

## chapter 7 .

Stack  
LIFO

```
#include <exception>
#include <stack>
#include <mutex>
#include <memory>
#include <iostream>
```

```
struct empty_stack: std::exception (4)
{
    const char* what() const throw()
    {
        return "empty stack";
    }
};
```

```
template<typename T>
class threadsafe_stack
{
private:
    std::stack<T> data;
    mutable std::mutex m;
public:
    threadsafe_stack(){}
    threadsafe_stack(const threadsafe_stack& other)
    {
        std::lock_guard lock{other.m};
        data=other.data;
    }
    threadsafe_stack& operator=(const threadsafe_stack&) = delete;
```

```
void push(T new_value)
{
    std::lock_guard lock{m};
    data.push(new_value);
}

std::shared_ptr<T> pop()
{
    std::lock_guard lock{m};
    if(data.empty()) throw empty_stack();
    auto const res(std::make_shared<T>(data.top()));
    data.pop();
    return res;
}
```

shared pointer  
unique pointer  
weak pointer  
C++17 smart pointer

keeps track how many pointers point to a memory

shared\_ptr | new-delete

```

void pop(T& value)
{
    std::lock_guard lock{m};
    if(data.empty()) throw empty_stack(); (2)
    value=data.top();
    data.pop();
}
bool empty() const
{
    std::lock_guard lock{m};
    return data.empty();
}
};

```

```

int main()
{
    try
    {
        threadsafe_stack<int> si;
        si.push(5); (0)
        std::cout << *si.pop() << std::endl;
        // if(!si.empty())
        {
            int x;
            si.pop(x); (1)
        }
    }
    catch(std::exception const& e) (3)
    { /* LOG */
        throw;
    }
    catch(...) // Catch anything else.
    { /* LOG */
        throw;
    }
}

```

Threadsafe - Stack

- pop

allow you know what you popped

Stack

- pop

you don't know what you popped