## Tooth Growth Analysis

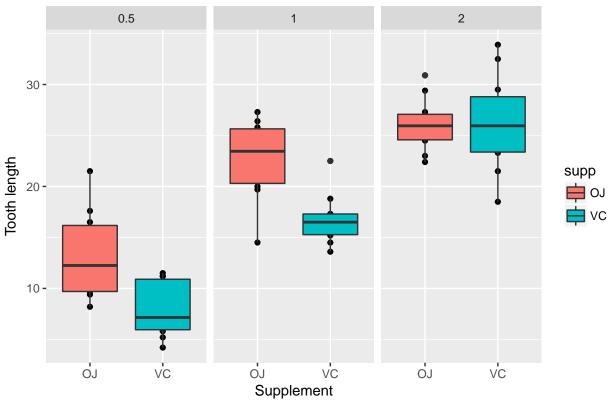
# Wiktoria Urantowka 8/20/2017

The goal of this report id to analyze the ToothGrowth data in R in order to investigate the impact of vitamine C on the tooth growth in ginea pigs.

#### 1.Loading the data and basic exploratory analysis

```
data(ToothGrowth)
head(ToothGrowth)
      len supp dose
## 1 4.2
            VC 0.5
## 2 11.5
            VC 0.5
## 3 7.3
            VC 0.5
## 4 5.8
            VC 0.5
## 5 6.4
            VC 0.5
## 6 10.0
            VC 0.5
dim(ToothGrowth)
## [1] 60 3
str(ToothGrowth)
## 'data.frame':
                    60 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ len : num 4.2 11.5 7.3 5.8 6.4 10 11.2 11.2 5.2 7 ...
## $ supp: Factor w/ 2 levels "OJ", "VC": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ dose: num 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 ...
The data consists of 60 observations for 3 variables: Tooth length (numeric), supplement type, VC or OJ
(factor) and the dosage in milligrams of this supplement (numeric)
library(ggplot2)
qplot(supp,len,data=ToothGrowth, facets=~dose, main="Tooth growth by supplement type and dosage (mg)",x
```





One can observe a positive correlation between the dosage and the tooth growth. For lower dosage, the affect of VC seams weaker than OJ, but this difference dissapears with the highest dosage.

### 2. Hypothesis Testing:

#### 1 Difference of effect between supplements

Ho = no difference in tooth growth when using the supplement OJ and VC (lenOJ == lenVC) Ha = Tooth grow more when using supplement OJ instead of VC. (lenOJ > lenVC)

Assumptions - Variances of tooth growth are different for different supplements and their dosage. - Tooth growth follows normal distribution. -variables are i.i.d.

Procedure: - tooth growth by supplement type from the data

```
OJ = ToothGrowth$len[ToothGrowth$supp == 'OJ']
VC = ToothGrowth$len[ToothGrowth$supp == 'VC']
```

-One-tailed independent t-test with unequal variance.

```
t.test(OJ, VC, alternative = "greater", paired = FALSE, var.equal = FALSE, conf.level = 0.95)

##

## Welch Two Sample t-test

##

## data: OJ and VC

## t = 1.9153, df = 55.309, p-value = 0.03032

## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is greater than 0

## 95 percent confidence interval:
```

```
## 0.4682687 Inf
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 20.66333 16.96333
```

As the p-value < 0.05 the null hypothesis is rejected. -> Supplement OJ has bigger effect on tooth growth than supplement VC

#### 2 Difference of effects among dosages

2.1(Comparaison between affect of dosage 0.5 and 1) Ho= no difference in tooth growth between dosages. Ha= more tooth growth when the dosage increases.

Procedure: -tooth growth by dosage.

```
doseHalf = ToothGrowth$len[ToothGrowth$dose == 0.5]
doseOne = ToothGrowth$len[ToothGrowth$dose == 1]
doseTwo = ToothGrowth$len[ToothGrowth$dose == 2]
```

-One-tailed independent t-test with unequal variance.

```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: doseHalf and doseOne
## t = -6.4766, df = 37.986, p-value = 6.342e-08
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is less than 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -Inf -6.753323
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 10.605 19.735
As the purples < 0.05 the pull hypothesis is rejected. (There is a difference in effects on teeth growth for the result of the purples of the pull hypothesis is rejected. (There is a difference in effects on teeth growth for the purples of the purple of the purple of the pull hypothesis is rejected. (There is a difference in effects on teeth growth for the purple of the pull hypothesis is rejected. (There is a difference in effects on teeth growth for the purple of the purple of the purple of the pull hypothesis is rejected. (There is a difference in effects on teeth growth for the pull hypothesis is rejected.)

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```

As the p-value < 0.05 the null hypothesis is rejected. (There is a difference in effects on tooth growth for dosages 0.5 and 1, dosage 1 having bigger effect)

 $2.2 ({\it Comparaison}$  between affect of dosage 1 and 2)

26.100

19.735

##

```
t.test(doseOne, doseTwo, alternative = "less", paired = FALSE, var.equal = FALSE, conf.level = 0.95)

##

## Welch Two Sample t-test

##

## data: doseOne and doseTwo

## t = -4.9005, df = 37.101, p-value = 9.532e-06

## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is less than 0

## 95 percent confidence interval:

## -Inf -4.17387

## sample estimates:

## mean of x mean of y
```

As the p-value < 0.05 the null hypothesis is rejected. (There is a difference in effects on tooth growth for dosages 1 and 2, dosage 2 having bigger effect)

-> Dosage matters: The more supplement, the more tooth growth