



fortiss An-Institut an der Technischen Universität München

Master's Thesis

Adding C++ Support to mbeddr

Language Engineering for C++ over the mbeddr Project C implementation

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Context: mbeddr and MPS

Language Engineering

- mbeddr is a C programming language with extensions for embedded development
- based on a language engineering framework
 JetBrains MPS
- to which we add C++ programming language, we call it *Projectional C++*

Projectional C++

this Master's Thesis object, C++ language (dialect)

mbeddr

C language (dialect), with some extenstions

JetBrains MPS

language engineering platform

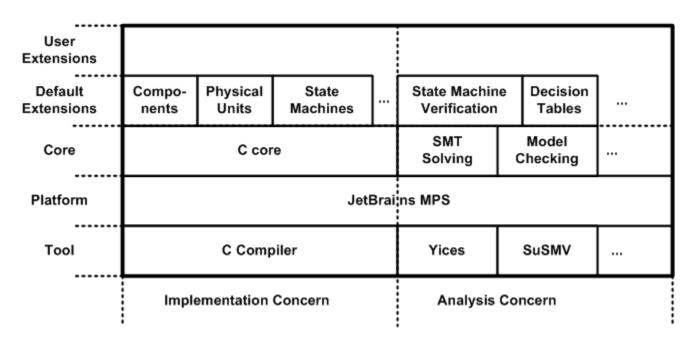
mbeddr: Example 1

mbeddr: Example 2

```
verifiable
statemachine CounterModulo {
 in events
  start() < no binding>
  doStep(int[0..100] step) < no binding>
 out events
  overflow()=>handleOverflow
 local variables
  int[0..99] counterVal = 0
 states (initial = StandBy)
  state StandBy {
   on start[]-> Counting{ }
  state Counting {
   on doStep [counterVal + step <= 100] -> Counting
     {counterVal = counterVal + step;}
   on doStep [counterVal + step >= 100] -> Counting {
    counterVal = counterVal + step - 100;
    send overflow();
```

```
var CounterModulo counter;
void loop(){
trigger(counter, start);
trigger(counter, doStep(2));
loop (function)
void handleOverflow(){
handleOverflow (function)
```

mbeddr: Stack



Safer C dialect for embedded development:

- only C core supported "unsafe" constructions dropped;
- domain specific extensions with analyses

Problem

- C++ is popular among embedded system developers, but
- mbeddr does not support
 C++, so it makes sense to

 extend mbeddr to support C++

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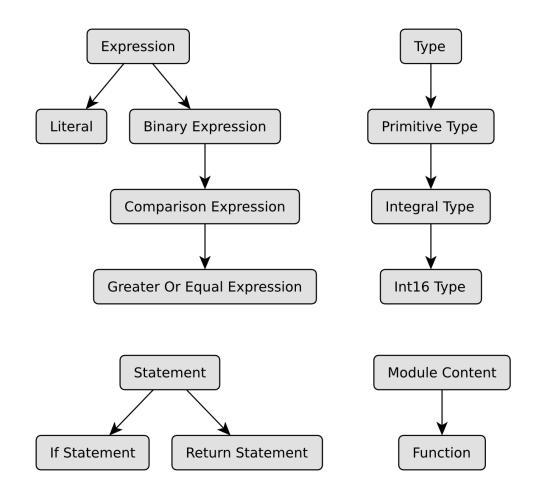
JetBrains MPS

language engineering platform

Meta-Model Hierarchies

```
int16 abs(int16 x) {
   if (x >= 0) {
     return x;
   } else {
     return -x;
   } if
} abs (function)
```

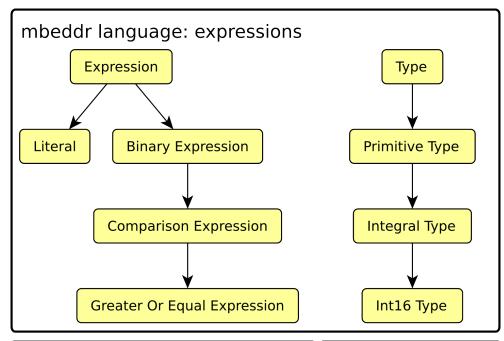
- Language is a meta-model
- Model is the code
- Code is projected

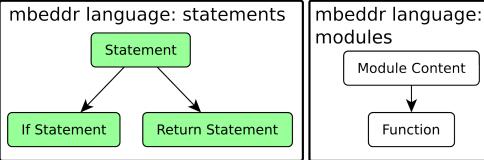


MPS Language Modularity

```
intl6 abs(intl6 x) {
  if (x >= 0) {
    return x;
  } else {
    return -x;
  } if
} abs (function)
```

- statements language uses expressions
- modules language uses expressions and statements languages





Language Extensibility

state machines language extends expressions language

Defining a Language

- A language is defined in MPS in views on it:
 - Structure view meta-model structure
 - Behavior view methods, like in a Java class
 - Editor view the way to input and edit a model
 - Constraints view context sensitive limitations
 - Type system view for typed languages
 - TextGen view to generate to text
 - Intentions view provide user-callable automations
 - Analyses view for warnings and errors, informing
 - Generators view used to lower abstraction level

Approach

- With the use of language modularity and
- language extensibility
- add C++ to mbeddr C language
- describing a new language in JetBrains MPS through views on it

Projectional C++

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Challenges

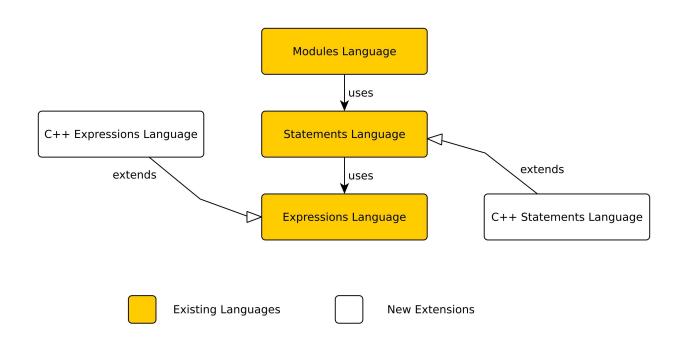
C1: Is it in general possible to extend mbeddr C to C++? Will mbeddr be flexible enough?

C2: Is it possible to make a "safer" C++ dialect? *Like mbeddr C is a safer C dialect.*

C3: Templates in C++ bear pure textual nature! *A* contradiction with the projectional approach.

C1: Extending C to C++

- Practically proven to be possible
 - One-side-awareness challenge



C2: Better dialect of C++?

- Dropping language features
 - C++ is valuable with the standard library (STL), but
 - STL requires all C++ language features, thus
 - dropping "unsafe" language features is not the way!
- Adding language features
 - Analyses to improve understanding (abstract class)
 - Information, made explicit (override)
 - Code generation, automations (getter and setter)
 - Naming conventions made explicit (naming of fields)

And...

Projectional C++ is a base for future extensions.
 Signals, design patterns, more?

Example:

 Abstract classes, pure virtual functions and overrides have no syntax in C++, added:

```
abstract class Widget /copyable and assignable/ {
  public:
    explicit Widget(Widget* parent) (constructor)
    pure virtual Size getDimensions() = 0
}
abstract class Button : public Widget /copyable and assignable/ {
  public:
    Button() (constructor)
    pure virtual boolean isPressed()
}
class PushButton : public Button /copyable and assignable/ {
  public:
    PushButton() (constructor)
   virtual Size getDimensions() overrides Widget::getDimensions()
   virtual boolean isPressed() overrides Button::isPressed()
}
```

C3: Templates?

- Implemented through "C++ concepts"
- Have a number of advantages and disadvantages
 - explicit
 - checkable

but

- absent in C++
- special importer
- additional work
- code duplication
- Another approach?

```
concept Comparable {
  public:
    int8 compare(Comparable c1)
realizes Comparable
class NumberWrapper /copyable and assignable/ {
  public:
    int8 compare(NumberWrapper other)
    NumberWrapper(int8 v) (constructor)
  private:
    int8 mValue
template <class T: Comparable>
class OrderedList /copyable and assignable/ {
  public:
    OrderedList() (constructor)
    int8 compare(T first, T other)
```

Lessons Learned

- Meta-Model Extensibility Language Extensibility in MPS
- Making a Language Safer Guidelines
- Language Tooling Future MPS Improvements

Meta-Model Extensibility

| View | Extensibility Support | Workarounds Quality |
|-------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Structure | High | - |
| Editor | No | Poor |
| Constraints | Low | Good |
| Behavior | High | - |
| TextGen | High | - |
| Generators | - | - |
| Intentions | No | Medium |
| Type System | Low | Medium |
| Analyses | No | Medium |

- Meta-model extensibility depends on metameta-model (MPS) design
- MPS can provide better support for extensibility

Making a Language Safer

Few principles discovered may apply to every language reconstructed:

- Target semantics pure virtual functions, exts
- Store more information overrides
- Configuration is a part of source naming
- Hide redundant syntax braces, etc.
- Make syntax human readable pure virtuals
- Show core, hint on details friend function
- Perform analyses abstract classes

Language Tooling

- Analyses were found to be useful, however
 - MPS does not support them explicitly!
 - Computational complexity can be very high!
- Propositions for MPS evolution APIs for analyses:
 - When does an analysis start?
 - Which scope does it have?
 - Is result caching needed?
 - Prioritisation, concurrency limitations?
 - Informing the user can be improved and
 - Common solutions offered for reuse

Future Work

- Complete language support + STL
- Investigating language use
- Importer, templates
- Debugger
- Extensions on top of Projectional C++
- JetBrains MPS Evolution

Thank you!

Thank you for your attention!

You are welcome to ask questions: Zaur Molotnikov

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