Network Working Group Request for Comments: 1514 P. Grillo
Network Innovations
Intel Corporation
S. Waldbusser
Carnegie Mellon University
September 1993

Host Resources MIB

Status of this Memo

This RFC specifies an Internet standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "Internet Official Protocol Standards" for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

Abstract

This memo defines a MIB for use with managing host systems. The term "host" is construed to mean any computer that communicates with other similar computers attached to the internet and that is directly used by one or more human beings. Although this MIB does not necessarily apply to devices whose primary function is communications services (e.g., terminal servers, routers, bridges, monitoring equipment), such relevance is not explicitly precluded. This MIB instruments attributes common to all internet hosts including, for example, both personal computers and systems that run variants of Unix.

Table of Contents

1. The Network Management Framework	2
2. Host Resources MIB	3
3. Definitions	3
4.1 Textual Conventions	3
4.2 The Host Resources System Group	5
4.3 The Host Resources Storage Group	6
4.4 The Host Resources Device Group	10
4.5 The Host Resources Running Software Group	25
4.6 The Host Resources Running Software Performance	
Group	27
4.7 The Host Resources Installed Software Group	29
5. References	31
6. Acknowledgments	32
7. Security Considerations	32
8. Authors' Addresses	33

Grillo & Waldbusser

[Page 1]

1. The Network Management Framework

The Internet-standard Network Management Framework consists of three components. They are:

STD 16, RFC 1155 [1] which defines the SMI, the mechanisms used for describing and naming objects for the purpose of management. STD 16, RFC 1212 [2] defines a more concise description mechanism, which is wholly consistent with the SMI.

STD 17, RFC 1213 [3] which defines MIB-II, the core set of managed objects for the Internet suite of protocols.

STD 15, RFC 1157 [4] which defines the SNMP, the protocol used for network access to managed objects.

The Framework permits new objects to be defined for the purpose of experimentation and evaluation.

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. Within a given MIB module, objects are defined using STD 16, RFC 1212's OBJECT-TYPE macro. At a minimum, each object has a name, a syntax, an access-level, and an implementation-status.

The name is an object identifier, an administratively assigned name, which specifies an object type. The object type together with an object instance serves to uniquely identify a specific instantiation of the object. For human convenience, we often use a textual string, termed the object descriptor, to also refer to the object type.

The syntax of an object type defines the abstract data structure corresponding to that object type. The ASN.1[5] language is used for this purpose. However, RFC 1155 purposely restricts the ASN.1 constructs which may be used. These restrictions are explicitly made for simplicity.

The access-level of an object type defines whether it makes "protocol sense" to read and/or write the value of an instance of the object type. (This access-level is independent of any administrative authorization policy.)

The implementation-status of an object type indicates whether the object is mandatory, optional, obsolete, or deprecated.

2. Host Resources MIB

The Host Resources MIB defines a uniform set of objects useful for the management of host computers. Host computers are independent of the operating system, network services, or any software application.

The Host Resources MIB defines objects which are common across many computer system architectures.

In addition, there are objects in MIB-II [3] which also provide host management functionality. Implementation of the System and Interfaces groups is mandatory for implementors of the Host Resources MIB.

3. Definitions

```
HOST-RESOURCES-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
TMPORTS
    OBJECT-TYPE
                               FROM RFC-1212
    DisplayString
                               FROM RFC1213-MIB
    TimeTicks,
    Counter, Gauge
                          FROM RFC1155-SMI;
host OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mib-2 25 }
\label{eq:object_def} \operatorname{nrSystem} \qquad \qquad \operatorname{OBJECT\ IDENTIFIER\ ::=\ \{\ \operatorname{host\ 1\ }\}}
               OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { host 2 }
hrStorage
hrDevice
hrSWRun
               OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { host 3 }
hrswRun Object identifier ::= { host 4 } hrswRunPerf Object identifier ::= { host 5 }
hrSWInstalled OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { host 6 }
-- textual conventions
-- a truth value
Boolean ::= INTEGER { true(1), false(2) }
-- memory size, expressed in units of 1024bytes
KBytes ::= INTEGER (0..2147483647)
-- This textual convention is intended to identify the manufacturer,
-- model, and version of a specific hardware or software product.
-- It is suggested that these OBJECT IDENTIFIERs are allocated such
-- that all products from a particular manufacturer are registered
-- under a subtree distinct to that manufacturer. In addition, all
```

RFC 1514 Host Resources MIB September 1993

```
-- versions of a product should be registered under a subtree
-- distinct to that product. With this strategy, a management
-- station may uniquely determine the manufacturer and/or model of a
-- product whose productID is unknown to the management station.
-- Objects of this type may be useful for inventory purposes or for
-- automatically detecting incompatibilities or version mismatches
-- between various hardware and software components on a system.
ProductID ::= OBJECT IDENTIFIER
-- unknownProduct will be used for any unknown ProductID
-- unknownProduct OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { 0 0 }
-- For example, the product ID for the ACME 4860 66MHz clock doubled
-- processor might be:
```

-- enterprises.acme.acmeProcessors.a4860DX2.MHz66

-- A software product might be registered as: -- enterprises.acme.acmeOperatingSystems.acmeDOS.six(6).one(1)

DateAndTime ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (8 | 11))

-- A date-time specification for the local time of day. This data type is intended to provide a consistent method of reporting date information.

 field	octets	contents	range
 			
 1	1-2	year	065536
		(in network byte order)	
 2	3	month	112
 3	4	day	131
 4	5	hour	023
 5	6	minutes	059
 6	7	seconds	060
		(use 60 for leap-second)	
 7	8	deci-seconds	09
 8	9	direction from UTC	"+" / "-"
		(in ascii notation)	
 9	10	hours from UTC	011
 10	11	minutes from UTC	059
 4 5 6 7 8	5 6 7 8 9	hour minutes seconds (use 60 for leap-second) deci-seconds direction from UTC (in ascii notation) hours from UTC	023 059 060 09 "+" / "-"

Note that if only local time is known, then timezone information (fields 8-10) is not present.

InternationalDisplayString ::= OCTET STRING

- -- This data type is used to model textual information in some
- -- character set. A network management station should use a local
- -- algorithm to determine which character set is in use and how it
- -- should be displayed. Note that this character set may be encoded
- -- with more than one octet per symbol, but will most often be NVT

```
-- ASCII.
-- The Host Resources System Group
-- Implementation of this group is mandatory for all host systems.
hrSystemUptime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX TimeTicks
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The amount of time since this host was last
           initialized. Note that this is different from
           sysUpTime in MIB-II [3] because sysUpTime is the
           uptime of the network management portion of the
           system."
    ::= { hrSystem 1 }
hrSystemDate OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX DateAndTime
    ACCESS read-write
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The host's notion of the local date and time of
           day."
    ::= { hrSystem 2 }
hrSystemInitialLoadDevice OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (1..2147483647)
    ACCESS read-write
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The index of the hrDeviceEntry for the device from
           which this host is configured to load its initial
           operating system configuration."
    ::= { hrSystem 3 }
hrSystemInitialLoadParameters OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX InternationalDisplayString (SIZE (0..128))
    ACCESS read-write
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "This object contains the parameters (e.g. a
           pathname and parameter) supplied to the load device
           when requesting the initial operating system
           configuration from that device."
    ::= { hrSystem 4 }
```

```
hrSystemNumUsers OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Gauge
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of user sessions for which this host is
           storing state information. A session is a
           collection of processes requiring a single act of
           user authentication and possibly subject to
           collective job control."
    ::= { hrSystem 5 }
hrSystemProcesses OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Gauge
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of process contexts currently loaded or
           running on this system."
    ::= { hrSystem 6 }
hrSystemMaxProcesses OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (0..2147483647)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The maximum number of process contexts this system
           can support. If there is no fixed maximum, the
           value should be zero. On systems that have a fixed
           maximum, this object can help diagnose failures
           that occur when this maximum is reached."
    ::= { hrSystem 7 }
-- The Host Resources Storage Group
-- Implementation of this group is mandatory for all host systems.
-- Registration for some storage types, for use with hrStorageType
                        OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrStorage 1 }
hrStorageTypes
                        OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrStorageTypes 1 }
hrStorageOther
                        OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrStorageTypes 2 }
hrStorageRam
-- hrStorageVirtualMemory is temporary storage of swapped
-- or paged memory
hrStorageVirtualMemory OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrStorageTypes 3 }
hrStorageFixedDisk OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrStorageTypes 4 }
hrStorageRemovableDisk OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrStorageTypes 5 }
                      OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrStorageTypes 6 }
hrStorageFloppyDisk
```

```
hrStorageCompactDisc     OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrStorageTypes 7 }
hrStorageRamDisk
                      OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrStorageTypes 8 }
hrMemorySize OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX KBytes
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The amount of physical main memory contained by
           the host."
    ::= { hrStorage 2 }
hrStorageTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrStorageEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The (conceptual) table of logical storage areas on
           the host.
```

An entry shall be placed in the storage table for each logical area of storage that is allocated and has fixed resource limits. The amount of storage represented in an entity is the amount actually usable by the requesting entity, and excludes loss due to formatting or file system reference information.

These entries are associated with logical storage areas, as might be seen by an application, rather than physical storage entities which are typically seen by an operating system. Storage such as tapes and floppies without file systems on them are typically not allocated in chunks by the operating system to requesting applications, and therefore shouldn't appear in this table. Examples of valid storage for this table include disk partitions, file systems, ram (for some architectures this is further segmented into regular memory, extended memory, and so on), backing store for virtual memory ('swap space').

This table is intended to be a useful diagnostic for 'out of memory' and 'out of buffers' types of failures. In addition, it can be a useful performance monitoring tool for tracking memory, disk, or buffer usage."

```
::= { hrStorage 3 }
hrStorageEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX HrStorageEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A (conceptual) entry for one logical storage area
           on the host. As an example, an instance of the
          hrStorageType object might be named
          hrStorageType.3"
    INDEX { hrStorageIndex }
    ::= { hrStorageTable 1 }
HrStorageEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
       hrStorageIndex
                                    INTEGER,
       hrStorageType
                                    OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
                                    DisplayString,
       hrStorageDescr
       hrStorageAllocationUnits INTEGER,
       hrStorageSize
                                    INTEGER,
       hrStorageUsed
                                    INTEGER,
       hrStorageAllocationFailures Counter
    }
hrStorageIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (1..2147483647)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A unique value for each logical storage area
           contained by the host."
    ::= { hrStorageEntry 1 }
hrStorageType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX OBJECT IDENTIFIER
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The type of storage represented by this entry."
    ::= { hrStorageEntry 2 }
hrStorageDescr OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX DisplayString
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A description of the type and instance of the
           storage described by this entry."
```

```
::= { hrStorageEntry 3 }
hrStorageAllocationUnits OBJECT-TYPE
               INTEGER (1..2147483647)
    SYNTAX
    ACCESS
              read-only
    STATUS
              mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The size, in bytes, of the data objects allocated
            from this pool. If this entry is monitoring
            sectors, blocks, buffers, or packets, for example,
            this number will commonly be greater than one.
            Otherwise this number will typically be one."
    ::= { hrStorageEntry 4 }
hrStorageSize OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (0..2147483647)
    ACCESS read-write
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The size of the storage represented by this entry,
           in units of hrStorageAllocationUnits."
    ::= { hrStorageEntry 5 }
hrStorageUsed OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (0..2147483647)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The amount of the storage represented by this
           entry that is allocated, in units of
           hrStorageAllocationUnits."
    ::= { hrStorageEntry 6 }
hrStorageAllocationFailures OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of requests for storage represented by
           this entry that could not be honored due to not
           enough storage. It should be noted that as this
           object has a SYNTAX of Counter, that it does not
           have a defined initial value. However, it is
           recommended that this object be initialized to
           zero."
    ::= { hrStorageEntry 7 }
```

```
-- The Host Resources Device Group
 -- Implementation of this group is mandatory for all host systems.
 -- The device group is useful for identifying and diagnosing the
 -- devices on a system. The hrDeviceTable contains common
 -- information for any type of device. In addition, some devices
 -- have device-specific tables for more detailed information. More
 -- such tables may be defined in the future for other device types.
 -- Registration for some device types, for use with hrDeviceType
 hrDeviceTypes
                                                   OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDevice 1 }
hrDeviceOther OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDeviceTypes 1 } hrDeviceUnknown OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDeviceTypes 2 } hrDeviceProcessor OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDeviceTypes 3 } hrDeviceNetwork OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDeviceTypes 4 } hrDevicePrinter OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDeviceTypes 5 } hrDeviceDiskStorage OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDeviceTypes 6 } hrDeviceVideo OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDeviceTypes 10 } hrDeviceAudio OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDeviceTypes 11 } hrDeviceCoprocessor OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDeviceTypes 11 } hrDeviceKeyboard OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDeviceTypes 12 } hrDeviceModem OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDeviceTypes 13 } hrDeviceParallelPort OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDeviceTypes 14 } hrDevicePointing OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDeviceTypes 15 } hrDeviceSerialPort OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDeviceTypes 16 } hrDeviceTape OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDeviceTypes 17 } hrDeviceClock OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDeviceTypes 18 } hrDeviceClock OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDeviceTypes 19 } hrDeviceVolatileMemory OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDeviceTypes 20 } hrDeviceNonVolatileMemory OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDeviceTypes 21 }
 hrDeviceOther
                                                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDeviceTypes 1 }
 hrDeviceNonVolatileMemory OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDeviceTypes 21 }
 hrDeviceTable OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrDeviceEntry
         ACCESS not-accessible
         STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
                       "The (conceptual) table of devices contained by the
                       host."
          ::= { hrDevice 2 }
 hrDeviceEntry OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX HrDeviceEntry
         ACCESS not-accessible
         STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
                       "A (conceptual) entry for one device contained by
```

```
the host. As an example, an instance of the
          hrDeviceType object might be named hrDeviceType.3"
    INDEX { hrDeviceIndex }
    ::= { hrDeviceTable 1 }
HrDeviceEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
       hrDeviceIndex INTEGER,
        hrDeviceType
                               OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
       hrDeviceDescr
                           DisplayString,
                              ProductID,
       hrDeviceID
       hrDeviceStatus
                              INTEGER,
       hrDeviceErrors
                              Counter
    }
hrDeviceIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (1..2147483647)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A unique value for each device contained by the
           host. The value for each device must remain
           constant at least from one re-initialization of the
           agent to the next re-initialization."
    ::= { hrDeviceEntry 1 }
hrDeviceType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX OBJECT IDENTIFIER
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "An indication of the type of device.
           If this value is 'hrDeviceProcessor { hrDeviceTypes
           3 }' then an entry exists in the hrProcessorTable
           which corresponds to this device.
           If this value is 'hrDeviceNetwork { hrDeviceTypes 4
           }', then an entry exists in the hrNetworkTable
           which corresponds to this device.
           If this value is 'hrDevicePrinter { hrDeviceTypes 5
           }', then an entry exists in the hrPrinterTable
           which corresponds to this device.
           If this value is 'hrDeviceDiskStorage {
           hrDeviceTypes 6 }', then an entry exists in the
           hrDiskStorageTable which corresponds to this
           device."
```

```
::= { hrDeviceEntry 2 }
hrDeviceDescr OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX DisplayString (SIZE (0..64))
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A textual description of this device, including
           the device's manufacturer and revision, and
           optionally, its serial number."
    ::= { hrDeviceEntry 3 }
hrDeviceID OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX ProductID
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The product ID for this device."
    ::= { hrDeviceEntry 4 }
hrDeviceStatus OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX INTEGER {
         unknown(1),
          running(2),
          warning(3),
          testing(4),
          down(5)
     }
     ACCESS read-only
     STATUS mandatory
     DESCRIPTION
           "The current operational state of the device
           described by this row of the table. A value
           unknown(1) indicates that the current state of the
           device is unknown. running(2) indicates that the
           device is up and running and that no unusual error
           conditions are known. The warning(3) state
           indicates that agent has been informed of an
           unusual error condition by the operational software
           (e.g., a disk device driver) but that the device is
           still 'operational'. An example would be high
           number of soft errors on a disk. A value of
           testing(4), indicates that the device is not
           available for use because it is in the testing
           state. The state of down(5) is used only when the
           agent has been informed that the device is not
           available for any use."
     ::= { hrDeviceEntry 5 }
```

```
hrDeviceErrors OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of errors detected on this device. It
            should be noted that as this object has a SYNTAX
            of Counter, that it does not have a defined
            initial value. However, it is recommended that
            this object be initialized to zero."
    ::= { hrDeviceEntry 6 }
hrProcessorTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrProcessorEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The (conceptual) table of processors contained by
           the host.
           Note that this table is potentially sparse: a
           (conceptual) entry exists only if the correspondent
           value of the hrDeviceType object is
           'hrDeviceProcessor'."
    ::= { hrDevice 3 }
hrProcessorEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX HrProcessorEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A (conceptual) entry for one processor contained
           by the host. The hrDeviceIndex in the index
           represents the entry in the hrDeviceTable that
           corresponds to the hrProcessorEntry.
           As an example of how objects in this table are
           named, an instance of the hrProcessorFrwID object
           might be named hrProcessorFrwID.3"
    INDEX { hrDeviceIndex }
    ::= { hrProcessorTable 1 }
HrProcessorEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
       hrProcessorFrwID
                                   ProductID,
       hrProcessorLoad
                                   INTEGER
    }
hrProcessorFrwID OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX ProductID
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The product ID of the firmware associated with the
           processor."
    ::= { hrProcessorEntry 1 }
hrProcessorLoad OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (0..100)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The average, over the last minute, of the
           percentage of time that this processor was not
           idle."
    ::= { hrProcessorEntry 2 }
hrNetworkTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrNetworkEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The (conceptual) table of network devices
           contained by the host.
           Note that this table is potentially sparse: a
           (conceptual) entry exists only if the correspondent
           value of the hrDeviceType object is
           'hrDeviceNetwork'."
    ::= { hrDevice 4 }
hrNetworkEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX HrNetworkEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A (conceptual) entry for one network device
           contained by the host. The hrDeviceIndex in the
           index represents the entry in the hrDeviceTable
           that corresponds to the hrNetworkEntry.
           As an example of how objects in this table are
           named, an instance of the hrNetworkIfIndex object
           might be named hrNetworkIfIndex.3"
    INDEX { hrDeviceIndex }
    ::= { hrNetworkTable 1 }
```

```
HrNetworkEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    hrNetworkIfIndex INTEGER
hrNetworkIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value of ifIndex which corresponds to this
           network device."
    ::= { hrNetworkEntry 1 }
hrPrinterTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrPrinterEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The (conceptual) table of printers local to the
           host.
           Note that this table is potentially sparse: a
           (conceptual) entry exists only if the correspondent
           value of the hrDeviceType object is
           `hrDevicePrinter'."
    ::= { hrDevice 5 }
hrPrinterEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX HrPrinterEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A (conceptual) entry for one printer local to the
           host. The hrDeviceIndex in the index represents
           the entry in the hrDeviceTable that corresponds to
           the hrPrinterEntry.
           As an example of how objects in this table are
           named, an instance of the hrPrinterStatus object
          might be named hrPrinterStatus.3"
    INDEX { hrDeviceIndex }
    ::= { hrPrinterTable 1 }
HrPrinterEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
       hrPrinterStatus
                                    INTEGER,
       hrPrinterDetectedErrorState OCTET STRING
    }
```

```
hrPrinterStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
       other(1),
       unknown(2),
       idle(3),
        printing(4),
        warmup(5)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The current status of this printer device. When
            in the idle(1), printing(2), or warmup(3) state,
            the corresponding hrDeviceStatus should be
            running(2) or warning(3). When in the unknown
            state, the corresponding hrDeviceStatus should be
            unknown(1)."
    ::= { hrPrinterEntry 1 }
hrPrinterDetectedErrorState OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX OCTET STRING
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "This object represents any error conditions
```

"This object represents any error conditions detected by the printer. The error conditions are encoded as bits in an octet string, with the following definitions:

Condition	Bit #	hrDeviceStatus
lowPaper	0	warning(3)
noPaper	1	down(5)
lowToner	2	<pre>warning(3)</pre>
noToner	3	down(5)
door0pen	4	down(5)
jammed	5	down(5)
offline	6	down(5)
serviceRequested	7	<pre>warning(3)</pre>

If multiple conditions are currently detected and the hrDeviceStatus would not otherwise be unknown(1) or testing(4), the hrDeviceStatus shall correspond to the worst state of those indicated, where down(5) is worse than warning(3) which is worse than running(2).

Bits are numbered starting with the most

```
significant bit of the first byte being bit 0, the
            least significant bit of the first byte being bit
            7, the most significant bit of the second byte
            being bit 8, and so on. A one bit encodes that
            the condition was detected, while a zero bit
            encodes that the condition was not detected.
            This object is useful for alerting an operator to
            specific warning or error conditions that may
            occur, especially those requiring human
            intervention."
    ::= { hrPrinterEntry 2 }
hrDiskStorageTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrDiskStorageEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The (conceptual) table of long-term storage
           devices contained by the host. In particular, disk
           devices accessed remotely over a network are not
           included here.
           Note that this table is potentially sparse: a
           (conceptual) entry exists only if the correspondent
           value of the hrDeviceType object is
           'hrDeviceDiskStorage'."
    ::= { hrDevice 6 }
hrDiskStorageEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX HrDiskStorageEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A (conceptual) entry for one long-term storage
           device contained by the host. The hrDeviceIndex in
           the index represents the entry in the hrDeviceTable
           that corresponds to the hrDiskStorageEntry. As an
           example, an instance of the hrDiskStorageCapacity
           object might be named hrDiskStorageCapacity.3"
    INDEX { hrDeviceIndex }
    ::= { hrDiskStorageTable 1 }
HrDiskStorageEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
       hrDiskStorageAccess
                                    INTEGER,
       hrDiskStorageMedia
                                   INTEGER,
        hrDiskStorageRemoveble
                                   Boolean,
                                   KBytes
        hrDiskStorageCapacity
```

```
}
hrDiskStorageAccess OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER {
                    readWrite(1),
                    readOnly(2)
            }
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "An indication if this long-term storage device is
           readable and writable or only readable. This
           should reflect the media type, any write-protect
           mechanism, and any device configuration that
           affects the entire device."
    ::= { hrDiskStorageEntry 1 }
hrDiskStorageMedia OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER {
                other(1),
                unknown(2),
                hardDisk(3),
                floppyDisk(4),
                opticalDiskROM(5),
                opticalDiskWORM(6),
                                    -- Write Once Read Many
                opticalDiskRW(7),
                ramDisk(8)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "An indication of the type of media used in this
           long-term storage device."
    ::= { hrDiskStorageEntry 2 }
hrDiskStorageRemoveble OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Boolean
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "Denotes whether or not the disk media may be
            removed from the drive."
    ::= { hrDiskStorageEntry 3 }
hrDiskStorageCapacity OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX KBytes
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
```

```
DESCRIPTION
       "The total size for this long-term storage device."
    ::= { hrDiskStorageEntry 4 }
hrPartitionTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrPartitionEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The (conceptual) table of partitions for long-term
           storage devices contained by the host. In
           particular, partitions accessed remotely over a
           network are not included here."
    ::= { hrDevice 7 }
hrPartitionEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX HrPartitionEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A (conceptual) entry for one partition. The
           hrDeviceIndex in the index represents the entry in
           the hrDeviceTable that corresponds to the
           hrPartitionEntry.
           As an example of how objects in this table are
           named, an instance of the hrPartitionSize object
           might be named hrPartitionSize.3.1"
    INDEX { hrDeviceIndex, hrPartitionIndex }
    ::= { hrPartitionTable 1 }
HrPartitionEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
       hrPartitionIndex
                                        INTEGER,
       hrPartitionLabel
                                       International Display String,
       hrPartitionID
                                       OCTET STRING,
       hrPartitionSize
                                      KBytes,
       hrPartitionFSIndex
                                       INTEGER
    }
hrPartitionIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (1..2147483647)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A unique value for each partition on this long-
           term storage device. The value for each long-term
           storage device must remain constant at least from
           one re-initialization of the agent to the next re-
```

```
initialization."
    ::= { hrPartitionEntry 1 }
hrPartitionLabel OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX InternationalDisplayString (SIZE (0..128))
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A textual description of this partition."
    ::= { hrPartitionEntry 2 }
hrPartitionID OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX OCTET STRING
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A descriptor which uniquely represents this
           partition to the responsible operating system. On
           some systems, this might take on a binary
           representation."
    ::= { hrPartitionEntry 3 }
hrPartitionSize OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX KBytes
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The size of this partition."
    ::= { hrPartitionEntry 4 }
hrPartitionFSIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (0..2147483647)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The index of the file system mounted on this
            partition. If no file system is mounted on this
            partition, then this value shall be zero. Note
            that multiple partitions may point to one file
            system, denoting that that file system resides on
            those partitions. Multiple file systems may not
            reside on one partition."
    ::= { hrPartitionEntry 5 }
-- The File System Table
hrFSTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrfSEntry
```

```
ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The (conceptual) table of file systems local to
            this host or remotely mounted from a file server.
            File systems that are in only one user's
            environment on a multi-user system will not be
            included in this table."
    ::= { hrDevice 8 }
hrFSEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX HrFSEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "A (conceptual) entry for one file system local to
            this host or remotely mounted from a file server.
            File systems that are in only one user's
            environment on a multi-user system will not be
            included in this table.
            As an example of how objects in this table are
            named, an instance of the hrFSMountPoint object
            might be named hrFSMountPoint.3"
    INDEX { hrFSIndex }
    ::= { hrFSTable 1 }
-- Registration for some popular File System types,
-- for use with hrFSType.
                        OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDevice 9 }
hrFSTypes
                       OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 1 }
hrFSOther
hrFSUnknown
                       OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 2 }
                     OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 3 }
hrFSBerkeleyFFS
hrFSSys5FS
                       OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 4 }
-- DOS
                       OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 5 }
hrFSFat
-- OS/2 High Performance File System
                        OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 6 }
-- Macintosh Hierarchical File System
hrFSHFS
                        OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrfSTypes 7 }
-- Macintosh File System
                       OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 8 }
-- Windows NT
hrFSNTFS
                        OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 9 }
```

```
hrFSVNode
hrFSJournaled
-- CD File systems
hrFSVNode
                        OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 10 }
                       OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 11 }
                      OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 12 }
hrFSiso9660
hrFSRockRidge OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 12 }
                       OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 14 }
hrFSNFS
hrFSNetware
                        OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 15 }
-- Andrew File System
hrFSAFS
                       OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 16 }
-- OSF DCE Distributed File System
hrFSDFS
                      OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 17 }
                   OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 18 }
hrFSAppleshare
                       OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 19 }
hrFSRFS
-- Data General
                       OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 20 }
hrFSDGCFS
-- SVR4 Boot File System
                       OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 21 }
hrFSBFS
HrFSEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        hrFSIndex
                                    INTEGER,
        hrFSMountPoint InternationalDisplayString,
hrFSRemoteMountPoint InternationalDisplayString,
        hrFSType
                                   OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
        hrFSAccess
                                   INTEGER,
        hrFSBootable
                                   Boolean,
        hrFSStorageIndex
                                   INTEGER,
       hrFSLastFullBackupDate DateAndTime,
       hrFSLastPartialBackupDate DateAndTime
    }
hrFSIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (1..2147483647)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "A unique value for each file system local to this
            host. The value for each file system must remain
            constant at least from one re-initialization of
            the agent to the next re-initialization."
    ::= { hrFSEntry 1 }
hrFSMountPoint OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX InternationalDisplayString (SIZE(0..128))
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
```

```
DESCRIPTION
           "The path name of the root of this file system."
    ::= { hrFSEntry 2 }
hrFSRemoteMountPoint OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX InternationalDisplayString (SIZE(0..128))
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "A description of the name and/or address of the
            server that this file system is mounted from.
            This may also include parameters such as the mount
            point on the remote file system. If this is not a
            remote file system, this string should have a
            length of zero."
    ::= { hrFSEntry 3 }
hrFSType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX OBJECT IDENTIFIER
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value of this object identifies the type of
           this file system."
    ::= { hrFSEntry 4 }
hrFSAccess OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
           readWrite(1),
            readOnly(2)
        }
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "An indication if this file system is logically
           configured by the operating system to be readable
           and writable or only readable. This does not
           represent any local access-control policy, except
           one that is applied to the file system as a whole."
    ::= { hrFSEntry 5 }
hrFSBootable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Boolean
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A flag indicating whether this file system is
           bootable."
```

```
::= { hrFSEntry 6 }
hrFSStorageIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (0..2147483647)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The index of the hrStorageEntry that represents
            information about this file system. If there is
            no such information available, then this value
            shall be zero. The relevant storage entry will be
            useful in tracking the percent usage of this file
            system and diagnosing errors that may occur when
            it runs out of space."
    ::= { hrFSEntry 7 }
hrFSLastFullBackupDate OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX DateAndTime
    ACCESS read-write
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The last date at which this complete file system
           was copied to another storage device for backup.
           This information is useful for ensuring that
           backups are being performed regularly.
           If this information is not known, then this
           variable shall have the value corresponding to
           January 1, year 0000, 00:00:00.0, which is encoded
           as (hex)'00 00 01 01 00 00 00 00'."
    ::= { hrFSEntry 8 }
hrFSLastPartialBackupDate OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX DateAndTime
    ACCESS read-write
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The last date at which a portion of this file
           system was copied to another storage device for
           backup. This information is useful for ensuring
           that backups are being performed regularly.
           If this information is not known, then this
           variable shall have the value corresponding to
           January 1, year 0000, 00:00:00.0, which is encoded
           as (hex)'00 00 01 01 00 00 00 00'."
    ::= { hrFSEntry 9 }
```

```
-- The Host Resources Running Software Group
-- Implementation of this group is optional.
-- The hrSWRunTable contains an entry for each distinct piece of
-- software that is running or loaded into physical or virtual
-- memory in preparation for running. This includes the host's
-- operating system, device drivers, and applications.
hrSWOSIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER (1..2147483647)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The value of the hrSWRunIndex for the
            hrSWRunEntry that represents the primary operating
            system running on this host. This object is
            useful for quickly and uniquely identifying that
            primary operating system."
    ::= { hrSWRun 1 }
hrSWRunTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrSWRunEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The (conceptual) table of software running on the
           host."
    ::= { hrSWRun 2 }
hrSWRunEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX HrSWRunEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A (conceptual) entry for one piece of software
           running on the host Note that because the installed
           software table only contains information for
           software stored locally on this host, not every
           piece of running software will be found in the
           installed software table. This is true of software
           that was loaded and run from a non-local source,
           such as a network-mounted file system.
           As an example of how objects in this table are
           named, an instance of the hrSWRunName object might
           be named hrSWRunName.1287"
    INDEX { hrSWRunIndex }
```

```
::= { hrSWRunTable 1 }
HrSWRunEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        hrsWRunIndex INTEGER,
become internationalDisplayString,
                           ProductID,
        hrSWRunPath InternationalDisplayString,
hrSWRunParameters InternationalDisplayString,
        hrSWRunType INTEGER,
hrSWRunStatus INTEGER
    }
hrSWRunIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (1..2147483647)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "A unique value for each piece of software running
           on the host. Wherever possible, this should be the
            system's native, unique identification number."
    ::= { hrSWRunEntry 1 }
hrSWRunName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX InternationalDisplayString (SIZE (0..64))
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A textual description of this running piece of
           software, including the manufacturer, revision,
           and the name by which it is commonly known. If
           this software was installed locally, this should be
            the same string as used in the corresponding
           hrSWInstalledName."
    ::= { hrSWRunEntry 2 }
hrSWRunID OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX ProductID
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The product ID of this running piece of software."
    ::= { hrSWRunEntry 3 }
hrSWRunPath OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX InternationalDisplayString (SIZE(0..128))
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
"A description of the location on long-term storage
           (e.g. a disk drive) from which this software was
           loaded."
    ::= { hrSWRunEntry 4 }
hrSWRunParameters OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX InternationalDisplayString (SIZE(0..128))
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A description of the parameters supplied to this
           software when it was initially loaded."
    ::= { hrSWRunEntry 5 }
hrSWRunType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER {
                unknown(1),
                operatingSystem(2),
                deviceDriver(3),
                application(4)
           }
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The type of this software."
    ::= { hrSWRunEntry 6 }
hrSWRunStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER {
           running(1),
                          -- waiting for resource (CPU, memory, IO)
            runnable(2),
            notRunnable(3), -- loaded but waiting for event
            invalid(4)
                            -- not loaded
        }
    ACCESS read-write
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The status of this running piece of software.
           Setting this value to invalid(4) shall cause this
           software to stop running and to be unloaded."
    ::= { hrSWRunEntry 7 }
-- The Host Resources Running Software Performance Group
-- Implementation of this group is optional.
-- The hrSWRunPerfTable contains an entry corresponding to
-- each entry in the hrSWRunTable.
```

```
hrSWRunPerfTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrSWRunPerfEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The (conceptual) table of running software
            performance metrics."
    ::= { hrSWRunPerf 1 }
hrSWRunPerfEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX HrSWRunPerfEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "A (conceptual) entry containing software
            performance metrics. As an example, an instance
            of the hrSWRunPerfCPU object might be named
           hrSWRunPerfCPU.1287"
    INDEX { hrSWRunIndex } -- This table augments information in
                             -- the hrSWRunTable.
    ::= { hrSWRunPerfTable 1 }
HrSWRunPerfEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
       hrSWRunPerfCPU
                                INTEGER,
       hrSWRunPerfMem
                              KBytes
}
hrSWRunPerfCPU OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER
   ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of centi-seconds of the total system's
            CPU resources consumed by this process. Note that
            on a multi-processor system, this value may
            increment by more than one centi-second in one
            centi-second of real (wall clock) time."
    ::= { hrSWRunPerfEntry 1 }
hrSWRunPerfMem OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX KBytes
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The total amount of real system memory allocated
            to this process."
    ::= { hrSWRunPerfEntry 2 }
```

```
-- The Host Resources Installed Software Group
-- Implementation of this group is optional.
-- The hrSWInstalledTable contains an entry for each piece
-- of software installed in long-term storage (e.g. a disk
-- drive) locally on this host. Note that this does not
-- include software loadable remotely from a network
-- server.
-- This table is useful for identifying and inventorying
-- software on a host and for diagnosing incompatibility
-- and version mismatch problems between various pieces
-- of hardware and software.
hrSWInstalledLastChange OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX TimeTicks
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value of sysUpTime when an entry in the
           hrSWInstalledTable was last added, renamed, or
           deleted. Because this table is likely to contain
           many entries, polling of this object allows a
           management station to determine when re-downloading
           of the table might be useful."
    ::= { hrSWInstalled 1 }
hrSWInstalledLastUpdateTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX TimeTicks
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value of sysUpTime when the hrSWInstalledTable
           was last completely updated. Because caching of
           this data will be a popular implementation
           strategy, retrieval of this object allows a
           management station to obtain a guarantee that no
           data in this table is older than the indicated
           time."
    ::= { hrSWInstalled 2 }
hrSWInstalledTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrSWInstalledEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The (conceptual) table of software installed on
```

```
this host."
    ::= { hrSWInstalled 3 }
hrSWInstalledEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX HrSWInstalledEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A (conceptual) entry for a piece of software
           installed on this host.
           As an example of how objects in this table are
           named, an instance of the hrSWInstalledName object
          might be named hrSWInstalledName.96"
    INDEX { hrSWInstalledIndex }
    ::= { hrSWInstalledTable 1 }
HrSWInstalledEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
       hrSWInstalledIndex INTEGER,
       hrSWInstalledName
                               InternationalDisplayString,
       hrSWInstalledID
                               ProductID,
       hrSWInstalledType
                               INTEGER,
       hrSWInstalledDate DateAndTime
}
hrSWInstalledIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (1..2147483647)
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A unique value for each piece of software
           installed on the host. This value shall be in the
           range from 1 to the number of pieces of software
           installed on the host."
    ::= { hrSWInstalledEntry 1 }
hrSWInstalledName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX InternationalDisplayString (SIZE (0..64))
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A textual description of this installed piece of
           software, including the manufacturer, revision, the
           name by which it is commonly known, and optionally,
           its serial number."
    ::= { hrSWInstalledEntry 2 }
hrSWInstalledID OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX ProductID
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The product ID of this installed piece of
           software."
    ::= { hrSWInstalledEntry 3 }
hrSWInstalledType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER {
                unknown(1),
                operatingSystem(2),
                deviceDriver(3),
                application(4)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The type of this software."
    ::= { hrSWInstalledEntry 4 }
hrSWInstalledDate OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX DateAndTime
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The last-modification date of this application as
           it would appear in a directory listing."
    ::= { hrSWInstalledEntry 5 }
```

5. References

F:ND

- [1] Rose M., and K. McCloghrie, "Structure and Identification of Management Information for TCP/IP-based internets", STD 16, RFC 1155, Performance Systems International, Hughes LAN Systems, May 1990.
- [2] Rose, M., and K. McCloghrie, Editors, "Concise MIB Definitions", STD 16, RFC 1212, Performance Systems International, Hughes LAN Systems, March 1991.
- [3] McCloghrie K., and M. Rose, Editors, "Management Information Base for Network Management of TCP/IP-based internets", STD 17, RFC 1213, Performance Systems International, March 1991.

- [4] Case, J., Fedor, M., Schoffstall, M., and J. Davin, "Simple Network Management Protocol", STD 15, RFC 1157, SNMP Research, Performance Systems International, Performance Systems International, MIT Laboratory for Computer Science, May 1990.
- [5] Information processing systems Open Systems Interconnection -Specification of Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1), International Organization for Standardization. International Standard 8824, (December, 1987).

6. Acknowledgments

This document was produced by the Host Resources MIB working group.

In addition, the authors gratefully acknowledge the comments of the following individuals:

> Amatzia Ben-Artzi NetManage Steve Bostock Novell

Stephen Bush
Jeff Case
Chuck Davin
Ray Edgarton
Mike Erlinger
Tim Farley
Mark Kepke
Bobby Krupczak
Chovell Krupczak
Georgia Tech
Chovel Krupczak
Chovel Krupczak
Chovel Krupczak
Chovel Krupczak
Coorgia Tech Cheryl Krupczak Georgia Tech

Keith McCloghrie Hughes Lan Systems

Greg Minshall Novell Dave Perkins Synoptics
Ed Reeder Objective Systems Integrators
Mike Ritter Apple Computer

Mike Ritter Apple Computer

Marshall Rose Dover Beach Consulting

Jon Saperia DEC

Rodney Thayer Sable Technology

Kaj Tesink Bellcore Data General Dean Throop

7. Security Considerations

Security issues are not discussed in this memo.

8. Authors' Addresses

Pete Grillo 10915 NW Lost Park Drive Portland OR 97229

Phone: +1 503 526 9766 EMail: pl0143@mail.psi.net

Steven Waldbusser Carnegie Mellon University 4910 Forbes Ave. Pittsburgh, PA 15213

Phone: +1 412 268 6628 Fax: +1 412 268 4987 EMail: waldbusser@cmu.edu