



National
Qualifications
2023

X811/76/11

**Cantonese
Reading**

MONDAY, 24 APRIL

9:00 AM – 11:40 AM

Total marks — 30

Attempt ALL questions.

Write your answers clearly, in **English**, in the Reading answer booklet provided. In the answer booklet you must clearly identify the question number you are attempting.

You may use a Chinese dictionary.

Use **blue** or **black** ink.

There is a separate question and answer booklet for Directed Writing. You must complete your answer for Directed Writing in the question and answer booklet for Directed Writing.

Before leaving the examination room you must give your Reading answer booklet and your Directed Writing question and answer booklet to the Invigilator; if you do not, you may lose all the marks for this paper.



* X 8 1 1 7 6 1 1 *

Read the whole article carefully and then answer, in English, ALL the questions that follow.

The article discusses University graduate employment.

大學畢業生就業

大學畢業生找工作難

現在大學生畢業生面臨的最大挑戰和問題是如何找到自己喜歡的工作。由於中國教育的發展，大學招收的學生越來越多，所以大學畢業生找工作也就越來越難。大學畢業生常常發現，他們在大學學到的知識在
5 工作時並沒有用。

一位工作中介的張女士說：我認為，現在畢業生就業壓力大的主要原因有以下三點：大學畢業生數量比市場上的工作要多很多，每一份工作大概都有一百多人申請，沒有工作的畢業生比有工作的畢業生要多。

10 一位來自廣州的大學老師王先生指出：中國東部有很多發達城市，而且那裡的大學非常好，這些大學的畢業生都想在他們上大學的城市找到工作。這大大增加了當地大學畢業生的就業壓力。

很少大學畢業生想去中國西部找工作。因為那裡經濟不發達，有很多農村地區，而且人口也很少。此外，中國西部的大學不多，比東部的畢業生人數少，找工作的壓力也小很多，因此，政府希望更多的年輕人
15 能去那里工作和生活。

大學生就業的未來

對於大學畢業生就業難的問題，中國政府向大學生提供了很多有幫助的信息。在未來二十年，政府會大力支持電影行業的發展。此外，政府還會加大對教育和健康行業的投資，為這些行業創造更多工作機會。

20 張女士建議：“年輕人在選擇大學專業的時候，不僅應該考慮自己的興趣愛好，還應該選擇更容易找到工作的專業學科。此外，關注新工作種類也會幫助年輕人做出更好的大學專業選擇。與此同時，高科技會為大學畢業生帶來更多工作機會。比如說，在中國，很多家庭裡已經有了機器人掃地機；大家出行，越來越多的人開上了電動汽車，而不是以
25 前的汽油柴油車。這些新科技都會給畢業生們帶來更多元化的就業機會和選擇。”

Word list:

就業 – find a job/employment

Questions

Read lines 1–5.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. (a) According to the article, what is the main challenge faced by university graduates? | 1 |
| (b) What do they often find when they start work? | 1 |

Re-read lines 6–11.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 2. (a) What does Ms Zhang say are the causes of pressure for university graduates? | 3 |
| (b) What does Mr Wang say about the east of China? State any two things. | 2 |

Re-read lines 12–15.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 3. Not many university graduates want to look for a job in the west of China. Why is this? | 3 |
|--|---|

Re-read lines 16–19.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 4. The writer goes on to talk about the next 20 years. What measures does the Chinese government plan to take? | 3 |
|--|---|

Re-read lines 20–26.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 5. (a) What advice does Ms Zhang give to students choosing university subjects? | 3 |
| (b) She says that technology brought more job opportunities for university graduates. What examples does she give? | 2 |

Now consider the article as a whole.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 6. Does the writer worry about the situation university graduates currently face? Give details from the text to justify your answer. | 2 |
|--|---|

7. Translate into English:

此外，中國西部的大學不多 . . . 政府希望更多的年輕人能去那里工作和生活。(lines 13–15)

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[END OF QUESTION PAPER]

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