Project Management An emerging career track

- Many people now have the title of Project Manager.
- Association for PM (PMI- Project Management Institute)
- 1991: 5,000 member; 1998: 36,000,
- 2010;270,000 PMPs in 125 countries.
- MS Project 98: more than 2 million users

Project Management Institute

- PMI founded in 1969 offers certificates of PMP (Project Management Professionals)
- (to professionals that pass a comprehensive examination and document their experience in PM)
- CAPM(Certificate Associate in PM) to students that master the Project management body of knowledge.
- A company need a PMP to conduct its projects.

Career track

- There are three tracks
 - General management
 - Project management
 - Technician

Forcing a technologist to become a manager just so she can make more money: lose a good technologist and gain a mediocre-even poor-manager.

If you really hate dealing with "people" issues, don't be a manager .

3

Project Management Malpractice (ref)

- Malpractice: fail to follow accepted procedures in a certain discipline (every year many doctors are sued for Malpractice)
- Project:Trans-Alaska Pipeline:
- Over cost \$1.6 billion/8 billion
- Reasons: too simple GANTT chart, without WBS Work
 Breakdown Structure, without clear responsibility, slow report
 system..

What is a project?

A project is a temporary endeavor undertaken to create a unique product, service, or result.

- ° One time
- ° A result/outcome/deliverable
- ° A beginning and an end
- ° Unique

(Is not on-going operations)

5

Project Management : an emerging career track. Why?

- Building of pyramids in Egypt, aqueduct (waterworks) in antiquity.
- Building St. Peter's Basilica in Rome (Constructor Michelangelo)
 - incomplete specifications,
 - insufficient labor, unsure funding
 - powerful customers.

PM: an emerging career track

- Tom Peters: projectized companies: agile and client-oriented
- Fortune magazine PM :#1 career choice in the post reengineering age.
- (Thanks to automation and computerization: free people from repetitive work

 focusing on <u>creation</u> new products and services need for projects
- "Reengineering" new employment paradigm (1990s): flattened organizations or revamped them entirely

7

PM: an emerging career track

Prof. Oren Hararai(*Uni. of San Francisco*):future of business: network of unaffiliated companies; work revolving around projects; people quickly come together, focus on problems and solutions and then disband!

•Tom Stewart:(Fortune): Companies have redrawn their boundaries, making them both tight (focus on core competencies) and porous (outsource noncore work)

PM: an emerging career track

- Pen Stout (specializing in PM of biopharmaceutical firms): independent worker and major corporations. *Project management because it's the way for strong big companies to use the strength of the smalls.*
- Clement Ngo Anh: Outside : Compaq, Toshiba, IBM, HP,
 Dell, Acer, Packard Bell. Inside: CPU:Intel, Cyrix,AMD.
 Hardisk: Seagate or Conner, Western Digital, Maxtor

9

Why does everyone want to be a project manager?

Why does everyone want to be a project manager?

- The world of employment: uncertain. PM skills help transcend corporate and industry boundaries. Change means project
- The increasing pace of change
- current products are becoming obsolete faster than ever. The internet and all its offspring create new cyber-economy.
- Greater change=more innovations=more projects.

11

Understanding PM is benefit able.

- Contents of PM: How
- ✓ To get agreement on goals and how to reach them.
- ✓ to enlist team members and project sponsors
- ✓ To negociate schedules and budgets
- ✓ To reduce risks and increase the odds of success

PM:Art informed by Science

- PM :Art + Science
- Science of PM (knowledge, theory, methodology) provides a foundation for the art of leadership
- PM skills can be learned.
- PM tools: PM systematic processes can be taught in classes
 - Management=Process

13

Which factors for success in PM?

Five factors for success in PM

(Eric Verzuh, Director of Versatile Company)

- 1-Agreement on the goals of the project
- 2-A project plan:
- to show overall path and clear responsibilities
- to measure progress during the project

15

Five factors for success in PM

- What is a good project plan?
- A) *not only:* who is responsible for what and where and when, *but also:*

what is possible?

- B) Estimation of the people, money, equipment, materials necessary..
- C) As an early warning system for being late or overbudget

Five factors for success in PM

- 3. Constant, effective communication among everyone in the project
 - PM techniques are essentially communication techniques
- 4.A controlled scope: Things completed within a given time frame and budget.
 - A PM's ongoing task: "Managing stakeholders' expectation" especially if change are introduced.

17

Five factors for success in PM

5 .Management support

- P. Managers rely on people in functional departments to supply human resources and equipment.
- Need for 'managing upward' technique.
- PM Art: political and interpersonal skills, knowing intutively when to delegate work
- But learning PM science is requisite to practicing PM art..

Main points of PM

- ❖To master PM tools
- ❖ Interpersonnal relationship: important factor for sucess of a project

Linear-causal view of the world does not fit the reality in which we live → need for System thinking'

Politics ; an unavoidable tactics in PM (and generally in management)