

# List of gcc flags with their meanings

---

## 1. Compilation Stages Control

Flag	Meaning
<code>-E</code>	Preprocess only (expand macros, includes)
<code>-S</code>	Compile to assembly code only
<code>-c</code>	Compile to object file ( <code>.o</code> ), no linking
(no flag)	Compile + link (default behavior)

```
gcc -E file.c  
gcc -S file.c  
gcc -c file.c
```

---

## 2. Output & File Control

Flag	Meaning
<code>-o file</code>	Specify output file name
<code>-x language</code>	Specify language explicitly
<code>-pipe</code>	Use pipes instead of temp files

```
gcc main.c -o main
```

---

## 3. Warning & Error Flags (VERY IMPORTANT)

Flag	Meaning
<code>-Wall</code>	Enable most common warnings
<code>-Wextra</code>	Enable additional warnings

Flag	Meaning
<code>-Werror</code>	Treat warnings as errors
<code>-pedantic</code>	Enforce strict ISO C/C++
<code>-Wshadow</code>	Warn about variable shadowing
<code>-Wconversion</code>	Warn on implicit type conversions

---

```
gcc -Wall -Wextra -Werror main.c
```

## 4. Debugging Flags

Flag	Meaning
<code>-g</code>	Generate debug symbols
<code>-ggdb</code>	Debug symbols optimized for GDB
<code>-fno-omit-frame-pointer</code>	Better stack traces

---

```
gcc -g main.c
gdb ./a.out
```

## 5. Optimization Flags

Flag	Meaning
<code>-O0</code>	No optimization (default for debugging)
<code>-O1</code>	Basic optimization
<code>-O2</code>	Standard optimization
<code>-O3</code>	Aggressive optimization
<code>-Os</code>	Optimize for size (embedded)
<code>-Ofast</code>	Unsafe fast optimizations

---

```
gcc -O2 main.c
gcc -Os firmware.c
```

## 6. Architecture & CPU Flags (Embedded / Performance)

Flag	Meaning
<code>-march=</code>	Target specific CPU architecture
<code>-mcpu=</code>	Target specific CPU
<code>-mtune=</code>	Optimize for CPU without breaking compatibility
<code>-m32 / -m64</code>	Generate 32-bit or 64-bit code

```
gcc -mcpu=cortex-m4 -mthumb main.c
```

---

## 7. Preprocessor Flags

Flag	Meaning
<code>-DNAME</code>	Define macro
<code>-DNAME=value</code>	Define macro with value
<code>-UNAME</code>	Undefine macro
<code>-Ipath</code>	Add include directory

```
gcc -DDEBUG -Iinc main.c
```

---

## 8. Linking Flags

Flag	Meaning
<code>-l&lt;lib&gt;</code>	Link against library
<code>-L&lt;path&gt;</code>	Add library search path
<code>-static</code>	Static linking
<code>-shared</code>	Create shared library
<code>-Wl,&lt;opt&gt;</code>	Pass option to linker

```
gcc main.c -lm  
gcc -shared -o libtest.so test.c
```

---

## 9. Security Hardening Flags

Flag	Meaning
-fstack-protector	Stack smashing protection
-fstack-protector-strong	Stronger protection
-D_FORTIFY_SOURCE=2	Buffer overflow checks
-fPIE	Position-independent executable
-pie	Enable PIE at link time

```
gcc -fstack-protector-strong -D_FORTIFY_SOURCE=2 main.c
```

---

## 10. Sanitizers (Debugging Bugs 🔥)

Flag	Detects
-fsanitize=address	Memory corruption
-fsanitize=undefined	Undefined behavior
-fsanitize=leak	Memory leaks
-fsanitize=thread	Data races

```
gcc -fsanitize=address -g main.c
```

---

## 11. Language Standards

C

Flag	Standard
-std=c89	ANSI C

<b>Flag</b>	<b>Standard</b>
<code>-std=c99</code>	C99
<code>-std=c11</code>	C11
<code>-std=c17</code>	C17

## C++

<b>Flag</b>	<b>Standard</b>
<code>-std=c++11</code>	C++11
<code>-std=c++14</code>	C++14
<code>-std=c++17</code>	C++17
<code>-std=c++20</code>	C++20

## 12. Code Generation & Behavior

<b>Flag</b>	<b>Meaning</b>
<code>-fPIC</code>	Position-independent code
<code>-ffreestanding</code>	Embedded / no OS
<code>-nostdlib</code>	Do not use standard library
<code>-nostartfiles</code>	Skip startup files
<code>-fno-builtins</code>	Disable compiler built-ins

## 13. Size & Analysis

<b>Flag</b>	<b>Meaning</b>
<code>-s</code>	Strip symbols
<code>-fdata-sections</code>	Place data in separate sections
<code>-ffunction-sections</code>	Place functions in separate sections
<code>--gc-sections</code>	Remove unused code (linker)

```
gcc -ffunction-sections -fdata-sections main.c -Wl,--gc-sections
```

---

## 14. Useful Inspection Flags

Flag	Meaning
<code>-v</code>	Verbose output
<code>-Q --help=optimizers</code>	List optimizations
<code>-dM -E</code>	List predefined macros
<code>-ftime-report</code>	Compilation time report

---

## 15. Common Flag Combos (Practical)

### Debug Build

```
gcc -g -O0 -Wall -Wextra main.c
```

### Release Build

```
gcc -O2 -Wall main.c
```

### Embedded Firmware

```
gcc -mcpu=cortex-m4 -mthumb -Os -ffreestanding -nostdlib
```

### Bug Hunting

```
gcc -fsanitize=address -g main.c
```

---

## GCC Flags Used in Makefiles (Practical Guide)

In Makefiles, GCC flags are **grouped into variables** so they can be reused, modified, and switched easily (debug vs release, host vs embedded).

---

## 1. Core Makefile Variables (MOST IMPORTANT)

```
CC      = gcc
CFLAGS =
CPPFLAGS=
LDFLAGS =
LDLIBS =
```

### What each one means

Variable	Used For
CC	Compiler
CFLAGS	Compilation flags (optimization, warnings)
CPPFLAGS	Preprocessor flags ( -D , -I )
LDFLAGS	Linker options ( -L , -Wl, )
LDLIBS	Libraries ( -lm , -lpthread )

---

## 2. Typical CFLAGS (Compilation Flags)

```
CFLAGS = -Wall -Wextra -Werror -O2 -g
```

Flag	Meaning
-Wall	Common warnings
-Wextra	Extra warnings
-Werror	Warnings → errors
-O2	Optimization
-g	Debug symbols



## Rule:

CFLAGS → affects .c → .o

---

## 3. CPPFLAGS (Preprocessor Flags)

CPPFLAGS = -Iinclude -DDEBUG -DVERSION=2

Flag	Meaning
-Iinclude	Header search path
-DDEBUG	Define macro
-DVERSION=2	Define macro with value

📌 Used **before compilation**.

---

## 4. LDFLAGS (Linker Options)

LDFLAGS = -L/usr/local/lib -Wl,--gc-sections

Flag	Meaning
-Lpath	Library search path
-Wl,opt	Pass option to linker
--gc-sections	Remove unused code

📌 Does **NOT** include -lxxx

---

## 5. LDLIBS (Libraries)

LDLIBS = -lm -lpthread

Flag	Meaning
-lm	Math library

Flag	Meaning
-lpthread	POSIX threads

📌 Linked **last** (order matters).

---

## 6. Full Minimal Makefile (REALISTIC)

```

CC = gcc

CFLAGS    = -Wall -Wextra -O2
CPPFLAGS  = -Iinclude -DDEBUG
LDFLAGS   = -Wl,--gc-sections
LDLIBS    = -lm

TARGET = app
SRC = main.c utils.c
OBJ = $(SRC:.c=.o)

$(TARGET): $(OBJ)
    $(CC) $(OBJ) $(LDFLAGS) $(LDLIBS) -o $@

%.o: %.c
    $(CC) $(CPPFLAGS) $(CFLAGS) -c $< -o $@

clean:
    rm -f $(OBJ) $(TARGET)

```

---

## 7. Debug vs Release Builds (VERY COMMON)

```

DEBUG ?= 0

ifeq ($(DEBUG),1)
    CFLAGS += -O0 -g
else
    CFLAGS += -O2
endif

```

Build like:

```
make DEBUG=1  
make
```

---

## 8. Embedded / Cross-Compile Makefile Flags

```
CC = arm-none-eabi-gcc  
  
CFLAGS = -mcpu=cortex-m4 -mthumb -Os \  
         -ffunction-sections -fdata-sections \  
         -Wall  
  
LDFLAGS = -Wl,--gc-sections -T linker.ld
```

### 📌 Common embedded-specific flags

Flag	Meaning
-mcpu=cortex-m4	Target MCU
-mthumb	Thumb instruction set
-ffunction-sections	Per-function section
-T linker.ld	Custom linker script

---

## 9. Automatic Variables Used with Flags

Variable	Meaning
\$@	Target
\$<	First dependency
\$^	All dependencies

```
$(CC) $(CFLAGS) -c $< -o $@
```

---

## 10. Common Makefile Mistakes (Exam Gold)

- ✗ Putting `-lm` in `CFLAGS`
- ✗ Putting `-O2` in `LDLDFLAGS`
- ✗ Hardcoding flags inside rules
- ✗ Wrong order: `-lm` before objects

✓ Correct:

```
$ (CC) obj.o -lm
```

---

## 11. Real Industry Flag Sets

### Linux-style

```
CFLAGS = -Wall -Wextra -Wstrict-prototypes -Werror
```

### Firmware

```
CFLAGS = -Os -ffreestanding -nostdlib
```

### Bug hunting

```
CFLAGS = -fsanitize=address -g
```

---

## 12. One-Line Mental Model

CPPFLAGS → preprocess  
CFLAGS → compile  
LDLDFLAGS → link options  
LDLIBS → libraries

---