



## **Technical Test Result**

DESCRIPTION	STATUS
Attempted Questions	15
Blank Answer	0
Basic Correct	11
Optional Correct	0

## 1. Where does the bayes rule can be used

$\cap$	/ A \	O 1 '	
$\cup$	(A)	Solving	aueries

- (B) Increasing complexity
- $\bigcirc$  (C) Decreasing complexity
- (D) Answering probabilistic query

## 2. Where does the Hidden Markov Model is used?

- (A) Speech recognition ✓
- $\circ$  (B) Understanding of real world
- (C) Both Speech recognition & Understanding of real world
- $\circ$  (D) None of the mentioned

## 3. Which data structure is used to give better heuristic estimates?

- O (A) Forwards state-space
- O (B) Backward state-space
- (C) Planning graph algorithm
- O (D) None of the mentioned

4. Thich object recognition process is an error-prone process
<ul> <li>(A) Bottom-up segmentation</li> <li>(B) Top-down segmentation</li> <li>(C) Both Bottom-up &amp; Top-down segmentation</li> <li>(D) None of the mentioned</li> </ul>
5. How the distance between two shapes can be defined?
<ul> <li>(A) Weighted sum of the shape</li> <li>(B) Size of the shape</li> <li>(C) Shape context</li> <li>(D) None of the mentioned</li> <li>Which of the following machine learning algorithm can be used for imputing missing values of both categorical and continuous variables?</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>(A) K-NN ✓</li> <li>(B) Linear Regression</li> <li>(C) Logistic Regression</li> <li>(D)</li> </ul>
7. In k-NN it is very likely to overfit due to the curse of dimensionality. Which of the following option would you consider to handle such problem?
<ul> <li>○ (A) Dimensionality</li> <li>○ (B) Feature selection</li> <li>● (C) A and B ✓</li> <li>○ (D) None of these</li> </ul>
8. Thich of the following statements is true for k-NN classifiers?
<ul> <li>(A) The classification accuracy is better with larger values of k</li> <li>(B) The decision boundary is smoother with smaller values of k</li> <li>(C) The decision boundary is linear</li> <li>(D) k-NN does not require an explicit training step ✓</li> </ul>
9. The following algorithm doesn't uses learning Rate as of one of its

14. $\frac{1}{2}$ p(s=1 x) = 1/(1+exp(-x/T))) ,where 's' is the output given the activation 'x' is a?
○ (A) hopfield network
○ (B) sigma network
$^{ extstyle  e$
15. A What consist of boltzman machine?
(A) fully connected network with both hidden and visible units
○ (B) asynchronous operation
O(C) stochastic update