

# MyResty Framework

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# MyResty Framework

基于 OpenResty 的 Web 框架，设计参考 PHP CodeIgniter 框架。

OpenResty based Web framework, designed with reference to PHP CodeIgniter framework.

> 本项目由 AI 开发 - 使用 OpenCode 平台，基于 MiniMax 模型。所有代码（包括本 README.md）均由 AI 生成。

>

> AI-Developed Project - Built using OpenCode platform, powered by MiniMax model. All code (including this README.md) was generated by AI.

致敬 OpenResty 项目 - 感谢 OpenResty 提供了如此优秀的 Web 平台。

Tribute to OpenResty - Thanks to OpenResty for providing such an excellent Web platform.

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LuaJIT Best Practices / LuaJIT 最佳实践

本项目包含一份详细的 LuaJIT 最佳实践指南，基于 OpenResty 源码分析编写。

This project includes a detailed LuaJIT best practices guide, based on OpenResty source code analysis.

查看文档: LUAJIT\_BEST\_PRACTICES.md

主要内容包括:

- 模块加载与代码缓存
- 连接池使用 (MySQL、Redis)
- Lua FFI 使用最佳实践
- Lua Cosocket 使用指南
- Table 性能优化 (table.new、table.clear)
- Shared Dictionary 使用
- 代码组织模式
- 性能优化建议
- 错误处理模式
- 安全实践

Topics Covered:

- Module loading & code caching
- Connection pool usage (MySQL, Redis)
- Lua FFI best practices
- Lua Cosocket usage guide
- Table performance optimization (table.new, table.clear)
- Shared Dictionary usage
- Code organization patterns
- Performance optimization tips
- Error handling patterns

- Security practices

## Requirements / 系统要求

### Operating System / 操作系统

- \*\*OS\*\*: Ubuntu 24.04.3 LTS / Ubuntu 24.04.3 LTS

### Nginx Configuration / Nginx 配置

参考 nginx/conf/ 目录下的配置文件：

Reference nginx configuration files in the nginx/conf/ directory:

# 主 nginx 配置模板 / Main nginx configuration template

nginx/conf/nginx.conf

# MyResty 服务器配置 / MyResty server configuration

nginx/conf/myresty.conf

# FastCGI 配置 / FastCGI configuration

nginx/conf/fcgi.conf

注意：生产环境的实际配置位于服务器上的 /usr/local/web/nginx/conf/nginx.conf，该文件会 include 本项目中的 myresty.conf。

Note: The actual production configuration is located at /usr/local/web/nginx/conf/nginx.conf on the server, which includes the myresty.conf file from this project.

## System Dependencies / 系统依赖包

运行前需要安装 Lua FFI 调用所需的系统包（验证码、图像处理、加密）：

Before running, install the required system packages for Lua FFI calls (captcha, image processing, encryption):

```
apt-get update && apt-get install -y build-essential libc6-dev libgd-dev libpng
```

依赖说明 / Dependencies included:

## Quick Start / 快速开始

```
# 安装依赖 / Install dependencies (if not already installed)
```

```
apt-get update && apt-get install -y build-essential libc6-dev libgd-dev libpng
```

```
# 启动 nginx / Start nginx
```

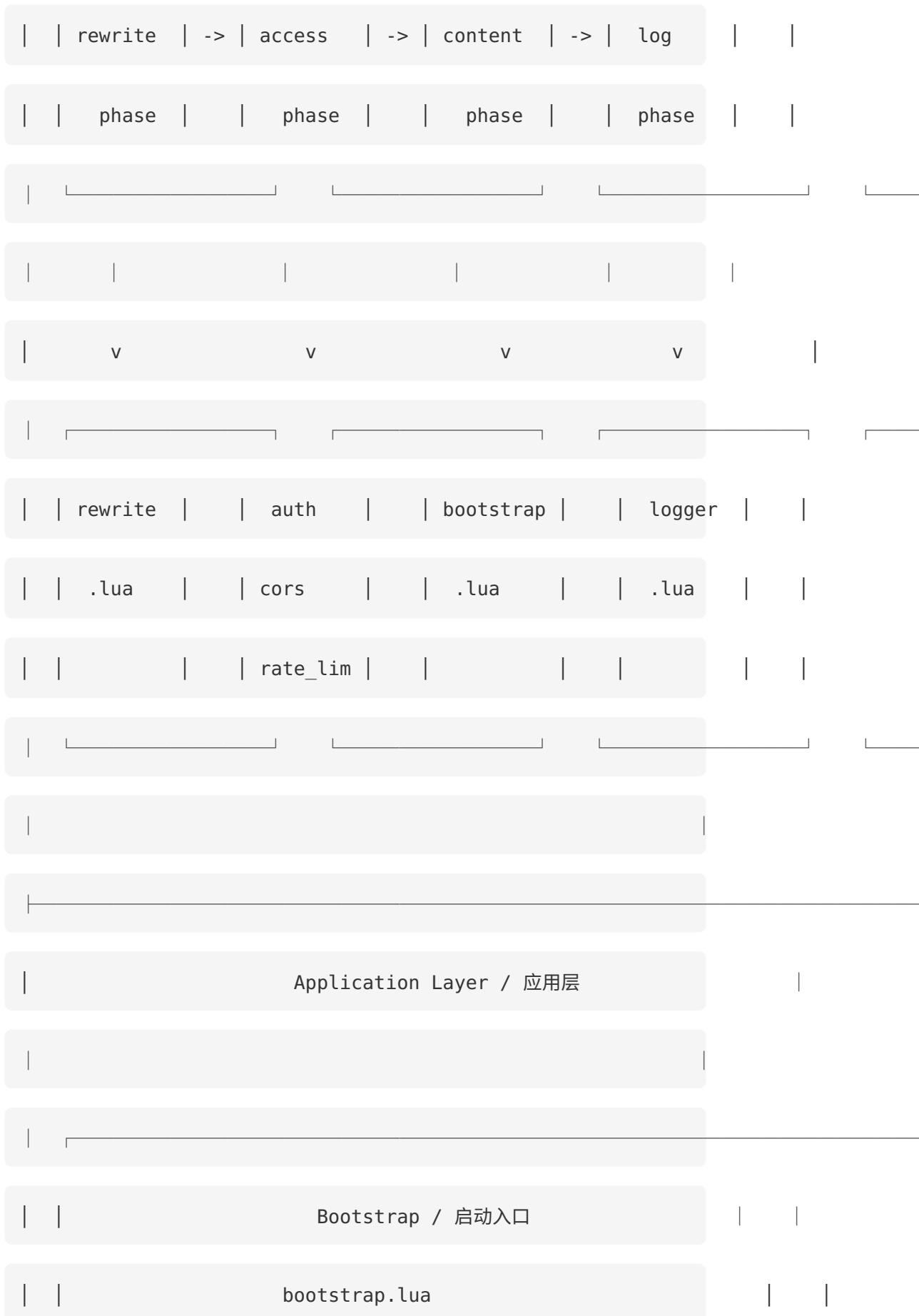
```
/usr/local/web/nginx/sbin/nginx
```

```
# 测试 API / Test API
```

```
curl http://localhost:8080/
```

## Architecture / 项目架构









## Request Lifecycle / 请求生命周期

API Request Lifecycle / API 请求生命周期

Client



HTTP Request | GET /users/123

localhost:8080

```
| | ▼
```

```
| | |
```

```
| | | 1. nginx.conf → include myresty.conf
```

```
| | | |
```

```
| | | | |
```

```
| | | | ▼
```

```
| | | | |
```

```
| | | | | 2. rewrite phase / URL 重写阶段
```

```
| | | | | | middleware/rewrite.lua
```

```
| | | | | | - URL normalization
```

```
| | | | | | - Path rewrite
```

```
| | | | | | |
```

```
| | | | | | | |
```

```
| | | | | | | | |
```

```
| | | | | | | | | |
```

```
| | | | | | | | | | 3. access phase / 访问控制阶段
```

```
| | | | | | | | | | | middleware/access.lua → Middleware:run_phase('access')
```

```
| | | auth.lua | | cors.lua | | rate_limit | |
```

```
| | | 认证检查 | | 跨域处理 | | 限流 | |
```

```
| | | | ▼ (if allowed)
```

```
| | | | 4. content phase / 内容处理阶段
```

```
| | | | content_by_lua_file → bootstrap.lua
```

```
| | | | | bootstrap.lua
```

```
| | | | | Config:load()
```

```
| | | | | ↓
```

```
| | | | | Middleware:setup()
```

```
| | | | | ↓
```

```
| | | | | Middleware:run_phase('init')
```

```
| | | | | ↗
```

```
| | | | | ↓
```

```
| | | | | ↗
```

```
| | | | | Router:match(ngx.var.uri, ngx.var.request_method)
```

```
| | | | | ↓
```

```
| | | | | "user:show" → {controller="user", action="show"} | |
```

```
| | | | | ↗
```

```
| | | | | ↓
```

```
| | | | | ↗
```

```
| | | | | Loader:controller('user')
```

```
| | | | | ↓
```

```
| | | | | user_controller:new() → create instance
```

```
| | | | | ↓
```

```
| | | | Loader:library('request') → Loader:library('response')| | |
```

| | | |

↓

```
| | | | controller:before action()
```

| | | controller:show() ← execute user:show action | | |

```
| | | | response:json(data) | | | |
```

↓

```
| | | controller:after_action() | | |
```

| | | | | | | |

\_\_\_\_\_

| | 5. header\_filter / 响应头过滤

| | | middleware/header\_filter.lua

| | | - Add CORS headers

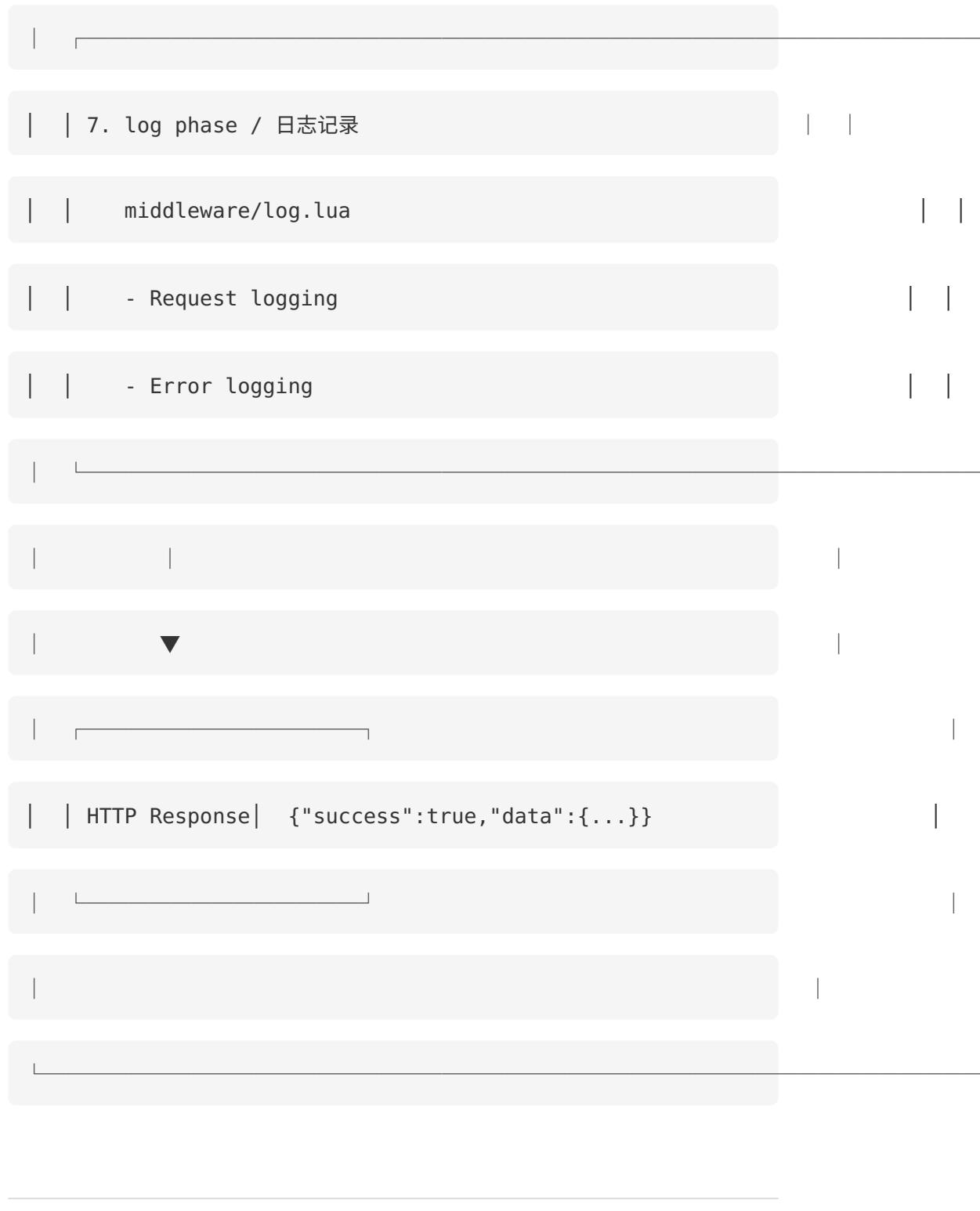
| | | - Add rate limit headers

| | | - Set Content-Type

| | 6. body\_filter / 响应体过滤

| | | middleware/body\_filter.lua

| | | - Response body processing



## Module Introduction / 模块功能介绍

Core Modules / 核心模块

Library Modules / 库模块

Utility Modules / 工具模块

Middleware Modules / 中间件模块

Nginx Middleware / Nginx 中间件

Controllers / 控制器

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API Reference / API 参考

Controller / 控制器

控制器是所有业务控制器的基类，提供常用方法。

Controller is the base class for all business controllers, providing common methods.

```
local BaseController = require('app.core.Controller')

local UserController = {}

function UserController:new()

local instance = BaseController:new()

instance.user_model = self:load_model('user')

return setmetatable(instance, { __index = UserController })

end
```

## 控制器方法 / Controller Methods

---

## Request / 请求处理

Request 模块用于解析 HTTP 请求。

Request module is used to parse HTTP requests.

```
local Request = require('app.core.Request')
```

```
local req = Request:new()
```

```
req:fetch()
```

## Request 方法 / Request Methods

### 请求数据示例 / Request Data Example

```
-- GET 请求: /users?name=john&age=25
```

```
req:get      -- { name = "john", age = "25" }
```

```
req:segment(1) -- "users"
```

```
-- POST 请求 (JSON): {"name": "john", "email": "john@example.com"}
```

```
req:post      -- { name = "john", email = "john@example.com" }
```

```
req:json      -- { name = "john", email = "john@example.com" }
```

```
req:all_input -- 合并后的所有输入
```

## Response / 响应处理

Response 模块用于构建 HTTP 响应。

Response module is used to build HTTP responses.

```
local Response = require('app.core.Response')
```

```
local res = Response:new()
```

## Response 方法 / Response Methods

### 响应示例 / Response Examples

```
-- JSON 响应
```

```
res:json({ success = true, data = { id = 1, name = "John" } })
```

```
res:send()
```

```
-- 成功响应
```

```
res:success({ id = 1 }, "操作成功")
```

```
res:send()
```

```
-- 失败响应
```

```
res.fail("参数错误", { field = "email" }, 400)
```

```
res.send()
```

```
-- 分页响应
```

```
res.paginate(users, 100, 1, 10)
```

```
res.send()
```

```
-- 重定向
```

```
res.redirect("/home")
```

## Session / 会话管理

Session 模块提供基于加密 Cookie 的会话管理。

Session module provides encrypted cookie-based session management.

```
local Session = require('app.lib.session')
```

```
local session = Session:new()
```

```
session:start()
```

## Session 方法 / Session Methods

## Session 配置选项 / Session Options

## Session 使用示例 / Session Example

```
local session = Session:new()
```

```
session:start()
```

```
-- 存储用户信息
```

```
session:set('user_id', 123)
```

```
session:set('username', 'john')
```

```
-- 获取用户信息
```

```
local user_id = session:get('user_id')
```

```
local username = session:get('username')
```

```
-- 检查是否存在  
if session:has('user_id') then  
    -- 用户已登录  
end  
-- 销毁会话  
session:destroy()
```

---

## Cache / 缓存管理

Cache 模块基于 Nginx shared\_dict 提供高性能缓存。

Cache module provides high-performance caching based on Nginx shared\_dict.

```
local Cache = require('app.lib.cache')  
local cache = Cache:new({  
    dict_name = 'my_resty_cache',  
    default_ttl = 3600,
```

```
prefix = 'cache:'
```

```
)
```

## Cache 方法 / Cache Methods

### Cache 使用示例 / Cache Example

```
local cache = Cache:new()
```

```
-- 设置缓存
```

```
cache:set('user:123', { name = 'John', age = 25 }, 3600)
```

```
-- 获取缓存
```

```
local user = cache:get('user:123')
```

```
-- 检查是否存在
```

```
if cache:exists('user:123') then
```

```
-- 缓存存在
```

```
end
```

```
-- 删除缓存
```

```
cache:delete('user:123')
```

```
-- 批量操作
```

```
cache:set('key1', 'value1')
```

```
cache:set('key2', 'value2')
```

```
local values = cache:get_multi('key1', 'key2')
```

---

## Validation / 数据验证

Validation 模块提供 35+ 数据验证规则。

Validation module provides 35+ data validation rules.

```
local Validation = require('app.lib.validation')
```

```
local validator = Validation:new()
```

## 验证规则 / Validation Rules

## Validation 方法 / Validation Methods

### Validation 使用示例 / Validation Example

```
local validator = Validation:new()  
  
local data = {  
  
    email = "john@example.com",  
  
    password = "password123",  
  
    confirm_password = "password123",  
  
    age = 25  
  
}  
  
local rules = {  
  
    email = { "required", "email" },  
  
    password = { "required", "length_min:6" },  
  
    confirm_password = { "required", "match:password" },  
  
    age = { "required", "number", "min:18", "max:120" }  
  
}
```

```
validator:make(data, rules)

if validator:validate() then
    -- 验证通过

else
    local errors = validator:errors()

    -- 处理错误

end
```

---

## Router / 路由

Router 模块负责将 URL 映射到控制器方法。

Router module maps URLs to controller methods.

```
local Router = require('app.core.Router')

local route = Router:new()
```

## 路由方法 / Router Methods

### 路由参数 / Route Parameters

### Router 使用示例 / Router Example

```
-- 静态路由
```

```
route:get('/users', 'user:list')
```

```
route:post('/users', 'user:create')
```

```
route:get('/users/{id}', 'user:show')
```

```
route:put('/users/{id}', 'user:update')
```

```
route:delete('/users/{id}', 'user:destroy')
```

```
-- 参数路由
```

```
route:get('/posts/{slug}', 'post:view')
```

```
route:get('/users/{id}/posts/{post_id}', 'user_post:show')
```

```
-- RESTful 资源路由
```

```
route:resource('users', 'user')
```

```
-- 自动生成:
```

```
-- GET /users -> user:index
```

```
-- GET /users/new -> user:new
```

```
-- GET /users/{id} -> user:show
```

```
-- GET /users/{id}/edit -> user:edit
```

```
-- POST /users -> user:create
```

```
-- PUT /users/{id} -> user:update
```

```
-- DELETE /users/{id} -> user:destroy
```

```
-- 路由分组
```

```
route:group({ prefix = '/api/v1', middleware = { 'auth' } }, function()
```

```
    route:get('/users', 'api_user:list')
```

```
    route:get('/orders', 'api_order:list')
```

```
end)
```

## Loader / 自动加载

Loader 模块提供模块自动加载功能。

Loader module provides automatic module loading.

```
local Loader = require('app.core.Loader')
```

Loader 方法 / Loader Methods

---

Config / 配置管理

Config 模块加载和管理应用配置。

Config module loads and manages application configuration.

```
local Config = require('app.core.Config')
```

```
Config.load()
```

Config 方法 / Config Methods

Config 配置结构 / Config Structure

```
-- app/config/config.lua
```

```
return {
```

```
app = {
```

```
host = '0.0.0.0',
```

```
port = 8080,
```

```
base_url = '',
```

```
log_threshold = 4,
```

```
,
```

```
mysql = {
```

```
host = '127.0.0.1',
```

```
port = 3306,
```

```
user = 'root',
```

```
password = '',
```

```
database = '',
```

```
pool_size = 100,
```

```
,
```

```
redis = {
```

```
host = '127.0.0.1',  
  
port = 6379,  
  
password = '',  
  
pool_size = 100,  
  
},  
  
session = {  
  
cookie_name = 'session',  
  
cookie_max_age = 86400,  
  
},  
  
autoload = {}, -- 自动加载的模型  
  
middleware = {  
  
{ name = 'cors', phase = 'header_filter' },  
  
{ name = 'rate_limit', phase = 'access' },  
  
},  
  
}
```

## Middleware / 中间件

Middleware 模块管理系统中间件。

Middleware module manages application middleware.

```
local Middleware = require('app.middleware')
```

## Middleware 方法 / Middleware Methods

内置中间件 / Built-in Middleware

---

## Configuration / 配置说明

配置文件位于 app/config/config.lua，包含应用的所有可配置参数。

Configuration file is located at app/config/config.lua, containing all configurable parameters.

## 配置文件结构 / Config File Structure

```
-- app/config/config.lua
```

```
return {
```

```
-- 应用基础配置
```

```
app = { ... },
```

```
-- MySQL 数据库配置
```

```
mysql = { ... },
```

```
-- Redis 配置
```

```
redis = { ... },
```

```
-- 文件上传配置
```

```
upload = { ... },
```

```
-- 图像处理配置
```

```
image = { ... },
```

```
-- 验证码配置
```

```
captcha = { ... },
```

```
-- 会话配置
```

```
session = { ... },
```

```
-- 日志配置
```

```
logger = { ... },  
  
-- 限流配置  
  
limit = { ... },  
  
-- 数据验证配置  
  
validation = { ... },  
  
-- 中间件配置  
  
middleware = { ... }  
  
}
```

---

## App / 应用基础配置

---

## MySQL / 数据库配置

---

## Redis / 缓存配置

---

## Upload / 文件上传配置

-- 默认允许的文件类型

```
allowed_types = {
```

'jpg', 'jpeg', 'png', 'gif', 'webp', -- 图片

'pdf', -- 文档

'doc', 'docx', -- Word

'xls', 'xlsx', -- Excel

'zip' -- 压缩包

```
}
```

---

## Image / 图像处理配置

---

## Captcha / 验证码配置

安全说明: 验证码加密密钥与会话使用相同的 session.secret\_key，无需单独配置。

---

## Session / 会话配置

安全警告:

- `secret\_key` 必须保持机密，泄露后攻击者可伪造任意 session
- 生成新密钥命令: `openssl rand -hex 16`
- 修改密钥会导致所有现有 session 失效

配置优先级:

1. 环境变量 SESSION\_SECRET (最高)
  2. 环境变量 MYRESTY\_SESSION\_SECRET
  3. config.session.secret\_key
- 

## Logger / 日志配置

日志级别:

---

## Limit / 限流配置

### 限流策略 / Limit Strategies

### 限流区域 / Limit Zones

```
limit = {  
  zones = {  
    api = { limit = 60, window = 60, burst = 10 },  
    login = { limit = 5, window = 300, burst = 0 },  
    upload = { limit = 10, window = 60, burst = 2 },  
    default = { limit = 100, window = 60, burst = 20 }  
  }  
}
```

## Validation / 数据验证配置

默认错误消息 / Default Messages

默认字段标签 / Default Labels

---

## Middleware / 中间件配置

中间件配置是一个数组，每个元素包含：

内置中间件 / Built-in Middleware

CORS 中间件选项 / CORS Options

Rate Limit 中间件选项 / Rate Limit Options

Auth 中间件选项 / Auth Options

## 中间件配置示例 / Middleware Config Example

```
middleware = {  
    // 日志中间件  
    {  
        name = 'logger',  
        phase = 'log',  
        options = {  
            level = 'info',  
            format = 'combined',  
            request_id = true,  
            timing = true,  
            exclude_paths = {'/health', '/favicon.ico'}  
        }  
    },  
    // CORS 中间件  
    {  
        name = 'cors',  
    }  
}
```

```
phase = 'header_filter',  
  
options = {  
  
    origin = '*',  
  
    methods = {'GET', 'POST', 'PUT', 'DELETE', 'PATCH', 'OPTIONS'},  
  
    credentials = true,  
  
    max_age = 86400  
  
}  
  
,  
  
-- 限流中间件  
  
{  
  
    name = 'rate_limit',  
  
    phase = 'access',  
  
    options = {  
  
        zone = 'default',  
  
        headers = true,  
  
        log_blocked = true  
  
    },
```

```
routes = {'/api/*', '/upload/*'}
```

```
},
```

```
-- 认证中间件
```

```
{
```

```
name = 'auth',
```

```
phase = 'access',
```

```
options = {
```

```
mode = 'session',
```

```
allow_guest = true
```

```
},
```

```
exclude = {'/health', '/captcha', '/static/*', '/middleware/*'}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

---

## Project Structure / 项目结构

```
|—— app/ # 应用核心代码  
|   |—— core/ # 核心类模块
```

```
|   |   └── Config.lua # 配置加载器  
|   |   └── Controller.lua # 控制器基类  
|   |   └── Loader.lua # 自动加载器  
|   |   └── Model.lua # 数据模型基类  
|   |   └── QueryBuilder.lua # 查询构建器  
|   |   └── Request.lua # 请求处理  
|   |   └── Response.lua # 响应处理  
|   └── Router.lua # 路由分发  
|  
|  
|   └── controllers/ # 控制器 (18个)  
|       └── welcome.lua # 默认首页  
|       └── user.lua # 用户管理  
|       └── session.lua # 会话管理  
|       └── cache.lua # 缓存控制  
|       └── captcha.lua # 验证码  
|       └── upload.lua # 文件上传  
|       └── image.lua # 图像处理  
|       └── validate.lua # 数据验证  
|       └── rate_limit.lua # 限流控制  
|       └── http_client.lua # HTTP 客户端  
|       └── demo.lua # 功能演示  
|       └── request_demo.lua # 请求演示  
|       └── middleware_demo.lua # 中间件演示  
|       └── request_test.lua # 请求测试  
|       └── example.lua # 示例控制器  
|  
|  
└── lib/ # 库文件 (11个)
```

```
|   |   ├── mysql.lua # MySQL 客户端  
|   |   ├── redis.lua # Redis 客户端  
|   |   ├── session.lua # 会话管理  
|   |   ├── cache.lua # 缓存管理  
|   |   ├── limit.lua # 限流控制  
|   |   ├── validation.lua # 数据验证  
|   |   ├── logger.lua # 日志管理  
|   |   ├── http.lua # HTTP 客户端  
|   |   ├── crypto.lua # 加密工具  
|   |   ├── test.lua # 测试工具  
|   |   └── validator.lua # 验证辅助  
|  
|  
|   └── middleware/ # 应用中间件  
|       |   ├── auth.lua # 认证中间件  
|       |   ├── cors.lua # 跨域中间件  
|       |   ├── logger.lua # 日志中间件  
|       |   └── rate_limit.lua # 限流中间件  
|  
|  
|   └── helpers/ # 辅助函数  
|       |   ├── url_helper.lua # URL 辅助  
|       |   ├── file_helper.lua # 文件辅助  
|       |   ├── string_helper.lua # 字符串辅助  
|       |   ├── captcha_helper.lua # 验证码辅助  
|       |   ├── request_helper.lua # 请求辅助  
|       |   └── query_helper.lua # 查询辅助  
|  
|  
|   └── utils/ # 工具函数
```

```
|   |   ├── captcha.lua # 验证码生成 (FFI)
|   |   ├── image.lua # 图像处理 (FFI)
|   |   ├── file.lua # 文件操作 (FFI)
|   |   ├── helper.lua # 通用辅助
|   |   └── test.lua # 测试工具
|
|   |
|   └── models/ # 数据模型
|       └── user_model.lua # 用户模型
|
|   |
|   └── routes/ # 路由配置
|       └── routes.lua # 路由定义
|
|   |
|   └── config/ # 应用配置
|       └── config.lua # 主配置
|
|   |
|   └── middleware.lua # 中间件管理
|
|   └── middleware/ # Nginx 中间件
|       ├── rewrite.lua # URL 重写
|       ├── access.lua # 访问控制
|       ├── header_filter.lua # 响应头过滤
|       ├── body_filter.lua # 响应体过滤
|       ├── log.lua # 日志记录
|       └── set.lua # 变量设置
|
|   └── nginx/conf/ # Nginx 配置模板
|       └── myresty.conf # MyResty 服务器配置
```

```
|   |   └── nginx.conf # 主配置模板  
|   |  
|   └── fcgi.conf # FastCGI 配置  
|  
|  
└── config/ # 配置目录  
    |   └── validation/ # 验证规则配置  
    |   └── users.lua # 用户验证规则  
    |   └── products.lua # 产品验证规则  
    |   └── orders.lua # 订单验证规则  
    |   └── common.lua # 通用验证规则  
    |  
    |  
    └── tests/ # 测试套件  
        |   └── integration/ # 集成测试  
        |       |   └── test.sh # 测试脚本  
        |       |   └── README.md # 测试说明  
        |       |  
        |       └── unit/ # 单元测试  
        |           |   └── all.lua # 测试入口  
        |           |   └── run.lua # 测试运行器  
        |           |   └── config_spec.lua # 配置测试  
        |           |   └── request_spec.lua # 请求测试  
        |           |   └── response_spec.lua # 响应测试  
        |           |   └── router_spec.lua # 路由测试  
        |           |   └── validation_spec.lua # 验证测试  
        |           |  
        |           └── ...  
        |  
        |  
        └── api.lua # API 测试  
|
```

```
|── fonts/ # 字体文件  
|── logs/ # 日志目录  
|── static/ # 静态文件  
|  
└── bootstrap.lua # 应用启动入口  
    ├── init.lua # 初始化脚本  
    ├── init_worker.lua # Worker 初始化  
    ├── generate_readme_pdf.py # PDF 生成脚本  
    ├── generate_pdf.py # PDF 生成工具  
    └── README.md # 项目说明
```

#### ## Testing / 测试

MyResty 框架提供完整的测试体系，包括单元测试和集成测试。

MyResty framework provides a complete testing system, including unit tests and

#### ### Unit Tests / 单元测试

单元测试位于 `tests/unit/` 目录，用于测试框架核心模块。

Unit tests are located in `tests/unit/`, used to test framework core modules.

#### #### 单元测试目录结构 / Unit Test Structure

```
tests/unit/
├── all.lua # 测试入口，运行所有测试套件
├── run.lua # 测试运行器
├── config_spec.lua # 配置模块测试
├── router_spec.lua # 路由模块测试
├── helper_spec.lua # 辅助函数测试
├── request_spec.lua # 请求模块测试
├── response_spec.lua # 响应模块测试
├── query_builder_spec.lua # 查询构建器测试
├── cache_spec.lua # 缓存模块测试
├── session_spec.lua # 会话模块测试
├── http_spec.lua # HTTP 客户端测试
└── ...
```

#### #### 测试工具 / Test Framework

测试框架位于 `app/utils/test.lua`，提供 BDD 风格的测试 API。

Test framework is located at `app/utils/test.lua`, providing BDD-style testing

```
local Test = require('app.utils.test')
```

#### #### 测试工具 API / Test Framework API

函数	参数	说明
----	----	----

**describe(name, fn)**   `name`：测试套件名, `fn`：测试函数   定义测试套件
---

**it(name, fn)**   `name`：测试名, `fn`：测试函数   定义测试用例
---

**before_each(fn)**   `fn`：前置函数   每个测试前执行
---

**after_each(fn)**   `fn`：后置函数   每个测试后执行
--

**pending(name, reason)**   `name`：测试名, `reason`：原因   标记待完成测试
---

**run(options)**   `options`：选项   运行所有测试
--

**reset()**   无   重置测试状态
--------------------------

#### #### 断言函数 / Assertions

断言	说明
----	----

----- -----
-------------

```
| `assert.equals(expected, actual, msg)` | 期望值等于实际值 |
```

```
| `assert.not_equals(expected, actual)` | 期望值不等于实际值 |
```

```
| `assert.is_true(value, msg)` | 值为 true |
```

```
| `assert.is_false(value, msg)` | 值为 false |
```

```
| `assert.is_nil(value, msg)` | 值为 nil |
```

```
| `assert.not_nil(value, msg)` | 值不为 nil |
```

```
| `assert.is_function(value, msg)` | 值是函数 |
```

```
| `assert.is_table(value, msg)` | 值是表 |
```

```
| `assert.is_string(value, msg)` | 值是字符串 |
```

```
| `assert.has_key(key, table, msg)` | 表包含键 |
```

```
| `assert.error(fn, msg, expected_err)` | 函数抛出错误 |
```

```
| `assert.no_error(fn, msg)` | 函数不抛出错误 |
```

```
| `assert.matches(pattern, value, msg)` | 值匹配模式 |
```

```
| `assert.approx(actual, expected, tolerance)` | 近似值比较 |
```

```
#### 运行单元测试 / Run Unit Tests
```

```
# 运行所有测试
```

```
lua tests/unit/all.lua
```

```
# 安静模式（最小输出）
lua tests/unit/all.lua --quiet
```

```
# JSON 格式输出
lua tests/unit/all.lua --json
```

```
# 运行单个测试套件
lua tests/unit/run.lua
```

#### 编写单元测试 / Write Unit Tests

```
-- tests/unit/my_feature_spec.lua
```

```
package.path  = '/var/www/web/my-openresty/?.lua;/var/www/
web/my-openresty/?/init.lua;/usr/local/web/?.lua;;'
package.cpath = '/var/www/web/my-openresty/?.so;/usr/local/
web/lualib/?.so;;'
```

```
local Test = require('app.utils.test')
```

```
describe = Test.describe
it = Test.it
pending = Test.pending
before_each = Test.before_each
after_each = Test.after_each
assert = Test.assert
```

```
describe('MyFeature', function()
```

```
  local feature
```

```
    before_each(function()
```

```
      -- 每个测试前创建新实例
```

```
      feature = { value = 0 }
```

```
    end)
```

```
    after_each(function()
```

```
      -- 每个测试后清理
```

```
      feature = nil
```

```
    end)
```

```
  it('should initialize with zero value', function()
```

```
    assert.equals(0, feature.value)
```

```
  end)
```

```
  it('should increment value', function()
```

```
    feature.value = feature.value + 1
```

```
    assert.equals(1, feature.value)
```

```
  end)
```

```
it('should handle string operations', function()
```

```
  local result = string.upper('hello')
```

```
  assert.equals('HELLO', result)
```

```
  assert.is_string(result)
```

```
end)
```

```
it('should match pattern', function()  
  local email = 'user@example.com'  
  assert.matches('@', email)  
  assert.matches('example', email)  
end)
```

```
pending('should handle error cases', 'Not implemented yet')  
end)
```

#### ### Integration Tests / 集成测试

```
集成测试位于 `tests/integration/`，通过 curl 命令测试 API 端点。
```

```
Integration tests are located in `tests/integration/`，testing API endpoints via
```

#### #### 集成测试目录 / Integration Test Directory

```
tests/integration/
```

```
  └── test.sh # 集成测试脚本
```

```
  └── nginx_test.conf # 测试用 Nginx 配置
```

```
  └── README.md # 测试说明文档
```

#### #### 运行集成测试 / Run Integration Tests

```
# 进入测试目录  
cd /var/www/web/my-openresty  
  
# 确保 nginx 已启动  
/usr/local/web/nginx/sbin/nginx  
  
# 运行所有集成测试  
../tests/integration/test.sh  
  
# 自定义测试服务器地址  
BASE_URL=http://localhost:8080 ./tests/integration/test.sh
```

```
# 详细输出模式  
VERBOSE=true ./tests/integration/test.sh
```

#### #### 测试脚本命令 / Test Script Commands

命令	说明
----	----

-----	-----
-------	-------

`./tests/integration/test.sh`   运行所有测试
--

`BASE_URL=http://localhost:8080`   自定义测试服务器
---

```
| `VERBOSE=true` | 显示详细输出 |
```

```
| `COOKIE_JAR=/tmp/cookies.txt` | 自定义 Cookie 文件 |
```

#### #### 集成测试脚本函数 / Test Script Functions

函数	参数	说明
----	----	----

```
| **curl_get(endpoint, description)** | `endpoint`: 端点, `description`: 描述 | G
```

```
| **curl_post(endpoint, data, description, content_type)** | `endpoint`: 端点, `
```

```
| **curl_put(endpoint, data, description)** | `endpoint`: 端点, `data`: 数据, `de
```

```
| **curl_delete(endpoint, description)** | `endpoint`: 端点, `description`: 描述
```

#### #### 集成测试输出示例 / Integration Test Output

```
=====
```

MyResty API Integration Test Suite

```
=====
```

---

Base URL: <http://localhost:8080>

---

[PASS] GET / - Root endpoint (HTTP 200)

[PASS] GET /test - Test endpoint (HTTP 200)

---

[PASS] GET /users - List users (HTTP 200)

[PASS] GET /users/123 - Get user by ID (HTTP 200)

[PASS] POST /users - Create user (HTTP 201)

[PASS] PUT /users/123 - Update user (HTTP 200)

[PASS] DELETE /users/123 - Delete user (HTTP 200)

---

[PASS] GET /session - Session index (HTTP 200)

[PASS] POST /session/set - Set session value (HTTP 200)

[PASS] POST /session/get - Get session value (HTTP 200)

[PASS] POST /session/clear - Clear session (HTTP 200)

---

#### Test Results Summary

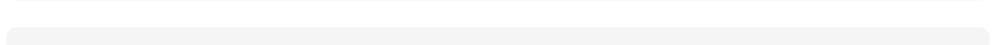
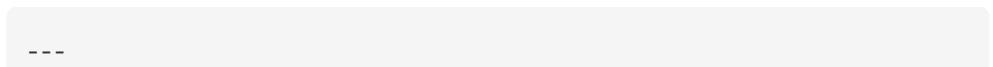
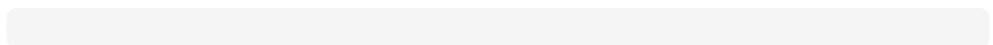
---

Total tests: 50

Passed: 50

Failed: 0

All tests passed!



### ### Helper Functions / 辅助函数

Helper 函数提供便捷的常用操作封装。

Helper functions provide convenient wrappers for common operations.

---

### #### Request Helper / 请求辅助函数

请求辅助函数位于 `app/helpers/request\_helper.lua`，提供强大的请求数据处理能力。

Request helper is located at `app/helpers/request\_helper.lua`，providing powerful

```
local RequestHelper = require('app.helpers.request_helper')
```

### ##### Request Helper 方法 / Request Helper Methods

| 方法 | 参数 | 返回值 | 说明 |

| ----- | ----- | ----- | ----- |

| \*\*get(fields, rules)\*\* | `fields`：字段列表, `rules`：验证规则 | `data, errors` |

| \*\*get\_get(fields, rules)\*\* | 同上 | 同上 | 仅获取 GET 参数 |

| \*\*get\_post(fields, rules)\*\* | 同上 | 同上 | 仅获取 POST 参数 |

| \*\*get\_json(fields, rules)\*\* | 同上 | 同上 | 仅获取 JSON 参数 |

| \*\*get\_only(fields, rules, source)\*\* | `source`: 数据源 | `data, errors` | 带验证

| \*\*get\_except(fields, blacklist)\*\* | `blacklist`: 排除列表 | table | 获取除指定外的

| \*\*only(...)\*\* | `...`: 字段名 | table | 仅获取指定字段 |

| \*\*except(...)\*\* | `...`: 排除字段 | table | 排除指定字段 |

| \*\*merge(defaults)\*\* | `defaults`: 默认值 | table | 合并默认值 |

| \*\*validate(fields, rules)\*\* | `fields`: 字段, `rules`: 规则 | `valid, data, errors` |

| \*\*get\_pagination\_params(default\_per\_page)\*\* | `default\_per\_page`: 默认每页数 |

| \*\*get\_search\_params(search\_fields)\*\* | `search\_fields`: 搜索字段 | `params, key` |

| \*\*get\_order\_params(default\_field, default\_order)\*\* | `default\_field`: 默认排序 |

| \*\*get\_date\_range\_params(prefix)\*\* | `prefix`: 前缀 | table | 获取日期范围参数 |

## ##### 请求数据源 / Request Data Sources

| 来源 | 说明 | 示例 |

|-----|-----|-----|

| `get` | URL 查询参数 | `?page=1&limit=10` |

| `post` | POST 表单数据 | `application/x-www-form-urlencoded` |

| `json` | JSON Body | `{"name": "john", "age": 25}` |

| `all` | 合并所有来源 | 自动合并 |

## ##### 验证规则 / Validation Rules

| 规则 | 参数 | 说明 |

| ----- | ----- | ----- |

| `required` | 无 | 必填 |

| `type` | `"string"` / `"number"` / `"integer"` / `"boolean"` / `"array"` | 类型转换 |

| `default` | 默认值 | 默认值 |

| `trim` | `true` / `false` | 是否 trim |

| `strip\_tags` | `true` / `false` | 是否去除 HTML 标签 |

| `lowercase` | `true` / `false` | 转为小写 |

| `uppercase` | `true` / `false` | 转为大写 |

## ##### Request Helper 使用示例 / Request Helper Example

```
local RequestHelper = require('app.helpers.request_helper')
```

```
-- 基本字段获取
```

```
local data = RequestHelper:get(self, {'name', 'email', 'age'})
```

```
-- 带类型转换
```

```
local rules = {  
    name = { type = "string", default = "" },  
    age = { type = "integer", default = 0 },  
    is_active = { type = "boolean", default = false }  
}
```

```
local data = RequestHelper:get(self, {'name', 'age', 'is_active'},  
    rules)
```

```
-- 带验证
```

```
local rules = {  
    username = { required = true, message = '用户名必填' },  
    email = { required = true, type = "email", message = '邮箱格式错误' }  
}
```

```
local valid, data, errors = RequestHelper:validate(self, {'username',  
    'email'}, rules)
```

```
-- 分页参数
```

```
local pagination = RequestHelper:get_pagination_params(self, 20)
```

```
-- 返回: { page = 1, per_page = 20, sort_by = 'id', sort_order =  
    'DESC', offset = 0, limit = 20 }
```

```
-- 搜索参数
```

```
local params, keyword = RequestHelper:get_search_params(self,  
{'title', 'content'})
```

```
-- keyword = "hello", params = { title = "hello", content = "hello" }
```

```
---
```

#### ##### File Helper / 文件辅助函数

```
文件辅助函数位于 `app/helpers/file_helper.lua`，提供文件操作和类型检查功能。
```

```
File helper is located at `app/helpers/file_helper.lua`，providing file operati
```

```
local FileHelper = require('app.helpers.file_helper')
```

#### ##### File Helper 方法 / File Helper Methods

方法	参数	返回值	说明
format_size(bytes)	bytes	字节数	格式化大小
safe_path(base_path, filename)	base_path	基础路径	filename 文件名
sanitize_filename(filename)	filename	文件名	净化后文件名

format_size(bytes)	bytes	字节数	格式化大小	格式化文件大小
--------------------	-------	-----	-------	---------

safe_path(base_path, filename)	base_path	基础路径	filename	文件名
--------------------------------	-----------	------	----------	-----

sanitize_filename(filename)	filename	文件名	净化后文件名	净化文件名
-----------------------------	----------	-----	--------	-------

```
| **get_extension(filename)** | `filename`: 文件名 | 扩展名 | 获取文件扩展名 |
```

```
| **mime_to_ext(mime)** | `mime`: MIME 类型 | 扩展名 | MIME 转扩展名 |
```

```
| **is_image(mime)** | `mime`: MIME 类型 | boolean | 是否为图片 |
```

```
| **is_document(mime)** | `mime`: MIME 类型 | boolean | 是否为文档 |
```

```
| **is_archive(mime)** | `mime`: MIME 类型 | boolean | 是否为压缩包 |
```

```
| **is_audio(mime)** | `mime`: MIME 类型 | boolean | 是否为音频 |
```

```
| **is_video(mime)** | `mime`: MIME 类型 | boolean | 是否为视频 |
```

#### ##### 支持的 MIME 类型 / Supported MIME Types

\*\*图片 (image)\*\*: `image/jpeg` , `image/png` , `image/gif` , `image/webp` , `image/svg+xml`

\*\*文档 (document)\*\*: `application/pdf` , `application/msword` , `application/vnd.openxmlformats-officedocument.wordprocessingml.document`

\*\*压缩包 (archive)\*\*: `application/zip` , `application/x-zip-compressed` , `application/x-rar`

\*\*音频 (audio)\*\*: `audio/mpeg` , `audio/wav` , `audio/ogg` , `audio/mp3`

\*\*视频 (video)\*\*: `video/mp4` , `video/x-msvideo` , `video/webm` , `video/quicktime`

## ##### File Helper 使用示例 / File Helper Example

```
local FileHelper = require('app.helpers.file_helper')
```

```
-- 格式化文件大小
```

```
FileHelper.format_size(1024) -- "1.00 KB"
```

```
FileHelper.format_size(1048576) -- "1.00 MB"
```

```
FileHelper.format_size(1073741824) -- "1.00 GB"
```

```
-- 安全路径 (防止目录遍历攻击)
```

```
local path, err = FileHelper.safe_path('/var/www/uploads', '..../../  
etc/passwd')
```

```
-- path = nil, err = "Path outside allowed directory"
```

```
-- 净化文件名
```

```
local safe_name = FileHelper.sanitize_filename('..../..//hack.php')
```

```
-- 返回 "hack.php"
```

```
-- 检查文件类型
```

```
if FileHelper.is_image('image/jpeg') then
```

```
-- 是图片
```

```
end
```

```
if FileHelper.is_document('application/pdf') then
```

```
-- 是文档
```

```
end
```

---

#### #### String Helper / 字符串辅助函数

字符串辅助函数位于 `app/helpers/string\_helper.lua`，提供字符串处理功能。

String helper is located at `app/helpers/string\_helper.lua` , providing string m

```
local StringHelper = require('app.helpers.string_helper')
```

#### ##### String Helper 方法 / String Helper Methods

| 方法 | 参数 | 返回值 | 说明 |

| -----|-----|-----|-----|

| \*\*trim(s)\*\* | `s`: 字符串 | 去除首尾空格 | 去除首尾空格 |

| \*\*ltrim(s)\*\* | `s`: 字符串 | 去除左侧空格 | 去除左侧空格 |

| \*\*rtrim(s)\*\* | `s`: 字符串 | 去除右侧空格 | 去除右侧空格 |

| \*\*random\_string(length)\*\* | `length`: 长度 | 随机字符串 | 生成随机字符串 |

| \*\*ucfirst(s)\*\* | `s`: 字符串 | 首字母大写 | 首字母大写 |

## ##### String Helper 使用示例 / String Helper Example

```
local StringHelper = require('app.helpers.string_helper')
```

```
StringHelper.trim(' hello ') -- "hello"
```

```
StringHelper.ltrim(' hello') -- "hello"
```

```
StringHelper.rtrim('hello ') -- "hello"
```

```
StringHelper.random_string(16) -- "aBc1XyZ9PqR2mNkL"
```

```
StringHelper.ucfirst('hello') -- "Hello"
```

```
---
```

## ##### URL Helper / URL 辅助函数

URL 辅助函数位于 `app/helpers/url\_helper.lua`，提供 URL 生成功能。

URL helper is located at `app/helpers/url\_helper.lua`，providing URL generation

```
local UrlHelper = require('app.helpers.url_helper')
```

## ##### URL Helper 方法 / URL Helper Methods

| 方法 | 参数 | 返回值 | 说明 |

```
|-----|-----|-----|-----|
```

```
| **base_url()** | 无 | 基础 URL | 获取应用基础 URL |
```

```
| **site_url(uri)** | `uri`: 相对路径 | 完整 URL | 生成站点 URL |
```

#### ##### URL Helper 使用示例 / URL Helper Example

```
local UrlHelper = require('app.helpers.url_helper')
```

```
UrlHelper.base_url() -- "http://localhost:8080"
```

```
UrlHelper.site_url('users') -- "http://localhost:8080/users"
```

```
UrlHelper.site_url('api/v1') -- "http://localhost:8080/api/v1"
```

```
---
```

#### #### Captcha Helper / 验证码辅助函数

```
验证码辅助函数位于 `app/helpers/captcha_helper.lua`，提供验证码生成和验证功能。
```

```
Captcha helper is located at `app/helpers/captcha_helper.lua`，providing captcha
```

```
local CaptchaHelper = require('app.helpers.captcha_helper')
```

## ##### Captcha Helper 方法 / Captcha Helper Methods

| 方法 | 参数 | 返回值 | 说明 |

| -----|-----|-----|-----|  
| \*\*generate(length, key)\*\* | `length`: 长度, `key`: 密钥 | `code, encrypted` | 生

| \*\*validate(input\_code, ngx)\*\* | `input\_code`: 用户输入, `ngx`: 请求对象 | `valid`,

| \*\*refresh(ngx, key)\*\* | `ngx`: 请求对象, `key`: 密钥 | 新验证码 | 刷新验证码 |

| \*\*get\_captcha\_image(code, width, height)\*\* | `code`: 验证码, `width`: 宽度, `hei

| \*\*get\_captcha\_png\_base64(code, width, height)\*\* | 同上 | Base64 字符串 | 生成 Bas

## ##### Captcha Helper 使用示例 / Captcha Helper Example

```
local CaptchaHelper = require('app.helpers.captcha_helper')
```

```
-- 生成验证码
```

```
local captcha = CaptchaHelper:generate(5)
```

```
-- 返回: { code = "ABC12", encrypted = "...", cookie_name =  
"captcha_token", expires = 300 }
```

```
-- 验证验证码
```

```
local valid, message = CaptchaHelper:validate(user_input, ngx)
```

```
-- valid = true, message = "Captcha validated"
```

```
-- 生成验证码图片
```

```
local png_data = CaptchaHelper:get_captcha_image("ABC12",  
120, 40)
```

```
-- 生成 Base64 图片
```

```
local base64 = CaptchaHelper:get_captcha_png_base64("ABC12",  
120, 40)
```

```
-- 返回: "data:image/png;base64,..."
```

```
---
```

#### ##### Query Helper / 查询辅助函数

```
查询辅助函数位于 `app/helpers/query_helper.lua`，提供便捷的数据库查询方法。
```

```
Query helper is located at `app/helpers/query_helper.lua`，providing convenient
```

```
local QueryHelper = require('app.helpers.query_helper')
```

#### ##### Query Helper 方法 / Query Helper Methods

方法	参数	返回值	说明

-----	-----	-----	-----

```
| **table(table_name)** | `table_name`: 表名 | QueryBuilder | 获取查询构建器 |
```

```
| **qb(table_name)** | `table_name`: 表名 | QueryBuilder | 同上 |
```

```
| **db()** | 无 | Model 实例 | 获取数据库实例 |
```

```
| **query(sql)** | `sql`: SQL 语句 | 结果 | 执行原生 SQL |
```

```
| **select(sql)** | `sql`: SQL 语句 | 结果 | 执行查询 |
```

```
| **insert(table, data)** | `table`: 表, `data`: 数据 | 插入结果 | 插入数据 |
```

```
| **update(table, data, where)** | `table`: 表, `data`: 数据, `where`: 条件 | 更新结果 |
```

```
| **delete(table, where)** | `table`: 表, `where`: 条件 | 删除结果 | 删除数据 |
```

```
| **count(table, where)** | `table`: 表, `where`: 条件 | 数量 | 统计数量 |
```

```
| **transaction(callback)** | `callback`: 回调函数 | `ok, err` | 事务操作 |
```

## ##### Query Helper 使用示例 / Query Helper Example

```
local QueryHelper = require('app.helpers.query_helper')
```

```
-- 查询构建器
```

```
local users = QueryHelper.table('users'):where('status', 'active'):get()
```

```
-- 便捷方法
```

```
QueryHelper.insert('users', { name = 'John', email = 'john@example.com' })
```

```
QueryHelper.update('users', { status = 'active' }, { id = 1 })
```

```
QueryHelper.delete('users', { status = 'deleted' })
```

```
local count = QueryHelper.count('users', { status = 'active' })
```

-- 事务操作

```
local ok, err = QueryHelper.transaction(function()  
    QueryHelper.insert('users', { name = 'John' })  
    QueryHelper.insert('orders', { user_id = result_id, total = 100 })  
end)
```

### HTTP Client / HTTP 客户端

HTTP 客户端位于 `app/lib/http.lua`，基于 OpenResty cosocket 的异步 HTTP 客户端。

HTTP client is located at `app/lib/http.lua`，an async HTTP client based on OpenResty cosocket.

```
local HttpClient = require('app.lib.http')  
local client = HttpClient:new({ timeout = 30000 })
```

#### #### HTTP Client 方法 / HTTP Client Methods

| 方法 | 参数 | 返回值 | 说明 |

| -----|-----|-----|-----|  
| \*\*new(options)\*\* | `options`: 配置 | 实例 | 创建客户端 |

| \*\*get(url, options)\*\* | `url`: 地址, `options`: 选项 | `response, err` | GET 请求

| \*\*post(url, options)\*\* | `url`: 地址, `options`: 选项 | `response, err` | POST 请求

| \*\*put(url, options)\*\* | `url`: 地址, `options`: 选项 | `response, err` | PUT 请求

| \*\*patch(url, options)\*\* | `url`: 地址, `options`: 选项 | `response, err` | PATCH 请求

| \*\*delete(url, options)\*\* | `url`: 地址, `options`: 选项 | `response, err` | DELETE 请求

| \*\*options(url, options)\*\* | `url`: 地址, `options`: 选项 | `response, err` | OPTIONS 请求

| \*\*json(url, data, method)\*\* | `url`: 地址, `data`: 数据, `method`: 方法 | `response, err` | JSON 格式请求

| \*\*form(url, data, method)\*\* | `url`: 地址, `data`: 数据, `method`: 方法 | `response, err` | 表单数据请求

| \*\*download(url, filepath)\*\* | `url`: 地址, `filepath`: 保存路径 | `success, err` | 下载文件

| \*\*set\_timeout(timeout)\*\* | `timeout`: 超时时间 | self | 设置超时 |

#### #### 响应结构 / Response Structure

```
{  
    status = 200, -- HTTP 状态码  
    body = '{"data": "..."}', -- 响应体  
    headers = { -- 响应头  
        ['content-type'] = 'application/json',  
        ['content-length'] = '100'  
    },  
    success = true -- 是否成功 (200-299)  
}
```

#### #### HTTP Client 使用示例 / HTTP Client Example

```
local HttpClient = require('app.lib.http')
```

```
local client = HttpClient:new({  
    timeout = 30000,  
    pool_size = 10  
})
```

-- GET 请求

```
local res, err = client:get('https://api.example.com/users')  
if res.success then  
    local data = ngx.decode_json(res.body)  
end
```

-- POST JSON 请求

```
local res, err = client:json('https://api.example.com/users', {
```

```
name = 'John',
email = 'john@example.com'
})
```

-- POST 表单请求

```
local res, err = client:form('https://api.example.com/login', {
username = 'john',
password = 'secret'
})
```

-- 带查询参数

```
local res, err = client:get('https://api.example.com/users', {
query = {
page = 1,
limit = 10,
status = 'active'
},
headers = {
['Authorization'] = 'Bearer token123'
}
})
```

-- 下载文件

```
local ok, err = client:download('https://example.com/file.zip', '/tmp/file.zip')
```

-- 设置超时

```
client:set_timeout(60000)
```

```
---
```

### ### Crypto Library / 加密库

加密库位于 `app/lib/crypto.lua`，基于 OpenSSL FFI 的统一加密库。

Crypto library is located at `app/lib/crypto.lua`, unified encryption library b

```
local Crypto = require('app.lib.crypto')
```

#### #### Crypto 方法 / Crypto Methods

| 方法 | 参数 | 返回值 | 说明 |

| ----- | ----- | ----- | ----- |

| \*\*encrypt(data, key)\*\* | `data`: 数据, `key`: 密钥 | `encrypted, err` | AES-256

| \*\*decrypt(data, key)\*\* | `data`: 数据, `key`: 密钥 | `decrypted, err` | AES-256

| \*\*base64\_encode(data)\*\* | `data`: 数据 | Base64 字符串 | Base64 编码 |

| \*\*base64\_decode(data)\*\* | `data`: 数据 | 原始数据 | Base64 解码 |

| \*\*random\_bytes(length)\*\* | `length`: 长度 | 随机字节 | 生成随机字节 |

```
| **encrypt_captcha(plaintext)** | `plaintext`: 明文 | 加密字符串 | 加密验证码 |
```

```
| **decrypt_captcha(encrypted)** | `encrypted`: 密文 | 明文 | 解密验证码 |
```

```
| **encrypt_session(plaintext)** | `plaintext`: 明文 | 加密字符串 | 加密会话 |
```

```
| **decrypt_session(encrypted)** | `encrypted`: 密文 | 明文 | 解密会话 |
```

#### #### 密钥获取顺序 / Key Priority

1. 环境变量 `SESSION\_SECRET`

2. 环境变量 `MYRESTY\_SESSION\_SECRET`

3. 配置文件 `session.secret\_key`

4. 默认密钥 (不推荐用于生产)

#### #### Crypto 使用示例 / Crypto Example

```
local Crypto = require('app.lib.crypto')
```

```
-- 基本加密/解密
```

```
local encrypted = Crypto.encrypt('Hello World', '32-byte-secret-key-here!')
```

```
local decrypted = Crypto.decrypt(encrypted, '32-byte-secret-key-here!')
```

```
-- Base64 编码/解码
```

```
local encoded = Crypto.base64_encode('Hello World')

local decoded = Crypto.base64_decode(encoded)
```

-- 生成随机字节

```
local random = Crypto.random_bytes(32)

-- 返回 32 字节的随机数据
```

-- 验证码加密

```
local encrypted_captcha = Crypto.encrypt_captcha('ABC12')

local decrypted_captcha = Crypto.decrypt_captcha(encrypted_captcha)

-- decrypted_captcha = 'ABC12'
```

-- 会话加密

```
local encrypted_session = Crypto.encrypt_session('{"user_id":1}')

local decrypted_session = Crypto.decrypt_session(encrypted_session)

-- decrypted_session = '{"user_id":1}'
```

---  
#### Middleware Details / 中间件详情

##### Auth Middleware / 认证中间件

认证中间件位于 `app/middleware/auth.lua`，支持 Session 和 Token 两种认证模式。

Auth middleware is located at `app/middleware/auth.lua`，supporting both Session

```
local Auth = require('app.middleware.auth')
```

#### ##### Auth 方法 / Auth Methods

方法	参数	返回值	说明
----	----	-----	----

-----	-----	-----	-----
-------	-------	-------	-------

**setup(options)**   `options`: 配置   self   配置中间件
---

**handle(options)**   `options`: 配置   boolean   执行认证
--

**login(options)**   `options`: 登录数据   session   用户登录
---

**logout()**   无   boolean   用户登出
-----------------------------------

**get_user()**   无   `user_id, user_data, type`   获取当前用户
--

**is_guest()**   无   boolean   是否为游客
--------------------------------------

**has_role(role)**   `role`: 角色名   boolean   是否有角色
--

#### ##### Auth 配置选项 / Auth Options

| 选项 | 默认值 | 说明 |

|-----|-----|-----|

| `mode` | `session` | 认证模式: `session` , `token` , `both` |

| `token\_header` | `Authorization` | Token 请求头 |

| `token\_prefix` | `Bearer` | Token 前缀 |

| `session\_name` | `myresty\_session` | Session 名 |

| `login\_url` | `/auth/login` | 登录页 URL |

| `allow\_guest` | `false` | 允许游客访问 |

| `api\_key\_enabled` | `false` | 启用 API Key |

| `roles` | `nil` | 角色限制 |

##### Auth 使用示例 / Auth Example

```
local Auth = require('app.middleware.auth')
```

-- 基本认证

```
Auth:setup():handle()
```

-- 允许游客

```
Auth:setup():handle({ allow_guest = true })
```

-- 角色限制

```
Auth:setup():handle({ roles = { 'admin', 'moderator' } })
```

-- Token 认证

```
Auth:setup({  
    mode = 'token',  
    token_header = 'Authorization',  
    token_prefix = 'Bearer'  
}):handle()
```

-- 登录

```
local session = Auth:login({  
    user_id = 123,  
    user_data = {  
        username = 'john',  
        email = 'john@example.com',  
        role = 'admin'  
    }  
})
```

-- 登出

```
Auth:logout()
```

-- 获取当前用户

```
local user_id, user_data, auth_type = Auth:get_user()
```

-- 检查角色

```
if Auth:has_role('admin') then  
    -- 是管理员  
end
```

---

#### ##### Rate Limit Middleware / 限流中间件

限流中间件位于 `app/middleware/rate\_limit.lua`，提供滑动窗口限流策略。

Rate limit middleware is located at `app/middleware/rate\_limit.lua`，providing

```
local RateLimit = require('app.middleware.rate_limit')
```

#### ##### RateLimit 方法 / RateLimit Methods

| 方法 | 参数 | 返回值 | 说明 |

| ----- | ----- | ----- | ----- |

| \*\*setup(options)\*\* | `options`：配置 | self | 配置中间件 |

| \*\*handle(options)\*\* | `options`：配置 | boolean | 执行限流 |

| \*\*create\_zone(name, limit, window, burst)\*\* | `name`：区域名, `limit`：限制, `wi

```
| **zone(name)** | `name`: 区域名 | builder | 区域构建器 |
```

#### ##### RateLimit 配置选项 / RateLimit Options

选项	默认值	说明
----	-----	----

-----	-----	-----
-------	-------	-------

`zone`	`'default'`	限流区域
--------	-------------	------

`default_limit`	`60`	默认限制
-----------------	------	------

`default_window`	`60`	默认窗口(秒)
------------------	------	---------

`headers`	`true`	输出限流头
-----------	--------	-------

`key_by_ip`	`true`	按 IP 限流
-------------	--------	---------

`key_by_user`	`false`	按用户限流
---------------	---------	-------

`response_status`	`429`	HTTP 状态码
-------------------	-------	----------

`response_message`	`'Too Many Requests'`	响应消息
--------------------	-----------------------	------

`log_blocked`	`true`	记录被拦截
---------------	--------	-------

#### ##### 预定义区域 / Predefined Zones

区域	限制	窗口	说明
----	----	----	----

```
|-----|-----|-----|-----|
```

```
| `api` | 60 | 60 | API 接口限流 |
```

```
| `login` | 5 | 300 | 登录接口限流 |
```

```
| `upload` | 10 | 60 | 文件上传限流 |
```

```
| `default` | 100 | 60 | 默认限流 |
```

#### ##### RateLimit 使用示例 / RateLimit Example

```
local RateLimit = require('app.middleware.rate_limit')
```

```
-- 基本限流
```

```
RateLimit:setup():handle()
```

```
-- 自定义区域
```

```
RateLimit:setup({
```

```
    zone = 'api',
```

```
    headers = true,
```

```
    log_blocked = true
```

```
}):handle()
```

```
-- 创建新区域
```

```
RateLimit:create_zone('special', 10, 60, 5)
```

```
RateLimit:setup({ zone = 'special' }):handle()
```

-- 响应头

-- X-RateLimit-Limit: 60

-- X-RateLimit-Remaining: 59

-- X-RateLimit-Reset: 1699999999

-- X-RateLimit-Window: 60

---

#### ### Example Controllers / 示例控制器

框架提供多个示例控制器，演示各种功能的使用方法。

The framework provides several example controllers demonstrating various features.

---

#### #### Example Controller / 查询构建器示例

`app/controllers/example.lua` 演示 QueryBuilder 的各种用法。

`app/controllers/example.lua` demonstrates various QueryBuilder usages.

| 端点 | 方法 | 说明 |

| -----|-----|-----|

| `/query/basic` | GET | 基本查询 |

| `/query/joins` | GET | JOIN 查询 |

| `/query/where` | GET | 条件查询 |

| `/query/aggregates` | GET | 聚合函数 |

| `/query/insert` | GET | 插入示例 |

| `/query/update` | GET | 更新示例 |

| `/query/delete` | GET | 删除示例 |

| `/query/complex` | GET | 复杂查询 |

| `/query/raw` | GET | 原生表达式 |

-- 示例代码

```
local QueryBuilder = require('app.core.QueryBuilder')
```

-- 基本查询

```
local sql = QueryBuilder.new('users')
:select('id', 'name', 'email')
:where('status', 'active')
:order_by('created_at', 'DESC')
:limit(10)
```

```
:get_sql()
```

```
-- JOIN 查询
```

```
local sql = QueryBuilder.new('users')
:select('users.id', 'users.name', 'orders.total')
:left_join('orders')
:on('users.id', '=', 'orders.user_id')
:get_sql()
```

```
##### Request Demo Controller / 请求处理演示
```

```
`app/controllers/request_demo.lua` 演示 RequestHelper 的完整用法。
```

```
`app/controllers/request_demo.lua` demonstrates complete RequestHelper usage.
```

端点	方法	说明
-----	-----	-----
`/request-demo`   GET   索引		
`/request-demo/basic`   POST   基本字段提取		
`/request-demo/typed`   POST   类型转换		

| `/request-demo/validate` | POST | 验证示例 |

| `/request-demo/pagination` | POST | 分页参数 |

| `/request-demo/search` | POST | 搜索参数 |

| `/request-demo/filter` | POST | 过滤参数 |

| `/request-demo/only` | POST | 仅获取指定字段 |

| `/request-demo/except` | POST | 排除指定字段 |

| `/request-demo/complete` | POST | 完整示例 |

| `/request-demo/get-post` | POST | GET vs POST vs JSON |

---

#### Middleware Demo Controller / 中间件演示

`app/controllers/middleware\_demo.lua` 演示中间件系统的使用方法。

`app/controllers/middleware\_demo.lua` demonstrates middleware system usage.

| 端点 | 方法 | 说明 |

|-----|-----|-----|

| `/middleware` | GET | 中间件索引 |

| `/middleware/list` | GET | 列出中间件 |

| `/middleware/info` | GET | 中间件信息 |

| `/middleware/headers` | GET | 响应头 |

| `/middleware/auth-test` | POST | 认证测试 |

| `/middleware/login` | POST | 登录 |

| `/middleware/logout` | POST | 登出 |

| `/middleware/cors-test` | GET | CORS 测试 |

| `/middleware/rate-limit-test` | GET | 限流测试 |

---

#### #### Request Test Controller / 请求测试

`app/controllers/request\_test.lua` 测试各种请求数据的获取方式。

`app/controllers/request\_test.lua` tests various request data retrieval methods.

| 端点 | 方法 | 说明 |

|-----|-----|-----|

| `/request` | GET | 索引 |

| `/request/get` | GET | GET 参数 |

| `/request/post/form` | POST | POST 表单 |

| `/request/post/json` | POST | POST JSON |

| `/request/mixed` | ANY | 混合数据 |

| `/request/all` | GET | 所有输入 |

---

#### Validate Config Controller / 配置验证

`app/controllers/validate\_config.lua` 演示基于配置文件的验证方式。

`app/controllers/validate\_config.lua` demonstrates config-based validation.

| 端点 | 方法 | 说明 |

|-----|-----|-----|

| `/validate-config` | GET | 索引 |

```
| `/validate-config/tables` | GET | 列出验证表 |
```

```
| `/validate-config/table/{name}` | GET | 获取表规则 |
```

```
| `/validate-config/users/{scenario}` | POST | 用户验证 |
```

```
| `/validate-config/products/{scenario}` | POST | 产品验证 |
```

```
| `/validate-config/orders/{scenario}` | POST | 订单验证 |
```

\*\*支持的场景 / Supported Scenarios\*\*:

表名	场景
----	----

-----	-----
-------	-------

```
| `users` | `create`, `login`, `profile`, `update` |
```

```
| `products` | `create`, `update` |
```

```
| `orders` | `create`, `ship` |
```

---

### Available Routes / 可用路由

框架定义了 150+ 路由，涵盖所有功能模块。

The framework defines 150+ routes covering all functional modules.

#### #### 核心路由 / Core Routes

| 路由 | 控制器 | 说明 |

| -----|-----|-----|

| `GET /` | welcome | 首页 |

| `GET /hello/{name}` | welcome | 问候 |

| `GET /users` | user | 用户列表 |

| `GET /users/{id}` | user | 用户详情 |

| `POST /users` | user | 创建用户 |

| `PUT /users/{id}` | user | 更新用户 |

| `DELETE /users/{id}` | user | 删除用户 |

#### #### Query Builder 路由 / Query Builder Routes

| 路由 | 说明 |

| -----|-----|

| `GET /query/basic` | 基本查询 |

| `GET /query/joins` | JOIN 查询 |

| `GET /query/where` | 条件查询 |

| `GET /query/aggregates` | 聚合函数 |

| `GET /query/insert` | 插入示例 |

| `GET /query/update` | 更新示例 |

| `GET /query/delete` | 删除示例 |

| `GET /query/complex` | 复杂查询 |

| `GET /query/raw` | 原生表达式 |

#### #### 会话路由 / Session Routes

| 路由 | 方法 | 说明 |

|-----|-----|-----|

| `GET /session` | GET | 索引 |

| `POST /session/set` | POST | 设置会话 |

| `POST /session/get` | POST | 获取会话 |

| `POST /session/remove` | POST | 删除键 |

| `POST /session/clear` | POST | 清空会话 |

| `POST /session/destroy` | POST | 销毁会话 |

| `POST /session/flash/set` | POST | 设置 Flash |

| `POST /session/flash/get` | POST | 获取 Flash |

| `POST /session/user/login` | POST | 用户登录 |

| `GET /session/user/info` | GET | 用户信息 |

| `POST /session/user/logout` | POST | 用户登出 |

#### #### 缓存路由 / Cache Routes

| 路由 | 方法 | 说明 |

|-----|-----|-----|

| `GET /cache` | GET | 索引 |

| `POST /cache/set` | POST | 设置缓存 |

| `POST /cache/get` | POST | 获取缓存 |

| `POST /cache/delete` | POST | 删除缓存 |

| `POST /cache/clear` | POST | 清空缓存 |

| `POST /cache/incr` | POST | 增值 |

| `POST /cache/decr` | POST | 减值 |

| `GET /cache/keys` | GET | 列出键 |

| `POST /cache/remember` | POST | 记住缓存 |

| `GET /cache/stats` | GET | 统计信息 |

#### #### 验证码路由 / Captcha Routes

| 路由 | 方法 | 说明 |

| -----|-----|-----|

| `GET /captcha` | GET | 生成验证码 |

| `GET /captcha/code` | GET | 获取验证码 |

| `POST /captcha/verify` | POST | 验证验证码 |

| `POST /captcha/refresh` | POST | 刷新验证码 |

#### #### 文件上传路由 / Upload Routes

| 路由 | 方法 | 说明 |

| -----|-----|-----|

| `GET /upload` | GET | 索引 |

| `POST /upload` | POST | 上传文件 |

| `POST /upload/multiple` | POST | 多文件上传 |

| `POST /upload/validate` | POST | 验证上传 |

| `GET /upload/form` | GET | 上传表单 |

#### #### 图像处理路由 / Image Routes

| 路由 | 方法 | 说明 |

| -----|-----|-----|

| `GET /image` | GET | 索引 |

| `POST /image/upload` | POST | 上传图片 |

| `POST /image/upload/multiple` | POST | 多图上传 |

| `POST /image/upload/avatar` | POST | 上传头像 |

| `POST /image/upload/variants` | POST | 上传变体 |

| `GET /image/info/{path}` | GET | 图片信息 |

| `GET /image/thumbnail/{path}` | GET | 生成缩略图 |

| `GET /image/optimize/{path}` | GET | 优化图片 |

#### #### HTTP 客户端路由 / HTTP Client Routes

| 路由 | 方法 | 说明 |

|-----|-----|-----|

| `GET /httpClient` | GET | 索引 |

| `GET /httpClient/get` | GET | GET 请求 |

| `POST /httpClient/post` | POST | POST 请求 |

| `POST /httpClient/json` | POST | JSON 请求 |

| `POST /httpClient/api` | POST | API 调用 |

| `GET /httpClient/benchmark` | GET | 性能测试 |

#### #### 限流路由 / Rate Limit Routes

| 路由 | 方法 | 说明 |

|-----|-----|-----|

| `GET /rate-limit` | GET | 索引 |

| `GET /rate-limit/test` | GET | 限流测试 |

| `GET /rate-limit/status` | GET | 状态查询 |

| `POST /rate-limit/check` | POST | 检查限流 |

| `GET /rate-limit/zone` | GET | 区域信息 |

| `GET /rate-limit/keys` | GET | 列出键 |

| `POST /rate-limit/reset` | POST | 重置限流 |

| `GET /rate-limit/login` | GET | 登录限流 |

| `GET /rate-limit/api` | GET | API 限流 |

| `GET /rate-limit/strict` | GET | 严格限流 |

| `GET /rate-limit/combined` | GET | 组合限流 |

| `GET /rate-limit/user` | GET | 用户限流 |

#### #### 验证路由 / Validation Routes

| 路由 | 方法 | 说明 |

| -----|-----|-----|

| `GET /validate` | GET | 索引 |

| `POST /validate/basic` | POST | 基本验证 |

| `POST /validate/login` | POST | 登录验证 |

| `POST /validate/register` | POST | 注册验证 |

| `POST /validate/update` | POST | 更新验证 |

| `POST /validate/custom` | POST | 自定义验证 |

| `POST /validate/messages` | POST | 自定义消息 |

| `POST /validate/array` | POST | 数组验证 |

| `POST /validate/all` | POST | 完整验证 |

| `POST /validate/login-captcha` | POST | 登录验证码 |

| `POST /validate/api-key` | POST | API Key 验证 |

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## ## Features / 功能特性

- MVC 架构 (CodeIgniter 风格) / MVC architecture (CodeIgniter style)

- RESTful 路由 / RESTful routing

- MySQL 和 Redis 连接池 / MySQL & Redis connection pools

- 带 AES 加密的会话管理 / Session management with AES encryption

- 共享字典缓存 / Shared dictionary caching

- 限流 / Rate limiting

- 数据验证 (35+ 规则) / Data validation (35+ rules)

- 验证码生成 / Captcha generation

- 文件上传和图像处理 / File upload & image processing

- HTTP 客户端 / HTTP client
- 全面的中间件系统 / Comprehensive middleware system
- Helper 辅助函数系统 / Helper functions system
- 基于 FFI 的高性能加密 / FFI-based high-performance encryption
- 配置驱动的数据验证 / Config-driven data validation

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