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#### **QUICK LINKS**

## 1. Introduction

This bundle provides two classfiles, namely cas-sc.cls and cas-dc.cls and corresponding template files for typesetting journal articles supposed to go through Elsevier's updated workflow. cas-sc.cls is meant for one-column, the other cas-dc.cls for two-column layout. These are now accepted for submitting articles both in Elsevier's electronic submission system and elsewhere.

### 1.1. Usage

1. cas-sc.cls for single column journals.

```
\documentclass[<options>]{cas-sc}
```

2. cas-dc.cls for single column journals.

```
\documentclass[<options>]{cas-dc}
```

and have an option longmktitle to handle long front matter.

### 2. Front matter

```
\title [mode = title]{This is a specimen $a_b$ title}
\tnotemark[1,2]
```

\tnotetext[1]{This document is the results of the research
project funded by the National Science Foundation.}

\tnotetext[2]{The second title footnote which is a longer text
 matter to fill through the whole text width and overflow
 into another line in the footnotes area of the first page.}

Version: 2.3

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```
\author[1,3]{J.K. Krishnan}[type=editor,
                auid=000,bioid=1,
                prefix=Sir,
                role=Researcher,
                orcid=0000-0001-0000-0000]
\cormark[1]
\fnmark[1]
\ead{jkk@example.in}
\ead[url] {www.jkkrishnan.in}
\credit{Conceptualization of this study,
      Methodology, Software}
\affiliation[1]{organization={Department of Physics,
            J.K. Institute of Science},
           addressline={Jawahar Nagar},
           city={Trivandrum},
%
           citysep={}, % Uncomment if no comma needed
%
                      between city and postcode
          postcode={695013},
           state={Kerala},
           country={India}}
\author[2,4]{Han Thane}[style=chinese]
\author[2,3]{William {J. Hansen}}[%
  role=Co-ordinator,
  suffix=Jr,
\fnmark[2]
\ead{wjh@example.org}
\ead[URL]{https://www.university.org}
\credit{Data curation, Writing - Original draft preparation}
```

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```
\affiliation[2]{organization={World Scientific University},
           addressline={Street 29},
          postcode={1011 NX},
          postcodesep={},
           city={Amsterdam},
           country={The Netherlands}}
\author[1,3]{T. Rafeeq}
\cormark[2]
\fnmark[1,3]
\ead{t.rafeeq@example.in}
\ead[URL] {www.campus.in}
\affiliation[3]{organization={University of Intelligent
             Studies},
           addressline={Street 15},
           city={Jabaldesh},
          postcode={825001},
           state={Orissa},
           country={India}}
\cortext[cor1]{Corresponding author}
\cortext[cor2]{Principal corresponding author}
\fntext[fn1]{This is the first author footnote, but is common
  to third author as well.}
\fntext[fn2]{Another author footnote, this is a very long
 footnote and it should be a really long footnote. But this
 footnote is not yet sufficiently long enough to make two
 lines of footnote text.}
\nonumnote{This note has no numbers. In this work we
 demonstrate a_b the formation Y_1 of a new type of
 polariton on the interface between a cuprous oxide slab
 and a polystyrene micro-sphere placed on the slab.
 }
```

Version: 2.3

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```
\begin{abstract}[S U M M A R Y]
This template helps you to create a properly formatted
  \LaTeX\ manuscript.

\begin{abstract} ... \end{abstract} and \begin{keyword}
  ... \end{keyword} which contain the abstract and keywords
respectively. Each keyword shall be separated by
a \sep command.
\end{abstract}

\begin{keywords}
quadrupole exciton \sep polariton \sep WGM \sep BEC
\end{keywords}

\maketitle
```

### 2.1. Title

\title command have the below options:

1. title: Document title

2. alt: Alternate title

3. sub: Sub title

4. trans: Translated title

5. transsub: Translated sub title

\title[mode=title]{This is a title}
\title[mode=alt]{This is a alternate title}
\title[mode=sub]{This is a sub title}
\title[mode=trans]{This is a translated title}
\title[mode=transsub]{This is a translated sub title}

## 2.2. Author

\author command have the below options:

1. auid: Author id

2. bioid: Biography id

Version: 2.3

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```
QUICK LINKS
```

```
3. alt: Alternate author
```

4. style: Style of author name, eg. chinese

5. prefix: Prefix, eg. Sir

6. suffix: Suffix

7. degree: Degree

8. role: Role

9. orcid: ORCID

10. collab: Collaboration

11. anon: Anonymous author

12. deceased: Deceased author

13. twitter: Twitter account

14. facebook: Facebook account

15. linkedin: LinkedIn account

16. plus: Google plus account

17. gplus: Google plus account

```
\author[1,3]{Author Name}[type=editor,
   auid=000,bioid=1,
   prefix=Sir,
   role=Researcher,
   orcid=0000-0001-0000-0000,
   facebook=<facebook id>,
   twitter=<twitter id>,
   linkedin=<linkedin id>,
   gplus=<gplus id>]
```

### 2.3. Various Marks in the Front Matter

The front matter becomes complicated due to various kinds of notes and marks to the title and author names. Marks in the title will be denoted by a star  $(\star)$  mark; footnotes are denoted by super scripted Arabic numerals, corresponding author by an Conformal asterisk (\*) mark.

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#### **QUICK LINKS**

# This is a specimen $a_b$ title\*\*,\*\*

Sir J.K. Krishnan $^{a,c,*,1}$  (Researcher), Han Thane $^{b,d}$ , William J. Hansen  $Jr^{b,c,2}$  (Co-ordinator) and T. Rafeeq $^{a,c,**,1,3}$ 

#### ARTICLE INFO

Keywords: quadrupole exciton polariton WGM BEC

#### ABSTRACT

This template helps you to create a properly formatted  $\mathbb{M}_{E}X$  manuscript. \beginabstract ...\endabstract and \begin{keyword} ... \end{keyword} which contain the abstract and keywords respectively. Each keyword shall be separated by a \sep command.

#### 1. Introduction

The Elsevier cas-sc class is based on the standard article class and supports almost all of the functionality of that class. In addition, it features commands and options to format the

- · document style
- baselineskip
- · front matter
- · keywords and MSC codes
- · theorems, definitions and proofs
- · lables of enumerations
- · citation style and labeling.

This class depends on the following packages for its proper functioning:

- 1. natbib.sty for citation processing;
- 2. geometry.sty for margin settings;
- 3. fleqn.clo for left aligned equations;
- 4. graphicx.sty for graphics inclusion;
- 5. hyperref.sty optional packages if hyperlinking is required in the document;

All the above packages are part of any standard LaTeX installation. Therefore, the users need not be bothered about downloading any extra packages.

J.K. Krishnan et al.: Preprint submitted to Elsevier

Page 1 of 5

Clip 1: Single column output (classfile: cas-sc.cls).

Version: 2.3

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>World Scientific University, Street 29, 1011 NX Amsterdam, The Netherlands

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<sup>\*</sup>This document is the results of the research project funded by the National Science Foundation.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The second title footnote which is a longer text matter to fill through the whole text width and overflow into another line in the footnotes area of the first page.

This note has no numbers. In this work we demonstrate  $a_b$  the formation  $Y_a$ 1 of a new type of polariton on the interface between a cuprous oxide slab and a polystyrene micro-sphere placed on the slab.

<sup>\*</sup>Corresponding author

<sup>\*\*</sup>Principal corresponding author

<sup>📓</sup> jkk@example.in (J.K. Krishnan); wjh@example.org (W. J. Hansen); t.rafeeq@example.in (T. Rafeeq)

www.jkkrishnan.in (J.K. Krishnan); https://www.university.org (W. J. Hansen); www.campus.in (T. Rafeeq) orciD(s): 0000-0001-0000-0000 (J.K. Krishnan)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This is the first author footnote. but is common to third author as well.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Another author footnote, this is a very long footnote and it should be a really long footnote. But this footnote is not yet sufficiently long enough to make two lines of footnote text.

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#### **QUICK LINKS**

# This is a specimen $a_b$ title\*\*\*

Sir J.K. Krishnan<sup>a,c,\*,1</sup> (Researcher), Han Thane<sup>b,d</sup>, William J. Hansen Jr<sup>b,c,2</sup> (Co-ordinator) and T. Rafeeq<sup>a,c,\*\*,1,3</sup>

#### ARTICLE INFO

#### Keywords: quadrupole exciton polariton wgm

#### ABSTRACT

This template helps you to create a properly formatted  $\LaTeX$  manuscript. \beginkstract...\endstract and \beginkeyword\...\end(keyword) which contain the abstract and keywords respectively. Each keyword shall be separated by a \sep command.

#### 1. Introduction

The Elsevier cas-dc class is based on the standard article class and supports almost all of the functionality of that class. In addition, it features commands and options to format the

- · document style
- · baselineskip
- · front matter
- keywords and MSC codes
- · theorems, definitions and proofs
- · lables of enumerations
- · citation style and labeling.

This class depends on the following packages for its proper functioning:

- 1. natbib.sty for citation processing;
- 2. geometry.sty for margin settings;
- fleqn.clo for left aligned equations;

\*Corresponding author

\*\*Principal corresponding author

ikk@example.in (J.K. Krishnan); wjh@example.org (W. J. Hansen); t.rafeeq@example.in (T. Rafeeq)

www.jkkrishnan.in (J.K. Krishnan); https://www.university.org
(W. J. Hansen); www.campus.in (T. Rafeeq)

 $\mathtt{ORCID}(s)$ : 0000-0001-0000-0000 (J.K. Krishnan)  $^1$ This is the first author footnote. but is common to third author

<sup>2</sup>Another author footnote, this is a very long footnote and it should be a really long footnote. But this footnote is not yet sufficiently long enough to make two lines of footnote text.

- 4. graphicx.sty for graphics inclusion;
- hyperref.sty optional packages if hyperlinking is required in the document;

All the above packages are part of any standard Larentz installation. Therefore, the users need not be bothered about downloading any extra packages.

#### 2. Installation

The package is available at author resources page at Elsevier (http://www.elsevier.com/locate/latex). The class may be moved or copied to a place, usually, \$TEXMF/tex/latex/elsevier/, or a folder which will be read by LTEX during document compilation. The TEX file database needs updation after moving/copying class file. Usually, we use commands like mktexlsr or texhash depending upon the distribution and operating system.

### 3. Front matter

The author names and affiliations could be formatted in two ways:

- (1) Group the authors per affiliation.
- (2) Use footnotes to indicate the affiliations.

See the front matter of this document for examples. You are recommended to conform your choice to the journal you are submitting to.

### 4. Bibliography styles

There are various bibliography styles available. You can select the style of your choice in the preamble of this document. These styles are Elsevier styles based on standard styles like Harvard and Vancouver. Please use BibTEX to generate your bibliography and include DOIs whenever available.

Here are two sample references: [1] [1, 2] [1, 3]

J.K. Krishnan et al.: Preprint submitted to Elsevier

Page 1 of 3

Clip 2: Double column output (classfile: cas-dc.cls).

Version: 2.3
Date: March 8, 2023
Contact: elsarticle@stmdocs.in

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 $<sup>{}^\</sup>star \text{This}$  document is the results of the research project funded by the National Science Foundation.

<sup>\*\*</sup>The second title footnote which is a longer text matter to fill through the whole text width and overflow into another line in the footnotes area of the first page.

This note has no numbers. In this work we demonstrate  $a_b$  the

This note has no numbers. In this work we demonstrate  $a_b$  the formation Y<sub>2</sub>1 of a new type of polariton on the interface between a cuprous oxide slab and a polystyrene micro-sphere placed on the slab.

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#### **QUICK LINKS**

#### 2.3.1. Title marks

Title mark can be entered by the command, \tnotemark[<num>] and the corresponding text can be entered with the command \tnotetext[<num>] {<text>}. An example will be:

\tnotemark and \tnotetext can be anywhere in the front matter, but should be before \maketitle command.

### 2.3.2. Author marks

Author names can have many kinds of marks and notes:

```
footnote mark : \fnmark[<num>]
footnote text : \fntext[<num>] {<text>}
affiliation mark : \author[<num>]
email : \ead{<emailid>}
url : \ead[url] {<url>}
corresponding author mark : \cormark[<num>]
corresponding author text : \cortext[<num>] {<text>}
```

### 2.3.3. Other marks

At times, authors want footnotes which leave no marks in the author names. The note text shall be listed as part of the front matter notes. Class files provides \nonumnote for this purpose. The usage

```
\nonumnote{<text>}
```

and should be entered anywhere before the \maketitle command for this to take effect.

Version: 2.3

Date: March 8, 2023

Elsevier Ltd

#### **QUICK LINKS**

## 2.4. Abstract and Keywords

Abstract shall be entered in an environment that starts with \begin{abstract} and ends with \end{abstract}. Longer abstracts spanning more than one page is also possible in slass file even in double column mode. We need to invoke longmktitle option in the class loading line for this to happen smoothly.

The key words are enclosed in a {keyword} environment.

```
\begin{abstract}
This is an abstract. \lipsum[3]
\end{abstract}
\begin{keywords}
First keyword \sep Second keyword \sep Third
   keyword \sep Fourth keyword
\end{keywords}
```

### 3. Main Matter

Main matter contains sections, paragraphs, equations and floats like tables, figures, textboxes etc.

### 3.1. Tables

### 3.1.1. Normal tables

```
\begin{table}
  \caption{This is a test caption.}
  \begin{tabular*}{\tblwidth}{@{} LLLL@{} }
  \toprule
    Col 1 & Col 2\\
    \midrule
    12345 & 12345\\
    12345 & 12345\\
    12345 & 12345\\
    12345 & 12345\\
    12345 & 12345\\
    12345 & 12345\\
    12345 & 12345\\
    bottomrule
  \end{tabular*}
  \end{table}
```

Version: 2.3

Elsevier Ltd

#### **QUICK LINKS**

## 3.1.2. Span tables

```
\begin{table*}[width=.9\textwidth,cols=4,pos=h]
 \caption{This is a test caption.}
 \begin{tabular*}{\tblwidth}{@{} LLLLLL@{} }
 \toprule
  Col 1 & Col 2 & Col 3 & Col4 & Col5 & Col6 & Col7\\
  \midrule
  12345 & 12345 & 123 & 12345 & 123 & 12345 & 123 \\
  12345 & 12345 & 123 & 12345 & 123 & 12345 & 123 \\
  12345 & 12345 & 123 & 12345 & 123 & 12345 & 123 \\
  12345 & 12345 & 123 & 12345 & 123 & 12345 & 123 \\
  12345 & 12345 & 123 & 12345 & 123 & 12345 & 123 \\
  12345 & 12345 & 123 & 12345 & 123 & 12345 & 123 \\
  12345 & 12345 & 123 & 12345 & 123 & 12345 & 123 \\
  \bottomrule
 \end{tabular*}
\end{table*}
```

### 3.2. Figures

### 3.2.1. Normal figures

```
\begin{figure}
\centering
\includegraphics[scale=.75]{Fig1.pdf}
\caption{The evanescent light - $1S$ quadrupole coupling.
   See also Fig. \protect\ref{FIG:2}).}
\label{FIG:1}
\end{figure}
```

### 3.2.2. Span figures

```
\begin{figure*}
\centering
\includegraphics[width=\textwidth,height=2in]{Fig2.pdf}
\caption{Schematic of formation of the evanescent polariton on
linear chain of \PMS.}
\label{FIG:2}
\end{figure*}
```

Version: 2.3

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#### **QUICK LINKS**

#### 3.3. Theorem and theorem like environments

CAS class file provides a few hooks to format theorems and theorem like environments with ease. All commands the options that are used with \newtheorem command will work exactly in the same manner. Class file provides three commands to format theorem or theorem like environments:

1. \newtheorem command formats a theorem in LATEX's default style with italicized font for theorem statement, bold weight for theorem heading and theorem number typeset at the right of theorem heading. It also optionally accepts an argument which will be printed as an extra heading in parentheses. Here is an example coding and output:

```
\newtheorem{theorem}{Theorem}
\begin{theorem}\label{thm}
The \WGM evanescent field penetration depth into the cuprous oxide adjacent crystal is much larger than the \QE radius:
\begin{equation*}
\lambda_{1S}/2 \pi \left({\epsilon_{Cu20}-1}
\right)^{1/2} = 414 \mbox{ \AA} \gg a_B = 4.6
\mbox{ \AA}
\end{equation*}
\end{theorem}
```

2. \newdefinition command does exactly the same thing as with except that the body font is up-shape instead of italic. See the example below:

```
\newdefinition{definition}{Definition}
\begin{definition}
The bulk and evanescent polaritons in cuprous oxide
are formed through the quadrupole part of the light-matter
interaction:
\begin{equation*}
H_{int} = \frac{i e}{m \omega_{1S}} {\bf E}_{i,s}
   \cdot {\bf p}
\end{equation*}
\end{definition}
```

Version: 2.3

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**QUICK LINKS** 

3. \newproof command helps to define proof and custom proof environments without counters as provided in the example code. Given below is an example of proof of theorem kind.

\newproof{pot}{Proof of Theorem \ref{thm}}
\begin{pot}

The photon part of the polariton trapped inside the \PMS moves as it would move in a micro-cavity of the effective modal volume \$V \11 4 \pi  $r_{0}^{3} /3$ . Consequently, it can escape through the evanescent field. This evanescent field essentially has a quantum origin and is due to tunneling through the potential caused by dielectric mismatch on the \PMS surface. Therefore, we define the \emph{evanescent} polariton (\EP) as an evanescent light \QE coherent superposition.

## 3.4. Enumerated and Itemized Lists

\end{pot}

CAS class files provides an extended list processing macros which makes the usage a bit more user friendly than the default LaTeX list macros. With an optional argument to the \begin{enumerate} command, you can change the list counter type and its attributes. You can see the coding and typeset copy.

```
\begin{enumerate}[1.]
\item The enumerate environment starts with an optional
    argument '1.' so that the item counter will be suffixed
    by a period as in the optional argument.
\item If you provide a closing parenthesis to the number in the
    optional argument, the output will have closing
    parenthesis for all the item counters.
\item You can use '(a)' for alphabetical counter and '(i)' for
    roman counter.
\begin{enumerate}[a)]
    \item Another level of list with alphabetical counter.
\item One more item before we start another.
\begin{enumerate}[(i)]
    \item This item has roman numeral counter.
```

Version: 2.3

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```
QUICK LINKS
```

```
\item Another one before we close the third level.
  \end{enumerate}
  \item Third item in second level.
 \end{enumerate}
 \item All list items conclude with this step.
\end{enumerate}
\section{Biography}
\verb+\bio+ command have the below options:
\begin{enumerate}
\item \verb+width:+ Width of the author photo (default is 1in)
\item \verb+pos:+ Position of author photo.
\end{enumerate}
\begin{vquote}
\bio[width=10mm,pos=1]{tuglogo.jpg}
\textbf{Another Biography:}
 Recent experimental \cite{HARA:2005} and theoretical
 \cite{DEYCH:2006} studies have shown that the \WGM can travel
 along the chain as "heavy photons". Therefore the \WGM
 acquires the spatial dispersion, and the evanescent
 quadrupole polariton has the form (See Fig.\ref{FIG:3}):
\endbio
```

# 4. CRediT authorship contribution statement

Give the authorship contribution after each author as

```
\credit{Conceptualization of this study, Methodology, Software}
```

To print the details use \printcredits

Version: 2.3

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```
\cormark[1]
\fnmark[1]
\ead{jkk@example.in}
\ead[url] {www.jkkrishnan.in}
\credit{Conceptualization of this study, Methodology, Software}
\affiliation[1]{organization={Department of Physics,
               J.K. Institute of Science},
           addressline={Jawahar Nagar},
           city={Trivandrum},
%
           citysep={}, % Uncomment if no comma needed
%
                   between city and postcode
          postcode={695013},
           state={Kerala},
           country={India}}
\author[2,4]{Han Thane}[style=chinese]
\author[2,3]{William {J. Hansen}}[%
  role=Co-ordinator,
  suffix=Jr,
\fnmark[2]
\ead{wjh@example.org}
\ead[URL]{https://www.university.org}
\credit{Data curation, Writing - Original draft preparation}
 \printcredits
```

# 5. Bibliography

For CAS categories, two reference models are recommended. They are model1-num-names.bst and cas-model2-names.bst. Former will format the reference list and their citations according to numbered scheme whereas the latter will format according name-date or author-year style. Authors are requested to choose any one of these according to the journal

Version: 2.3

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style. You may download these from

The above bsts are available in the following location for you to download:

https://support.stmdocs.in/wiki/index.php?title=Model-wise\_bibliographic\_style\_files

Version: 2.3