

One-way ANOVA

$$y_{ij} = \mu + \alpha_i + \varepsilon_{ij}$$

$$\varepsilon_{ij} \stackrel{iid}{\sim} N(0, \sigma^2)$$

$$i = 1 : a \quad j = 1 : n_i$$

"Balanced" model

$$n_i = n \text{ for all } i$$

1 factor with a levels

Can we write this model as

$$\varepsilon \sim N(0, \sigma^2 I) ?$$

$$y = X\beta + \varepsilon$$

$$y = \begin{pmatrix} y_{1,1} \\ \vdots \\ y_{1,n_1} \\ y_{2,1} \\ \vdots \\ y_{2,n_2} \\ \vdots \\ y_{a,1} \\ \vdots \\ y_{a,n_a} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\beta = \begin{pmatrix} \mu \\ \alpha_1 \\ \vdots \\ \alpha_a \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\varepsilon = \begin{pmatrix} \varepsilon_{1,1} \\ \vdots \\ \varepsilon_{1,n_1} \\ \vdots \\ \varepsilon_{a,1} \\ \vdots \\ \varepsilon_{a,n_a} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & \dots & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \vdots & & & & \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 1 \\ & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

X is not full rank
 what can we do?
 we can add restrictions
 or look at different
 parameterizations of
 the model

a) Consider this paramet.

$$y_{i,j} = \mu_i + \varepsilon_{i,j}$$

$$\mu_1, \dots, \mu_a$$

$$\beta = \begin{pmatrix} \mu_1 \\ \vdots \\ \mu_a \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\varepsilon_{i,j} \stackrel{iid}{\sim} N(0, \sigma^2)$$

$$i=1:a$$

$$j=1:n_i$$

The resulting X is full

rank

$X =$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & 1 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{\beta} = (X'X)^{-1}X'y$$

$$X'X = \begin{pmatrix} n_1 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & n_2 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & \dots & \dots & n_a \end{pmatrix}$$

$a \times a$

$$(X'X)^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1/n_1 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & 1/n_2 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & \dots & \dots & 1/n_a \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X'y = \begin{pmatrix} \sum_{i=1}^n y_{i1} \\ \vdots \\ \sum_{i=1}^n y_{ia} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{\beta} &= (X'X)^{-1}X'y \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} \bar{y}_{1\cdot} \\ \vdots \\ \bar{y}_{a\cdot} \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\hat{\mu}_i = \bar{y}_{i\cdot}$$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^{n_i} y_{ij} / n_i$$

Hypothesis testing

$$H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2 = \dots = \mu_a$$

VS

H_1 : At least one μ_i
is different from
the rest

F-test

If we fail to reject
then

$$y_{ij} = \mu + \varepsilon_{ij} \quad \varepsilon_{ij} \stackrel{iid}{\sim} N(0, \sigma^2)$$

$$\hat{\mu} = \bar{y}_{..}$$

b) Add one restriction to the model

$$y_{ij} = \mu + \alpha_i + \varepsilon_{ij}$$
$$\varepsilon_{ij} \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} N(0, \sigma^2)$$

Possible restrictions:

i) $\alpha_{i_0} = 0$ for one i_0

ii) $\sum_{i=1}^a \alpha_i = 0$