

# **Benchmarking Robustness of Multilabel Segmentation Model**

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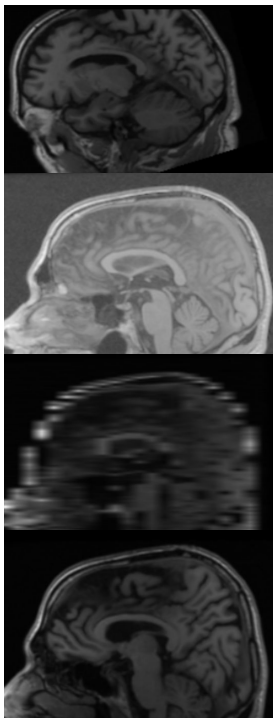
Aug 02, 2022

1. Background

2. Methods

3. Results

# Background - Motivations

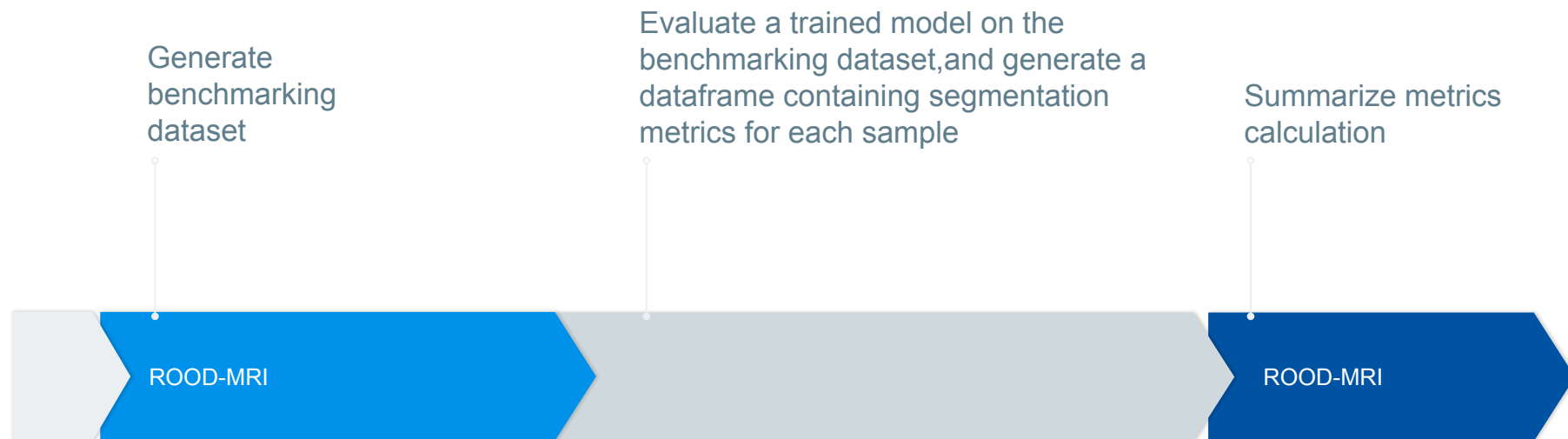


- Impressive performance on segmentation and classification tasks of deep learning model

- Difference in images from different sites

- Testing robustness of model

# Background - Existing Platform

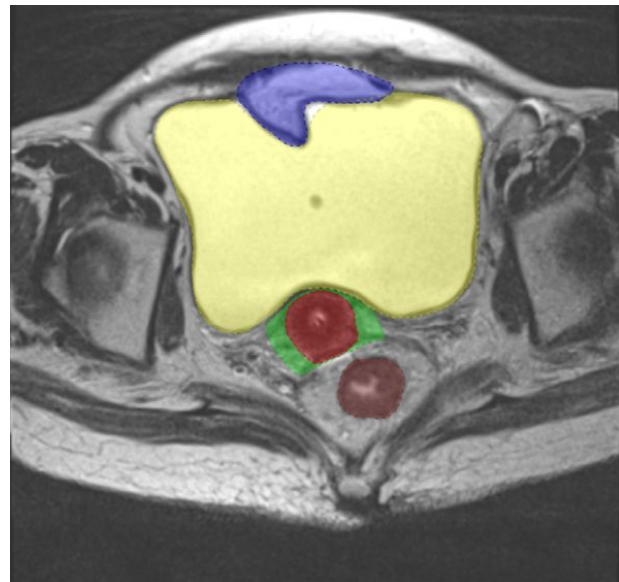


# Background - Data

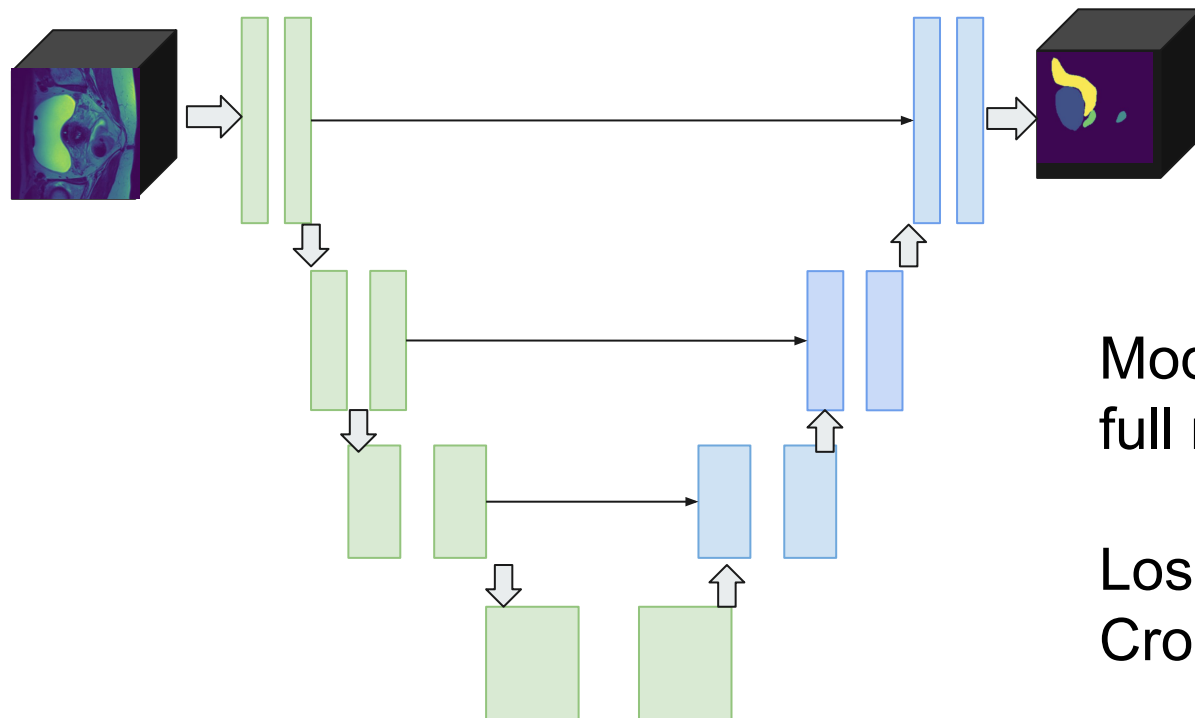
The data set contains 131 T2-weighted MRI scans with clinically used contours

Train-Test Split: 119 for training and 11 for testing

Regions of Interests Bladder, Rectum, Sigmoid, and Small Bowel



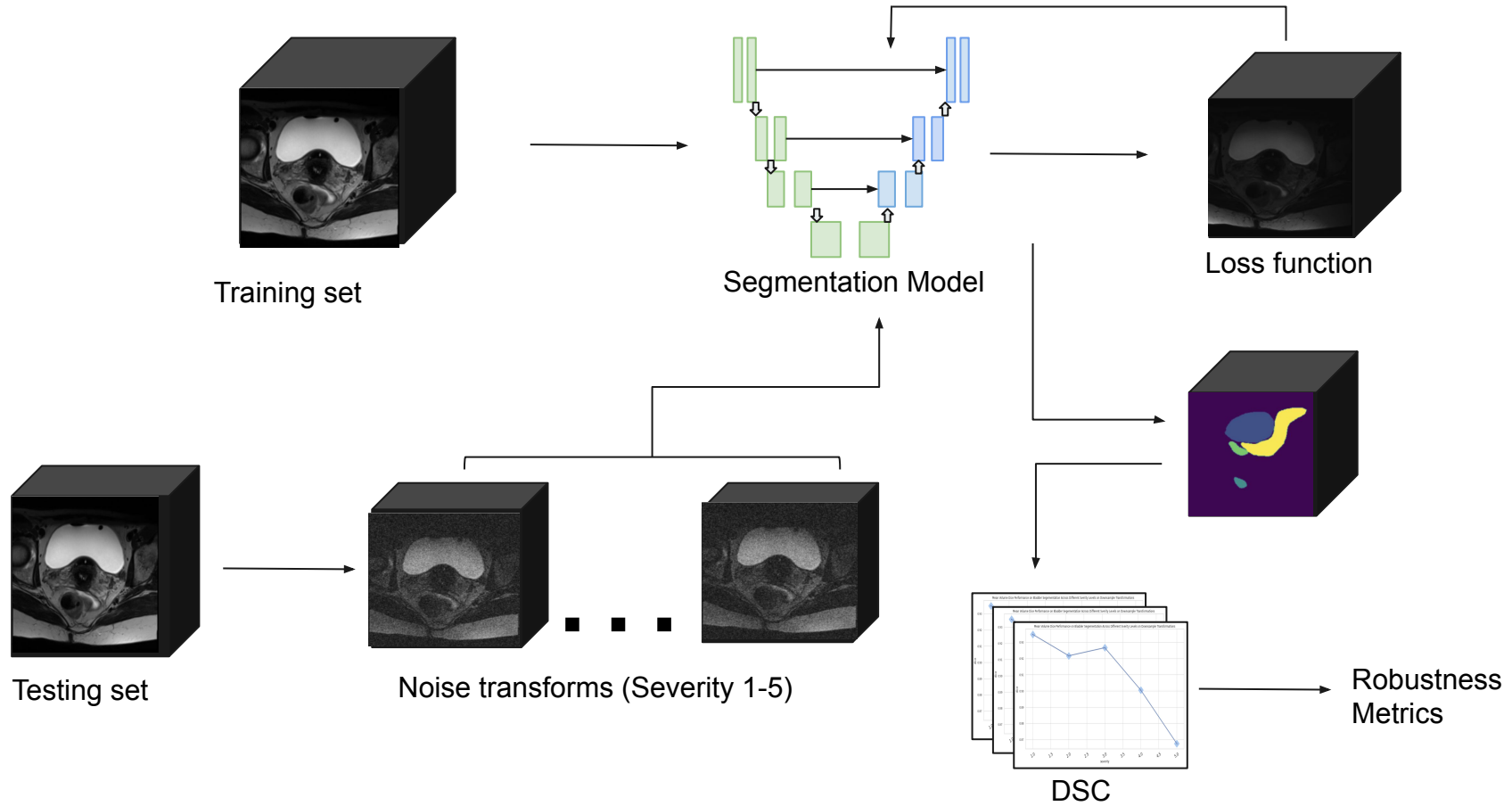
# Background - Model



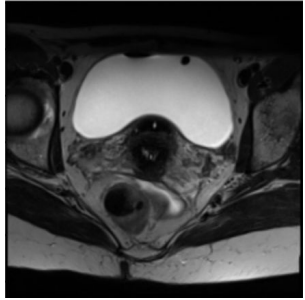
Model: nnU-net with 3D  
full resolution U-Net

Loss function: Dice +  
Cross Entropy loss

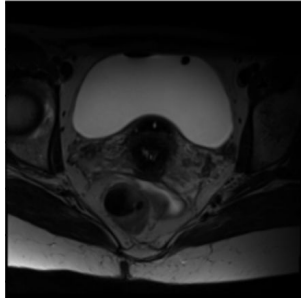
# Methods - Overview



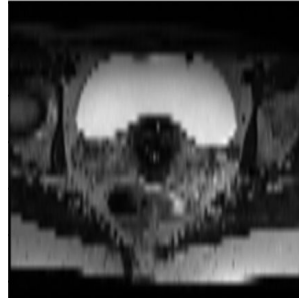
# Methods - Transformations



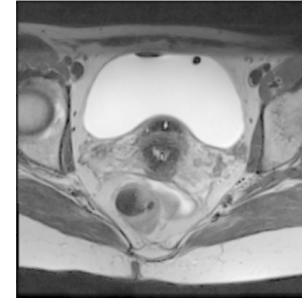
Original



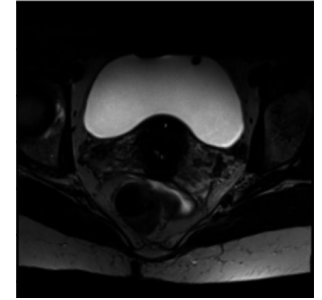
Biasfield



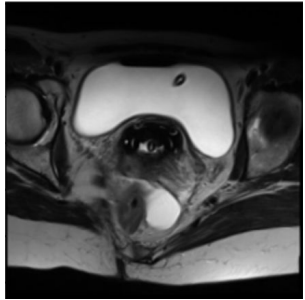
Down Sample



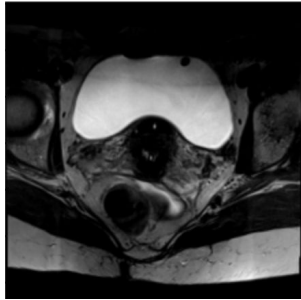
Contrast  
Compression



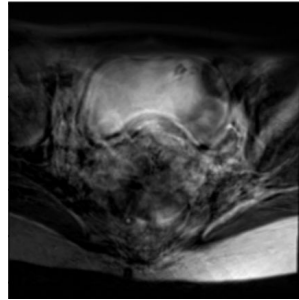
Contrast  
Expansion



Elastic  
Deformation



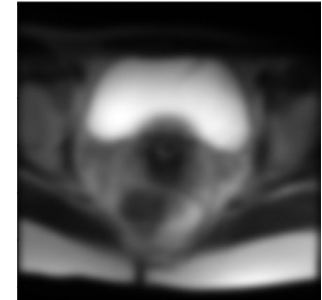
Ghosting



Random Motion



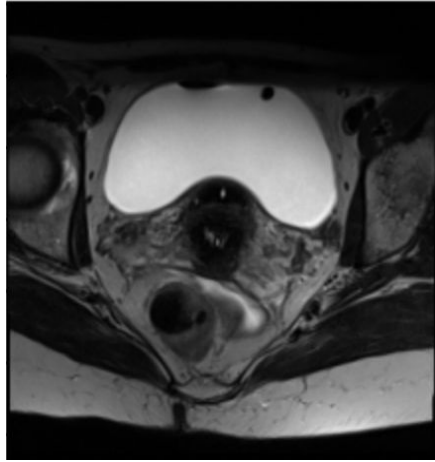
Rician Noise



Smoothing



# Methods - Signal to Noise Ratio Transformations

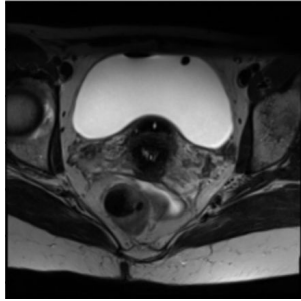


Original

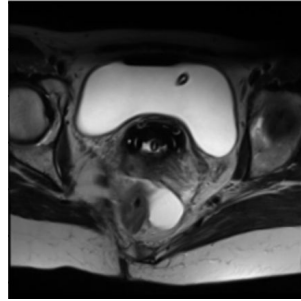


Rician Noise

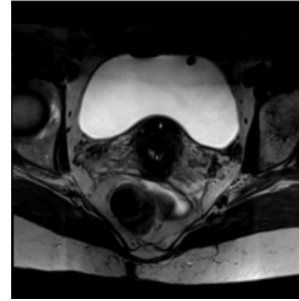
# Methods - Motion Transformations



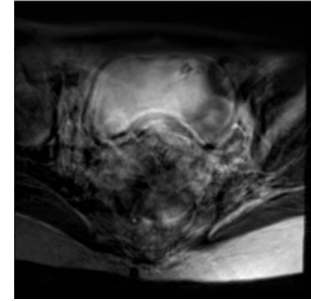
Original



Elastic  
Deformation

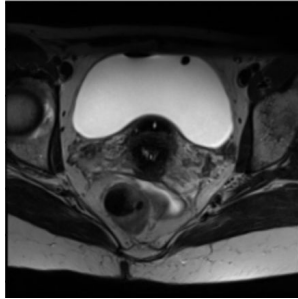


Ghosting

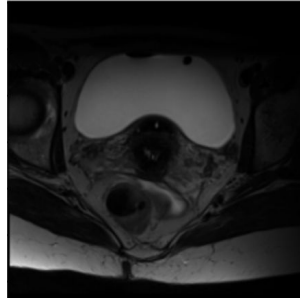


Random Motion

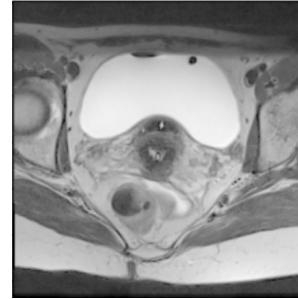
# Methods - Contrast and Intensity Transformations



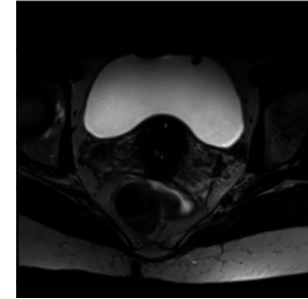
Original



Biasfield

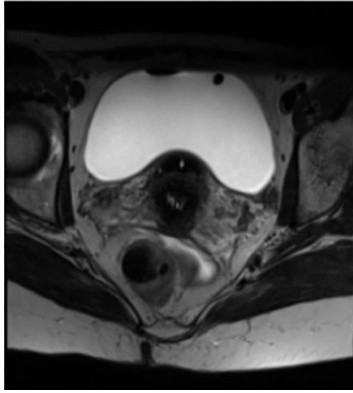


Contrast  
Compression



Contrast  
Expansion

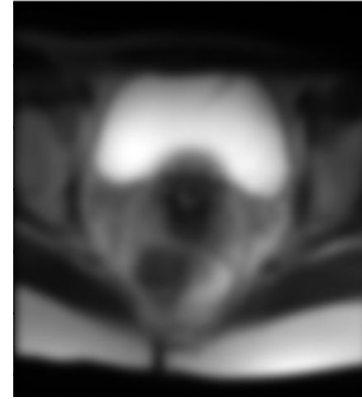
# Methods - Image Resolution and Blurring Transformations



Original

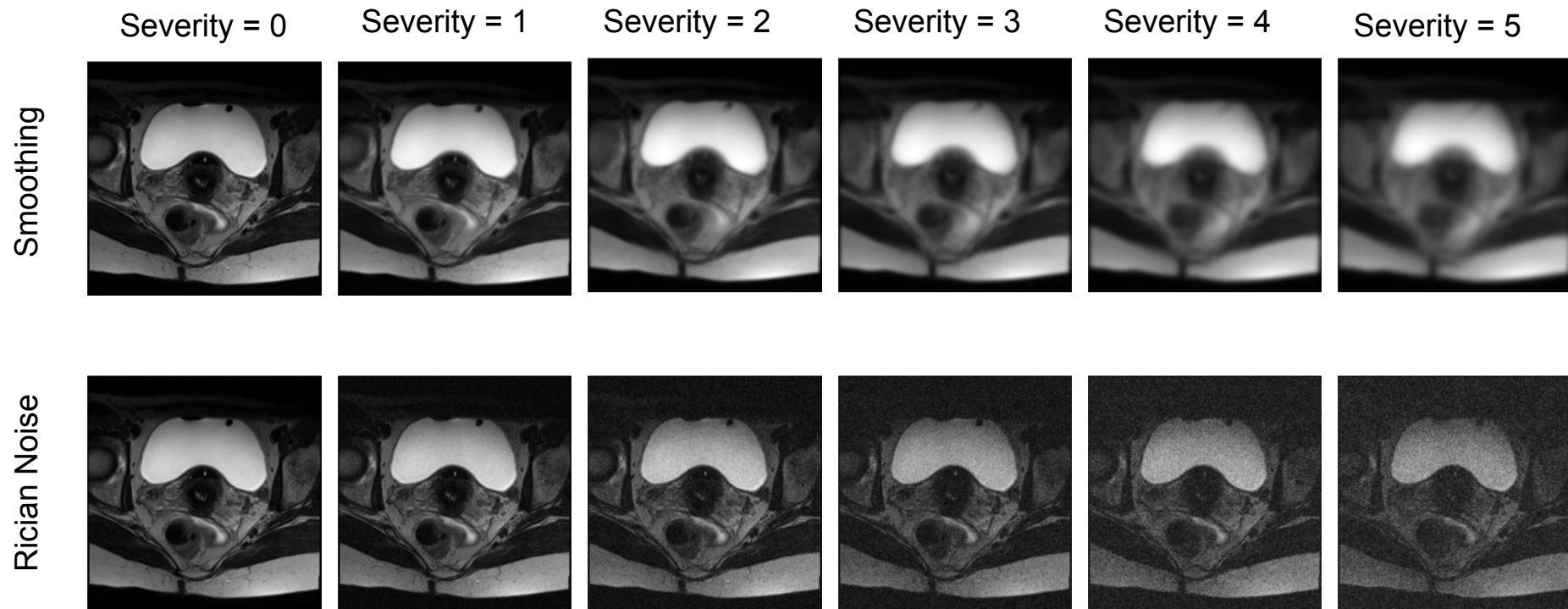


Down Sample



Smoothing

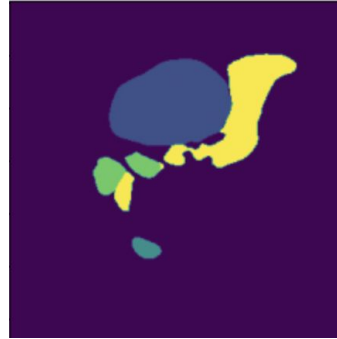
# Methods - Severity Levels



# Results - Segmentation Masks of Smoothing Transformation



Original



Severity = 1



Severity = 2



Severity = 3



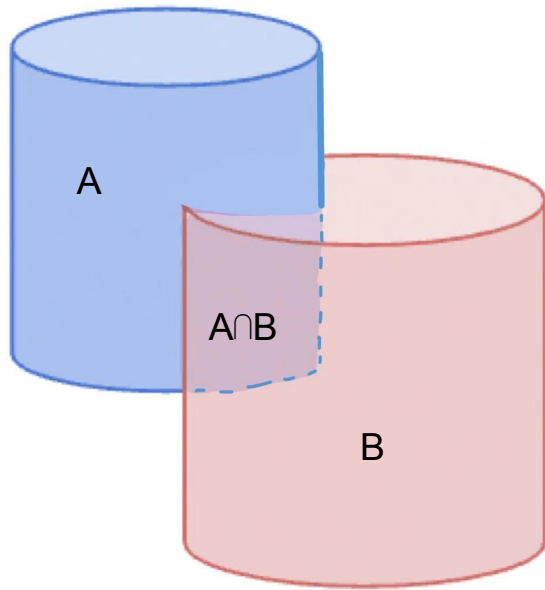
Severity = 4



Severity = 5

Bladder(blue), Rectum(teal), Sigmoid(green), Small Bowel(yellow)

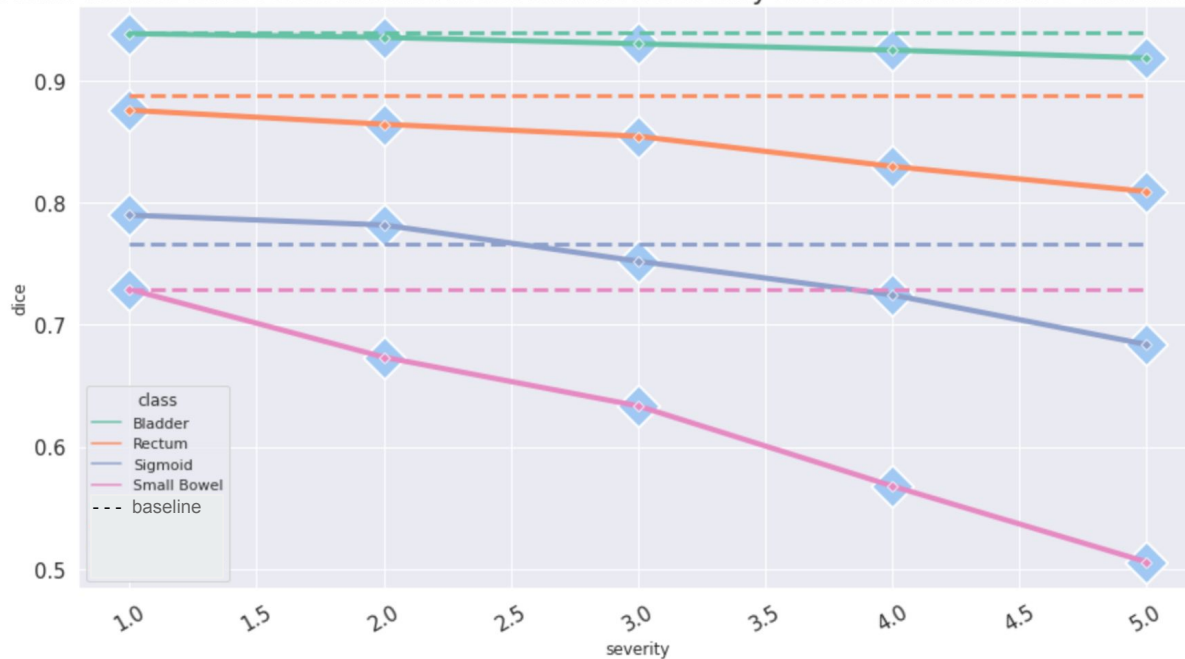
# Results - Volumetric Dice Similarity Coefficient



$$\text{vDSC} = 2(A \cap B) / (A + B)$$

# Results - Signal to Noise Ratio Transformations

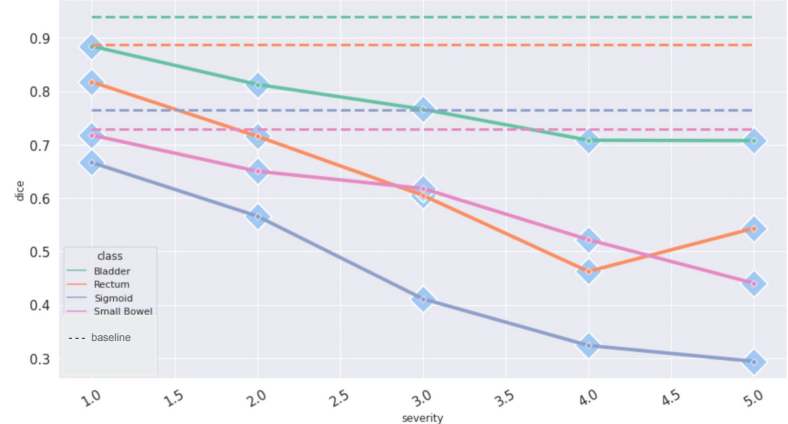
Mean Volume Dice Performance Across Different Severity Levels on RicianNoise Transformation





# Results - Motion Transformations

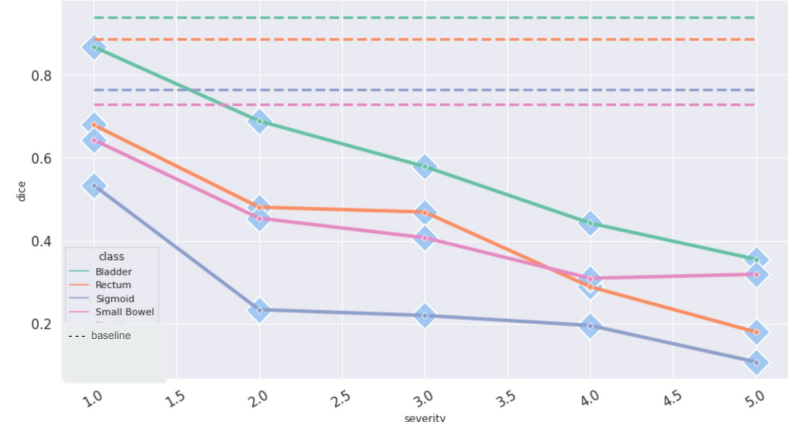
Mean Volume Dice Performance Across Different Severity Levels on ElasticDeformation Transformation



Mean Volume Dice Performance Across Different Severity Levels on Ghosting Transformation

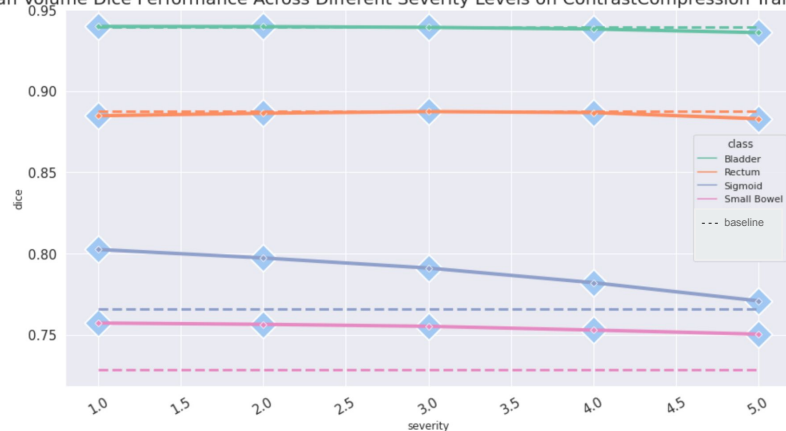


Mean Volume Dice Performance Across Different Severity Levels on RandomMotion Transformation

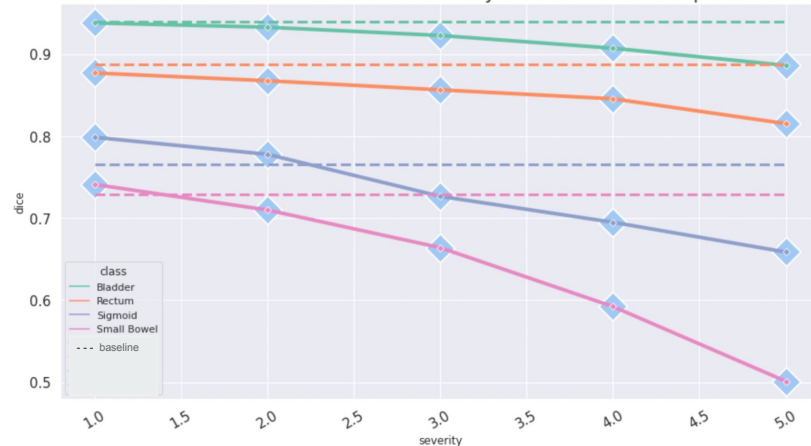


# Results - Contrast and Intensity Transformations

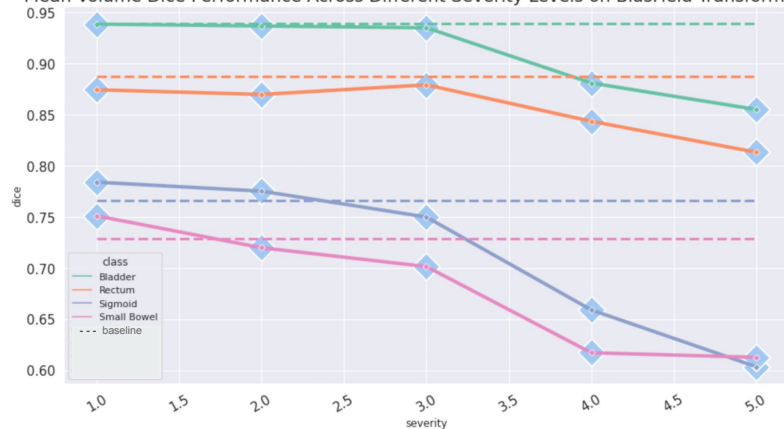
Mean Volume Dice Performance Across Different Severity Levels on ContrastCompression Transformation



Mean Volume Dice Performance Across Different Severity Levels on ContrastExpansion Transformation

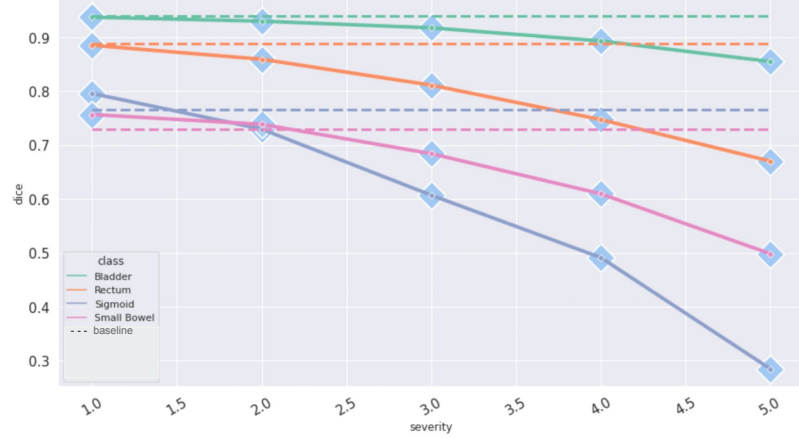


Mean Volume Dice Performance Across Different Severity Levels on BiasField Transformation

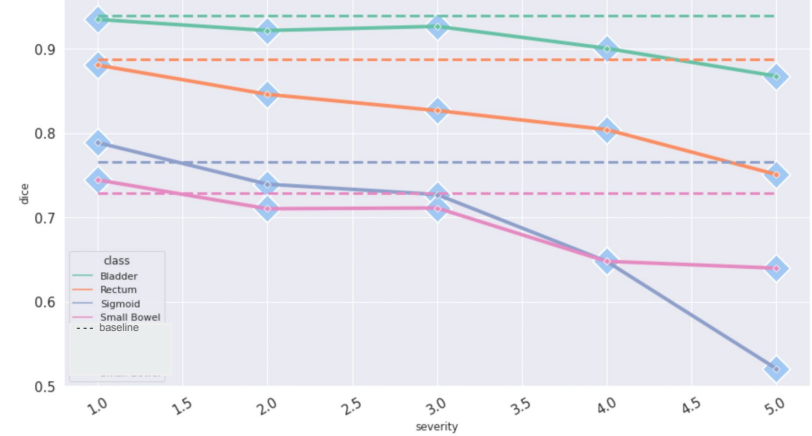


# Results - Image Resolution and Blurring Transformations

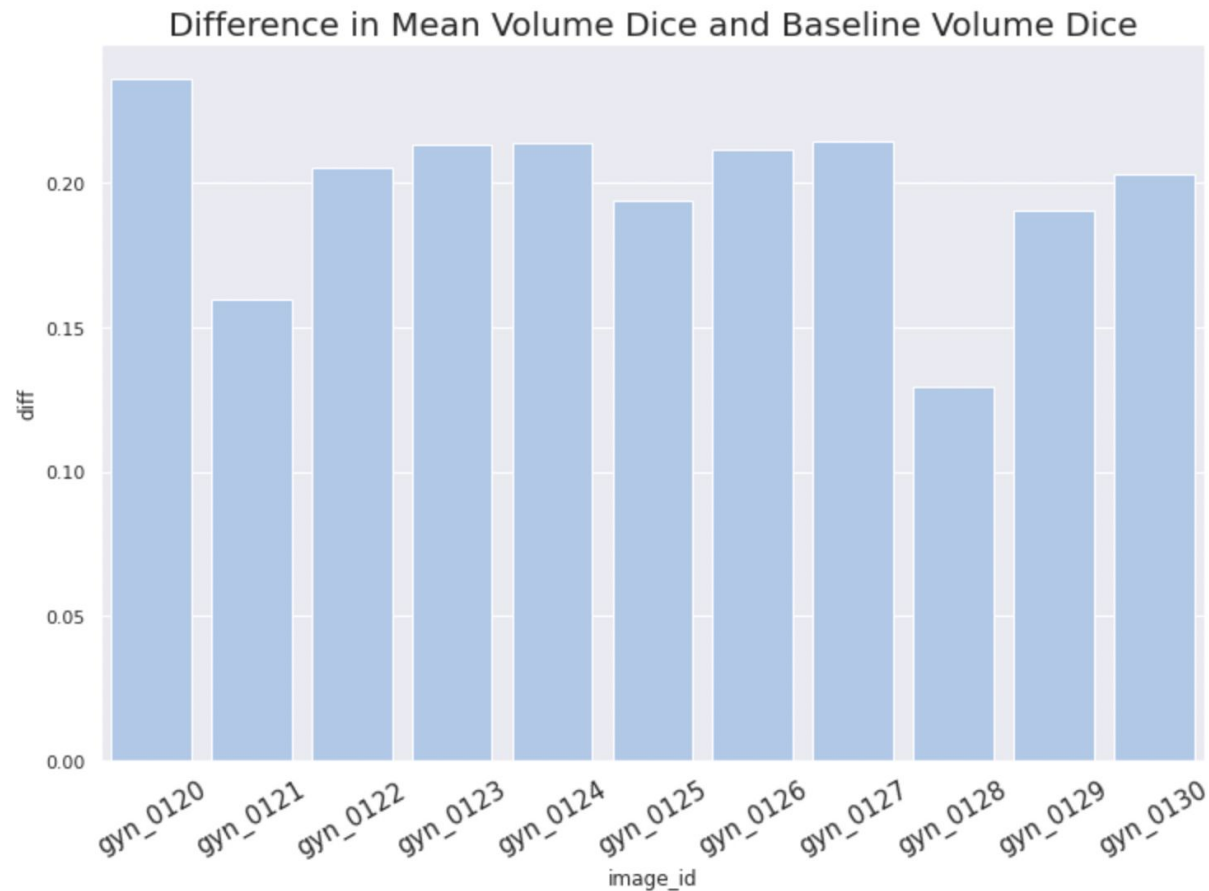
Mean Volume Dice Performance Across Different Severity Levels on Smoothing Transformation



Mean Volume Dice Performance Across Different Severity Levels on AnisoDownsample Transformation



# Results - Performance by Image



# Results - Mean vDSC

	Mean vDSC Baseline	Mean vDSC
Bladder	0.94	0.76
Rectum	0.89	0.67
Sigmoid	0.77	0.54
Small bowel	0.73	0.56

# Results - Robustness Metrics

Weighted mean DSC:

$$\text{wmDSC}_T = \frac{1}{\sum_{s=0}^5 w_s} \sum_{s=0}^5 w_s \cdot \text{mDSC}_{T,s},$$

Weighted DSC sd:

$$\text{wsDSC}_T = \frac{1}{\sum_{s=0}^5 w_s} \sum_{s=0}^5 w_s \cdot \text{sDSC}_{T,s},$$

Mean-based DSC degradation:

$$\text{mDDeg}_T = \frac{1}{\sum_{s=1}^5 w_s} \sum_{s=1}^5 w_s (\text{mDSC}_{\text{clean}} - \text{mDSC}_{T,s}),$$

Variance-based DSC degradation:

$$\text{vDDeg}_T = \frac{1}{\sum_{s=1}^5 w_s} \sum_{s=1}^5 w_s (\text{sDSC}_{T,s} - \text{sDSC}_{\text{clean}}),$$

(Boone et al., 2022)

# Results - Robustness Metrics

	wmDSC	wsDSC	mDDeg	vDDeg
Bladder	0.86	0.08	0.12	0.04
Rectum	0.78	0.06	0.17	0.05
Sigmoid	0.66	0.14	0.17	0.00
Small Bowel	0.65	0.15	0.13	0.01

# Discussions

## Baseline U-Net Model from Rood-MRI

	mDDeg	vDDeg
Hippocampi	0.13	0.06
Ventricles	0.13	0.07
WMHs	0.19	0.06

Performing good on:

Rician Noise (SNR)

Contrast Compression (contrast & intensity)

Biasfield (contrast & intensity)

Needs Improvement:

Elastic deformation (motion)

Ghosting (motion)

Random Motion (motion)



# Acknowledgements

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Canadian  
Cancer  
Society



CIHR IRSC



The Cancer  
Research  
Society



The Terry Fox Research Institute



Thank you for your attention

(PDF) *bias field correction for MRI images* - researchgate. (n.d.). Retrieved August 2, 2022, from [https://www.researchgate.net/publication/221512036\\_Bias\\_Field\\_Correction\\_for\\_MRI\\_Images](https://www.researchgate.net/publication/221512036_Bias_Field_Correction_for_MRI_Images)

Boone, L., Biparva, M., Forooshani, P. M., Ramirez, J., Masellis, M., Bartha, R., Symons, S., Strother, S., Black, S. E., Heyn, C., Martel, A. L., Swartz, R. H., & Goubran, M. (2022, March 11). *Rood-MRI: Benchmarking the robustness of deep learning segmentation models to out-of-distribution and corrupted data in MRI*. arXiv.org. Retrieved August 1, 2022, from <https://arxiv.org/abs/2203.06060>

*Smoothing*<sup>¶</sup>. Smoothing - Introduction to MRI. (n.d.). Retrieved August 1, 2022, from [http://jpeelle.net/mri/image\\_processing/smoothing.html](http://jpeelle.net/mri/image_processing/smoothing.html)

Zaitsev, M., Maclaren, J., & Herbst, M. (2015, October). *Motion artifacts in MRI: A complex problem with many partial solutions*. Journal of magnetic resonance imaging : JMRI. Retrieved August 1, 2022, from <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4517972/>