

Name: Victor B. Ortega	Date Performed: 11/23/23
Course/Section: CPE232 S5	Date Submitted: 11/23/23
Instructor: Engr. Roman Richard	Semester and SY: 2023-2024
Activity 11: Containerization	
1. Objectives	
Create a Dockerfile and form a workflow using Ansible as Infrastructure as Code (IaC) to enable Continuous Delivery process	
2. Discussion	
<p>Docker is an open platform for developing, shipping, and running applications. Docker enables you to separate your applications from your infrastructure so you can deliver software quickly. With Docker, you can manage your infrastructure in the same ways you manage your applications. By taking advantage of Docker's methodologies for shipping, testing, and deploying code quickly, you can significantly reduce the delay between writing code and running it in production.</p> <p>Source: https://docs.docker.com/get-started/overview/</p> <p>You may also check the difference between containers and virtual machines. Click the link given below.</p> <p>Source: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/virtualization/windowscontainers/about/containers-vs-vm</p>	
3. Tasks	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Create a new repository for this activity. 2. Install Docker and enable the docker socket. 3. Add to Docker group to your current user. 4. Create a Dockerfile to install web and DB server. 5. Install and build the Dockerfile using Ansible. 6. Add, commit and push it to your repository. 	
4. Output (screenshots and explanations)	

1. Preparation of the playbook.

```
victor@Workstation:~/CPE232_H0A11$ tree
.
├── ansible.cfg
├── dock.yml
├── inventory
├── README.md
├── ubuntu_docker
│   ├── defaults
│   │   └── main.yml
│   ├── files
│   │   └── Dockerfile
│   ├── handlers
│   │   └── main.yml
│   └── tasks
│       ├── configure.yml
│       ├── install.yml
│       └── main.yml
└── 5 directories, 10 files
victor@Workstation:~/CPE232_H0A11$
```

If you know what area is causing the problem, click the appropriate tab above. Otherwise, you can use the "Next Page" button below to visit each page in sequence.

System Information

Current Date/Time: Thursday, 23 November 2023, 8:20:55 pm
Computer Name: DESKTOP-8LSHV3C
Operating System: Windows 10 Pro 64-bit (10.0, Build 19045)
Language: English (Regional Setting: English)
System Manufacturer: Gigabyte Technology Co., Ltd.
System Model: B450M DS3H
BIOS: F60
Processor: AMD Ryzen 5 3500 6-Core Processor (6 CPUs), ~3.6GHz
Memory: 16384MB RAM
Page file: 22557MB used, 4009MB available
DirectX Version: DirectX 12

☒ Check for WHQL digital signatures

DxDiag 10.00.19041.3636 64-bit Unicode Copyright © Microsoft. All rights reserved.

2. dock.yml, for calling other ymls

```
GNU nano 6.2
---
- hosts: all
  become: true
  pre_tasks:
    - name: Updating and upgrading the operating system
      package:
        update_cache: true
        upgrade: true
        state: latest
    - name: Fixing dpkg errors in ubuntu server
      command: dpkg --configure -a
      when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
- hosts: ubuntu_server
  become: true
  roles:
    - ubuntu_docker
```

dock.yml *

DirectX Diagnostic Tool

System | Display | Sound 1 | Sound 2 | Sound 3 | Sound 4 | Sound 5 | Input

This tool reports detailed information about the DirectX components and drivers installed on your system.

If you know what area is causing the problem, click the appropriate tab above. Otherwise, you can use the "Next Page" button below to visit each page in sequence.

System Information

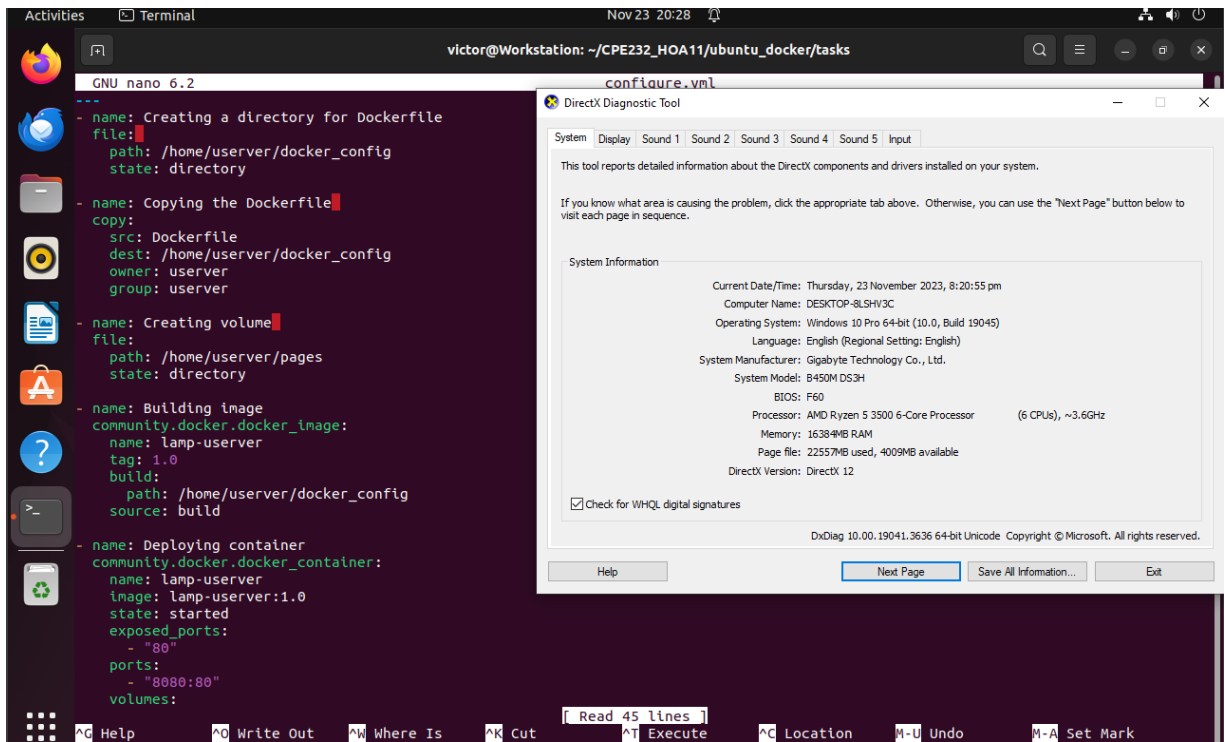
Current Date/Time: Thursday, 23 November 2023, 8:20:55 pm
Computer Name: DESKTOP-8LSHV3C
Operating System: Windows 10 Pro 64-bit (10.0, Build 19045)
Language: English (Regional Setting: English)
System Manufacturer: Gigabyte Technology Co., Ltd.
System Model: B450M DS3H
BIOS: F60
Processor: AMD Ryzen 5 3500 6-Core Processor (6 CPUs), ~3.6GHz
Memory: 16384MB RAM
Page file: 22557MB used, 4009MB available
DirectX Version: DirectX 12

☒ Check for WHQL digital signatures

DxDiag 10.00.19041.3636 64-bit Unicode Copyright © Microsoft. All rights reserved.

Help Next Page Save All Information... Exit

3. Configure.yml



```
GNU nano 6.2
-- name: Creating a directory for Dockerfile
  file:
    path: /home/userver/docker_config
    state: directory

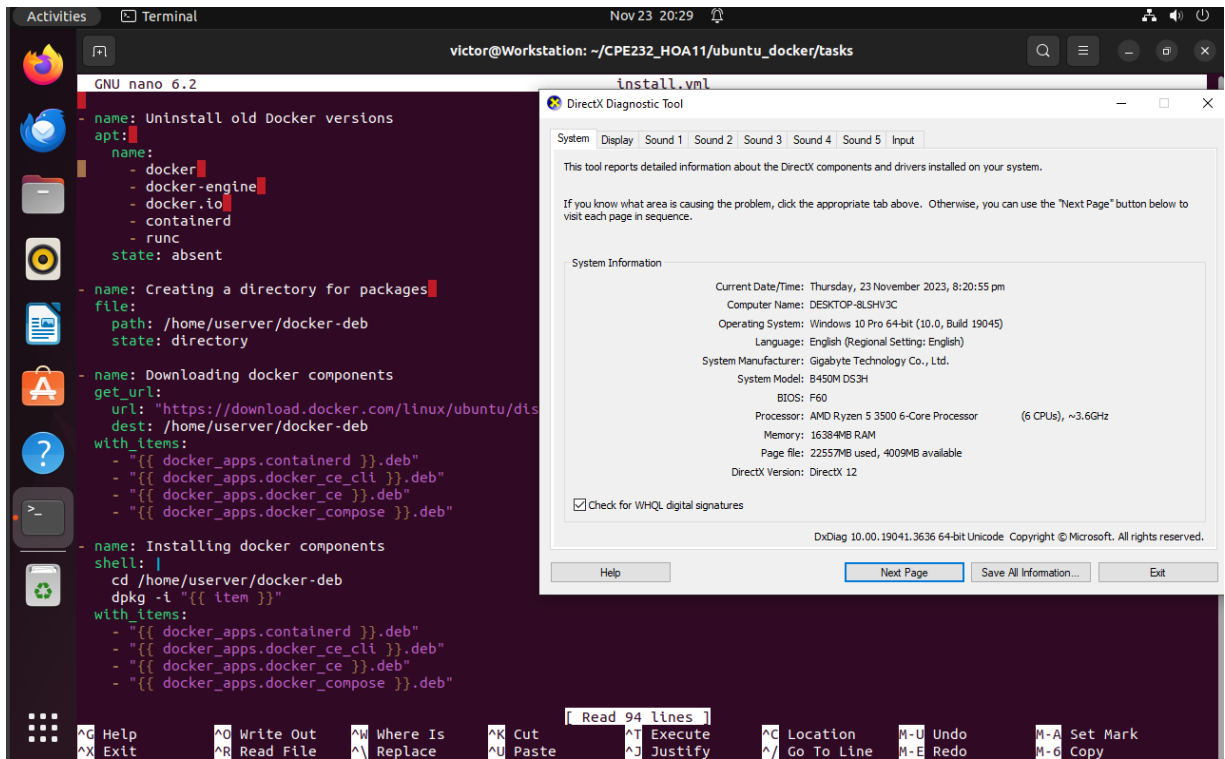
-- name: Copying the Dockerfile
  copy:
    src: Dockerfile
    dest: /home/userver/docker_config
    owner: userver
    group: userver

-- name: Creating volume
  file:
    path: /home/userver/pages
    state: directory

-- name: Building image
  community.docker.docker_image:
    name: lamp-userver
    tag: 1.0
    build:
      path: /home/userver/docker_config
      source: build

-- name: Deploying container
  community.docker.docker_container:
    name: lamp-userver
    image: lamp-userver:1.0
    state: started
    exposed_ports:
      - "80"
    ports:
      - "8080:80"
    volumes:
```

4. install.yml



```
GNU nano 6.2
-- name: Uninstall old Docker versions
  apt:
    name:
      - docker
      - docker-engine
      - docker.io
      - containerd
      - runc
    state: absent

-- name: Creating a directory for packages
  file:
    path: /home/userver/docker-deb
    state: directory

-- name: Downloading docker components
  get_url:
    url: "https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu/disk"
    dest: /home/userver/docker-deb
    with_items:
      - "{{ docker_apps.containerd }}"
      - "{{ docker_apps.docker_ce_cli }}"
      - "{{ docker_apps.docker_ce }}"
      - "{{ docker_apps.docker_compose }}"

-- name: Installing docker components
  shell: |
    cd /home/userver/docker-deb
    dpkg -i "{{ item }}"
  with_items:
    - "{{ docker_apps.containerd }}"
    - "{{ docker_apps.docker_ce_cli }}"
    - "{{ docker_apps.docker_ce }}"
    - "{{ docker_apps.docker_compose }}"
```

5. main.yml

The screenshot shows a Linux desktop environment with a dark theme. On the left is a vertical dock with icons for Firefox, Telegram, a file manager, a media player, a document viewer, the App Store, a help icon, a terminal, and a trash can. The top panel shows 'Activities', 'Terminal', and the date/time 'Nov 23 20:29'. The terminal window is titled 'victor@Workstation: ~/CPE232_HOA11/ubuntu_' and shows the 'GNU nano 6.2' editor editing 'main.yml'. The file contains two lines: 'import_tasks: install.yml' and 'import_tasks: configure.yml'. Overlaid on the terminal is the 'DirectX Diagnostic Tool' window. It has tabs for 'System', 'Display', 'Sound 1', 'Sound 2', 'Sound 3', 'Sound 4', 'Sound 5', and 'Input'. The 'System' tab is active, displaying system information: Current Date/Time: Thursday, 23 November 2023, 8:20:55 pm; Computer Name: DESKTOP-8LSHV3C; Operating System: Windows 10 Pro 64-bit (10.0, Build 19045); Language: English (Regional Setting: English); System Manufacturer: Gigabyte Technology Co., Ltd.; System Model: B450M DS3H; BIOS: F60; Processor: AMD Ryzen 5 3500 6-Core Processor (6 CPUs), ~3.6GHz; Memory: 16384MB RAM; Page file: 22557MB used, 4009MB available; DirectX Version: DirectX 12. At the bottom, there is a checkbox for 'Check for WHQL digital signatures' which is checked, and a copyright notice: 'DxDiag 10.00.19041.3636 64-bit Unicode Copyright © Microsoft. All rights reserved.' Buttons for 'Help', 'Next Page', 'Save All Information...', and 'Exit' are at the bottom.

Activities Terminal Nov 23 20:29

victor@Workstation: ~/CPE232_HOA11/ubuntu_

GNU nano 6.2 main.yml

```
--  
import_tasks: install.yml  
import_tasks: configure.yml
```

DirectX Diagnostic Tool

System Display Sound 1 Sound 2 Sound 3 Sound 4 Sound 5 Input

This tool reports detailed information about the DirectX components and drivers installed on your system.

If you know what area is causing the problem, click the appropriate tab above. Otherwise, you can use the "Next Page" button below to visit each page in sequence.

System Information

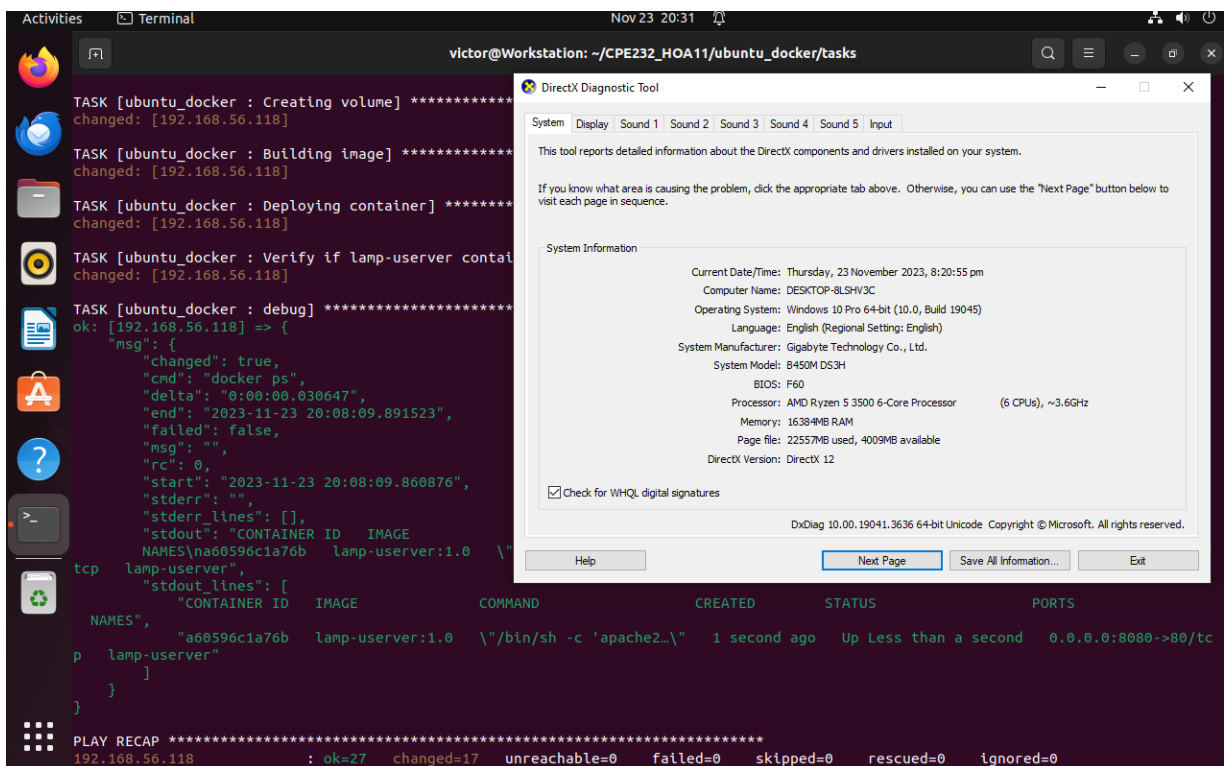
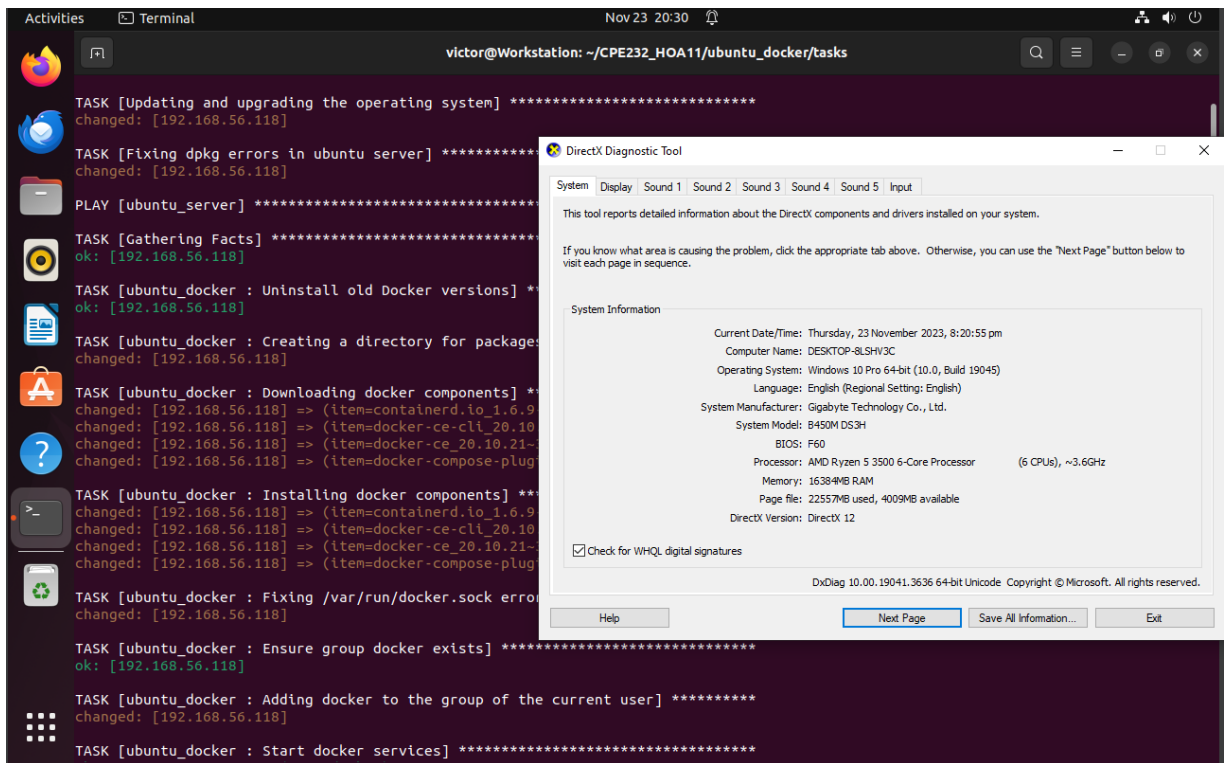
Current Date/Time: Thursday, 23 November 2023, 8:20:55 pm
Computer Name: DESKTOP-8LSHV3C
Operating System: Windows 10 Pro 64-bit (10.0, Build 19045)
Language: English (Regional Setting: English)
System Manufacturer: Gigabyte Technology Co., Ltd.
System Model: B450M DS3H
BIOS: F60
Processor: AMD Ryzen 5 3500 6-Core Processor (6 CPUs), ~3.6GHz
Memory: 16384MB RAM
Page file: 22557MB used, 4009MB available
DirectX Version: DirectX 12

☒ Check for WHQL digital signatures

DxDiag 10.00.19041.3636 64-bit Unicode Copyright © Microsoft. All rights reserved.

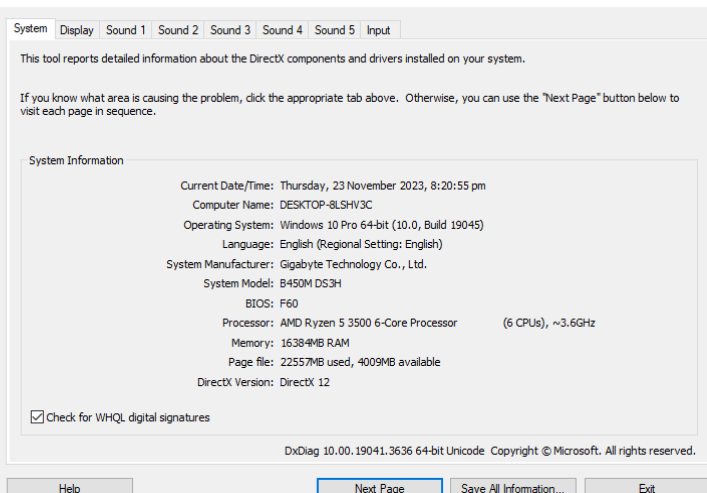
Help Next Page Save All Information... Exit

6. Running the playbook



7. Checking if the docker is installed in server.

```
victor@Workstation:~$ sudo systemctl status docker
[sudo] password for victor:
● docker.service - Docker Application Container Engine
   Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/docker.service; vendor preset: enabled)
   Active: active (running) since Thu 2023-11-23 20:06:46 UTC; 1min 45s ago
   TriggeredBy: ● docker.socket
   Docs: https://docs.docker.com
   Main PID: 35161 (dockerd)
   Tasks: 16
   Memory: 555.1M
   CPU: 9.367s
   CGroup: /system.slice/docker.service
           └─35161 /usr/bin/dockerd -H fd:// --containerd=/usr/bin/docker-proxy -proto tcp --debug --log-driver=json-file --log-opt=tty
Nov 23 20:02:50 Workstation dockerd[35161]: time="2023-11-23T20:02:50.123Z" level=info msg="Starting Docker daemon"
Nov 23 20:03:50 Workstation dockerd[35161]: time="2023-11-23T20:03:50.123Z" level=info msg="Starting Docker daemon"
Nov 23 20:03:51 Workstation dockerd[35161]: time="2023-11-23T20:03:51.123Z" level=info msg="Starting Docker daemon"
Nov 23 20:05:19 Workstation dockerd[35161]: time="2023-11-23T20:05:19.123Z" level=info msg="Starting Docker daemon"
Nov 23 20:05:35 Workstation dockerd[35161]: time="2023-11-23T20:05:35.123Z" level=info msg="Starting Docker daemon"
Nov 23 20:05:53 Workstation dockerd[35161]: time="2023-11-23T20:05:53.123Z" level=info msg="Starting Docker daemon"
Nov 23 20:06:14 Workstation dockerd[35161]: time="2023-11-23T20:06:14.123Z" level=info msg="Starting Docker daemon"
Nov 23 20:07:55 Workstation dockerd[35161]: time="2023-11-23T20:07:55.123Z" level=info msg="Starting Docker daemon"
Nov 23 20:08:06 Workstation dockerd[35161]: time="2023-11-23T20:08:06.123Z" level=info msg="Starting Docker daemon"
Nov 23 20:08:06 Workstation dockerd[35161]: time="2023-11-23T20:08:06.123Z" level=info msg="Starting Docker daemon"
lines 1-23/23 (END)
```



```
victor@Workstation:~$ docker --version
Docker version 20.10.21, build baeda1f
```

8. Pushing in GitHub

```
victor@Workstation:~$ cd CPE232_HOA11
victor@Workstation:~/CPE232_HOA11$ git add *
victor@Workstation:~/CPE232_HOA11$ git commit -m "Updates"
On branch main
Your branch is up to date with 'origin/main'.

nothing to commit, working tree clean
victor@Workstation:~/CPE232_HOA11$ git push origin
Everything up-to-date
```

Reflections:

Answer the following:

1. What are the benefits of implementing containerizations?

Containerization, exemplified by Docker, ensures consistent and portable application deployment. It provides resource efficiency, swift scalability, and maintains consistency across environments. DevOps integration is seamless, with versioning for easy rollbacks. Containerization supports microservices and enhances security. Optimized resource utilization and orchestration tools streamline management tasks.

Conclusions:

In conclusion, Docker in Ubuntu facilitates streamlined and consistent application deployment through containerization. This technology optimizes resource efficiency, supports seamless scalability, and ensures uniformity across environments. Implementing containerization with Docker on Ubuntu offers a robust solution for efficient, portable, and secure software development and deployment workflows.