# Regular Path Query with SQLite Implementation

QIWEN WANG<sup>1</sup>, HUI LYU<sup>2</sup>, YANG CAO<sup>2,3</sup>, BERTRAM LUDÄSCHER<sup>1,2,3</sup>

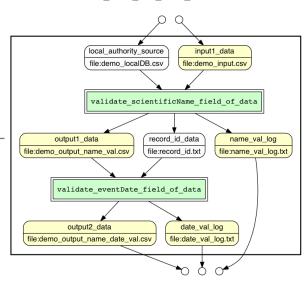
<sup>1</sup>DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE, UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS AT URBANA-CHAMPAIGN,

<sup>2</sup>SCHOOL OF INFORMATION SCIENCES, UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS AT URBANA-CHAMPAIGN,

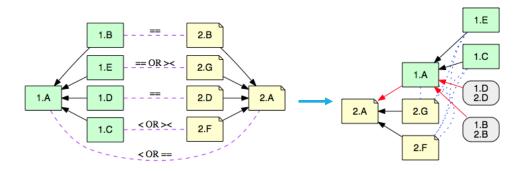
<sup>3</sup> NATIONAL CENTER FOR SUPERCOMPUTING APPLICATIONS

#### Our Group

- Lead by Bertram Ludäscher
- Data and knowledge management
- Design and optimize scientific workflow
- Data provenance



YesWorkflow Project/
Scientific workflow modeling



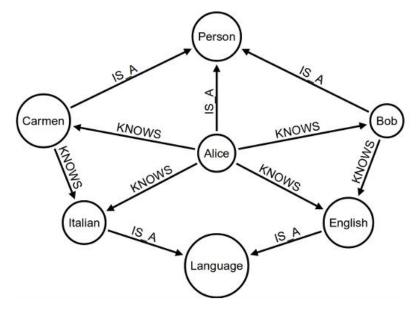
Euler Project/
Taxonomic alignment

#### Motivation

- SQLite is used more than all other database engines combined.
- Regular Path Queries (RPQ) make many recursive graph queries easy.
- ⇒ Goal: Develop a simple **RPQ-to-SQLite compiler** 
  - Many possible applications, e.g. querying of provenance graphs, workflow graphs, social network graphs, etc.

#### What is Regular Path Query(RPQ)

- A Data Graph  $G = \langle V, E, \rho \rangle$ , where:
  - *V* is a finite set of nodes;
  - $E \subseteq V \times \Sigma \times V$  is a set of labeled edges,  $\Sigma$  is the set of labels
  - $\circ \rho$  is a function that assigns a data value to each node
- Regular Path Query:
  - A query in the form of regular expression
  - Find matching in the data graph to the regular expression
  - Return pairs of nodes in a graph



Question: Who is a person?

Query: IS\_A.[Person]

Result: (Alice , Person)

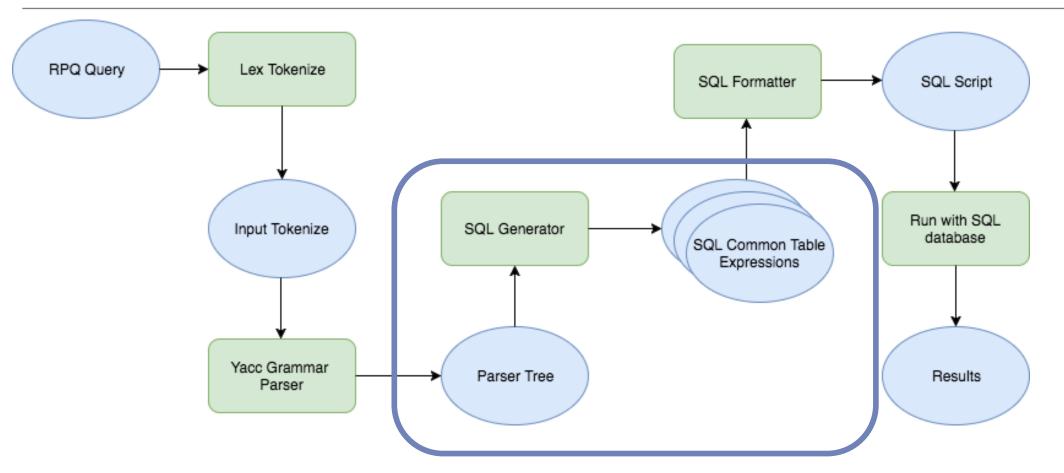
(Bob , Person)

(Carmen, Person)

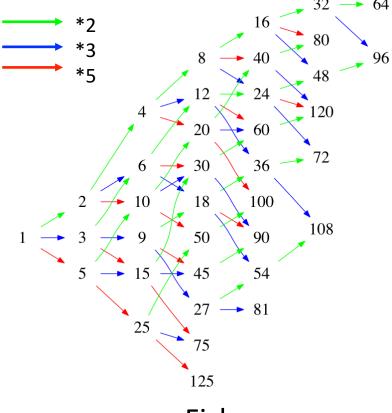
#### Challenge

- Should allow conjunctive RPQs (CRPQs) to support more queries.
- A variant of RPQs are part of SPARQL and can also be easily implemented in Datalog/Prolog, but widespread deployment of SQLite makes it a more desirable platform.
- Earlier RPQ implementations on top of PostgreSQL were not very efficient.
- ⇒ Aiming for a **lightweight**, **reasonably efficient** approach for SQLite.

### Approach – a SQLite Compiler

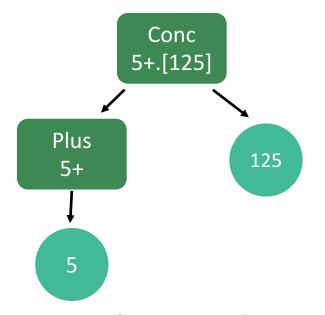


- English query: What are the Hamming numbers have at least one "\*5" along the way to the Hamming number 125?
- **Graphically**: Find all X, such that [X] 5 + -> [125]
- RPQ query: 5+.[125]

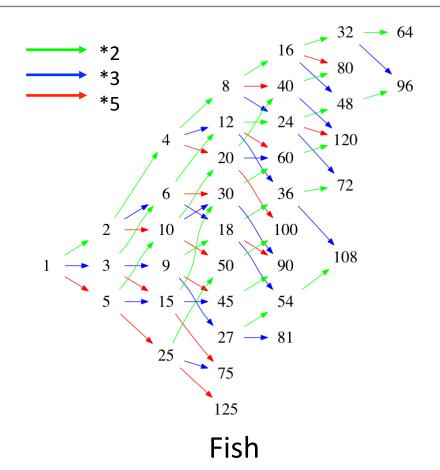


Fish

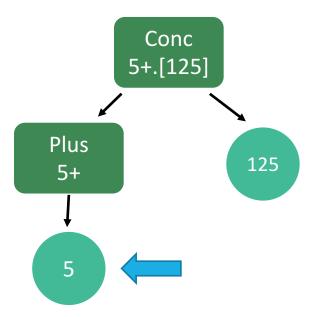
• **RPQ query**: 5+.[125]



Traverse with Post-order traversal



• **RPQ query** 5+. [125] to **SQLite** 

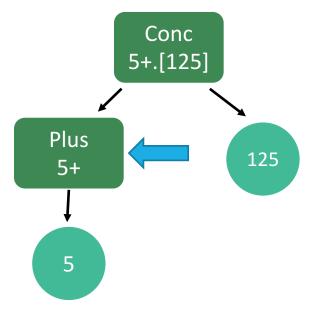


Traverse with Post-order traversal

Template to Generate CTE for a label:

```
Temp1(start, end) AS (
SELECT fish.startNode, fish.endNode
FROM fish
WHERE fish.label = "5")
```

• **RPQ query** 5+. [125] to **SQLite** 



Traverse with Post-order traversal

Template to Generate CTE for PLUS:

```
temp2(start, end) AS (
    SELECT * FROM temp1
    UNION
    SELECT a.start, b.end
    FROM temp2 AS a, temp1 AS b
    WHERE a.end = b.start)
```

Note: {0} is the new temp table, {1} is the previously generated temp table corresponds to label 5

• **RPQ query** 5+. [125] to **SQLite** 

```
WITH RECURSIVE

Temp1(start, end) AS (
...

WHERE fish.label = "5"),

temp3(start, end) AS (
...

WHERE a.end = b.start),

temp4(start, end) AS (
...

WHERE a.end = b.start

WHERE a.end = b.start
```

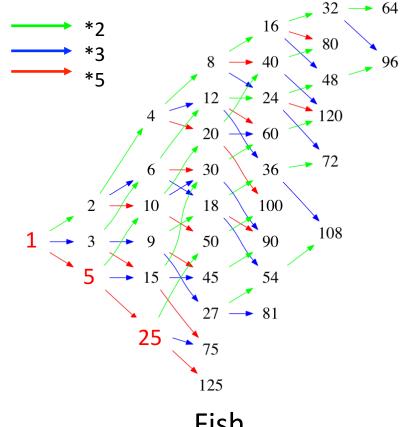
select \* from temp4;

Run SQLite representing RPQ query 5+.[125]

#### Results:

StartNode	EndNode
1	125
5	125
25	125

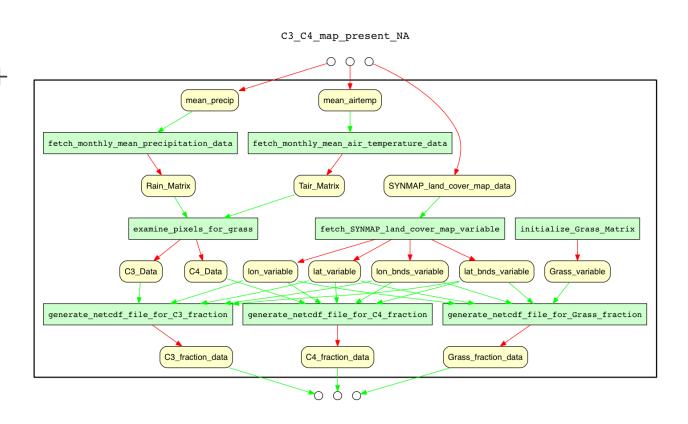
Can you find the corresponding path on the fish graph?

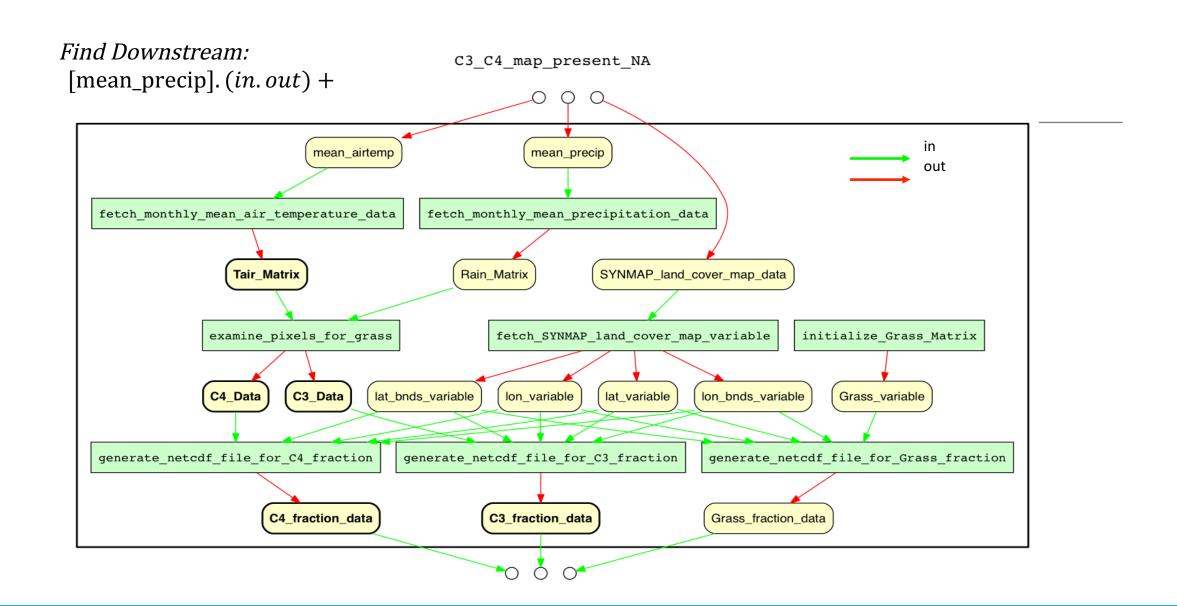


Fish

#### YesWorkflow(YW) Use Case

- English query: what are script outputs that are downstream of input data mean\_precip?
- RPQ query:  $[mean\_precip]$ . (in.out) +





#### Conclusion

- oIn this research, we implemented an **RPQ to SQLite compiler** that uses CTEs to express recursive queries.
- This engine can be run on any system that comes with SQLite.
- oIt also supports complex traversals on any type of graph, but is especially useful in answering data dependency queries over workflow and provenance graphs.
- OGit Repo: <a href="https://github.com/qwang70/rpq-engine-project">https://github.com/qwang70/rpq-engine-project</a>