



Technical Test Result

DESCRIPTION	STATUS
Attempted Questions	20
Blank Answer	0
Basic Correct	10
Optional Correct	1

1. Å What is HTTP?

- (B) Hyperlink Transfer Protocol
- (C) A & B
- O(D) None of them
- 2. A Name the core technologies around which the web development takes place.
- \bigcirc (A) HTML, CSS, and JavaScript are the main front-end technologies.
- \bigcirc (B) The main backed development technologies include programming languages such as Python, PHP etc
- $^{ extsf{O}}$ (C) the databases such as MySQL, Oracle, and others
- (D) All of them 🗸
- 3. What are the frameworks in Web Development?
- \bigcirc (A) Frameworks are a complete set of software build to help you develop programs and apps more easily.

 ○ (B) They carry out given set of instructions based on API's, web service, multiple platform layout over the use of web resources etc. ○ (C) None of them ● (D) A & B ✓
4. A Name the tools used in web development.
 ○ (A) Cpanel, WHM, Command Mode ○ (B) Notepad++, Adobe Dreamweaver, Sublime Text, NetBeans (JAVA) ○ (C) FTP, WinSCP ● (D) All of them ✓
5. What are libraries in a programming language?
 ○ (A) - They are prerequisite collections of instructions that web developer use directly in their programming. ○ (B) They are the tools such as: Notepad++, Adobe Dreamweaver, Sublime Text, NetBeans (JAVA) ● (C) A & B ○ (D) All of them
6. What should a junior web developer know?
 ○ (A) They should have the basic understanding of HTML, CSS, and JavaScript ○ (B) they should be familiar with the commonly used databases ○ (C) they should know the basics of programming to be able to create new forms of websites. ● (D) All of them ✓
7. *\frac{*}{*} What is web hosting?
 ○ (A) Web hosting refers to special internet services that allow your website to run 24/7. ● (B) Web hosting refers to special internet services that allow your website to run 24/7. The common types of web hosting include Linux Web Hosting, Windows Web Hosting, Dedicated Server etc. ○ (C) The common types of web hosting include Linux Web Hosting, Windows Web Hosting, Dedicated Server etc. ○ (D) All of them

8. The work with
 ○ (A) Databases are collections of data. ○ (B) The data is stored in multiple tables form, views, reports, schemes, and queries. ○ (C) SQL (Structured Query language) is currently the most popular database in the world. ● (D) All of them
9. *\frac{*}{*} What is the cloud?
 ○ (A) are new technologies on which several configurations cannot be shared from multiple resources over the internet ○ (B) are new technologies on which several configurations can be shared from multiple resources over the internet ○ (C) are new devices on which several configurations can be shared from multiple resources over the internet ○ (D) A & B
10. A What is Namespacing in JavaScript?
 ○ (A) is special name ● (B) is global variables in JavaScript where the namespacing ties down a part of the code and registers it with a unique name. ○ (C) is local variables in JavaScript where the namespacing ties down a part of the code and registers it with a unique name. ○ (D) is functional variables in JavaScript where the namespacing ties down a part of the code and registers it with a unique name.
11. How can you reduce page loading time?
 ○ (A) include reducing image size, reducing lookups, minimizing redirects ○ (B) removing unnecessary widgets, HTTP compression, placing CSS at the top and script referencing at the bottom or external files ○ (C) use caching ● (D) All of them ✓
12. The second s
(A) headers compression, push notification, intelligent packet streaming management,

parallel loading of page elements over a single TCP connection etc. ✓ ○ (B) upgrade the TCP protocol ◎ (C) upgrade the SSL protocol ○ (D) None of them
13. The best way to integrate 5 different stylesheets into a website?
 ○ (A) Depends on the website ○ (B) Depends on the website but usually combining the stylesheets into single ● (C) A & B ○ (D) None of them
14. The web technologies that you should proficient in?
 ○ (A) HTML5, CSS3, and JavaScript ○ (B) familiar with the most popular frameworks ○ (C) databases and APIs ● (D) All of them ✓
15. What is the difference between '==' and '===' operators?
 ○ (A) comparison operator category ○ (B) Though both of them belong to the comparison operator category, the '==' operator checks both the value and the type while the '===' operator checks the value (C) Though both of them belong to the comparison operator category, the '==' operator checks the value while the '===' operator checks both the value and the type. ○ (D) Though both of them belong to the comparison operator category, the '==' operator checks the value while the '===' operator checks the type.
16. How to write a query to get 10th highest salary from an employee table?
 Ø (A) SELECT * FROM Employee Emp2 WHERE (10) = (SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT (Emp2.Employee_Salary)) FROM Employee Emp1 WHERE Emp2.Employee_Salary >= Emp1.Employee_Salary) Ø (B) SELECT * FROM Employee Emp1 WHERE (10) = (SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT (DI
Emp2.Employee_Salary)) FROM Employee Emp2 WHERE Emp2.Employee_Salary >= Emp1.Employee_Salary) (C) SELECT * FROM Employee Emp1 WHERE (10) <= (SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT (
Emp2.Employee_Salary)) FROM Employee Emp2 WHERE Emp2.Employee_Salary >=

Emp1.Employee_Salary) (D) SELECT * FROM Employee Emp1 WHERE (10) = (SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT (Emp2.Employee_Salary)) FROM Employee Emp2 WHERE Emp2.Employee_Salary <= Emp1.Employee_Salary)
17. Å Who can use a Web API?
 ○ (A) only portable devices such as mobile devices can use Web API ○ (B) only web-server can use Web API ● (C) any clients which support HTTP verbs such as GET, PUT, DELETE, POST. ✓ ○ (D) None of them
18. ♣ What is REST?
 ○ (A) is an architectural style for developing web services ○ (B) is a server service ○ (C) is a method to build API ● (D) All of them
19. ♣ What is SOAP?
 ○ (A) is an XML-based method to expose web services. ● (B) is Small Object Access Protocol ○ (C) is Simple Object Acept Protocol ○ (D) None of them
20. * What is Cross Site Scripting (XSS)?
 ○ (A) is technique, users executed malicious scripts by clicking on untrusted links and hence, these scripts pass cookies information to attackers. ○ (B) is a software, users executed malicious scripts by clicking on untrusted links and hence, these scripts pass cookies information to attackers. ● (C) is a technique, users executed malicious scripts via input data ○ (D) is a software, users executed malicious scripts via input data