## Advanced Computer Graphics

Lecture-08 Introduction to OpenGL-6

#### **Tzung-Han Lin**

National Taiwan University of Science and Technology Graduate Institute of Color and Illumination Technology

e-mail: thl@mail.ntust.edu.tw







# 高等電腦圖學(CI5326701) Advanced Computer Graphics, 2020 FALL

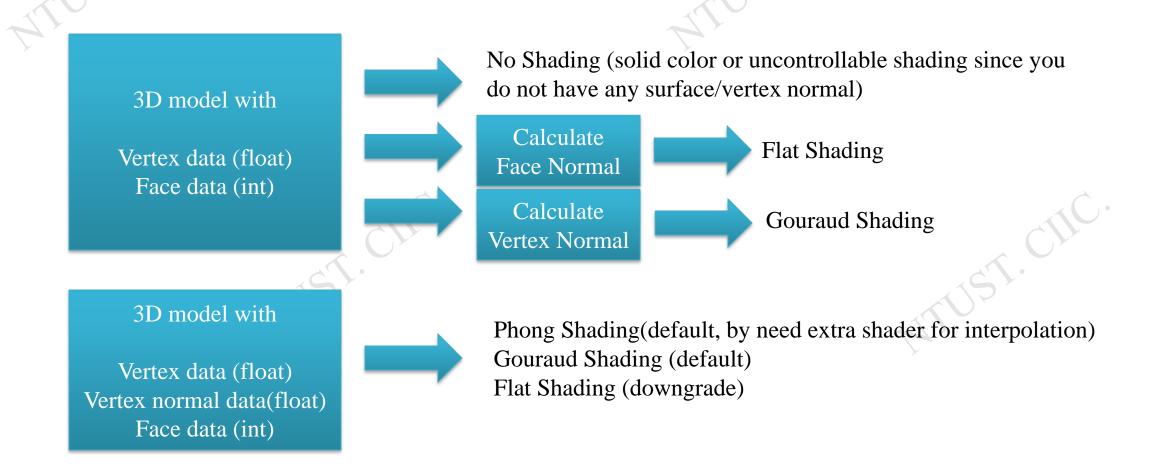
#### Outline

- Gouraud Shading / Flat Shading
- Backface Cull
- Depth Test
- Camera Control

The necessary data: vertex's normal

#### Gouraud Shading vs Flat Shading

■ For better visualization, you may need more data such vertex-normal.

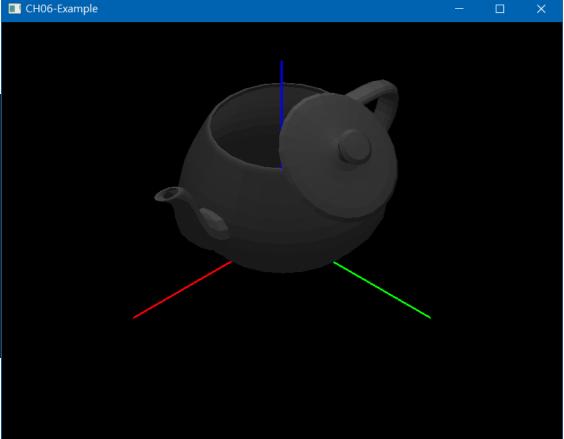


#### Gouraud Shading vs Flat Shading

Calculate Face Normal and assign it to each vertexes on a tringle (Flat

shading)

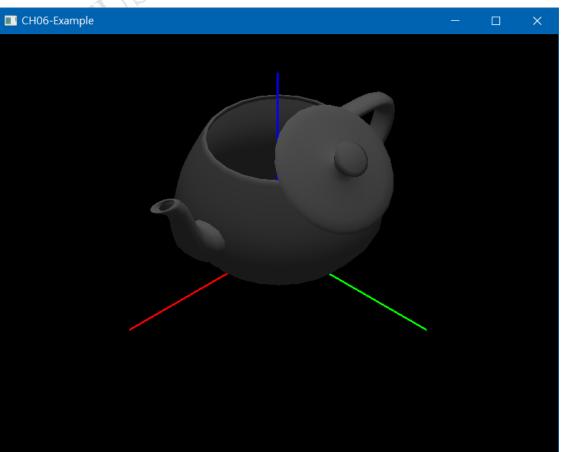
```
def drawTeapot():
            glBegin(GL TRIANGLES)
4635
            for fID in teapotFace:
                v1 = np.subtract(teapotVertex[fID[1]] ,teapotVertex[fID[0]])
                v2 = np.subtract(teapotVertex[fID[2]] ,teapotVertex[fID[0]])
4637
                nv = np.cross(v1, v2)
4638
                nlen = np.linalg.norm(nv, ord=1)
                nv = nv / nlen
                glNormal3f(nv[0],nv[1],nv[2])
4641
                glVertex3fv(teapotVertex[fID[0]])
4642
                glVertex3fv(teapotVertex[fID[1]])
4643
4644
                glVertex3fv(teapotVertex[fID[2]])
            glEnd()
4645
```



#### Gouraud Shading vs Flat Shading

Assign a normal vector to each vertex

```
def drawTeapot():
4633
4634
            glBegin(GL_TRIANGLES)
4635
            for fID in teapotFace:
                glNormal3fv(teapotVertexNormal[fID[0]])
4636
4637
                glVertex3fv(teapotVertex[fID[0]])
4638
                glNormal3fv(teapotVertexNormal[fID[1]])
                glVertex3fv(teapotVertex[fID[1]])
4639
4640
                glNormal3fv(teapotVertexNormal[fID[2]]) --
                glVertex3fv(teapotVertexffID[2]))
4641
4642
            glEnd()
```



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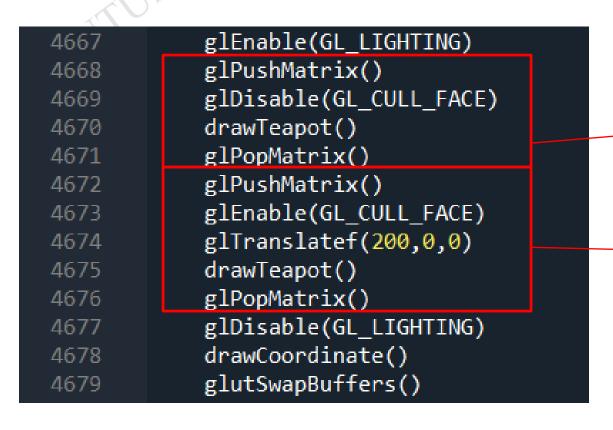
### Gouraud Shading vs Flat Shading

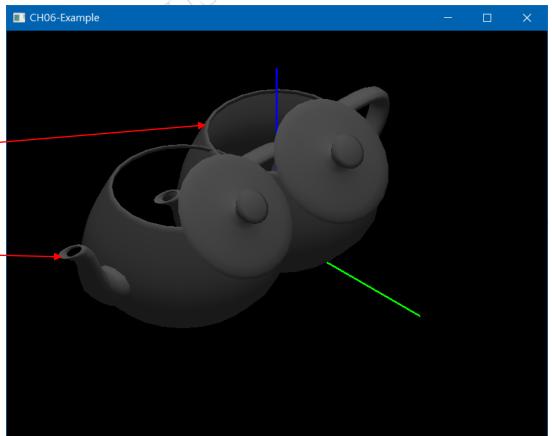
```
def drawTeapot():
            glBegin(GL_TRIANGLES)
            for fID in teapotFace:
                glNormal3fv(teapotVertexNormal[fID[0]])
                glVertex3fv(teapotVertex[fID[0]])
                glNormal3fv(teapotVertexNormal[fID[1]])
                glVertex3fv(teapotVertex[fID[1]])
                glNormal3fv(teapotVertexNormal[fID[2]])
                glVertex3fv(teapotVertex[fID[2]])
4642
            glEnd()
```

```
glEnable(GL_LIGHT0)
4694
       glShadeModel(GL SMOOTH)
       lightAmbient = [ 0.3,0.3,0.3,1.0 ]
        lightDiffuse = [0.7.0.7.0.7.1.0]
                                                           default
```

```
glEnable(GL_LIGHT0)
glShadeModel(GL FLAT)
lightAmbient = [ 0.3,0.3,0.3,1.0 ]
lightDiffuse = [0.7.0.7.0.7.1.0]
                (same to "assign face normal only")
```

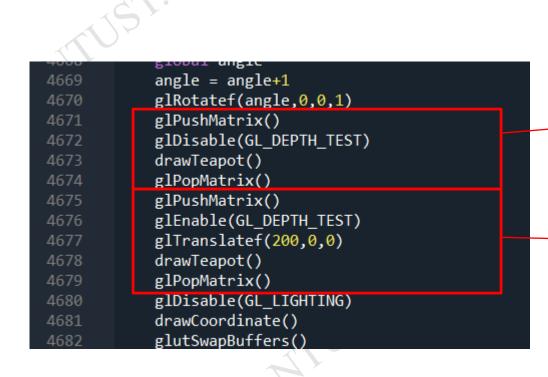
### Enable / Disable Cull Face

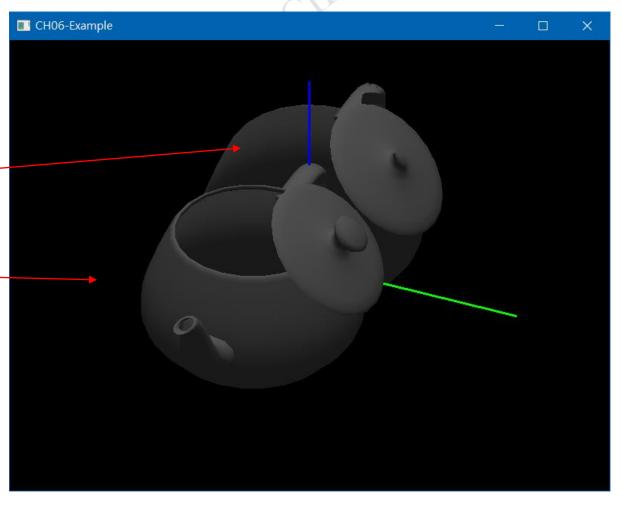






### Enable/Disable Depth\_Test



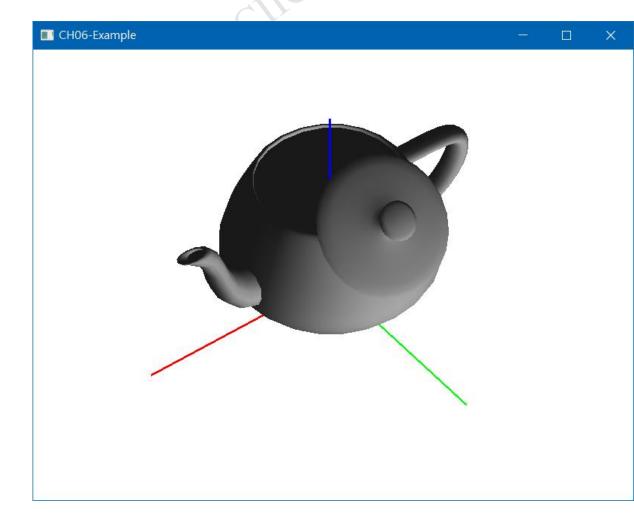




#### ■ gluLookAt

```
Look At
(300,400,500
10,20,30
0,0,1)
```

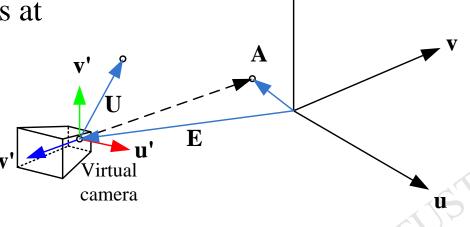
```
def display():
4660
           glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT|GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT)
4661
           glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION)
4662
           glLoadIdentity()
4663
           glViewport(0, 0, windowWidth, windowHeight)
4664
           glOrtho(-float(windowWidth)/2.0,float(windowWidth)/2.
4665
       2.0, float(windowHeight)/2.0, -windowHeight*10.0, windowHeight
4666
           gluLookAt(300,400,500,10,20,30,0,0,1)
4667
           glEnable(GL LIGHTING)
           glPushMatrix()
4669
           drawTeapot()
4670
           glPopMatrix()
           glDisable(GL_LIGHTING)
4671
           drawCoordinate()
4672
           glutSwapBuffers()
4673
4674
```





- Coordinate Transformation Here,
  - E: eye (or camera) position
  - A: reference point, where eye looks at
  - U: direction of up vector

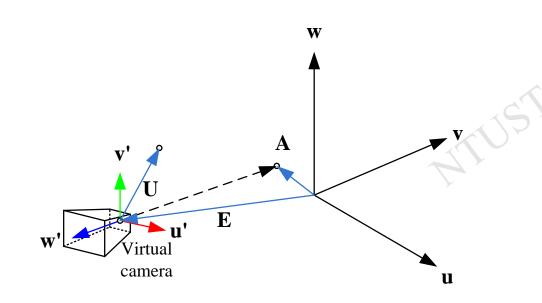
```
gluLookAt
The gluLookAt function defines a viewing transformation.
void qluLookAt(
  GLdouble eyex,
  GLdouble eyey,
  GLdouble eyez,
  GLdouble centerx,
  GLdouble centery,
  GLdouble centerz,
  GLdouble upx,
  GLdouble upy,
  GLdouble upz
Parameters
eyex, eyey, eyez
      The position of the eye point.
centerx, centery, centerz
      The position of the reference point.
upx, upy, upz
      The direction of the up vector.
```



- To determine the camera transformation matrix
- Step-1: find w' from (E-A).
- Step-2: u' from cross product of U and w' (and convert into unit vector)
- Step-3: v' from cross product of w' and u'.

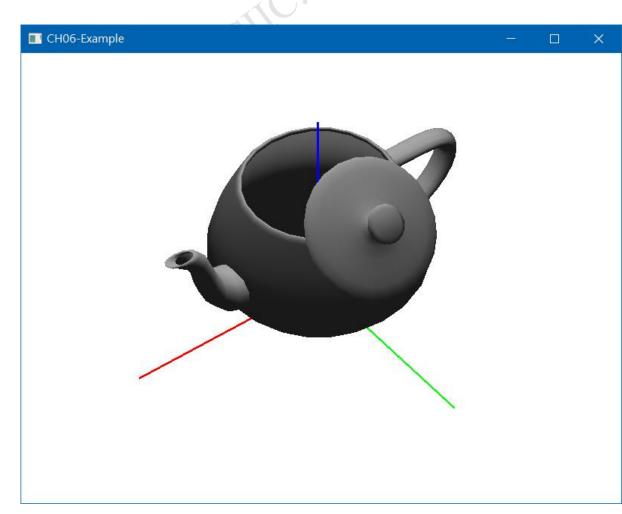
$$\begin{bmatrix} u_{x}' & v_{x}' & w_{x}' & E_{x} \\ u_{y}' & v_{y}' & w_{y}' & E_{y} \\ u_{z}' & v_{z}' & w_{z}' & E_{z} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{w'} = Normalize(\mathbf{E} - \mathbf{A})$$
 $\mathbf{u'} = Normalize(\mathbf{U} \times \mathbf{w'})$ 
 $\mathbf{v'} = \mathbf{w'} \times \mathbf{u'}$ 



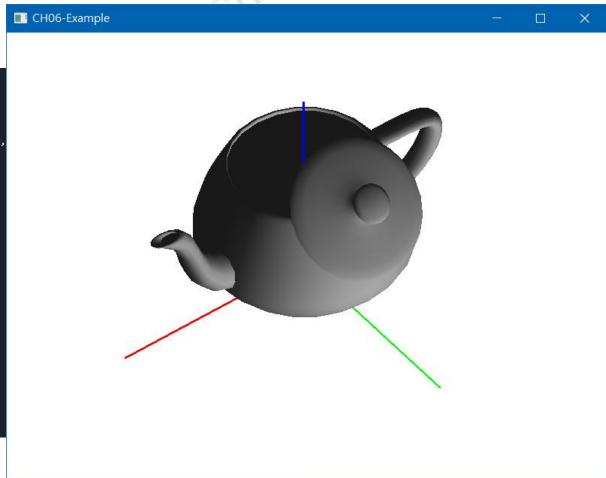


```
glOrtho(-float(windowWidth)/2.0,float(windowWidth)/2.0,-float(windowHeight)/2.0,float(windowHeight)/
windowHeight*10.0, windowHeight*10.0)
    glMatrixMode(GL_MODELVIEW)
    w = np.array([300,400,500])-np.array([10,20,30])
    w = w / np.linalg.norm(w)
   U = np.array([0,0,1])
   u = np.cross(U,w)
    u = u / np.linalg.norm(u)
   M = [[u[0], v[0], w[0], 300], [u[1], v[1], w[1], 400], [u[2], v[2], w[2], 500], [0., 0., 0., 1.]]
    Minv = np.linalg.inv(M)
   MinvT = np.transpose(Minv)
   matmatList = [MinvT[i][j] for i in range(4) for j in range(4)]
    glLoadMatrixf(matmatList)
    glEnable(GL LIGHTING)
    glPushMatrix()
    drawTeapot()
    glPopMatrix()
    glDisable(GL LIGHTING)
    drawCoordinate()
    glutSwapBuffers()
```



Note: light position is different

```
def display():
    glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT|GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT)
   glMatrixMode(GL_PROJECTION)
   glLoadIdentity()
   glViewport(0, 0, windowWidth, windowHeight)
    glOrtho(-float(windowWidth)/2.0,float(windowWidth)/2.0,-float(windowHeight)/2.0,float(windowHeight)/2.0,
windowHeight*10.0, windowHeight*10.0)
    glMatrixMode(GL_MODELVIEW)
   w = np.array([300,400,500])-np.array([10,20,30])
   w = w / np.linalg.norm(w)
   U = np.array([0,0,1])
   u = np.cross(U,w)
   u = u / np.linalg.norm(u)
   v = np.cross(w,u)
   M = [[u[0], v[0], w[0], 300], [u[1], v[1], w[1], 400], [u[2], v[2], w[2], 500], [0., 0., 0., 1.]]
   Minv = np.linalg.inv(M)
   MinvT = np.transpose(Minv)
   matmatList = [MinvT[i][j] for i in range(4) for j in range(4)]
   glLoadMatrixf(matmatList)
   lightPosition = [ 0.0,1000.0,0.0,1.0 ]
   glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_POSITION, lightPosition)
   glenable(GL_LIGHTING)
    glPushMatrix()
    drawTeapot()
    glPopMatrix()
    glDisable(GL LIGHTING)
   drawCoordinate()
    glutSwapBuffers()
```



Note: light position

LookAt (300,400,500 10,20,30 0,0,1)

$$\mathbf{p'} = \begin{bmatrix} u_x' & v_x' & w_x' & E_x \\ u_y' & v_y' & w_y' & E_y \\ u_z' & v_z' & w_z' & E_z \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \mathbf{p}$$

 $\mathbf{w'} = Normalize(\mathbf{E} - \mathbf{A})$ 

 $\mathbf{u}' = Normalize(\mathbf{U} \times \mathbf{w}')$ 

 $\mathbf{v'} = \mathbf{w'} \times \mathbf{u'}$ 

Statement for Matrix operation

$$u'=(0,0,1)X(0.4325950, 0.5668486, 0.7011022)$$
  
=...= (-0.7949512, 0.6066733, 0) → normalized

$$v' = (-0.42534, -0.5573420, 0.713061)$$

- 0. 0.7130608 0.7011022 500.
- 0. 0. 1

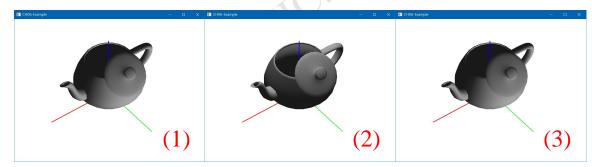
#### inverse

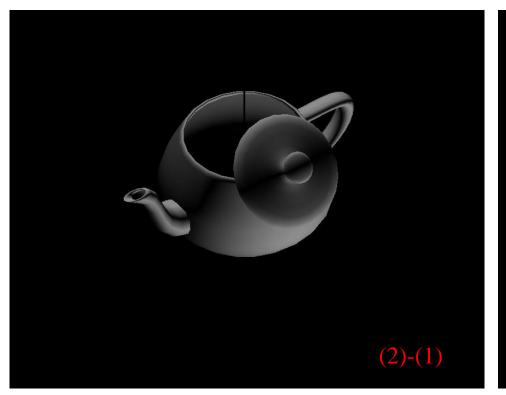
$$0.4325950 \quad 0.5668486 \quad 0.7011022 \quad -707.06902$$

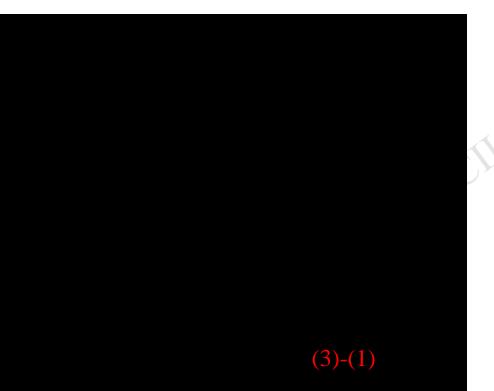
0. 0. 1.



■ Difference between images

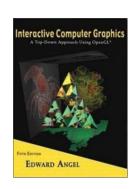




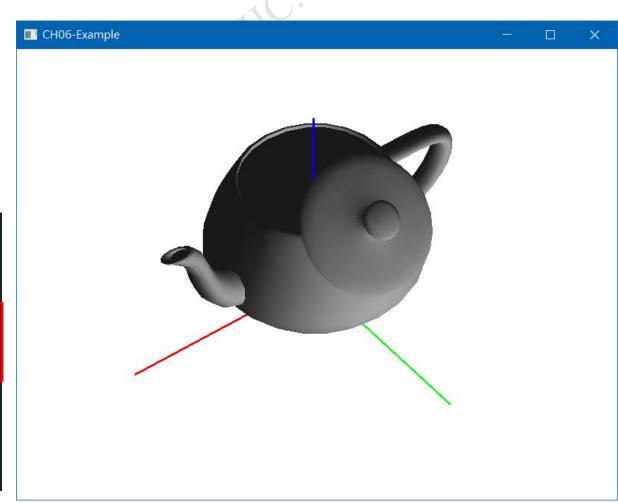


### glOrtho vs Projection Matrix

$$\mathbf{P} = \mathbf{ST} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{2}{\text{right} - \text{left}} & 0 & 0 & -\frac{\text{left} + \text{right}}{\text{right} - \text{left}} \\ 0 & \frac{2}{\text{top} - \text{bottom}} & 0 & -\frac{\text{top} + \text{bottom}}{\text{top} - \text{bottom}} \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{2}{\text{far} - \text{near}} & -\frac{\text{far} + \text{near}}{\text{far} - \text{near}} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



```
glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT|GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT)
    glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION)
    glLoadIdentity()
    glViewport(0, 0, windowWidth, windowHeight)
    #glOrtho(-float(windowWidth)/2.0,float(windowWidth)/2.0,-float(windowHeight)/2.0,float(windowHeight)/2.0,
windowHeight*10.0,windowHeight*10.0)
   Mortho = [ [ 2./windowWidth, 0.0, 0.0, -0.0/windowWidth], [ 0.0, 2./windowHeight, 0.0, -0.0/windowHeight],
[ 0.0, 0.0, -2.0/(20*windowHeight), -0.0/(20*windowHeight)], [0., 0., 0., 1.] ]
   MorthoT = np.transpose(Mortho)
    matmatList = [Mortho[i][j] for i in range(4) for j in range(4)]
    glLoadMatrixf(matmatList)
    gluLookAt(300,400,500,10,20,30,0,0,1)
    glEnable(GL LIGHTING)
    glPushMatrix()
    drawTeapot()
    glPopMatrix()
    glDisable(GL_LIGHTING)
    drawCoordinate()
    glutSwapBuffers()
```

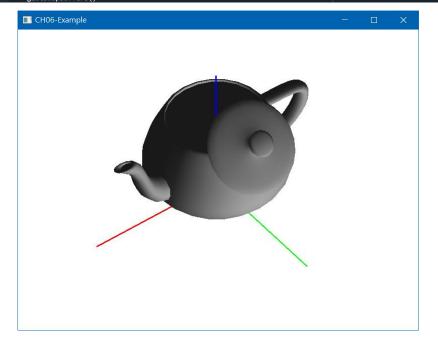


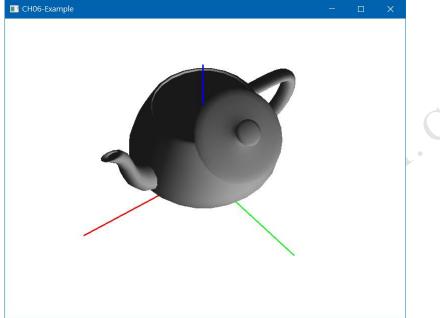


### glOrtho vs Projection Matrix

```
glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT|GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT)
   glMatrixMode(GL_PROJECTION)
   glLoadIdentity()
   glViewport(0, 0, windowWidth, windowHeight)
   gl0rtho(-float(windowWidth)/2.0, float(windowWidth)/2.0, -float(windowHeight)/2.0, float(windowHeight)/2.0,
windowHeight*10.0, windowHeight*10.0)
   Mortho = [ [ 2./windowWidth, 0.0, 0.0, -0.0/windowWidth], [ 0.0, 2./windowHeight, 0.0, -0.0/windowHeight],
[ 0.0, 0.0, -2.0/(20*windowHeight), -0.0/(20*windowHeight)], [0., 0., 0., 1.] ]
   MorthoT = np.transpose(Mortho)
   matmatList = [Mortho[i][j] for i in range(4) for j in range(4)]
   glLoadMatrixf(matmatList)
   gluLookAt(300,400,500,10,20,30,0,0,1)
   glEnable(GL_LIGHTING)
   glPushMatrix()
   drawTeapot()
   glPopMatrix()
   glDisable(GL_LIGHTING)
   drawCoordinate()
   glutSwapBuffers(
```

```
glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT|GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT)
   glMatrixMode(GL_PROJECTION)
   glLoadIdentity()
   glViewport(0, 0, windowWidth, windowHeight)
windowHeight*10.0,windowHeight*10.0)
   Mortho = [ [ 2./windowWidth, 0.0, 0.0, -0.0/windowWidth],[ 0.0, 2./windowHeight, 0.0, -0.0/windowHeight],
[ 0.0, 0.0, -2.0/(20*windowHeight), -0.0/(20*windowHeight)], [0., 0., 0., 1.] ]
   MorthoT = np.transpose(Mortho)
   matmatList = [Mortho[i][j] for i in range(4) for j in range(4)]
   glLoadMatrixf(matmatList)
   gluLookAt(300,400,500,10,20,30,0,0,1)
   glEnable(GL_LIGHTING)
   glPushMatrix()
   drawTeapot()
   glPopMatrix()
   glDisable(GL_LIGHTING)
   drawCoordinate()
   glutSwapBuffers(
```







#### glOrtho vs Projection Matrix (more complex form)

■ All using glLoadMatrixf instead of glOrtho and glLookAt

```
CH06-Example
            glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT|GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT)
            glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION)
            glLoadIdentity()
            glViewport(0, 0, windowWidth, windowHeight)
4664
            Mortho = [ [ 2./windowWidth, 0.0, 0.0, -0.0/windowWidth], [ 0.0, 2./windowHeight, 0.0, -0.0/windowHeight],
         [ 0.0, 0.0, -2.0/(20*windowHeight), -0.0/(20*windowHeight)], [0., 0., 0., 1.] ]
            MorthoT = np.transpose(Mortho)
            matmatList = [Mortho[i][j] for i in range(4) for j in range(4)]
            glLoadMatrixf(matmatList)
            glMatrixMode(GL_MODELVIEW)
            w = np.array([300,400,500])-np.array([10,20,30])
            w = w / np.linalg.norm(w)
            U = np.array([0,0,1])
            u = np.cross(U,w)
            u = u / np.linalg.norm(u)
            v = np.cross(w,u)
            M = [ [u[0], v[0], w[0], 300], [u[1], v[1], w[1], 400], [u[2], v[2], w[2], 500], [0., 0., 0., 1.] ]
            Minv = np.linalg.inv(M)
            MinvT = np.transpose(Minv)
            matmatList = [MinvT[i][j] for i in range(4) for j in range(4)]
            glLoadMatrixf(matmatList)
            lightPosition = [ 0.0,1000.0,0.0,1.0 ]
            glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_POSITION, lightPosition)
            glEnable(GL_LIGHTING)
            glPushMatrix()
            drawTeapot()
            glPopMatrix()
            glDisable(GL_LIGHTING)
            drawCoordinate()
            glutSwapBuffers()
```

### glFrustum vs Projection Matrix

by glFrustum

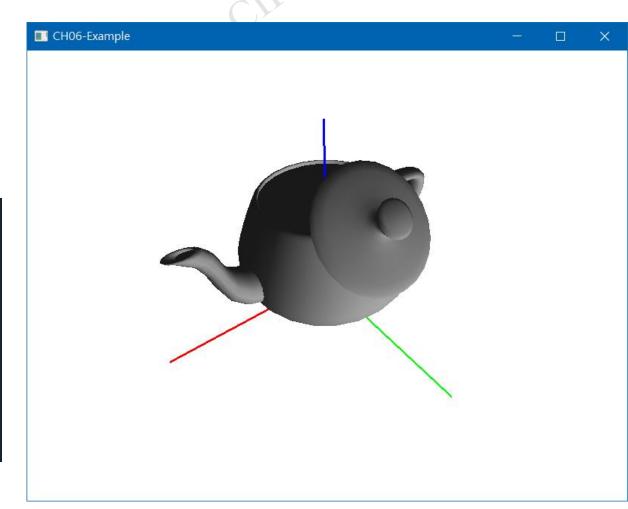
```
glFrustum(-800/1000.0, 800/1000.0, -600/1000.0, 600/1000.0, 1.0, 5000)
```

```
def display():
    glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT|GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT)
    glMatrixMode(GL_PROJECTION)
    glLoadIdentity()
    glViewport(0, 0, windowWidth, windowHeight)
    glFrustum(-800/1000.0, 800/1000.0, - 600/1000.0, 600/1000.0, 1.0, 5000);

def display():
    glMatrixMode(GL_PROJECTION)
    glLoadIdentity()
    glFrustum(-800/1000.0, 800/1000.0, - 600/1000.0, 600/1000.0, 1.0, 5000);

glFrustum(-800/1000.0, 800/1000.0, - 600/1000.0, 600/1000.0, 1.0, 5000);

gluLookAt(300,400,500,10,20,30,0,0,1)
    glEnable(GL_LIGHTING)
    glPushMatrix()
    drawTeapot()
    glPopMatrix()
    glDisable(GL_LIGHTING)
    drawCoordinate()
    glutSwapBuffers()
```

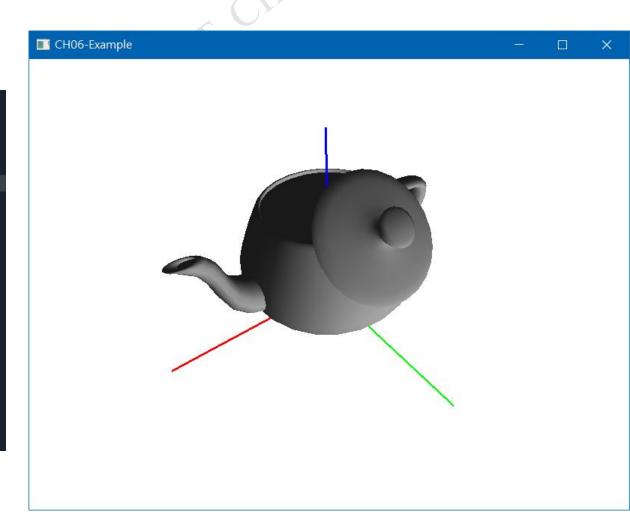


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#### glFrustum vs Projection Matrix

by Projection matrix

```
def display():
            glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT|GL DEPTH BUFFER BIT)
           glMatrixMode(GL_PROJECTION)
           glLoadIdentity()
           glViewport(0, 0, windowWidth, windowHeight)
4664
           Mfrustum = [ [ 2./(0.8+0.8), 0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [ 0.0, 2./(0.6+0.6), 0.0, 0.0], ]
        [ 0.0, 0.0, -(5000+1.0)/(5000-1.0), -2.0*1.0*5000./(5000-1.0)], [0., 0., -1.0,
       0.01 1
           MfrustumT = np.transpose(Mfrustum)
           matmatList = [MfrustumT[i][j] for i in range(4) for j in range(4)]
           glLoadMatrixf(matmatList)
            gluLookAt(300,400,500,10,20,30,0,0,1)
           glEnable(GL LIGHTING)
            glPushMatrix()
            drawTeapot()
            glPopMatrix()
            glDisable(GL_LIGHTING)
            drawCoordinate()
            glutSwapBuffers()
```





The **qlFrustum** function multiplies the current matrix by a perspective matrix.

```
void glFrustum(
  GLdouble left,
  GLdouble right,
  GLdouble bottom,
  GLdouble top,
  GLdouble znear,
  GLdouble zfar
);
```

#### **Parameters**

left, right

The coordinates for the left and right vertical clipping planes.

bottom, top

The coordinates for the bottom and top horizontal clipping planes.

znear, zfar

The distances to the near and far depth clipping planes. Both distances must be positive.

#### Remarks

The **glFrustum** function describes a perspective matrix that produces a perspective projection. The (left, bottom, znear) and (right, top, znear) parameters specify the points on the near clipping plane that are mapped to the lower-left and upper-right corners of the window, respectively, assuming that the eye is located at (0, 0, 0). The zfar parameter specifies the location of the far clipping plane. Both znear and zfar must be positive. The corresponding matrix is:

$$A = \frac{\text{right+left}}{\text{right-left}}$$

$$B = \frac{\text{top+bottom}}{\text{top-bottom}}$$

$$C = -\frac{far + near}{far - near}$$

$$D = -\frac{2 far near}{far - near}$$

The **glFrustum** function multiplies the current matrix by this matrix, with the result replacing the current matrix. That is, if M is the current matrix and F is the frustum perspective matrix, then **glFrustum** replaces M with M • F.

```
glFrustum(-800/1000.0, 800/1000.0, -600/1000.0, 600/1000.0, 1.0, 5000)
```

near: 1

Far: 5000

left: -0.8

right: 0.8

top: 0.6

bottom: -0.6

#### Projection Matrix:

 $F=[2*1/(0.8+0.8) \ 0 \ (0.8-0.8)/(0.8+0.8) \ 0; \ 0$ 

2\*1/(0.6+0.6) (0.6-0.6)/(0.6+0.6) 0;0 0 -

(5000+1)/(5000-1) -2\*1\*5000/(5000-1); 0 0 -1 0

$$F =$$

1.25 0. 0.

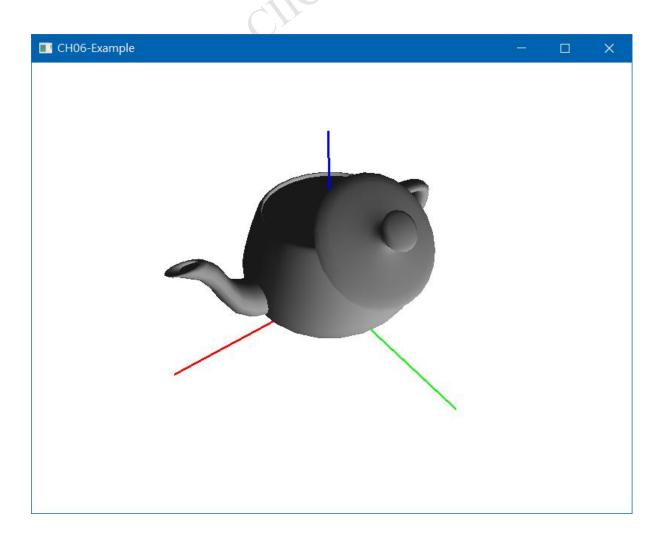
0. 1.67 0. 0

0. 0. - 1.0004 - 2.0004

 $0. \quad 0. \quad -1. \quad 0.$ 

#### glFrustum vs Projection Matrix

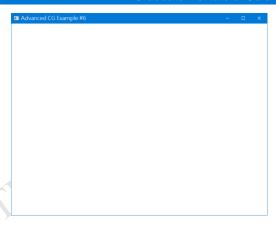
```
def display():
           glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT|GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT)
           glMatrixMode(GL_PROJECTION)
           glLoadIdentitv()
           glViewport(0, 0, windowWidth, windowHeight)
           Mfrustum = [ [ 2./(0.8+0.8), 0.0, 0.0, 0.0], [ 0.0, 2./(0.6+0.6), 0.0, 0.0], ]
        [0.0, 0.0, -(5000+1.0)/(5000-1.0), -2.0*1.0*5000./(5000-1.0)], [0., 0., -1.0,
       0.0] ]
           MfrustumT = np.transpose(Mfrustum)
           matmatList = [MfrustumT[i][j] for i in range(4) for j in range(4)]
           glLoadMatrixf(matmatList)
4669
           glMatrixMode(GL_MODELVIEW)
           w = np.array([300,400,500])-np.array([10,20,30])
           w = w / np.linalg.norm(w)
           U = np.array([0,0,1])
           u = np.cross(U,w)
           u = u / np.linalg.norm(u)
           v = np.cross(w,u)
           M = [[u[0], v[0], w[0], 300], [u[1], v[1], w[1], 400], [u[2], v[2], w[2],
       500], [0., 0., 0., 1.]]
           Minv = np.linalg.inv(M)
           MinvT = np.transpose(Minv)
           matmatList = [MinvT[i][j] for i in range(4) for j in range(4)]
           glLoadMatrixf(matmatList)
           lightPosition = [ 0.0,1000.0,0.0,1.0 ]
           glLightfv(GL LIGHT0, GL POSITION, lightPosition)
           glEnable(GL LIGHTING)
           glPushMatrix()
           drawTeapot()
           glPopMatrix()
           glDisable(GL LIGHTING)
           drawCoordinate()
            glutSwapBuffers()
```

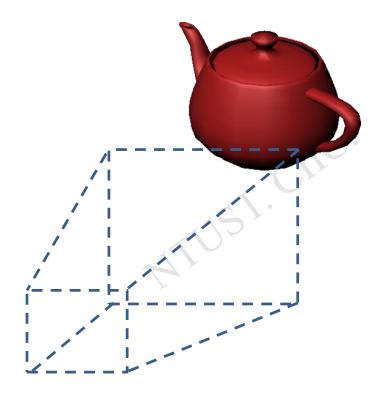


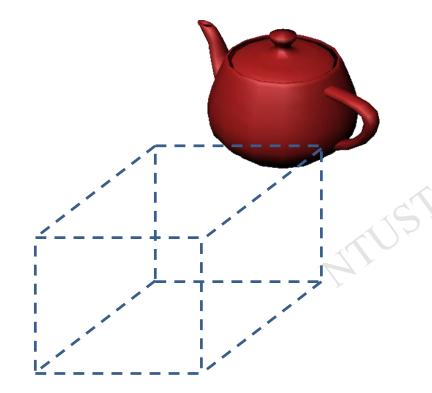


### Other issue: See nothing

■ Object is not inside the viewing volume



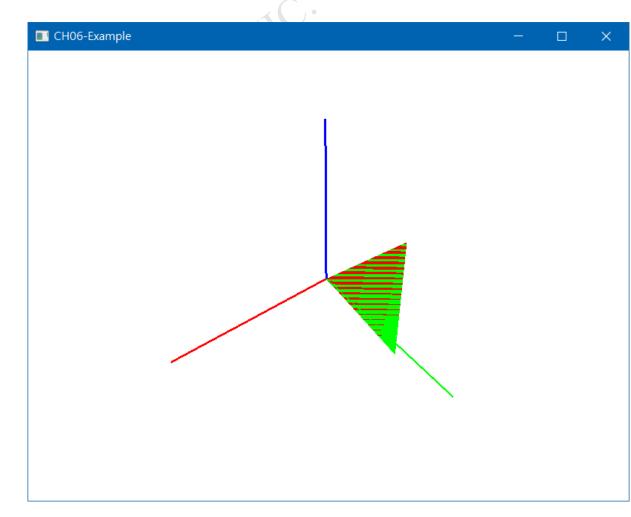




#### Other issue: Poor depth resolution

```
14 def drawTriangles():
15 glBegin(GL_TRIANGLES)
16 glColor3f(1,0,0)
17 glNormal3f(0.,0.,1.)
18 glVertex3f(0.,0.,0.)
20 glVertex3f(200.,0.,0.)
21 glColor3f(0,1,0)
22 glNormal3f(0.,0.,1.)
23 glVertex3f(0.,0.,0.01)
24 glVertex3f(200.,0.,0.01)
25 glVertex3f(0.,200.,0.01)
26 glEnd()
```

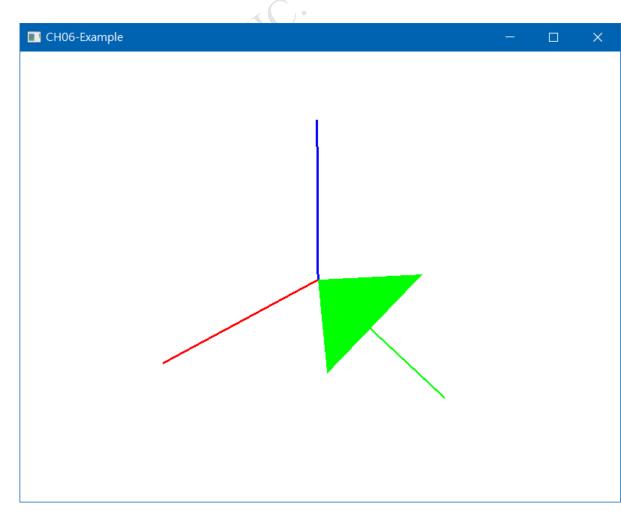
```
def display():
        glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT|
    GL DEPTH BUFFER BIT)
        glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION)
        glLoadIdentity()
        glViewport(0, 0, windowWidth, windowHeight)
        vscale = 1
        glFrustum(-800/1000.0*vscale,
    800/1000.0*vscale, - 600/1000.0*vscale,
    600/1000.0*vscale, 1.0*vscale, 5000)
        gluLookAt(300,400,500,10,20,30,0,0,1)
        global angle
        angle = angle+0.01
        glPushMatrix()
        glRotatef(angle,0,0,1)
56
        drawTriangles()
        glPopMatrix()
        drawCoordinate()
        glutSwapBuffers()
        glutPostRedisplay()
```





#### Other issue: Poor depth resolution

```
def display():
        glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT
    GL DEPTH BUFFER BIT)
        glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION)
        glLoadIdentity()
        glViewport(0, 0, windowWidth, windowHeight)
        vscale = 10
        glFrustum(-800/1000.0*vscale,
    800/1000.0*vscale, - 600/1000.0*vscale,
    600/1000.0*vscale, 1.0*vscale, 5000)
51
        gluLookAt(300,400,500,10,20,30,0,0,1)
        global angle
        angle = angle+0.01
54
        glPushMatrix()
        glRotatef(angle,0,0,1)
        drawTriangles()
57
        glPopMatrix()
        drawCoordinate()
        glutSwapBuffers()
        glutPostRedisplay()
61
```



















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