## МГТУ им. Баумана

Лабораторная работа №6

По курсу: "Операционные системы"

«Реализация монитора Хоара «Читатели-писатели» под ОС Windows» (Hoare C.A.R.)

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На листингах 1,...,5 представлено многопоточное приложение, демонстрирующее реализацию монитора Хоара «Читатели-писатели».

Листинг 1: Начальные установки

```
| #include < windows.h>
2 #include <stdbool.h>
3 #include <stdio.h>
4 #include <time.h>
5 #include <stdbool.h>
 #define WHITE "\033[0m"
| #define GREEN "\033[0;32m"
#define WRITERS 5
#define READERS 3
#define ITERATIONS_NUMBER 100
#define HANDLE ERROR 1
#define THREAD ERROR 2
16 HANDLE CanWrite;
17 HANDLE CanRead;
18 HANDLE MUTEX;
19 LONG SHARED RESOURCE = 0;
21 bool active writer = false;
_{22} LONG active readers = 0;
LONG writers queue = 0; //quantity of writers waiting for
     CanWrite
LONG readers queue = 0; //quantity of readers waiting for
     CanRead
26 HANDLE writerThreads [WRITERS], readerThreads [READERS];
27 int writerID [WRITERS], readerID [READERS];
_{28} int value = 0;
```

Листинг 2: Код подпрограммы main()

```
int main(void)
{
    setbuf(stdout, NULL);
    srand(time(NULL));
```

```
5
      if (!(MUTEX = CreateMutex(NULL, FALSE, NULL)))
6
           return HANDLE ERROR;
      if (!(CanWrite = CreateEvent(NULL, FALSE, FALSE, NULL))
9
           return HANDLE ERROR;
10
      if (!(CanRead = CreateEvent(NULL, FALSE, FALSE, NULL)))
11
           return HANDLE_ERROR;
12
13
      if (Create Threads() == THREAD ERROR)
14
           return THREAD ERROR;
15
16
      WaitForMultipleObjects (WRITERS, writerThreads, TRUE,
17
         INFINITE);
      WaitForMultipleObjects(READERS, readerThreads, TRUE,
18
         INFINITE);
19
      for (int i = 0; i < WRITERS; i++)
20
           CloseHandle (writerThreads[i]);
21
      for (int i = 0; i < READERS; i++)
23
           CloseHandle (readerThreads[i]);
24
25
      CloseHandle (CanWrite);
26
      CloseHandle (CanRead);
27
      CloseHandle (MUTEX);
28
    return 0;
30
  }
31
```

Листинг 3: Код подпрограммы создания потоков

```
int Create_Threads()
{
    DWORD id = 0; //thread id

for (int i = 0; i < WRITERS; i++)
{
    writerID[i] = i;
    if (!(writerThreads[i] = CreateThread(NULL, 0, &</pre>
```

```
Write, writerID + i, 0, &id)))
               return THREAD ERROR;
9
      }
10
11
      for (int i = 0; i < READERS; i++)
12
13
           readerID[i] = i;
14
           if (!(readerThreads[i] = CreateThread(NULL, 0, &
15
              Read, readerID + i, 0, &id)))
               return THREAD ERROR;
16
17
      return 0;
18
 }
19
```

Листинг 4: Код подпрограмм создания и работы писателя

```
void Start Write()
  {
2
      InterlockedIncrement(&writers queue);
3
      if (active readers > 0 || active writer)
           WaitForSingleObject(CanWrite, INFINITE);
      InterlockedDecrement(&writers_queue);
      active writer = true;
9
  }
10
  void Stop_Write()
12
13
14
      active writer = false;
15
16
      if (WaitForSingleObject(CanRead, 0) != WAIT_OBJECT_0)
17
           SetEvent (CanRead);
      else
19
           SetEvent(CanWrite);
20
21
23 DWORD WINAPI Write (LPVOID Id)
24
      int id = *(int *) Id;
25
```

```
26
      for (int i = 0; i < ITERATIONS NUMBER; i++)
27
28
           int delay = rand() % 200;
29
           Start Write();
           value++;
32
           printf("%sWriter with id = %d wrote %d. Delay = %d\
33
              n", GREEN, id, value, delay);
           Stop Write();
34
35
           Sleep (delay);
36
      }
37
38
```

Листинг 5: Код подпрограмм создания и работы читателя

```
void Start_Read()
 {
2
3
      InterlockedIncrement(&readers queue);
      if (active_writer || WaitForSingleObject(CanWrite, 0)
         == WAIT OBJECT 0)
           WaitForSingleObject(CanRead, INFINITE);
      WaitForSingleObject(MUTEX, INFINITE);
10
      Interlocked Decrement (& readers queue);
11
      InterlockedIncrement(&active readers);
12
      SetEvent (CanRead);
13
14
      Release Mutex (MUTEX);
15
16
  void Stop Read()
18
  {
19
      InterlockedDecrement(&active readers);
20
21
      if (active readers == 0)
22
           SetEvent(CanWrite);
23
```

```
_{24}|
25
26 DWORD WINAPI Read (LPVOID Id)
27
      int id = *(int *)Id;
28
29
      for (int i = 0; i < ITERATIONS_NUMBER; i++)</pre>
30
31
           int delay = rand() % 200;
32
33
           Start Read();
34
           printf("%sReader with id = %d read %d. Delay = %d\n
35
               ", WHITE, id, value, delay);
           Stop_Read();
36
37
           Sleep (delay);
38
      }
39
40
```

На рисунке 1 приведен результат работы программы.

```
Writer with id = 0 wrote 1. Delay = 41
Reader with id = 0 read 1. Delay = 41
Reader with id = 1 read 1. Delay = 41
Reader with id = 2 read 1. Delay = 41
Writer with id = 1 wrote 2. Delay = 41
Writer with id = 2 wrote 3. Delay = 41
Writer with id = 0 wrote 4. Delay = 67
Reader with id = 2 \text{ read } 4. Delay = 67
Reader with id = 1 \text{ read } 4. Delay = 67
Reader with id = 0 read 4. Delay = 67
Writer with id = 3 wrote 5. Delay = 41
Writer with id = 4 wrote 6. Delay = 41
Writer with id = 1 wrote 7. Delay = 67
Writer with id = 3 wrote 8. Delay = 67
Writer with id = 2 wrote 9. Delay = 67
Writer with id = 0 wrote 10. Delay = 134
Writer with id = 4 wrote 11. Delay = 67
Reader with id = 2 read 11. Delay = 134
Reader with id = 1 read 11. Delay = 134
Reader with id = 0 read 11. Delay = 134
Writer with id = 1 \text{ wrote } 12. Delay = 134
Writer with id = 3 wrote 13. Delay = 134
Writer with id = 2 wrote 14. Delay = 134
Writer with id = 4 wrote 15. Delay = 134
Writer with id = 0 wrote 16. Delay = 100
Reader with id = 1 read 16. Delay = 100
Reader with id = 0 read 16. Delay = 100
Reader with id = 2 read 16. Delay = 100
Writer with id = 1 wrote 17. Delay = 100
Writer with id = 3 wrote 18. Delay = 100
```

Рис 1: Результат работы программы