lab1

September 20, 2021

1 1.1 №1. 1.1.1 1.

 $\ddot{x} + \omega^2 \cdot x = 0$ $2 - \qquad :$ $\begin{cases} \frac{dx}{dt} &= p \\ \frac{dp}{dt} &= \frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$

```
[]: import scipy.integrate as integr
     import numpy as np
                                                   #
     import matplotlib.pylab as plt
                                                   #
                                                           python
     colors = ["#00FFFF",
                                          # Azure
               "#0000FF",
                                          # Blue
               "#FF0000",
                                          # Red
               "#00FF00",
                                          # Green
               "#D2691E",
               "#AAA662",
               "#9AOEEA",
               "#808000",
               "#FFA500",
               "#9ACD32",
               "#EDODD9",
               "#FC5A50",
               "#929591",
               "#029386",
               "#C79FEF",
               "#FAC205",
               "#6E750E",
               "#06C2AC"]
```

```
#
def abline(slope, intercept):
    axes = plt.gca()
    x_vals = np.array(axes.get_xlim())
    y_vals = intercept + slope * x_vals
    plt.plot(x_vals, y_vals, c = "black")

[]: #
def f(y, t, omega = 1):
    y1, y2 = y
    return [y2, -1 * omega**2 * y1]

time = np.linspace(0, 5, 50)  #
y0 = [0, 2]  #

#
w = integr.odeint(f,  #
    y0,  #
    time,  #
```

omega

Python matplotlib.pyplot

 \boldsymbol{x}

(3,)

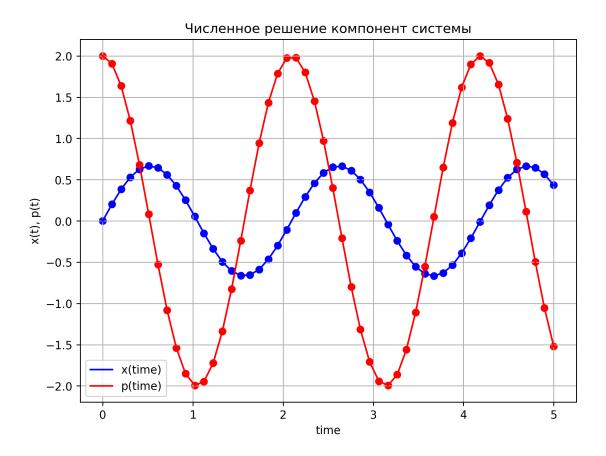
#

)

y1 = w[:, 0]

y2 = w[:, 1]

```
[]:#
     fig = plt.figure(facecolor="white", figsize = (8, 6), dpi=250)
     #
     plt.plot(time, y1, c = "b", label = "x(time)")
                                                                    (t, x(t))
                                                                     (t, x(t))
     plt.scatter(time, y1, c = "b")
     plt.plot(time, y2, c = "r", label = "p(time)")
                                                                    (t, p(t))
     plt.scatter(time, y2, c = "r")
                                                                     (t, p(t))
     plt.xlabel("time")
                                 #
     plt.ylabel("x(t), p(t)")
                                    ")
     plt.title("
     plt.legend()
     plt.grid(True)
                                 #
     plt.show()
```



```
[]: fig = plt.figure(facecolor="white", figsize=(6,6), dpi=250)

#

plt.plot(y1, y2, c = "g")

plt.scatter(y1, y2, c = "g")

#

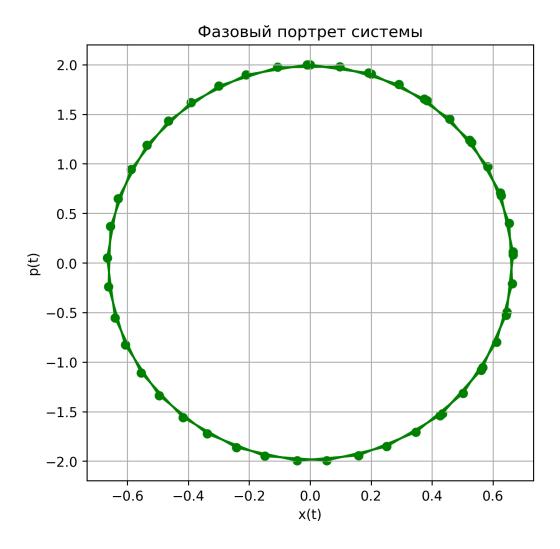
plt.xlabel("x(t)")

plt.ylabel("p(t)")

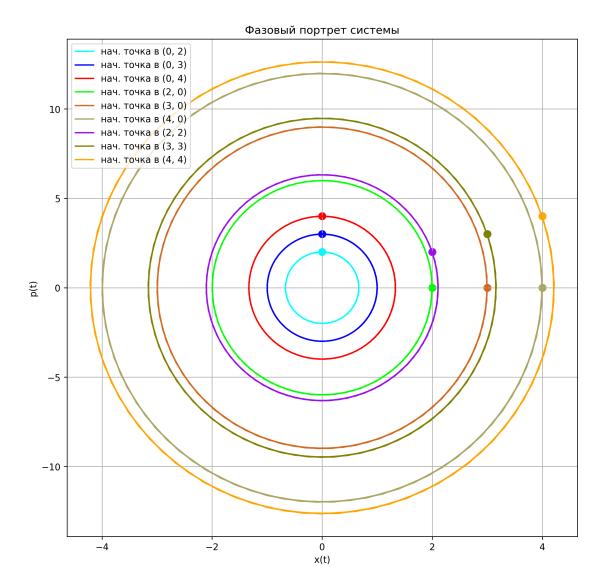
plt.title(" ")

plt.grid(True)

plt.show()
```



```
[]: fig = plt.figure(facecolor="white", figsize=(10, 10), dpi=250)
     for line_number in range(len(y0_init)):
         y1 = W_global[line_number][:, 0]
         y2 = W_global[line_number][:, 1]
         plt.plot(y1, y2, c = colors[line_number],
                         label = (" .
                                   str(y0_init[line_number][0]) + ", " +
                                   str(y0_init[line_number][1]) + ")"))
         plt.scatter(y1[0], y2[0], c = colors[line_number], s = 60)
     plt.xlabel("x(t)")
     plt.ylabel("p(t)")
     plt.title("
                             ")
     plt.legend()
     plt.grid(True)
     plt.show()
```



1.1.2 2.

:

$$\ddot{x} + \omega^2 sin(x) = 0$$

:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx}{dt} &= p\\ \frac{dp}{dt} &= -\omega^2 \cdot \sin(x) \end{cases}$$

k = 1:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx}{dt} = p \\ \frac{dp}{dt} = \omega^2 \cdot x \end{cases}$$

:

$$A = \left(\begin{array}{cc} 0 & 1\\ \omega^2 & 0 \end{array}\right)$$

:

$$\lambda^2 - \omega^2 * 1 = 0$$

$$\lambda_{1,2} = \pm \omega \in R$$

$$\lambda_1 > 0, \, \lambda_2 < 0$$

:

$$(a - \lambda_{1,2}) \cdot x + b \cdot y = 0$$
$$c \cdot x + (d - \lambda_{1,2}) \cdot y = 0$$

```
[]:#
     def f(y, t, omega = 1):
        y1, y2 = y
        return [y2, -1 * omega**2 * np.sin(y1)]
     time = np.linspace(0, 8, 150)
     omega0 = 3
     #
     #
     y0_{init} = [[0.5, 0.5], #
                               (0, 0)
               [1, 1],
                [1.5, 1.5],
                [2, 2],
                [2.3, 2.3],
                [0.5 + 2 * np.pi, 0.5],
                [1 + 2 * np.pi, 1],
                [1.5 + 2 * np.pi, 1.5],
                [2 + 2 * np.pi, 2],
                [2.3 + 2 * np.pi, 2.3],
                [0.5 - 2 * np.pi, 0.5],
```

```
[1 - 2 * np.pi, 1],
           [1.5 - 2 * np.pi, 1.5],
           [2 - 2 * np.pi, 2],
           [2.3 - 2 * np.pi, 2.3],
           [2.4 - 4 * np.pi, 2.4],
           [3 - 6 * np.pi, 3],
           [2.4 + 4 * np.pi, -2.4]]
W_global = []
for y0 in y0_init:
    W_global.append(
        integr.odeint(f,
                       у0,
                                      #
                       time,
                       (omega0, )
                                           #
                                                           omega
    )
y1 = W_global[0][:, 0]
                                           \boldsymbol{x}
y2 = W_global[0][:, 1]
                                           p
```

```
[]:#
     fig = plt.figure(facecolor="white", figsize = (8, 6), dpi=250)
     plt.plot(time, y1, c = "b", label = "x(time)")
                                                                    (t, x(t))
     plt.scatter(time, y1, c = "b")
                                                                    (t, x(t))
     plt.plot(time, y2, c = "r", label = "p(time)")
                                                                    (t, p(t))
     plt.scatter(time, y2, c = "r")
                                                                     (t, p(t))
     plt.xlabel("time")
     plt.ylabel("x(t), p(t)")
                                    ")
    plt.title("
    plt.legend()
     plt.grid(True)
                                 #
    plt.show()
```

