



Prof. Dr. Mohamed Amine Chatti

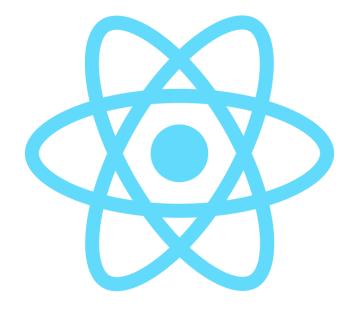
M.Sc. Shoeb Joarder

Social Computing Group, University of Duisburg Essen www.uni-due.de/soco

What is React?



- React is a JavaScript (JS) library
- Developed by Facebook in 2011
- Most popular front-end JS library in the industry (for now)
- Builds beautiful, fast and interactive User Interface (UI) for front-end applications

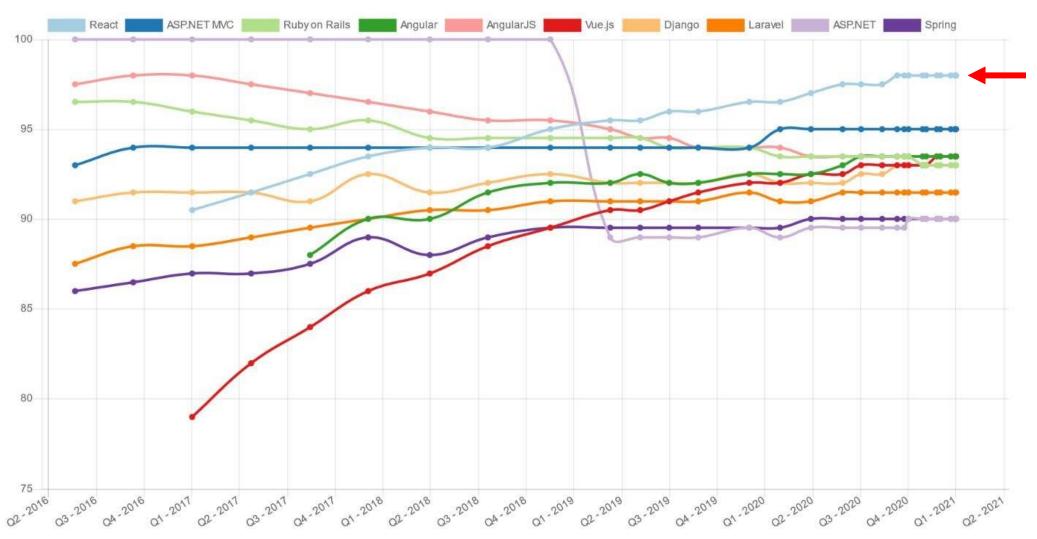




React's Popularity



Open-Minded



React's
Popularity
based on
GitHub &
StackOverflow
scores in the
year 2021

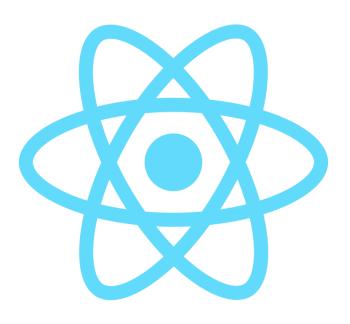


http://hotframeworks.com/

Why use React?



- Front-end development in JavaScript with ECMAScript 6 (ES6)
- React consists of
 - Independent,
 - Isolated &
 - Reusable components
- Very interactive UIs
- Virtual Document Object Model (DOM)
 - Single page web application

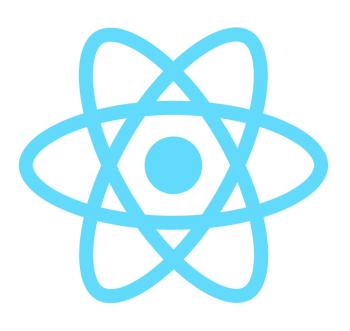




What should you know?



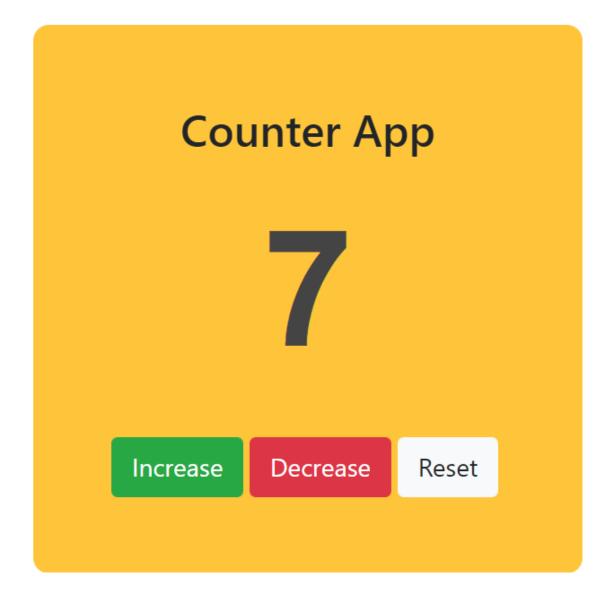
- Fundamentals of JavaScript
 - Objects, Arrays, Conditionals etc.
- Knowledge about HTML and CSS
- Additional knowledge necessary to learn that comes from the latest ES6 standard
 - Classes
 - Destructuring
 - Higher order array methods
 - Map, forEach, spread operator etc.
 - Arrow functions
 - Fetch API and promises





Simple Counter







Objectives



Part 1

- Component
- States
- React Element and Virtual DOM
- JavaScript XML (JSX)
- Event handlers
- Props
- Data binding

Part 2

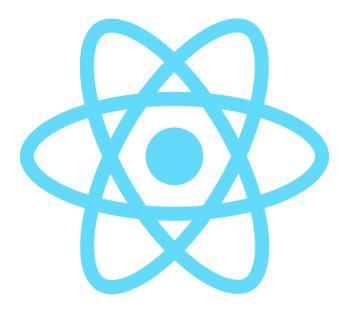
- Component lifecycle
- React Router
- Redux
- Discussion
- Installation Guide
- Project Demo



Objectives: React (Part 1)



- Component
- States
- React Element and Virtual DOM
- JavaScript XML (JSX)
- Event handlers
- Props
- Data binding



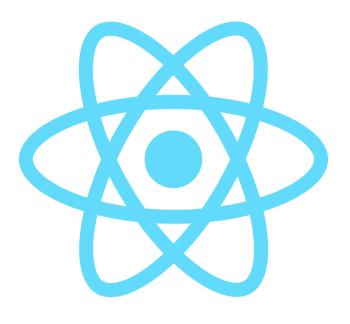


Objectives: React (Part 1)



Open-Minded

- States
- React Element and Virtual DOM
- JavaScript XML (JSX)
- Event Handlers
- Props
- Data binding







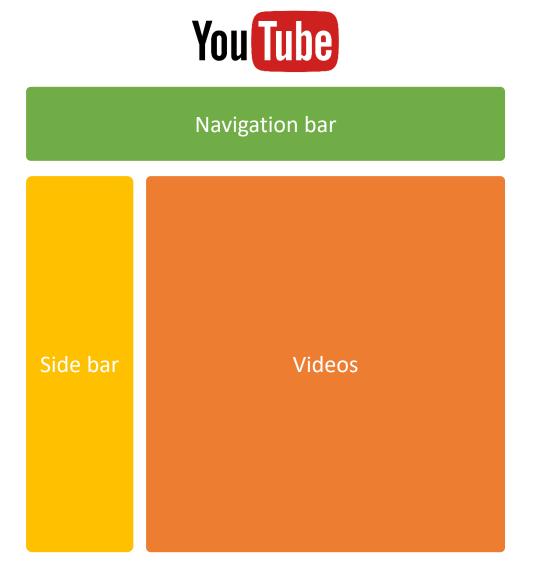
- A piece of UI in React application
- Independent, isolated and reusable
- Compose multiple components together to build a complex UI

Navigation bar





- A piece of UI in React application
- Independent, isolated and reusable
- Compose multiple components together to build a complex UI
- Example: YouTube website →







- A piece of UI in React application
- Independent, isolated and reusable
- Compose multiple components together to build a complex UI
- Example: YouTube website →

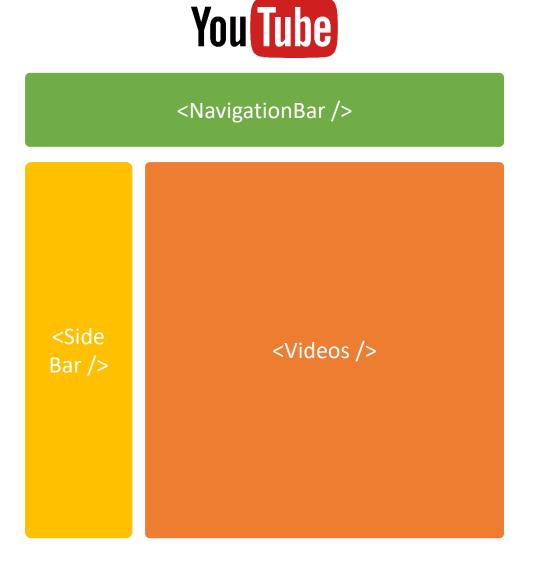


<App />





- A piece of UI in React application
- Independent, isolated and reusable
- Compose multiple components together to build a complex UI
- Example: YouTube website →

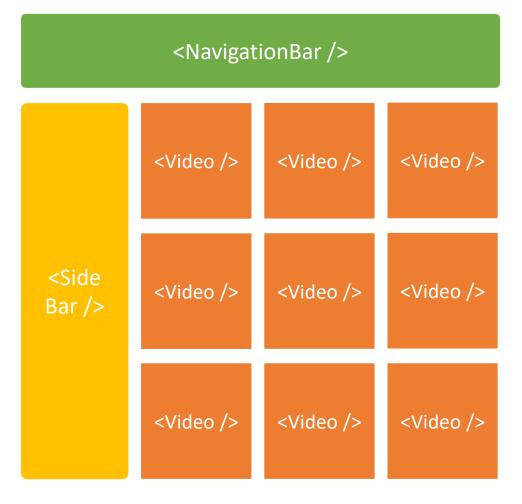






- A piece of UI in React application
- Independent, isolated and reusable
- Compose multiple components together to build a complex UI
- Example: YouTube website →

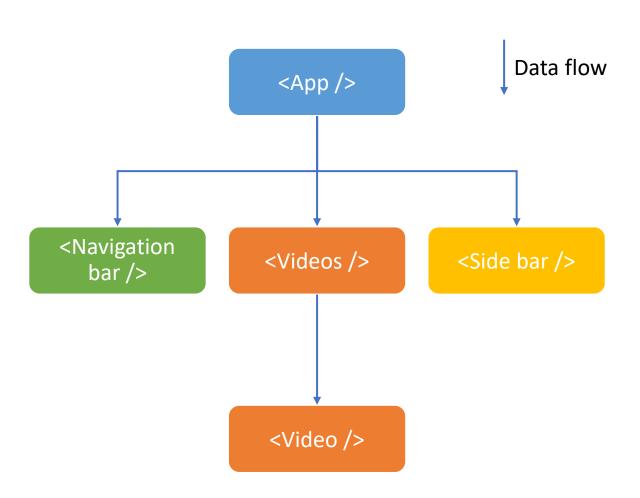








- The root component is called the "App" component
- App can have child components
 - Forming a tree of components
- Data always flow from top to down







- Two types of components
 - Class Component
 - Functional Component

```
// Class App Component
class App extends React.Component {
  constructor(props) {
    super(props);
    this.state = {
    };
}
render () {
  return (
    ...
);
}
```





- Two types of components
 - Class Component
 - Functional Component



Open-Minded

 Two most important features in class component

```
// App Component
class App extends React.Component {
  constructor(props) {
   super(props);
    this.state = {
      count: 7,
 render () {
    return (
      <div>
        <h3>Counter App</h3>
        <h1>{this.state.count}</h1>
      </div>
    );
```





Open-Minded

 Two most important features in class component

State

Hold the data to display when rendered

```
// App Component
class App extends React.Component {
  constructor(props) {
   super(props);
   this.state = {
      count: 7,
 render () {
   return (
      <div>
        <h3>Counter App</h3>
        <h1>{this.state.count}</h1>
      </div>
    );
```





- Two most important features in class component
- State
 - Hold the data to display when rendered
- Render method
 - Describes what the UI should appear

```
App Component
class App extends React.Component {
  constructor(props) {
   super(props);
   this.state = {
      count: 7,
  render ()
   return (
      <div>
        <h3>Counter App</h3>
        <h1>{this.state.count}</h1>
      </div>
```



Demo

Objectives: React (Part 1)

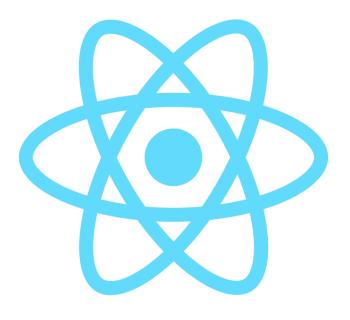


Open-Minded

Component

States

- React Element and Virtual DOM
- JavaScript XML (JSX)
- Event handlers
- Props
- Data binding





State



- Updateable JavaScript objects
 - Contain values
 - Can change due to user actions or system events
- Used in Class and Functional components
 - Advanced technique called Hooks in Functional Component
- When state changes, components re-renders automatically*

```
App Component
class App extends React.Component {
 constructor(props) {
  _super(props);
   this.state = {
      count: 7,
      name: "Counter App",
 render () {
   console.log(this.state);
   console.log(this.state.count);
   console.log(this.state.name);
   return (
```





- 1. Initialize the state
- 2. Access the state
- 3. Change the state

```
// App Component
class App extends React.Component {
  constructor(props) {
    super(props);
    this.state = {
      count: 7,
      name: "Counter App",
 render () {
    console.log(this.state);
    console.log(this.state.count);
    console.log(this.state.name);
    return (
```





1. Initialize the state

- 2. Access the state
- 3. Change the state

```
// App Component
class App extends React.Component {
 constructor(props) {
  _super(props);
   this.state = {
      count: 7,
      name: "Counter App",
  }
 render () {
   console.log(this.state);
   console.log(this.state.count);
   console.log(this.state.name);
   return (
```





Open-Minded

- 1. Initialize the state
- 2. Access the state
- 3. Change the state

```
App Component
    class App extends React.Component {
      constructor(props) {
        super(props);
        this.state = {
          count: 7,
          name: "Counter App",
      render () {
        console.log(this.state);
----console-log(this.state.count);
        console.log(this.state.name);
        return (
```



Demo



- 1. Initialize the state
- 2. Access the state
- 3. Change the state

```
Console 

Line 27:5: Do not mutate state directly.

Console 

Line 27:5: Do not mutate state directly.

Line 27:5: Do not mutate state directly.
```

```
// App Component
class App extends React.Component {
 constructor(props) {
   super(props);
   this.state = {
      count: 7,
      name: "Counter App",
   };
 render () {-----
  this.state.count = 9;
   console.log(this.state.count);
   return (
```





- 1. Initialize the state
- 2. Access the state
- 3. Change the state

```
Console 

Lambda top

top

top

[HMR] Waiting for update signal
from WDS...

Project devtools backend.js:28

Line 27:5: Do not mutate state directly.
Use setState() react/no-direct-mutation-state

Lambda ix x

Filter Da 

Filter Da 

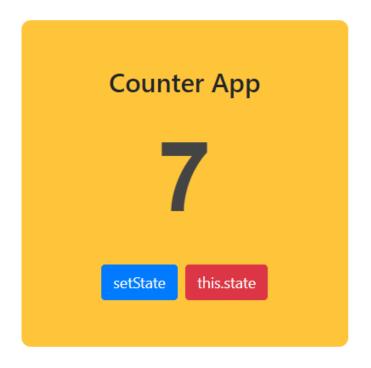
Project device is in a set in a set
```

```
// App Component
class App extends React.Component {
 constructor(props) {
   super(props);
   this.state = {
      count: 7,
      name: "Counter App",
 render () {-----
  this.state.count = 9;
   console.log(this.state.count);
   return (
```





- 1. Initialize the state
- 2. Access the state
- 3. Change the state



```
// App Component
// The proper way to change state
// is using "setState method"
handleSetState() {
 this.setState({
   count: this.state.count + 1
// The wrong way to change state is
// assigning value using this.state
handleThisState() {
this.state.count =
      this.state.count + 1;
```



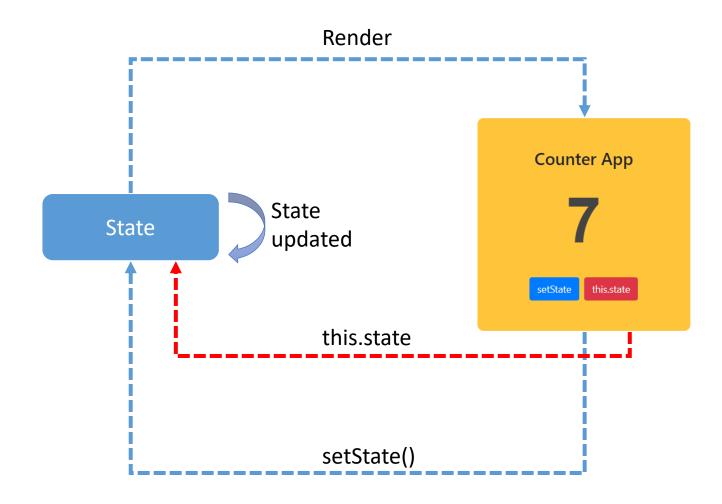


Open-Minded

- 1. Initialize the state
- 2. Access the state

3. Change the state

- setState method
 - Updates the state and renders the view
- this.state
 - Only mutates the state





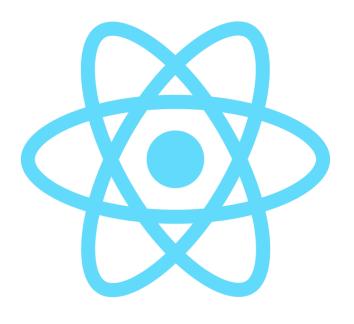
Objectives: React (Part 1)



- Component
- States

React Element and Virtual DOM

- JavaScript XML (JSX)
- Event handlers
- Props
- Data binding





Recap: Component



 Two most important features in class component

State

Hold the data to display when rendered

Render method

Describes what the UI should appear

```
// App Component
class App extends React.Component {
  constructor(props) {
   super(props);
   this.state = {
      count: 7,
 render () {
   return (
      <div>
        <h3>Counter App</h3>
        <h1>{this.state.count}</h1>
      </div>
    );
```



Render method



 Two most important features in class component

- State
 - Hold the data to display when rendered

Render method

Describes what the UI should appear

```
App Component
class App extends React.Component {
  constructor(props) {
    super(props);
    this.state = {
      count: 7,
  render () {
    return (
      <div>
        <h3>Counter App</h3>
        <h1>{this.state.count}</h1>
      </div>
```



Render method



 Two most important features in class component

- State
 - Hold the data to display when rendered

Render method

- Describes what the UI should appear
- Output → React Element

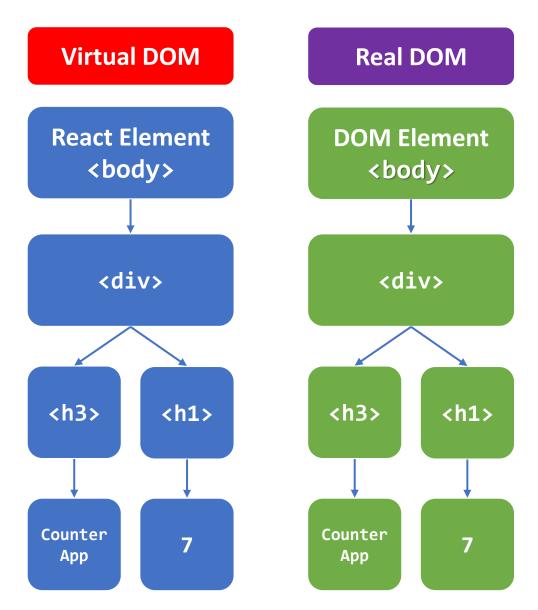
```
App Component
class App extends React.Component {
  constructor(props) {
    super(props);
    this.state = {
      count: 7,
  render () {
    return (
      <div>
        <h3>Counter App</h3>
        <h1>{this.state.count}</h1>
      </div>
```



React Element



 React Element is a plain JavaScript object and keeps a copy of Real DOM

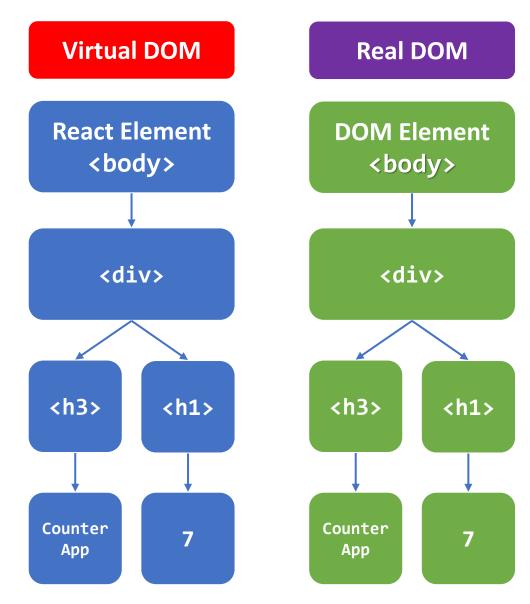




React Element



- React Element is a plain JavaScript object and keeps a copy of Real DOM

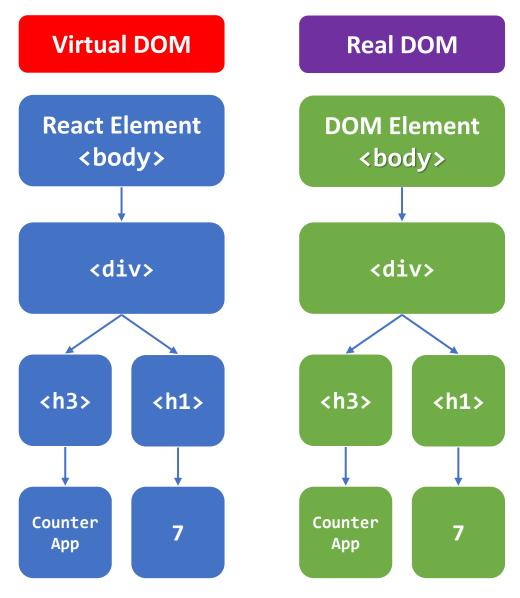




React Element



- React Element is a plain JavaScript object and keeps a copy of Real DOM

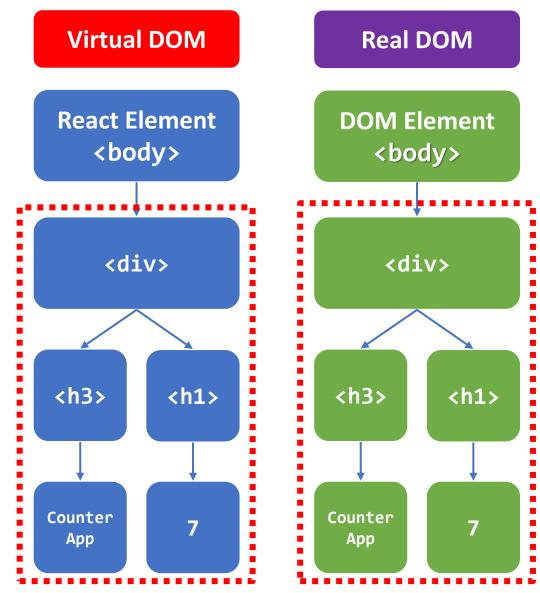




React Element



- React Element is a plain JavaScript object and keeps a copy of Real DOM

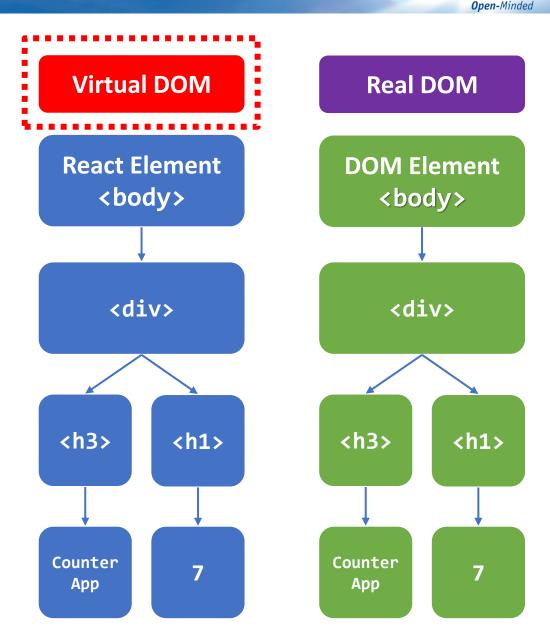




React Element



- React Element is a plain JavaScript object and keeps a copy of Real DOM

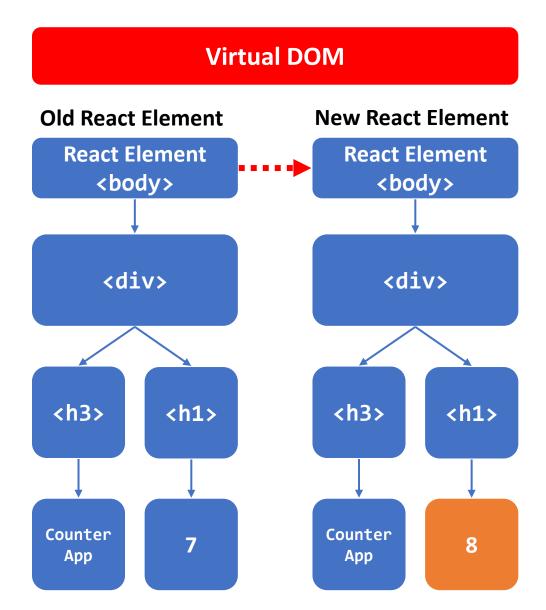






 State change creates a new React Element

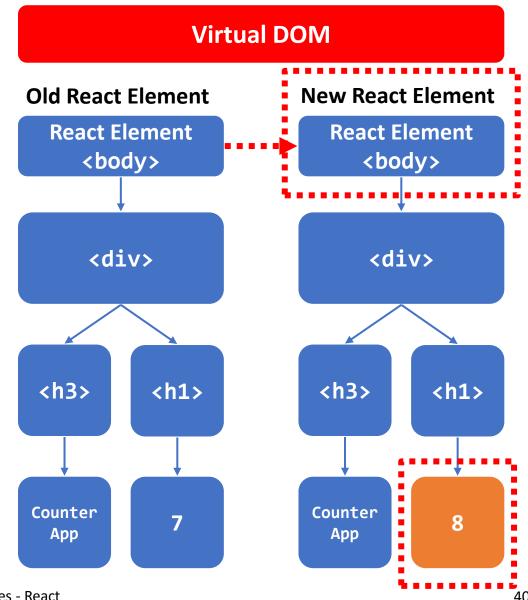
 Compares the old React Element with the new React Element







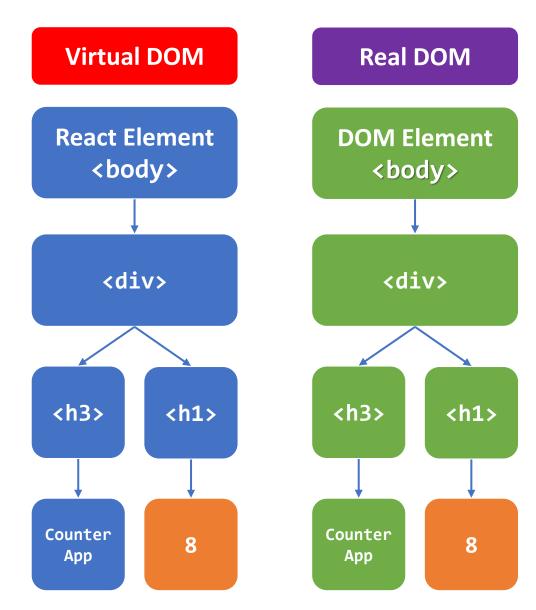
- State change creates a new React Element
- Compares the old React Element with the new React Element







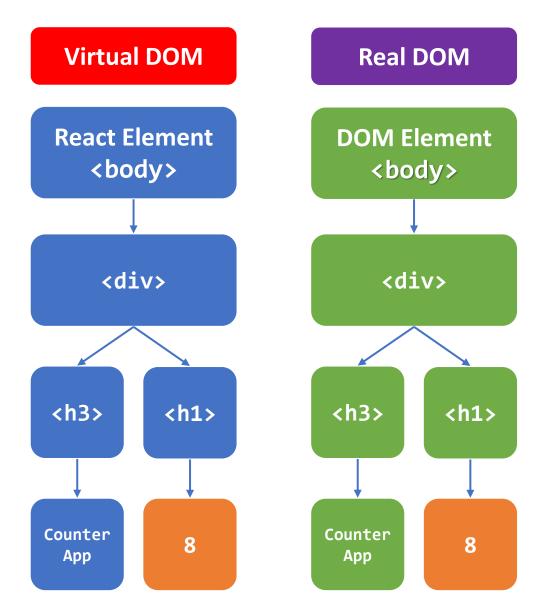
- State change creates a new React Element
- Compares the old React Element with the new React Element
- Updates in the real DOM
 - Keeping in sync with Virtual DOM







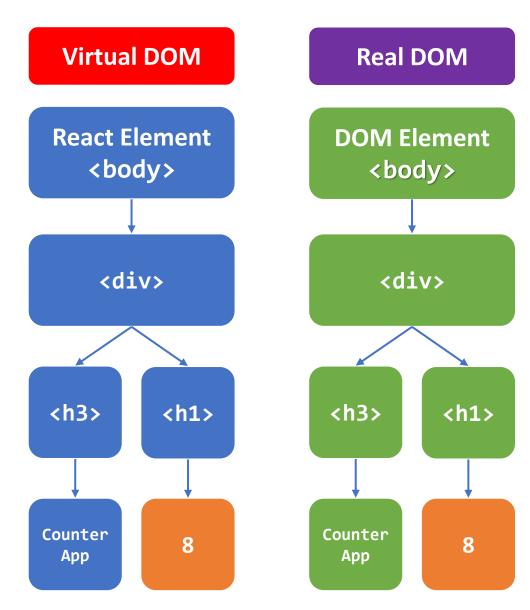
- State change creates a new React Element
- Compares the old React Element with the new React Element
- Updates in the real DOM
 - Keeping in sync with Virtual DOM
- Advantages?







- State change creates a new React Element
- Compares the old React Element with the new React Element
- Updates in the real DOM
 - Keeping in sync with Virtual DOM
- Advantages:
 - Re-rendering Real DOM after each update is costly
 - Updating in-memory DOM leads to performance gain

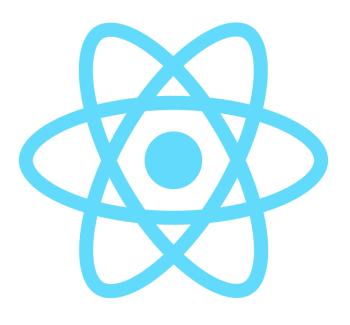




Objectives: React (1/2)



- Component
- States
- React Element and Virtual DOM
- JavaScript XML (JSX)
- Event handlers
- Props
- Data binding





- Output of render method is some Mark-up syntax
- Syntax is neither a string nor html
- → JavaScript XML (JSX)

```
App Component
class App extends React.Component {
  constructor(props) {
   super(props);
   this.state = {
      count: 7,
 render () {
    return
        <h3>Counter App</h3>
        <h1>{this.state.count}</h1>
       </div>
```



- React uses Babel¹ JavaScript library
 - A JavaScript XML compiler
- Converts JSX to plain JavaScript (JS)
 - Browsers can understand JS

```
App Component
class App extends React.Component {
  constructor(props) {
    super(props);
    this.state = {
      count: 7,
  render () {
    return (
      <div>
        <h3>Counter App</h3>
        <h1>{this.state.count}</h1>
       </div>
```





Open-Minde

React element with three properties

Type: div

Props: null or {}

 Children/value: child root elements with h3 and h1 tags

```
App Component
class App extends React.Component {
  constructor(props) {
    super(props);
    this.state = {
       count: 7,
  render () {
    return
       <mark>··<</mark>h3⇒Counter App</h3>
      __<h1>{this.state.count}</h1>
```



React element with three properties

• Type: h3

Props: null or {}

• Children/value: "Counter App"

```
// App Component
class App extends React.Component {
 constructor(props) {
   super(props);
   this.state = {
     count: 7,
 render () {
   return (
     <n1>{tnis.state.count}</h1>
     </div>
```



React element with three properties

Type: h1

Props: null or {}

• Children/value: 7

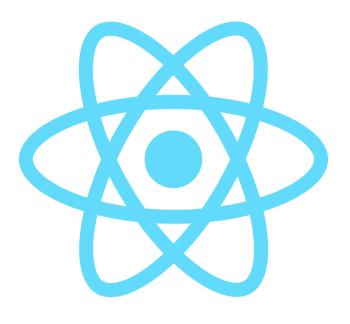
```
// App Component
class App extends React.Component {
  constructor(props) {
   super(props);
   this.state = {
      count: 7,
 render () {
   return (
      <div>
        .<h3>Counter.App</h3>.....
        <h1>{this.state.count}</h1>
```



Objectives: React (1/2)



- Component
- States
- React Element and Virtual DOM
- JavaScript XML (JSX)
- Event handlers
- Props
- Data binding







- Ways to interact with an application e.g.
 - Clicking buttons, moving mouse cursor, typing in input fields, pressing Shift/Control keys etc.
- React's event handling system →
 Synthetic Events
 - Cross-browser wrapper of browser's native events¹
 - Similar to event handlers in DOM elements.

```
// In React
<Button onClick={this.handleReset}>
   Reset
</Button>
```





- Ways to interact with an application e.g.
 - Clicking buttons, moving mouse cursor, typing in input fields, pressing Shift/Control keys etc.
- React's event handling system →
 Synthetic Events
 - Cross-browser wrapper of browser's native events¹
 - Similar to event handlers in DOM elements
- Event handlers in React are in camelCase form e.g. onClick not onclick

```
// In React
<Button onClick={this.handleReset}>
   Reset
</Button>
```





- Ways to interact with an application e.g.
 - Clicking buttons, moving mouse cursor, typing in input fields, pressing Shift/Control keys etc.
- React's event handling system →
 Synthetic Events
 - Cross-browser wrapper of browser's native events¹
 - Similar to event handlers in DOM elements
- Event handlers in React are in camelCase form e.g. onClick not onclick
- Pass a function in JSX unlike strings in HTML

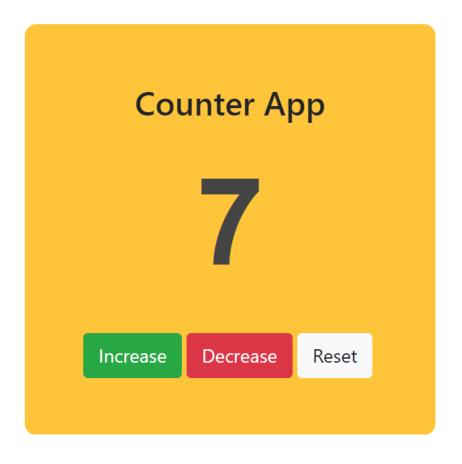
```
// In React
<Button onClick={this.handleReset}>
   Reset
</Button>
```





Example

 Interactive buttons for the counter application







- onClick is one of the Synthetic Events
 - Triggers action due to mouse click
 - Other event handlers in React. onFocus, onChange, onBlur etc.

```
App Component
  handleReset() {
    this.setState({
      count: 0,
    });
  render () {
    return (
    <>
      < Button
        className="btn-light"
onClick={this.handleReset}>
          Reset
      </Button>
```





- onClick is one of the Synthetic Events
 - Triggers action due to mouse click
 - Other event handlers in React.
 onFocus, onChange, onBlur etc.
- The **this** keyword represents the component that owns the method

```
App Component
handleReset() {
 this.setState({
   count: 0,
 });
render () {
 return (
 <>
   < Button
    className="btn-light"----
    onClick={this.handleReset}>
      Reset
   </Button>
```





- onClick is one of the Synthetic Events
 - Triggers action due to mouse click
 - Other event handlers in React.
 onFocus, onChange, onBlur etc.
- The **this** keyword represents the component that owns the method

```
App Component
handleReset()
  this.setState({
    count: 0,
  });
render () {
  return (
  <>
   < Button
     className="btn-light"
     onClick={this.handleReset}>
        Reset
   </Button>
```





Open-Minded

 The functionality of each buttons are as follows:

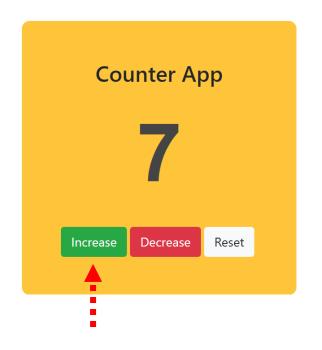


```
// Render method of App Component
render () {
  return (
  <>
    <Button className="btn-success"</pre>
             onClick={this.handleIncrease} >
      Increase
    </Button>
    <Button className="btn-danger"</pre>
             style={gutter}
             onClick={this.handleDecrease} >
      Decrease
    </Button>
    <Button className="btn-light"</pre>
             onClick={this.handleReset} >
        Reset
    </Button>
```





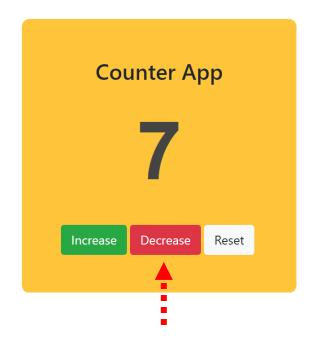
- The functionality of each buttons are as follows:
 - To increase the count by 1



```
// Render method of App Component
render () {
 return
   -----
   <Button className="btn-success"</pre>
           onClick={this.handleIncrease}
     Increase
    </Button>
   <Button className="btn-danger"</pre>
           style={gutter}
           onClick={this.handleDecrease} >
     Decrease
   </Button>
   <Button className="btn-light"
           onClick={this.handleReset} >
       Reset
   </Button>
```



- The functionality of each buttons are as follows:
 - To increase the count by 1
 - To decrease the count by 1



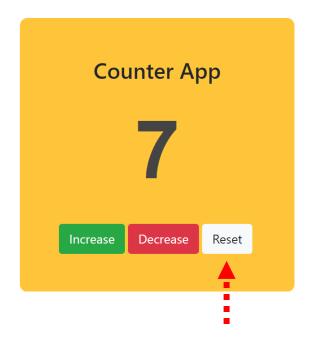
```
// Render method of App Component
render () {
  return (
  <>
    <Button className="btn-success"</pre>
             onClick={this.handleIncrease} >
      Increase
    </Button>
    <Button className="btn-danger"</pre>
             style={gutter}
             onClick={this.handleDecrease}
      Decrease
    </Button>
    <Button className="btn-light"</pre>
             onClick={this.handleReset} >
        Reset
    </Button>
```



Open-Minded

• The functionality of each buttons are as follows:

- To increase the count by 1
- To decrease the count by 1
- To reset the count to 0



```
// Render method of App Component
<u>ren</u>der () {
  return
  <>
    <Button className="btn-success"</pre>
             onClick={this.handleIncrease} >
      Increase
    </Button>
    <Button className="btn-danger"</pre>
             style={gutter}
             onClick={this.handleDecrease} >
      Decrease
    </Button>
    <Button className="btn-light"</pre>
             onClick={this.handleReset} >
        Reset
    </Button>
```





 Three methods are assigned to each buttons

- handleIncrease()
 - To increase the count by 1
- handleDecrease()
 - To decrease the count by 1
- handleReset()
 - To set the count to 0

```
App Component
// Event handler functions
handleIncrease() {
  this.setState({
    count: this.state.count + 1
handleDecrease() {
  this.setState({
    count: this.state.count - 1
handleReset() {
  this.setState({
    count: 0,
  });
```





- Three methods are assigned to each buttons
 - handleIncrease()
 - To increase the count by 1
 - handleDecrease()
 - To decrease the count by 1
 - handleReset()
 - To set the count to 0

```
App Component
  Event handler functions
handleIncrease() {
 this.setState({
    count: this.state.count + 1
handleDecrease() {
  this.setState({
    count: this.state.count - 1
handleReset() {
 this.setState({
    count: 0,
```





- The **this** keyword represents the component that owns the method
- Problem →
 - setState returns undefined
 - this keyword is not explicitly defined in the method
- Few techniques available to manually attach this keyword to the method
 - Refers to the bound object (state)
 when function is called

```
// App Component
class App extends React.Component {
  constructor(props) {
    super(props);
   this.state = {
      count: 7,
  handleReset()= { = a
    this.setState({
   --count:-0,--
 render () {
    return (
    <>
      <Button className="btn=light"=====</pre>
               onClick={this.handleRese
           Reset
       </Button>
```





- There are two possible solutions
- First Solution →
 bind this keyword to the
 component instance using
 .bind() method

```
App Component
class App extends Component {
 constructor(props) {
   super(props);
   this.state = {
    count: 7,
    name: "Counter App",
   // Binding methods
   this.handleIncrease =
    this.handleIncrease.bind(this);
   this.handleDecrease.bind(this);
   this.handleReset = .....
    this.handleReset.bind(this);
```





There are two possible solutions

- First Solution
 bind this keyword to the component instance using .bind() method
- Second Solution

 use the arrow function syntax provided in ES6 standard

```
"methodName = () => { }"
```

→ manual binding not required

```
// App Component
// Event handler functions
handleIncrease = () => {
  this.setState({
    count: this.state.count + 1
handleDecrease = () => {
  this.setState({
    count: this.state.count - 1
handleReset = () => {
  this.setState({
    count: 0,
```



Parameters in methods



Open-Minded

 handleReset method has no input parameter

```
// App Component
// Method with no input parameter
handleReset = () => {
  this.setState({
    count: 0,
  });
}
```



Parameters in methods



- handleReset method has no input parameter
- Pass parameters to methods by using the following syntax →

```
methodName = (param1, param2, ...) => {
   ...
```

```
App Component
// Method with no input parameter
handleReset = () => {
  this.setState({
    count: 0,
 });
// App Component
// Method with input parameter
handleReset = (value) => {
  this.setState({
    count: value,
```



Pass arguments

Open-Minded

 Pass arguments using anonymous arrow function

```
/ App Component
handleReset = (value) => {
  this.setState({
    count: value,
  });
,,,.........................
render () {
  return (
  <>
    <Button
      className="btn-light"
      onClick={() => this.handleReset(0)}
        Reset
    </Button>
```



Pass arguments

Open-Minded

 Pass arguments using anonymous arrow function

```
App Component
handleReset = (value) => {
  this.setState({
    count: value,
render () {
  return (
  <>
    <Button
     className="btn-light"
onClick={() => this.handleReset(0)}
         Reset
    </Button>
```



```
// App Component
handleReset = (value) => () => {
   this.setState({
       count: value,
   });
render () {
 return (
  <>
   < Button
    className="btn-light"
onClick={this.handleReset(0)}
   Reset
   </Button>
```

```
// App Component
 handleReset = (value) => {
   this.setState({
     count: value,
   });
 render () {
   return (
   <>
     <Button
className="btn-light"
onClick={() => this.handleReset(0)}
         Reset
     </Button>
```

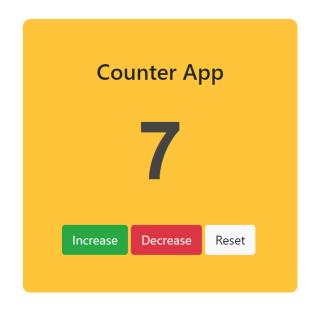


```
// App Component
handleReset = (value) => () => {
    this.setState({
         count: value,
    });
render () {
  return (
  <>
    < Button
      className="btn-light"
      onClick={this.handleReset(0)}
        Reset
    </Button>
```

```
// App Component
handleReset = (value) => {
  this.setState({
    count: value,
  });
render () {
  return (
  <>
    < Button
      className="btn-light"
      onClick={() => this.handleReset(0)}
        Reset
    </Button>
```



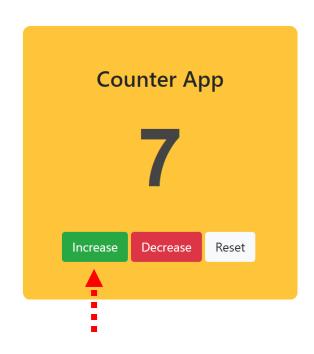




```
// Method inside App Component
// Old increase count method
handleIncrease = () => {
  this.setState({
    count: this.state.count + 1
    })
}
```



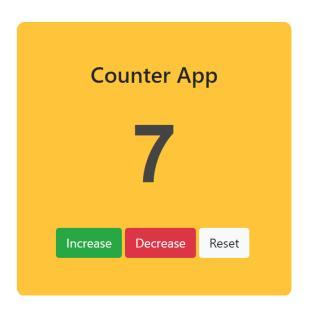




```
// Method inside App Component
// Old increase count method
handleIncrease = () => {
   this.setState({
     count: this.state.count + 1
   })
}
```



 Create an enhanced handleIncrease method

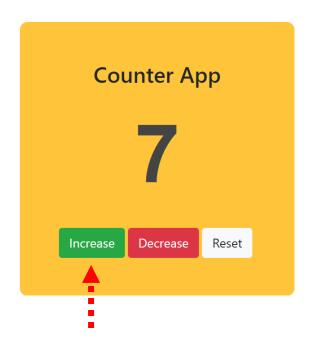


```
// Method inside App Component
// Old increase count method
handleIncrease = () => {
  this.setState({
    count: this.state.count + 1
  })
}
```





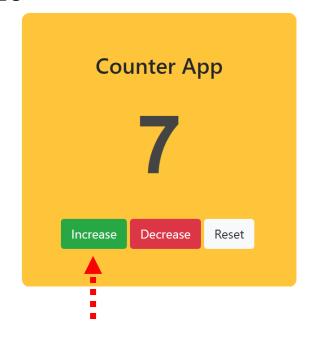
- Create an enhanced handleIncrease method
 - Pass a number as an input parameter

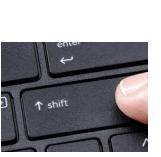


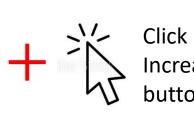
```
// Method inside App Component
// Old increase count method
handleIncrease = () => {
   this.setState({
     count: this.state.count + 1
   })
}
```



- Create an enhanced handleIncrease method
 - Pass a number as an input parameter
 - Press shift key + mouse click together to increase the count by 10







```
// Method inside App Component
// Old increase count method
handleIncrease = () => {
   this.setState({
     count: this.state.count + 1
   })
}
```



```
// Method inside App Component
// Old increase count method
handleIncrease = () => {
  this.setState({
    count: this.state.count + 1
  })
}
```

```
// Method inside App Component
// Enhanced increase count method
handleByShiftKey = (number) => (e) => {
  let current = this.state.count;
  if (e.shiftKey) {
    this.setState({
      count: current + (number*10),
    });
  } else {
    this.setState({
      count: current + number,
    });
```





```
// Method inside App Component
// Old increase count method
handleIncrease = () => {
  this.setState({
    count: this.state.count + 1
  })
}
```

```
// Method inside App Component
// Enhanced increase count method
handleByShiftKey = (number) => (e) => {
  let current = this.state.count;
  if (e.shiftKey) {
    this.setState({
      count: current + (number*10),
    });
  } else {
    this.setState({
      count: current + number,
    });
```





```
// Method inside App Component
// Old increase count method
handleIncrease = () => {
   this.setState({
     count: this.state.count + 1
   })
}
```

```
// Method inside App Component
// Enhanced increase count method
handleByShiftKey = (number) => (e) => {
 let current = this.state.count;
  if (e.shiftKey) <
    this.setState({
      count: current + (number*10),
    });
  } else {
    this.setState({
      count: current + number,
   });
```





```
// Method inside App Component
// Old increase count method
handleIncrease = () => {
  this.setState({
    count: this.state.count + 1
  })
}
```

```
// Method inside App Component
// Enhanced increase count method
handleByShiftKey = (number) => (e) => {
 let current = this.state.count;
 if (e.shiftKey) {
   this_setState({
    count: current + (number*10),
 } else {
   this.setState({
     count: current + number,
   });
```





Open-Minded

```
// Method inside App Component
// Old increase count method
handleIncrease = () => {
  this.setState({
    count: this.state.count + 1
  })
}
```

```
// Method inside App Component
// Enhanced increase count method
handleByShiftKey = (number) => (e) => {
  let current = this.state.count;
  if (e.shiftKey) {
    this.setState({
      count: current + (number*10),
    else {
    this.setState({
      count: current + number,
    });
```



Demo

Event parameter



- Event parameter (e or event)
 provided by a Synthetic Event
- It is an object that provides useful metadata information
 - Different for different event handler types
 - onClick event handler provides information about shiftKey
 - Value of shiftKey is either true or false

```
// Method inside App Component
// Enhanced increase count method...
handleByShiftKey = (number) => (e) => {
  let_current = this.state.count;
  if (e.shiftKey) {
    this setState({
      count: current + (number*10),
    });
  } else {
    this.setState({
      count: current + number,
    });
```



Calling handleByShiftKey in render method



```
// Method inside App Component
// Enhanced increase count method
handleByShiftKey = (number) => (e) => {
  let current = this.state.count;
  if (e.shiftKey) {
    this.setState({
      count: current + (number*10),
    });
  } else {
    this.setState({
      count: current + number,
    });
```

```
// App Component
render () {
  return (
  <>
    < Button
      className="btn-success"
      onClick={this.handleByShiftKey(1)}
        Increase
    </Button>
```



Modular handleByShiftKey



Open-Minded

```
// Method inside App Component
// Enhanced increase count method
handleByShiftKey = (number) => (e) => {
  let current = this.state.count;
  if (e.shiftKey) {
    this.setState({
      count: current + (number*10),
    });
  } else {
    this.setState({
      count: current + number,
    });
```

```
// Render method in App Component
render () {
  return (
  <>
    < Button
      className="btn-success"
      onClick={this.handleByShiftKey(1)}>
        Increase
    </Button>
    < Button
      className="btn-danger"
      onClick={this.handleByShiftKey(-1)}>
        Decrease
    </Button>
  </>>
```

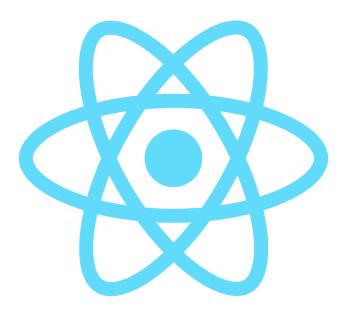


Demo

Objectives: React (1/2)



- Component
- States
- React Element and Virtual DOM
- JavaScript XML (JSX)
- Event handlers
- Props
- Data binding

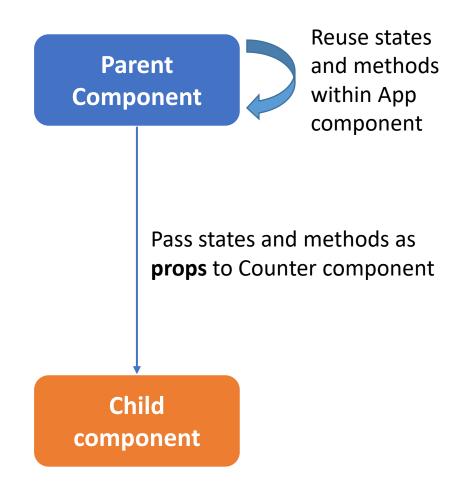




Props



- Props are short for properties
- States and methods of parent component are passed as props to child components
- Props are immutable
 - Whereas, states are mutable

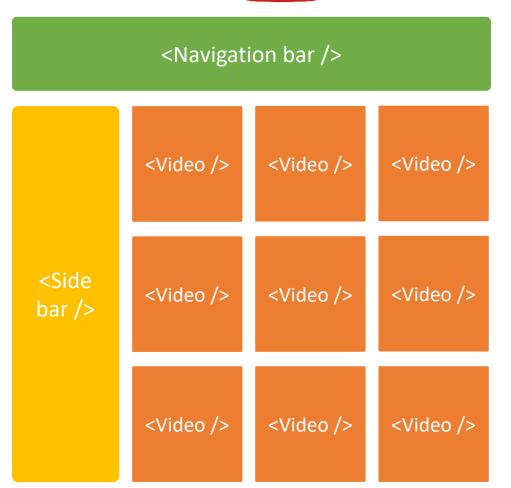


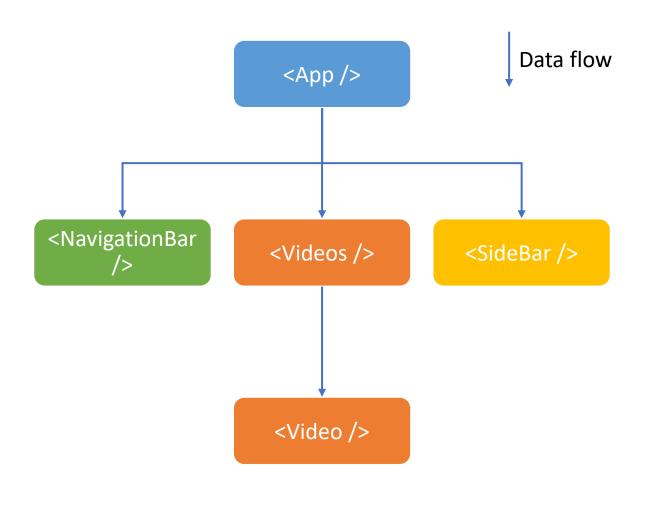


Recap: Component







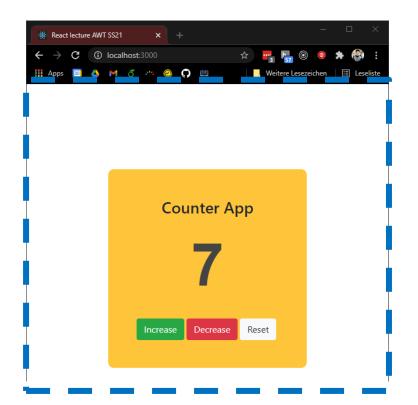


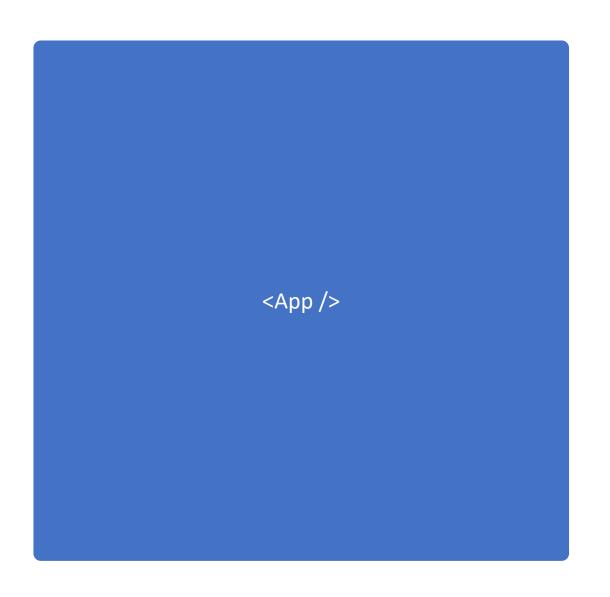


Props example: App Component



Open-Minded



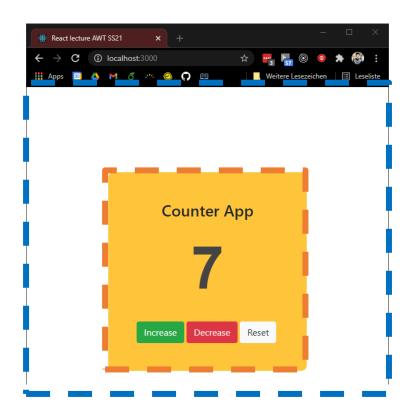


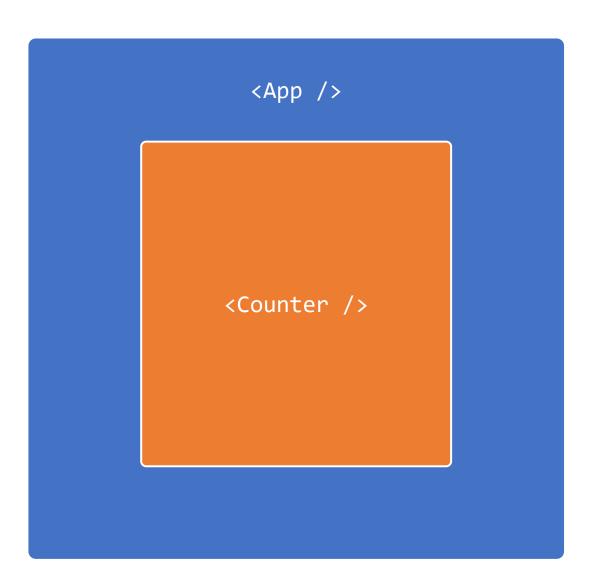


Props example: Create Counter Component



Open-Minded









Open-Minded

Render method in App component

Name of the counter

```
// Inside render method of the App Component
<Row className="justify-content-md-center">
  <Col>
    <h3>{this.state.name}</h3>
  </Col>
</Row>
<Row style={textStyle} className="justify-content-md-tenter">
  <Col>{this.state.count}</Col>
</Row>
<Container>
  <Row className="align-item-md-center">
    < Button
      className="btn-success" onClick={this.handleByShiftKey(1)}
      Increase
    </Button>
    < Button
      className="btn-danger" style={gutter}
      onClick={this.handleByShiftKey(-1)}
      Decrease
    </Button>
    <Button className="btn-light" onClick={this.handleReset(0)}>
      Reset
    </Button>
  </Row>
</Container>
```





Open-Minded

- Name of the counter
- Count value

```
// Inside render method of the App Component
<Row className="justify-content-md-center">
 <Col>
   <h3>{this.state.name}</h3>
 </Col>
<Row style={textStyle} className="justify-content-md-center";</pre>
 <Col>{this.state.count}</Col>
</Row>
«Container»
 <Row className="align-item-md-center">
   < Button
     className="btn-success" onClick={this.handleByShiftKey(1)}
     Increase
   </Button>
   < Button
     className="btn-danger" style={gutter}
     onClick={this.handleByShiftKey(-1)}
     Decrease
   </Button>
   <Button className="btn-light" onClick={this.handleReset(0)}>
     Reset
   </Button>
 </Row>
</Container>
```





Open-Minded

- Name of the counter
- Count value
- Increase button

```
// Inside render method of the App Component
<Row className="justify-content-md-center">
 <Col>
   <h3>{this.state.name}</h3>
 </Col>
</Row>
<Row style={textStyle} className="justify-content-md-center">
 <Col>{this.state.count}</Col>
</Row>
<Container>
  <Row_className="align-item-md-center">
   < Button
     className="btn-success" onClick={this.handleByShiftKey(1)}
     Increase
   </Button>
     className="btn-danger" style={gutter}
     onClick={this.handleByShiftKey(-1)}
     Decrease
   </Button>
   <Button className="btn-light" onClick={this.handleReset(0)}>
     Reset
   </Button>
 </Row>
</Container>
```





Open-Minded

- Name of the counter
- Count value
- Increase button
- Decrease button

```
// Inside render method of the App Component
<Row className="justify-content-md-center">
 <Col>
   <h3>{this.state.name}</h3>
 </Col>
</Row>
<Row style={textStyle} className="justify-content-md-center">
 <Col>{this.state.count}</Col>
</Row>
<Container>
 <Row className="align-item-md-center">
   < Button
     className="btn-success" onClick={this.handleByShiftKey(1)}
     Increase
    </Button>
     className="btn-danger" style={gutter}
onClick={this.handleByShiftKey(-1)}
     Decrease
   </Button>
   <Button className="btm-light" onClick={this.handleReset(0)}>
     Reset
   </Button>
 </Row>
</Container>
```





Open-Minded

- Name of the counter
- Count value
- Increase button
- Decrease button
- Reset button

```
// Inside render method of the App Component
<Row className="justify-content-md-center">
 <Co1>
   <h3>{this.state.name}</h3>
 </Col>
</Row>
<Row style={textStyle} className="justify-content-md-center">
 <Col>{this.state.count}</Col>
</Row>
<Container>
 <Row className="align-item-md-center">
   < Button
     className="btn-success" onClick={this.handleByShiftKey(1)}
     Increase
   </Button>
   < Button
     className="btn-danger" style={gutter}
     onClick={this.handleByShiftKey(-1)}
     Decrease
 4-</Button>
   <Button className="btn-light" onClick={this.handleReset(0)}>
     Reset
   </Button>
</Container>
```



Pass states & methods to Counter component



Open-Minded

```
// Inside render method of the App Component
<Row className="justify-content-md-center">
 </Col>
</Row>
<Row style={textStyle} className="justify-content-md-center">
 <Col>{this.state.count}</Col>
</Row>
<Container>
  <Row className="align-item-md-center">
   < Button
     Button
  className="btn-success" onClick={this.handleByShiftKey(1)}
                                  Increase
   </Button>
   < Button
     className="btn-dangen" style={gutter}
onClick={this.handleByShiftKey(-1)}
            4......................
     Decrease
   </Button>
   <Button className="btn-light" onClick={this.handleReset(0)}>
     Reset
   </Button>
 </Row>
</Container>
```

Create a child component and name it Counter

```
// App Component
render () {
  return (
  <>
     <Counter />
```



Props



- Provide a prop name for each state and method to be sent as props
 - name
 - count
 - increase
 - decrease
 - reset

```
// Render method of App Component
render () {
 return (
  <>
     <Counter
       name={this.state.name}
       count={this.state.count}
       increase={this.handleByShiftKey(1)}
       decrease={this.handleByShiftKey(-1)}
       reset={this.handleReset(0)}
```





- Access the props using this.props, therefore:
 - this.props.name

```
// Inside the render method of
App Component
<Counter

name={this.state.name}
    count={this.state.count}
    increase={this.handleByShiftKey(1)}
    decrease={this.handleByShiftKey(-1)}
    reset={this.handleReset(0)}
/>
```

```
// Inside the render method of Counter Component
<Row className="justify-content-md-center">
  <h2>{this.props.name}</h3>
</Row>
<Row style={textStyle}</pre>
    className="justify-content-md-center">
  <Col>{this.props.count}</Col>
</Row>
<Container>
  <Row className="align-item-md-center">
    <Button className="btn-success"</pre>
           onClick={this.props.increase}>
      Increase
    </Button>
    < Button
      className="btn-danger" style={gutter}
      onClick={this.props.decrease}>
     Decrease
    </Button>
   <Button className="btn-light"</pre>
            onClick={this.props.reset}>
      Reset
    </Button>
  </Row>
</Container>
```





- Access the props using this.props, therefore:
 - this.props.name
 - this.props.count

```
// Inside the render method of
App Component
<Counter
   name={this.state.name}

count={this.state.count}
   increase={this.handleByShiftKey(1)}
   decrease={this.handleByShiftKey(-1)}
   reset={this.handleReset(0)}
//>
```

```
// Inside the render method of Counter Component
<Row className="justify-content-md-center">
  <Col>
    <h3>{this.props.name}</h3>
  </Col>
</Row>
<Row style={textStyle}</pre>
  className="justify=content-md-center">
<Col>{this.props.count}</Col>
</Row>
<Container>
  <Row className="align-item-md-center">
    <Button className="btn-success"</pre>
            onClick={this.props.increase}>
      Increase
    </Button>
    < Button
      className="btn-danger" style={gutter}
      onClick={this.props.decrease}>
      Decrease
    </Button>
    <Button className="btn-light"</pre>
            onClick={this.props.reset}>
      Reset
    </Button>
  </Row>
</Container>
```





- Access the props using this.props, therefore:
 - this.props.name
 - this.props.count
 - this.props.increase

```
// Inside the render method of
App Component
<Counter
   name={this.state.name}
   count={this.state.count}
   increase={this.handleByShiftKey(1)}
   decrease={this.handleByShiftKey(-1)}
   reset={this.handleReset(0)}
/>
```

```
// Inside the render method of Counter Component
<Row className="justify-content-md-center">
 <Col>
   <h3>{this.props.name}</h3>
 </Col>
</Row>
<Row style={textStyle}</pre>
    className="justify-content-md-center">
 <Col>{this.props.count}</Col>
</Row>
<Container>
 onClick={this.props.increase};
     Increase.
   </Button>
   <Button
     className="btn-danger" style={gutter}
     onClick={this.props.decrease}>
     Decrease
   </Button>
   <Button className="btn-light"</pre>
           onClick={this.props.reset}>
     Reset
   </Button>
 </Row>
</Container>
```





- Access the props using this.props, therefore:
 - this.props.name
 - this.props.count
 - this.props.increase
 - this.props.decrease

```
// Inside the render method of
App Component
<Counter
   name={this.state.name}
   count={this.state.count}
   increase={this.handleByShiftKey(1)}
   decrease={this.handleByShiftKey(-1)}
   reset={this.handleReset(0)}
/>
```

```
// Inside the render method of Counter Component
<Row className="justify-content-md-center">
  <Col>
    <h3>{this.props.name}</h3>
  </Col>
</Row>
<Row style={textStyle}</pre>
     className="justify-content-md-center">
  <Col>{this.props.count}</Col>
</Row>
<Container>
  <Row className="align-item-md-center">
     <Button className="btn-success"</pre>
              onClick={this.props.increase}>
       Increase
    </Button>
    < Button
      className="btn-danger" style={gutter}
onClick={this.props.decrease}
Decrease
    </Putton>
     <Button className="btn-light"</pre>
              onClick={this.props.reset}>
       Reset
    </Button>
  </Row>
</Container>
```





- Access the props using this.props, therefore:
 - this.props.name
 - this.props.count
 - this.props.increase
 - this.props.decrease
 - this.props.reset

```
// Inside the render method of
App Component
<Counter
   name={this.state.name}
   count={this.state.count}
   increase={this.handleByShiftKey(1)}
   decrease={this.handleByShiftKey(-1)}
   reset={this.handleReset(0)}
//>
```

```
// Inside the render method of Counter Component
 <Row className="justify-content-md-center">
   <Col>
     <h3>{this.props.name}</h3>
   </Col>
 </Row>
 <Row style={textStyle}</pre>
      className="justify-content-md-center">
   <Col>{this.props.count}</Col>
 </Row>
 <Container>
   <Row className="align-item-md-center">
     <Button className="btn-success"</pre>
              onClick={this.props.increase}>
       Increase
     </Button>
     < Button
       className="btn-danger" style={gutter}
       onClick={this.props.decrease}>
       Decrease
     </Button>
     <Button className="btn-light"====
              onClich={this.props.reset}}
Reset
     </Button>
   </Row>
 </Container>
```



Counter component

Open-Minded

 Counter component is now maintainable and reusable

```
// Inside the render method of
App Component
<Counter
   name={this.state.name}
   count={this.state.count}
   increase={this.handleByShiftKey(1)}
   decrease={this.handleByShiftKey(-1)}
   reset={this.handleReset(0)}
//>
```

computing

```
// Inside the render method of Counter Component
<Row className="justify-content-md-center">
  <Col>
    <h3>{this.props.name}</h3>
  </Col>
</Row>
<Row style={textStyle}</pre>
     className="justify-content-md-center">
  <Col>{this.props.count}</Col>
</Row>
<Container>
  <Row className="align-item-md-center">
    <Button className="btn-success"</pre>
            onClick={this.props.increase}>
      Increase
    </Button>
    < Button
      className="btn-danger" style={gutter}
      onClick={this.props.decrease}>
      Decrease
    </Button>
    <Button className="btn-light"</pre>
            onClick={this.props.reset}>
      Reset
    </Button>
  </Row>
</Container>
```

Demo

Multiple Counter components inside App

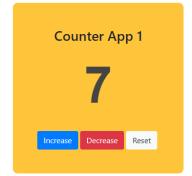


```
// Inside the render method of App Component
<Row>
  <Col>
     {/* Counter Component 1*/}
     <Counter
       name={"Counter App 1"}
       count={this.state.count}
       increase={this.handleByShiftKey(1)}
decrease={this.handleByShiftKey(-1)}
       reset={this.handleReset(0)}
  </Col>
  <Col>
     {/* Counter Component 2*/}

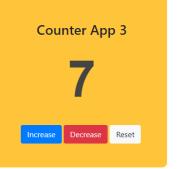
∠Counter

       name={"Counter App 2"}
       count={this.state.count}
       increase={this.handleByShiftKey(1)}
decrease={this.handleByShiftKey(-1)}
       reset={this.handleReset(0)}
  </Col>
  <Col>
     {/* Counter Component 3*/}
    Counter
       name={"Counter App 3"}
       count={this.state.count}
       increase={this.handleByShiftKey(1)}
decrease={this.handleByShiftKey(-1)}
       reset={this.handleReset(0)}
  </Col>
</Row>
```



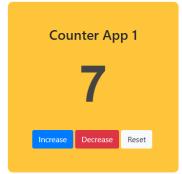


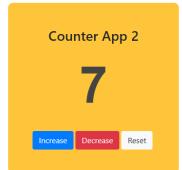




```
// Render method of App Component
render() {
   // Styling
 let containerStyle = {marginTop: 150};
  <Container style={containerStyle}>
        <Row>
          low>
{counterArr.map((counter, index) => {
           return class / col key={index}>
                <Counter
                 name={counter}
                  count={this.state.count}
                  increase={this.handleByShiftKey(1)}
                 decrease={this.handleByShiftKey(-1)}
reset={this.handleReset(0)}
              </Col>
        </Row>
      </Container>
```



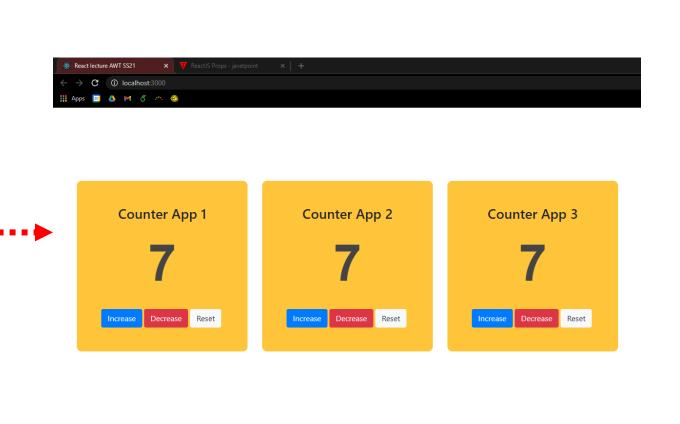








```
// Render method of App Component
render() {
   // Styling
 let containerStyle = {marginTop: 150};
 return (
     <Container style={containerStyle}>
       return
            <Col key={index}>
             <Counter
               name={counter}
               count={this.state.count}
               increase={this.handleByShiftKey(1)}
decrease={this.handleByShiftKey(-1)}
reset={this.handleReset(0)}
            </Col>
       <7/Rows
     </Container>
); </>
```

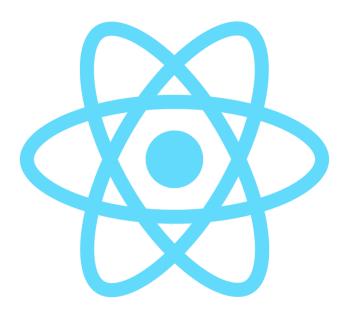




Objectives: React (1/2)



- Component
- States
- React Element and Virtual DOM
- JavaScript XML (JSX)
- Event handlers
- Props
- Data binding

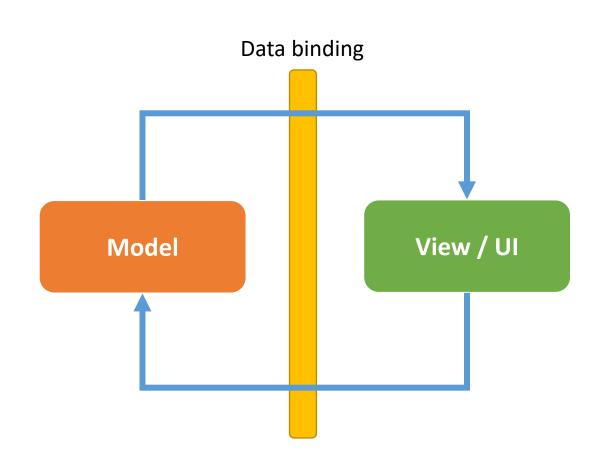




Data binding



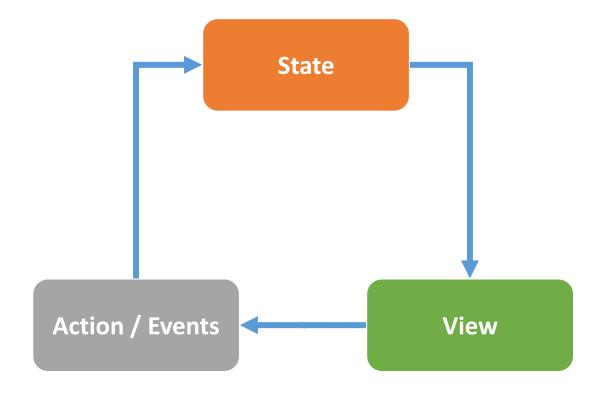
- The connection between the Model and the View → Data binding
- Any change in the model (State) gets reflected inside the view (UI)
- Any change in the view (UI) gets reflected inside the component's logic (State)
- There are two types:
 - One-way data binding
 - Two-way data binding







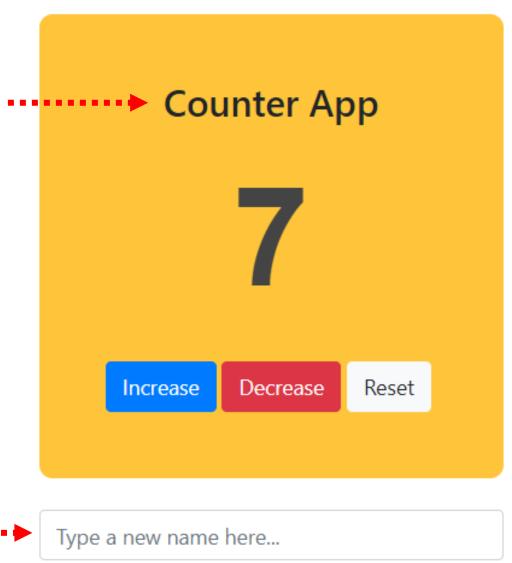
- React support only one-way data binding
- Bound to only one-way data connection
- View cannot manipulate State directly in React
 - Only way is through an Event (Action)





Example





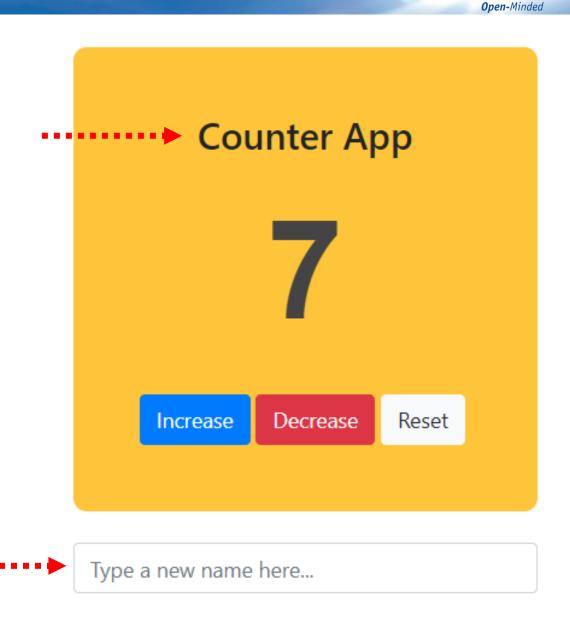






Example

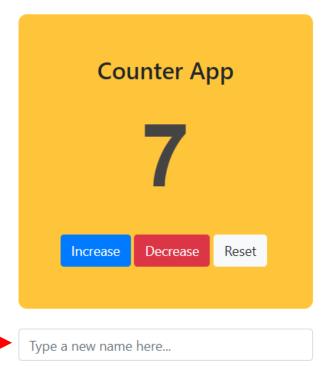
 Use an input field to change the name of the application







<input /> (FormControl¹)
 is controlled by the render
 function

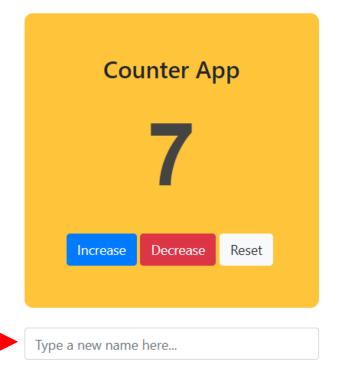


```
// Render method of Counter Component
render () {
return (
<>
 <Row style={inputText}>
  <FormControl</pre>
    placeholder="Type a new name here...
    onChange={this.handleChangeName}
</>>
```



Open-Minded

• <input /> (FormControl¹) is controlled by the render function



```
// Render method of Counter Component
render ()
return (
 <>
  <Row style={inputText}>
   <FormControl</pre>
     placeholder="Type a new name here...
     onChange={this.handleChangeName}
  </Row>
```



- <input /> (FormControl¹) is controlled by the render function
- The only way to change the State from View is through some Events
- Attach an onChange event to the <FormControl />

```
// Render method of Counter Component
render () {
 return (
 <>
  <Row style={inputText}>
   <FormControl</pre>
   __placeholder="Type a new name here...
     onChange={this.handleChangeName}
  </Row>
 </>>
```





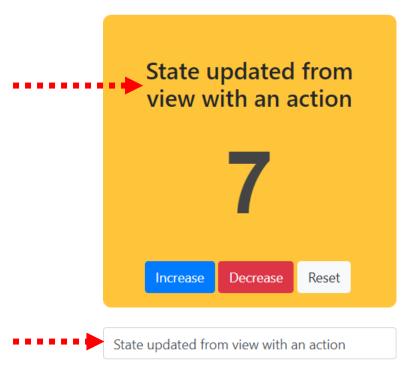
- handleChangeName method calls the setState method to update name
- Event parameter "e" from the Synthetic event on Change provides useful metadata information such as id, value, name etc.

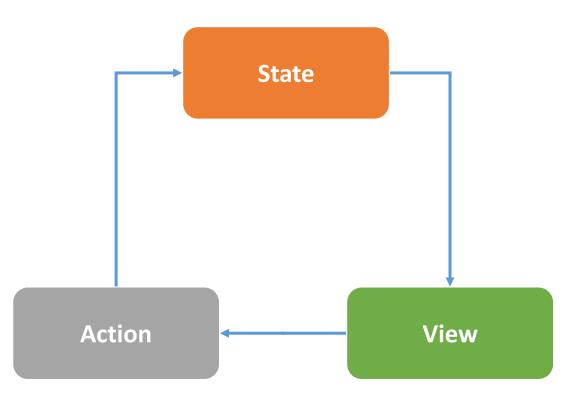
```
class Counter extends Component {
 constructor(props) {
  super(props);
  this.state = {
   count: 7,
   name: "Counter App",
};
handleChangeName = (e) => {
  this.setState({
    name: e.target.value,
  });
                                   Demo
```





- Direct manipulation of state not possible from view
- The state changes due to an event caused from the view







References



Open-Minded

State

- https://daveceddia.com/why-not-modify-react-state-directly/
- https://stackoverflow.com/questions/37755997/why-cant-i-directly-modify-a-components-state-really
- https://www.javatpoint.com/react-state

React Element & JavaScript XML (JSX)

- https://www.javatpoint.com/react-fragments
- https://stackoverflow.com/questions/47761894/why-are-fragments-in-react-16-better-than-container-divs
- https://babeljs.io/docs/en/
- https://babeljs.io/repl

Event handlers

- https://www.freecodecamp.org/news/javascript-events-explained-in-simple-english/
- https://gist.github.com/fongandrew/f28245920a41788e084d77877e65f22f
- https://reactjs.org/docs/events.html
- https://reactjs.org/docs/handling-events.html
- https://www.w3schools.com/react/react_events.asp



References



- https://dev.to/nagwan/react-synthetic-events-34e5
- https://stackoverflow.com/questions/42597602/react-onclick-pass-event-with-parameter
- https://stackoverflow.com/questions/32782922/what-do-multiple-arrow-functions-mean-in-javascript
- https://medium.com/byte-sized-react/what-is-this-in-react-25c62c31480#:~":text=The%20'this'%20keyword%20typically%20references,or%20context%20of%20its%20use.
- https://stackoverflow.com/questions/38046970/react-component-this-is-not-defined-when-handlers-are-called
- https://gist.github.com/dfoverdx/2582340cab70cff83634c8d56b4417cd

Props

- https://www.javatpoint.com/react-props
- https://reactjs.org/docs/components-and-props.html
- https://www.w3schools.com/react/react_props.asp
- https://ui.dev/react-router-v4-pass-props-to-components/

Data binding

• https://stackoverflow.com/questions/34519889/can-anyone-explain-the-difference-between-reacts-one-way-data-binding-and-angula



Additional resources



Example source codes used in lectures

• https://github.com/ude-soco/AdvWebTech-React-Lecture

