine villages tended to be impoverished settlements cut off from civilization.</p> <p>be cut off from ...</p> |

Commented [JQ25]: flu 流动
涌入

Commented [JQ26]: 确保得到

Commented [JQ27]: 体面的工作

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| preserve | <p>be out of touch with ... be isolated from ... be separated from ...</p> <p>These regions are cut off from civilization. out of touch with isolated from separated from</p> <p>造句：但是现在在中国依然有部分地区人们还吃不饱肚子(cannot satisfy one' s hunger)。 But there are some parts of China where even now people cannot satisfy their hunger.</p> <div><p>The only way that they can preserve their history is to recount it as sagas—legends handed down from one generation of storytellers to another.</p></div> <p>= keep sth. in good condition preserve historical records preserve food / one's eyesight</p> <p>conserve 保护，使数量不下降 conserve natural resources conserve wildlife</p> <p>reserve 保留，预定，现在留着为了将来的使用 reserve one's energy 保留 all rights reserved 保留 I reserve the right to disagree. 保留 reserve a table for 2 预定</p> <p>The old building is in a good state of _____ except for the wooden floors. (CET6) (A)observation (B)preservation (C)conservation (D)reservation</p> <p>动词不定式做表语时,若前面出现了实义动词“do”,则常去掉“to” All I have to do is dream.</p> <p>The best thing you can do now is write her an apology.</p> <p>The only thing to do was ask them to come half an hour later than the other guests. Then they arrived just when we wanted them.</p> |
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Commented [JQ28]: 视力

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| | All I wanted was to help him. |
| hand sth. down | : pass sth. from older people to younger ones The recipe was handed down from an ancestor of the family. |
| story-teller | story-teller tell stories fortune-teller tell one's fortune |
| remote ancestors 元祖 | <div>These legends are useful because they can tell us something about migrations of people who lived long ago, but none could write down what they did. Anthropologists wondered where the remote ancestors of the Polynesian peoples now living in the Pacific Islands came from.</div> a distant relative 远亲 a close / near relative 近亲 ... who live in the Pacific Islands now ... <div>But the first people who were like ourselves lived so long ago that even their sagas, if they had any, are forgotten.</div> the first people who were like ourselves = fossil man = people who lived long ago = the first 'modern men' = ancient men = ... the first people like ourselves ... be similar to the first people who were similar to ourselves the first people similar to ourselves ... resemble ... the first people who resembled ourselves the first people resembling ourselves ... bear a resemblance to ... 正式，书面语 ... the first people who bore a resemblance to ourselves the first people bearing a resemblance to ourselves ... Your school may have done away with winners and losers, but life has |

Commented [JQ29]: 食谱；秘方

Commented [JQ30]: 算命

Commented [JQ31]: people+s 民族

Commented [JQ32]: 让步 – 即使 = even if

Commented [JQ33]: 介词

Commented [JQ34]: 表现出来

Commented [JQ35]: 有可能已经废除
do away with = abolish 废除

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| , if they had any, | not. In some schools they have abolished failing grades; they'll give you as many times as you want to get the right answer. This doesn't bear the slightest resemblance to anything in real life. |
| | God's reasons, if He has any , are opaque to us. |
| | There is every likelihood that the costs of the monitoring system, such as the purchase, maintenance and updates of software, employment of extra personnel in charge of it, will offset or even outweigh additional revenue, if there is any . |
| | His descendants, if any , never left the island. He is seldom, if ever , absent from work. |
| | <div>Fortunately, however, ancient men made tools of stone, especially flint, because this is easier to shape than other kinds. They may also have used wood and skins, but these have rotted away.</div> |
| shape vt. 成型 名词动用 | He shaped the clay into a vase. Like it or not, our experiences shape our personalities. |
| 形容词后的不定式一定用主动 | He thundered at the door. The street was veiled in darkness. A gust of wind whipped the dust along the road. Honey, I forgot to duck . |
| | 域民不以封疆之界 粪土当年万户侯 |
| 对过去的推测 | It is easy to say It is difficult to understand may / might have done must have done can not / could not have done should / ought to have done 责备语气，应该做的没做 should not / ought not to have done — She looks very happy. She _____ have passed the exam. — I guess so. It's not difficult at all. (A) should (B) could |

Commented [JQ36]: 增强否定语气 - 一点都不像

Commented [JQ37]: 即便

Commented [JQ38]: 难以理解 opaque 不透明的

Commented [JQ39]: 抵消

Commented [JQ40]: 放在名词后，即便有的话，让步

Commented [JQ41]: 时间副词后，在 seldom 后面，即使有过，也很少

Commented [JQ42]: 黑头巾；笼罩

Commented [JQ43]: 一阵风

Commented [JQ44]: 鞭子；抽起

Commented [JQ45]: 躲闪

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| | <p>(C) must (D) might</p> <p>— I can't find my purse anywhere. — You ____ have lost it while shopping. (A) may (B) can (C) should (D) would</p> <p>— I'm sorry. I _____ at you the other day. — Forget it. I was a bit out of control myself. (A) shouldn't shout (B) shouldn't have shouted 自责 (C) mustn't shout (D) mustn't have shouted</p> <p>The policeman declared that the blow on the victim's head ____ from behind. (A) should have been made (B) must have been made (C) would have been made (D) ought to have been made</p> |
| skin | <p>skin 人皮肤; 兽皮 hide 兽皮 fur 连毛带皮 feather 鸟的羽毛</p> |
| metonymy 借代 | <p>fur and feather 飞禽走兽 fin, fur and feather 各种各样的动物</p> <p>A bald slipped out of the house. He has been messing around with several skirts of his class. The crown should not yield to the cross.</p> <p>巾幗不让须眉 过尽千帆皆不是 斜晖脉脉水悠悠</p> <div><p>Stone does not decay, and so the tools of long ago have remained when even the bones of the men who made them have disappeared without trace.</p></div> |
| when 让步, 放在主句之后; 尽管, 既然 | <p>He walks when he might take a taxi. Why do you walk when you have a car?</p> |

Commented [JQ46]: 在那天, 在当天, 在某一天

Commented [JQ47]: 鱼鳍

Commented [JQ48]: 屈服于

Commented [JQ49]: 副词, in this way 这样一来

Commented [JQ50]: 让步, 尽管

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| disappear / vanish without trace | The burglar slipped out of the house and then disappeared / vanished without trace . |
| Problem-Solution Pattern | |
| Today I learned: Happy New Year 🥳 | |

Commented [JQ51]: 入户行窃贼