INTRODUCTION TO PROBABILITY MODELS

Lecture 15

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REMINDERS

 The first exam will be at CL5o(Class of 1950 Lecture Hall) from 8:00pm to 9:30pm on Tuesday, Sep 25

CONCEPTS

- Random Experiment:
- Potential Outcome:
- Element
- Event
 - **•** Ø
 - S or Ω
- Union U:
- Intersection ∩:
- DeMorgan's Law:
- Mutually Exclusive, Exhaustive and Partition

CONCEPTS

- Conditional Probability: if event *B* has nonzero probability (P(B) > 0), $P(A|B) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)}$
- Multiplication Rule: $P(A \cap B) = P(B) \times P(A|B)$
- General addition rule:
 - $P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) P(A \cap B)$
 - $\blacksquare P(A \cup B \cup C)$
- Independence:
 - P(A|B) = P(A)
 - P(B|A) = P(B)
 - $P(A \cap B) = P(A) \times P(B)$
 - Mutually exclusive events are NOT independent unless one of them has zero probability
 - Mutually Independent and Pairwise Independent
- Law of Total Probability:

$$P(A) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} P(A|B_i) \times P(B_i)$$

• Bayes Rule: $P(B_i|A) = \frac{P(B_i \cap A)}{\sum_{i=1}^n P(A|B_i) \times P(B_i)}$

CONCEPTS

- Basic Counting Rules
- **Permutation:** $_{n}P_{r}=P_{r}^{n}=\frac{n!}{(n-r)!}$
- Combination: ${}_{n}C_{r}=C_{r}^{n}=\frac{n!}{(n-r)!r!}$
- Multinomial Coefficient:

$$\binom{m}{m_1, m_2, \dots, m_k} = \frac{m!}{m_1! m_2! \cdots m_k!}$$

- Random Variable
- Probability Mass Function
 - 1. For every x, $0 \le p_X(x) \le 1$
 - 2. $\sum_{x} p_X(x) = 1$
- Expected Value: $E[X] = \sum_{x} x \times p_X(x)$
 - c is a constant, E[cX] = cE[X]
 - E[X + Y] = E[X] + E[Y]
- Variance:

$$Var(X) = E[(X - E[X])^{2}] = E[X^{2}] - E[X]^{2}$$

- $Var(cX) = c^2 Var(X)$
- If X and Y are independent,

$$Var(X + Y) = Var(X) + Var(Y)$$

TWO DIAGRAMS

- 1. Venn Diagram
- 2. Tree Diagram

EXAMPLES

- Problem 10 in Sample Exam 1
- Problem 11 in Sample Exam 1