Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF)

Request for Comments: 6527

Obsoletes: 2787

Category: Standards Track

ISSN: 2070-1721

Definitions of Managed Objects for the Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol Version 3 (VRRPv3)

K. Tata

March 2012

Nokia

Abstract

This specification defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management based on the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). In particular, it defines objects for configuring, monitoring, and controlling routers that employ the Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol Version 3 (VRRPv3) for both IPv4 and IPv6 as defined in RFC 5798. This memo obsoletes RFC 2787.

Status of This Memo

This is an Internet Standards Track document.

This document is a product of the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF). It represents the consensus of the IETF community. It has received public review and has been approved for publication by the Internet Engineering Steering Group (IESG). Further information on Internet Standards is available in Section 2 of RFC 5741.

Information about the current status of this document, any errata, and how to provide feedback on it may be obtained at http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc6527.

Copyright Notice

Copyright (c) 2012 IETF Trust and the persons identified as the document authors. All rights reserved.

This document is subject to BCP 78 and the IETF Trust's Legal Provisions Relating to IETF Documents (http://trustee.ietf.org/license-info) in effect on the date of publication of this document. Please review these documents carefully, as they describe your rights and restrictions with respect to this document. Code Components extracted from this document must include Simplified BSD License text as described in Section 4.e of the Trust Legal Provisions and are provided without warranty as described in the Simplified BSD License.

This document may contain material from IETF Documents or IETF Contributions published or made publicly available before November 10, 2008. The person(s) controlling the copyright in some of this material may not have granted the IETF Trust the right to allow modifications of such material outside the IETF Standards Process. Without obtaining an adequate license from the person(s) controlling the copyright in such materials, this document may not be modified outside the IETF Standards Process, and derivative works of it may not be created outside the IETF Standards Process, except to format it for publication as an RFC or to translate it into languages other than English.

Table of Contents

1.	The Internet-Standard Management Framework
2.	Introduction
3.	Terminology
4.	Relationship to RFC 27873
5.	Relation to Interface Group (IF-MIB)3
6.	Multi-Stack Implementations3
7.	Interpretation of RFC 57983
8.	VRRP MIB Structure and Design4
9.	VRRP Multi-Stack Scenario4
10	Definitions
11.	. Security Considerations27
12	. IANA Considerations29
13.	. Normative References29
14	. Informative References30
15.	. Acknowledgments31

1. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to section 7 of RFC 3410 [RFC3410].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, RFC 2578 [RFC2578], STD 58, RFC 2579 [RFC2579] and STD 58, RFC 2580 [RFC2580].

2. Introduction

This specification defines a portion of the MIB for use with SNMP-based network management. In particular, it defines objects for configuring, monitoring, and controlling routers that employ the Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol Version 3 (VRRPv3) for both IPv4 and IPv6 as defined in RFC 5798 [RFC5798].

3. Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

4. Relationship to RFC 2787

This document obsoletes RFC 2787 [RFC2787]. The major changes in this document reflect changes in the VRRP protocol between RFC 2338 [RFC2338] and RFC 5798 [RFC5798]. This document is also updated to conform to current MIB conventions.

5. Relation to Interface Group (IF-MIB)

Since a router can be participating in VRRP on one or more interfaces, "ifIndex" is used as an index into the tables defined in the VRRP MIB. This MIB module imports ifIndex from the IF-MIB. At this time, the latest version of the IF-MIB is from RFC 2863 [RFC2863].

6. Multi-Stack Implementations

This MIB module is designed to support multi-stack implementations that run VRRP over IPv4 and IPv6. The IP version, Virtual Router Identifier (VRID), and ifIndex are used to uniquely identify rows in a multi-stack implementation.

7. Interpretation of RFC 5798

During the review of this document, it emerged that there are different possible interpretations of [RFC5798]. The authors of that document and the VRRP working group were unable to reach consensus as to which interpretation is correct. This document makes the following assumption:

IPv4 and IPv6 virtual routers are treated as two separate logical entities and represented as two separate entries in the vrrpv3OperationsTable. This is required due to the undefined behavior of the protocol in [RFC5798] in a multi-stack scenario.

8. VRRP MIB Structure and Design

This MIB module contains three tables:

- (1) The vrrpv3OperationsTable contains objects that define the operational characteristics of a VRRP router. Rows in this table correspond to instances of virtual routers.
- (2) The vrrpv3StatisticsTable contains the operating statistics for a VRRP router.
- (3) The vrrpv3AssociatedIpAddrTable contains the addresses of the virtual router(s) that a given VRRP router is backing up.

Tables are indexed on ifIndex, VRID, and the IP version to uniquely identify a VRRP router.

Notifications in this MIB module are controlled using the mechanisms defined in [RFC3413].

9. VRRP Multi-Stack Scenario

The following section provides examples of how some of the objects in this MIB are instantiated.

KEY:

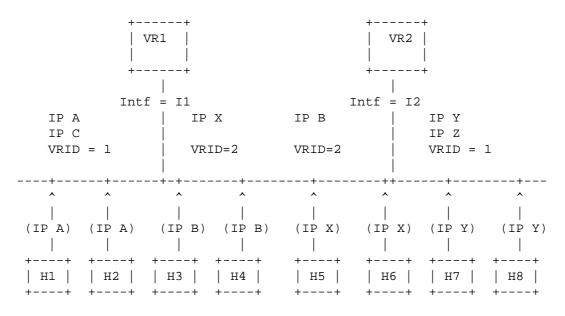
The labels in the following tables and diagrams correspond to the actual MIB objects as follows:

if = IfIndex

AddrType= vrrpv3OperationsInetAddrType

VrId = vrrpv3OperationsVrId
State = vrrpv3OperationsStatus
Prior = vrrpv3OperationsPriority
IpAddr = vrrpv3OperationsMasterIpAddr

The following figure shows a hypothetical network with two VRRP routers, VR1 & VR2, configured with two virtual routers. Addresses in '()' indicate the address of the default gateway for a given host; H1 to H4 are IPv4 hosts, and H5 to H8 are IPv6 hosts. A, B, and C are IPv4 addresses, and X, Y, and Z are IPv6 addresses. In the diagram, "Interface" is used in the context defined in IF-MIB.



---- MIB Tables For VRRP Router "VR1": ----

vrrpv3OperationsTable

if VrId		•	•		
I1 01	1 -+	M	255	A	
I1 01		В	1-254	У	
I1 02		В	1-254	В	
I1 02					. ` ′ .

Tata Standards Track [Page 5]

RFC 6527 VRRP Unified MIB March 2012

vrrpv3AssociatedIpAddrTable

		AddrType	'	RowStat
I1		1	_ A	active
I1	01	1	C	active
11		2	Y Y +	active
I1		2		active
I1	02	1	В	active
I1		2	X	active

---- MIB Tables For VRRP Router "VR2": ----

vrrpv3OperationsTable

				•	•	. –	 +()+
	I2	01	1	В	1-254	A	
	I2	01	2	M	255	Y	+()+
	I2	02	1	M	255	В	 ()+
	I2	02	2	В	1-254	X	
+			+		+	+	

Tata Standards Track [Page 6]

vrrpv3AssociatedIpAddrTable

[
[

NOTES:

1) For "State": M = Master; B = Backup.
 In the vrrpv3OperationsTable, a "priority" of 255 indicates that
 the respective router owns the IP address, e.g., this IP address
 is native to the router (i.e., "the IP Address Owner").

10. Definitions

This MIB module makes reference to the following documents [RFC2578], [RFC2579], [RFC2580], [RFC2863], and [RFC4001].

VRRPV3-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

IMPORTS

MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, NOTIFICATION-TYPE, Counter32, Integer32, mib-2, Unsigned32, Counter64, TimeTicks FROM SNMPv2-SMI

FROM SNMPv2-SMI -- RFC2578

TEXTUAL-CONVENTION, RowStatus, MacAddress, TruthValue, TimeStamp, TimeInterval

FROM SNMPv2-TC -- RFC2579

MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP,
NOTIFICATION-GROUP
FROM SNMPv2-CONF -- RFC2580

Tata Standards Track [Page 7]

```
ifIndex
           FROM IF-MIB
                                           -- RFC2863
       InetAddressType, InetAddress
           FROM INET-ADDRESS-MIB;
                                           -- RFC4001
  vrrpv3MIB MODULE-IDENTITY
                                      -- Feb 13, 2012
       LAST-UPDATED "201202130000Z"
       ORGANIZATION "IETF VRRP Working Group"
       CONTACT-INFO
              "WG E-Mail: vrrp@ietf.org
               Editor:
                          Kalyan Tata
                          Nokia
                          313 Fairchild Dr,
                          Mountain View, CA 94043
                          Tata_kalyan@yahoo.com"
       DESCRIPTION
           "This MIB describes objects used for managing Virtual
            Router Redundancy Protocol version 3 (VRRPv3).
            Copyright (c) 2012 IETF Trust and the persons
            identified as authors of the code. All rights
            reserved.
            Redistribution and use in source and binary forms,
            with or without modification, is permitted pursuant
            to, and subject to the license terms contained in,
            the Simplified BSD License set forth in Section
            4.c of the IETF Trust's Legal Provisions Relating
            to IETF Documents
             (http://trustee.ietf.org/license-info).
            This version of the MIB module is part of RFC 6527.
            Please see the RFC for full legal notices."
       REVISION "201202120000Z" -- Feb 13, 2012
       DESCRIPTION "Initial version as published in RFC 6527."
        ::= \{ mib-2 207 \}
-- Textual Conventions
  Vrrpv3VrIdTC ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
       DISPLAY-HINT "d"
       STATUS
                 current
       DESCRIPTION
```

```
"The value of the Virtual Router Identifier noted as
            (VRID) in RFC 5798. This, along with interface index
            (ifIndex) and IP version, serves to uniquely identify
            a virtual router on a given VRRP router."
        REFERENCE "RFC 5798 (Sections 3 and 5.2.3)"
        SYNTAX
                   Integer32 (1..255)
-- VRRPv3 MIB Groups
  vrrpv3Notifications    OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { vrrpv3MIB 0 }
  vrrpv3Objects     OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { vrrpv3MIB 1 }
vrrpv3Conformance     OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { vrrpv3MIB 2 }
-- VRRPv3 MIB Objects
  vrrpv3Operations
vrrpv3Statistics
                         OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { vrrpv30bjects 1 }
                        OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { vrrpv30bjects 2 }
-- VRRPv3 Operations Table
    vrrpv3OperationsTable OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Vrrpv3OperationsEntry
        MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
        STATUS
                    current
        DESCRIPTION
            "Unified Operations table for a VRRP router that
             consists of a sequence (i.e., one or more conceptual
             rows) of 'vrrpv3OperationsEntry' items each of which
             describe the operational characteristics of a virtual
             router."
        ::= { vrrpv3Operations 1 }
    vrrpv3OperationsEntry OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Vrrpv3OperationsEntry
        MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
        STATUS
                    current
        DESCRIPTION
            "An entry in the vrrpv3OperationsTable containing the
             operational characteristics of a virtual router.
             On a VRRP router, a given virtual router is
             identified by a combination of ifIndex, VRID, and
             the IP version. ifIndex represents an interface of
             the router.
             A row must be created with vrrpv3OperationsStatus
             set to initialize(1) and cannot transition to
             backup(2) or master(3) until
```

```
vrrpv3OperationsRowStatus is transitioned to
         active(1).
         The information in this table is persistent and when
         written the entity SHOULD save the change to non-
         volatile storage."
    INDEX
             { ifIndex, vrrpv30perationsVrId,
               vrrpv3OperationsInetAddrType
    ::= { vrrpv3OperationsTable 1 }
Vrrpv3OperationsEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
        vrrpv30perationsVrId
           Vrrpv3VrIdTC,
        vrrpv3OperationsInetAddrType
            InetAddressType,
        vrrpv3OperationsMasterIpAddr
            InetAddress,
        vrrpv3OperationsPrimaryIpAddr
            InetAddress,
        vrrpv3OperationsVirtualMacAddr
            MacAddress,
        vrrpv3OperationsStatus
            INTEGER,
        vrrpv3OperationsPriority
           Unsigned32,
        vrrpv3OperationsAddrCount
            Integer32,
        vrrpv3OperationsAdvInterval
            TimeInterval,
        vrrpv3OperationsPreemptMode
            TruthValue,
        vrrpv3OperationsAcceptMode
            TruthValue,
        vrrpv3OperationsUpTime
            TimeTicks,
        vrrpv3OperationsRowStatus
            RowStatus
vrrpv3OperationsVrId OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
           Vrrpv3VrIdTC
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
```

DESCRIPTION

```
"This object contains the Virtual Router Identifier
        (VRID)."
   REFERENCE "RFC 4001"
    ::= { vrrpv3OperationsEntry 1 }
vrrpv3OperationsInetAddrType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX InetAddressType
               not-accessible
   MAX-ACCESS
   STATUS
          current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The IP address type of Vrrpv3OperationsEntry and
       Vrrpv3AssociatedIpAddrEntry. This value determines
       the type for vrrpv3OperationsMasterIpAddr,
       vrrpv3OperationsPrimaryIpAddr, and
       vrrpv3AssociatedIpAddrAddress.
        ipv4(1) and ipv6(2) are the only two values supported
        in this MIB module."
   REFERENCE "RFC 4001"
    ::= { vrrpv3OperationsEntry 2 }
vrrpv3OperationsMasterIpAddr OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX InetAddress
               read-only
   MAX-ACCESS
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
     "The master router's real IP address. The master router
     would set this address to vrrpv3OperationsPrimaryIpAddr
     while transitioning to master state. For backup
     routers, this is the IP address listed as the source in
     the VRRP advertisement last received by this virtual
     router."
   REFERENCE "RFC 5798"
    ::= { vrrpv3OperationsEntry 3 }
vrrpv3OperationsPrimaryIpAddr OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX InetAddress
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "In the case where there is more than one IP
       Address (associated IP addresses) for a given
       'ifIndex', this object is used to specify the IP
       address that will become the
       vrrpv3OperationsMasterIpAddr', should the virtual
       router transition from backup state to master."
    ::= { vrrpv3OperationsEntry 4 }
```

```
vrrpv3OperationsVirtualMacAddr OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX MacAddress
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The virtual MAC address of the virtual router.
      Although this object can be derived from the
       'vrrpv3OperationsVrId' object, it is defined so that it
      is easily obtainable by a management application and
      can be included in VRRP-related SNMP notifications."
    ::= { vrrpv3OperationsEntry 5 }
vrrpv3OperationsStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
               INTEGER {
       initialize(1),
       backup(2),
       master(3)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The current state of the virtual router. This object
       has three defined values:
        - 'initialize', which indicates that the
          virtual router is waiting for a startup event.
        - 'backup', which indicates that the virtual router is
          monitoring the availability of the master router.
        - 'master', which indicates that the virtual router
           is forwarding packets for IP addresses that are
          associated with this router."
   REFERENCE "RFC 5798"
    ::= { vrrpv3OperationsEntry 6 }
vrrpv3OperationsPriority OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0..255)
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
      "This object specifies the priority to be used for the
     virtual router master election process; higher values
      imply higher priority.
     A priority of '0', although not settable, is sent by
      the master router to indicate that this router has
```

ceased to participate in VRRP, and a backup virtual router should transition to become a new master.

A priority of 255 is used for the router that owns the associated IP address(es) for VRRP over IPv4 and hence is not settable.

Setting the values of this object to 0 or 255 should be rejected by the agents implementing this MIB module. For example, an SNMP agent would return 'badValue(3)' when a user tries to set the values 0 or 255 for this object."

```
REFERENCE "RFC 5798, Section 6.1"
   DEFVAL { 100 }
    ::= { vrrpv3OperationsEntry 7 }
vrrpv3OperationsAddrCount OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32 (0..255)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The number of IP addresses that are associated with
       this virtual router. This number is equal to the
       number of rows in the vrrpv3AssociatedAddrTable that
       correspond to a given ifIndex/VRID/IP version."
   REFERENCE "RFC 5798, Section 6.1"
    ::= { vrrpv3OperationsEntry 8 }
vrrpv3OperationsAdvInterval OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX TimeInterval (1..4095)
               "centiseconds"
   UNITS
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The time interval, in centiseconds, between sending
       advertisement messages. Only the master router sends
       VRRP advertisements."
   REFERENCE "RFC 5798, Section 6.1"
               { 100}
    ::= { vrrpv3OperationsEntry 9 }
vrrpv3OperationsPreemptMode OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX TruthValue
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
          current
   DESCRIPTION
```

```
"Controls whether a higher priority virtual router will
     preempt a lower priority master."
   REFERENCE "RFC 5798, Section 6.1"
   DEFVAL { true }
    ::= { vrrpv3OperationsEntry 10 }
vrrpv3OperationsAcceptMode OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
               TruthValue
               read-create
   MAX-ACCESS
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "Controls whether a virtual router in master state
      will accept packets addressed to the address owner's
      IPv6 address as its own if it is not the IPv6 address
      owner. Default is false(2).
      This object is not relevant for rows representing VRRP
      over IPv4 and should be set to false(2)."
   DEFVAL { false }
    ::= { vrrpv3OperationsEntry 11 }
vrrpv3OperationsUpTime OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX TimeTicks
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
        "This value represents the amount of time, in
       TimeTicks (hundredth of a second), since this virtual
       router (i.e., the 'vrrpv3OperationsStatus')
       transitioned out of 'initialize'."
   REFERENCE "RFC 5798, Section 6.1"
    ::= { vrrpv3OperationsEntry 12 }
vrrpv3OperationsRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
               RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
                current
   STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
      "The RowStatus variable should be used in accordance to
      installation and removal conventions for conceptual
      rows.
      To create a row in this table, a manager sets this
      object to either createAndGo(4) or createAndWait(5).
      Until instances of all corresponding columns are
      appropriately configured, the value of the
      corresponding instance of the
       'vrrpv3OperationsRowStatus' column will be read as
      notReady(3).
```

In particular, a newly created row cannot be made active(1) until (minimally) the corresponding instance of vrrpv3OperationsInetAddrType, vrrpv3OperationsVrId, and vrrpv3OperationsPrimaryIpAddr has been set, and there is at least one active row in the 'vrrpv3AssociatedIpAddrTable' defining an associated IP address.

notInService(2) should be used to administratively
bring the row down.

A typical order of operation to add a row is:

- 1. Create a row in vrrpv3OperationsTable with createAndWait(5).
- 2. Create one or more corresponding rows in vrrpv3AssociatedIpAddrTable.
- 3. Populate the vrrpv3OperationsEntry.
- 4. Set vrrpv3OperationsRowStatus to active(1).

A typical order of operation to delete an entry is:

- 1. Set vrrpv30perationsRowStatus to notInService(2).
- 2. Set the corresponding rows in vrrpv3AssociatedIpAddrTable to destroy(6) to delete the entry.
- 3. Set vrrpv3OperationsRowStatus to destroy(6) to delete the entry."
- ::= { vrrpv3OperationsEntry 13 }

-- VRRP Associated Address Table

```
vrrpv3AssociatedIpAddrTable OBJECT-TYPE
```

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Vrrpv3AssociatedIpAddrEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The table of addresses associated with each virtual router."

::= { vrrpv3Operations 2 }

vrrpv3AssociatedIpAddrEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Vrrpv3AssociatedIpAddrEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"An entry in the table contains an IP address that is associated with a virtual router. The number of rows for a given IP version, VrID, and ifIndex will equal the number of IP addresses associated (e.g., backed up)

```
by the virtual router (equivalent to
      'vrrpv3OperationsIpAddrCount').
      Rows in the table cannot be modified unless the value
      of 'vrrpv3OperationsStatus' for the corresponding entry
      in the vrrpv3OperationsTable has transitioned to
      initialize(1).
      The information in this table is persistent and when
      written the entity SHOULD save the change to non-
      volatile storage."
    INDEX
             { ifIndex, vrrpv3OperationsVrId,
              vrrpv3OperationsInetAddrType,
               vrrpv3AssociatedIpAddrAddress }
    ::= { vrrpv3AssociatedIpAddrTable 1 }
Vrrpv3AssociatedIpAddrEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE {
       vrrpv3AssociatedIpAddrAddress
           InetAddress,
       vrrpv3AssociatedIpAddrRowStatus
           RowStatus
}
vrrpv3AssociatedIpAddrAddress OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|16))
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The assigned IP addresses that a virtual router is
       responsible for backing up.
       The IP address type is determined by the value of
       vrrpv3OperationsInetAddrType in the index of this
   REFERENCE "RFC 5798"
    ::= { vrrpv3AssociatedIpAddrEntry 1 }
vrrpv3AssociatedIpAddrRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
           RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
            current
      "The row status variable, used according to
     installation and removal conventions for conceptual
```

rows. To create a row in this table, a manager sets this object to either createAndGo(4) or createAndWait(5). Setting this object to active(1) results in the addition of an associated address for a virtual router. Setting this object to notInService(2) results in administratively bringing down the row.

Destroying the entry or setting it to destroy(6) removes the associated address from the virtual router. The use of other values is implementation-dependent.

Implementations should not allow deletion of the last row corresponding to an active row in vrrpv3OperationsTable.

Refer to the description of vrrpv3OperationsRowStatus
for typical row creation and deletion scenarios."
::= { vrrpv3AssociatedIpAddrEntry 2 }

-- VRRP Router Statistics

vrrpv3RouterChecksumErrors OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The total number of VRRP packets received with an invalid VRRP checksum value.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of vrrpv3GlobalStatisticsDiscontinuityTime."

```
REFERENCE "RFC 5798, Section 5.2.8"
::= { vrrpv3Statistics 1 }
```

vrrpv3RouterVersionErrors OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The total number of VRRP packets received with an unknown or unsupported version number.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at

other times as indicated by the value of

```
vrrpv3GlobalStatisticsDiscontinuityTime."
       REFERENCE "RFC 5798, Section 5.2.1"
       ::= { vrrpv3Statistics 2 }
   vrrpv3RouterVrIdErrors OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Counter64
       MAX-ACCESS
                  read-only
      STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of VRRP packets received with a
            VRID that is not valid for any virtual router on this
            router.
           Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur
           at re-initialization of the management system, and at
           other times as indicated by the value of
           vrrpv3GlobalStatisticsDiscontinuityTime."
       REFERENCE "RFC 5798, Section 5.2.3"
       ::= { vrrpv3Statistics 3 }
  vrrpv3GlobalStatisticsDiscontinuityTime OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX TimeStamp
      MAX-ACCESS read-only
      STATUS current
      DESCRIPTION
        "The value of sysUpTime on the most recent occasion at
         which one of vrrpv3RouterChecksumErrors,
         vrrpv3RouterVersionErrors, and vrrpv3RouterVrIdErrors
         suffered a discontinuity.
         If no such discontinuities have occurred since the last
         re-initialization of the local management subsystem,
         then this object contains a zero value."
       ::= { vrrpv3Statistics 4 }
-- VRRP Router Statistics Table
   vrrpv3StatisticsTable OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Vrrpv3StatisticsEntry
       MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
           "Table of virtual router statistics."
       ::= { vrrpv3Statistics 5 }
```

```
vrrpv3StatisticsEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Vrrpv3StatisticsEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An entry in the table containing statistics
        information about a given virtual router."
    AUGMENTS { vrrpv3OperationsEntry }
    ::= { vrrpv3StatisticsTable 1 }
Vrrpv3StatisticsEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
       vrrpv3StatisticsMasterTransitions
           Counter32,
        vrrpv3StatisticsNewMasterReason
           INTEGER,
        vrrpv3StatisticsRcvdAdvertisements
           Counter64,
        vrrpv3StatisticsAdvIntervalErrors
           Counter64,
        vrrpv3StatisticsIpTtlErrors
           Counter64,
        vrrpv3StatisticsProtoErrReason
           INTEGER,
        vrrpv3StatisticsRcvdPriZeroPackets
           Counter64,
        vrrpv3StatisticsSentPriZeroPackets
           Counter64,
        vrrpv3StatisticsRcvdInvalidTypePackets
           Counter64,
        vrrpv3StatisticsAddressListErrors
           Counter64,
        vrrpv3StatisticsPacketLengthErrors
           Counter64,
        vrrpv3StatisticsRowDiscontinuityTime
            TimeStamp,
        vrrpv3StatisticsRefreshRate
            Unsigned32
    }
vrrpv3StatisticsMasterTransitions OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter32
               read-only
    MAX-ACCESS
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The total number of times that this virtual router's
        state has transitioned to master state.
```

```
Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur
        at re-initialization of the management system, and at
        other times as indicated by the value of
        vrrpv3StatisticsRowDiscontinuityTime."
     ::= { vrrpv3StatisticsEntry 1 }
vrrpv3StatisticsNewMasterReason OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX
             INTEGER {
        notMaster (0),
        priority (1),
        preempted (2),
        masterNoResponse (3)
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This indicates the reason for the virtual router to
       transition to master state. If the virtual router
       never transitioned to master state, the value of this
       object is notMaster(0). Otherwise, this indicates the
       reason this virtual router transitioned to master
       state the last time. Used by vrrpv3NewMaster
       notification."
     ::= { vrrpv3StatisticsEntry 2 }
vrrpv3StatisticsRcvdAdvertisements OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
         "The total number of VRRP advertisements received by
        this virtual router.
        Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur
        at re-initialization of the management system, and at
        other times as indicated by the value of
        vrrpv3StatisticsRowDiscontinuityTime."
     ::= { vrrpv3StatisticsEntry 3 }
vrrpv3StatisticsAdvIntervalErrors OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter64
                read-only
    MAX-ACCESS
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The total number of VRRP advertisement packets
        received for which the advertisement interval is
```

```
different from the vrrpv3OperationsAdvInterval
        configured on this virtual router.
        Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur
        at re-initialization of the management system, and at
        other times as indicated by the value of
        vrrpv3StatisticsRowDiscontinuityTime."
     ::= { vrrpv3StatisticsEntry 4 }
vrrpv3StatisticsIpTtlErrors OBJECT-TYPE
             Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The total number of VRRP packets received by the
        virtual router with IPv4 TTL (for VRRP over IPv4) or
        IPv6 Hop Limit (for VRRP over IPv6) not equal to 255.
        Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur
        at re-initialization of the management system, and at
        other times as indicated by the value of
        vrrpv3StatisticsRowDiscontinuityTime."
    REFERENCE "RFC 5798, Section 5.1.1.3"
     ::= { vrrpv3StatisticsEntry 5 }
vrrpv3StatisticsProtoErrReason OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER {
        noError (0),
        ipTtlError (1),
        versionError (2),
        checksumError (3),
        vrIdError(4)
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This indicates the reason for the last protocol
        error. This SHOULD be set to noError(0) when no
        protocol errors are encountered. Used by
        vrrpv3ProtoError notification."
     ::= { vrrpv3StatisticsEntry 6 }
vrrpv3StatisticsRcvdPriZeroPackets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
"The total number of VRRP packets received by the
       virtual router with a priority of '0'.
       Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur
       at re-initialization of the management system, and at
       other times as indicated by the value of
       vrrpv3StatisticsRowDiscontinuityTime."
   REFERENCE "RFC 5798, Section 5.2.4"
    ::= { vrrpv3StatisticsEntry 7 }
vrrpv3StatisticsSentPriZeroPackets OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter64
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The total number of VRRP packets sent by the virtual
       router with a priority of '0'.
       Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur
       at re-initialization of the management system, and at
       other times as indicated by the value of
       vrrpv3StatisticsRowDiscontinuityTime."
   REFERENCE "RFC 5798, Section 5.2.4"
    ::= { vrrpv3StatisticsEntry 8 }
vrrpv3StatisticsRcvdInvalidTypePackets OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter64
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The number of VRRP packets received by the virtual
       router with an invalid value in the 'type' field.
       Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur
       at re-initialization of the management system, and at
       other times as indicated by the value of
       vrrpv3StatisticsRowDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { vrrpv3StatisticsEntry 9 }
vrrpv3StatisticsAddressListErrors OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter64
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The total number of packets received for which the
       address list does not match the locally configured
       list for the virtual router.
```

```
Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur
        at re-initialization of the management system, and at
        other times as indicated by the value of
        vrrpv3StatisticsRowDiscontinuityTime."
     ::= { vrrpv3StatisticsEntry 10 }
 vrrpv3StatisticsPacketLengthErrors OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
         "The total number of packets received with a packet
        length less than the length of the VRRP header.
        Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur
        at re-initialization of the management system, and at
        other times as indicated by the value of
        vrrpv3StatisticsRowDiscontinuityTime."
     ::= { vrrpv3StatisticsEntry 11 }
vrrpv3StatisticsRowDiscontinuityTime OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX TimeStamp
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The value of sysUpTime on the most recent occasion at
      which any one or more of this entry's counters
      suffered a discontinuity.
      If no such discontinuities have occurred since the last
      re-initialization of the local management subsystem,
      then this object contains a zero value."
    ::= { vrrpv3StatisticsEntry 12 }
vrrpv3StatisticsRefreshRate OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
             Unsigned32
   UNITS "milliseconds"
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
           current
   DESCRIPTION
      "The minimum reasonable polling interval for this entry.
      This object provides an indication of the minimum
      amount of time required to update the counters in this
       entry."
    ::= { vrrpv3StatisticsEntry 13 }
 Notification Definitions
Notifications may be controlled using SNMP-NOTIFICATION-MIB
```

```
vrrpv3NewMaster NOTIFICATION-TYPE
       OBJECTS
                      vrrpv3OperationsMasterIpAddr,
                      vrrpv3StatisticsNewMasterReason
                     }
       STATUS
                    current
       DESCRIPTION
            "The newMaster notification indicates that the sending
           agent has transitioned to master state."
        ::= { vrrpv3Notifications 1 }
   vrrpv3ProtoError NOTIFICATION-TYPE
       OBJECTS
                    {
                      vrrpv3StatisticsProtoErrReason
       STATUS
                    current
       DESCRIPTION
            "The notification indicates that the sending agent has
           encountered the protocol error indicated by
           vrrpv3StatisticsProtoErrReason."
        ::= { vrrpv3Notifications 2 }
-- Conformance Information
vrrpv3Compliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { vrrpv3Conformance 1 }
vrrpv3Groups OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { vrrpv3Conformance 2 }
-- Compliance Statements
   vrrpv3FullCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
          "The compliance statement"
       MODULE -- this module
       MANDATORY-GROUPS
           vrrpv3OperationsGroup,
           vrrpv3StatisticsGroup,
           vrrpv3InfoGroup,
           vrrpv3NotificationsGroup
       OBJECT vrrpv3OperationsPriority
       WRITE-SYNTAX Unsigned32 (1..254)
       DESCRIPTION "Setable values are from 1 to 254."
        ::= { vrrpv3Compliances 1 }
   vrrpv3ReadOnlyCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
```

"When this MIB module is implemented without support for read-create (i.e., in read-only mode), then such

```
an implementation can claim read-only compliance.
          Such a device can then be monitored, but cannot be
          configured with this MIB."
       MODULE -- this module
       MANDATORY-GROUPS {
           vrrpv3OperationsGroup,
           vrrpv3StatisticsGroup,
           vrrpv3StatisticsDiscontinuityGroup,
           vrrpv3InfoGroup,
           vrrpv3NotificationsGroup
        }
       OBJECT
                    vrrpv3OperationsPriority
       MIN-ACCESS
                     read-only
       DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."
       OBJECT
                    vrrpv3OperationsPrimaryIpAddr
       MIN-ACCESS read-only
       DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."
       OBJECT
                    vrrpv3OperationsAdvInterval
       OBJECT vrrpv3Ope:
MIN-ACCESS read-only
       DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."
                   vrrpv3OperationsPreemptMode
       OBJECT
       MIN-ACCESS
                    read-only
       DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."
                    vrrpv3OperationsAcceptMode
       OBJECT
       MIN-ACCESS
                     read-only
       DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."
       OBJECT
                    vrrpv3OperationsRowStatus
       MIN-ACCESS
                    read-only
       DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."
       OBJECT
                    vrrpv3AssociatedIpAddrRowStatus
       MIN-ACCESS read-only
       DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."
        ::= { vrrpv3Compliances 2 }
-- Conformance Groups
```

vrrpv3OperationsGroup OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS {

```
vrrpv3OperationsVirtualMacAddr,
        vrrpv3OperationsStatus,
        vrrpv3OperationsPriority,
        vrrpv3OperationsMasterIpAddr,
        vrrpv3OperationsAdvInterval,
        vrrpv3OperationsPreemptMode,
        vrrpv3OperationsAcceptMode,
        vrrpv3OperationsUpTime,
        vrrpv3OperationsRowStatus,
        vrrpv3OperationsAddrCount,
        vrrpv3OperationsPrimaryIpAddr,
        vrrpv3AssociatedIpAddrRowStatus
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
       "Conformance group for VRRPv3 operations."
    ::= { vrrpv3Groups 1 }
vrrpv3StatisticsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
        vrrpv3RouterChecksumErrors,
        vrrpv3RouterVersionErrors,
        vrrpv3RouterVrIdErrors,
        vrrpv3StatisticsMasterTransitions,
        vrrpv3StatisticsNewMasterReason,
        vrrpv3StatisticsRcvdAdvertisements,
        vrrpv3StatisticsAdvIntervalErrors,
        vrrpv3StatisticsRcvdPriZeroPackets,
        vrrpv3StatisticsSentPriZeroPackets,
        vrrpv3StatisticsRcvdInvalidTypePackets,
        vrrpv3StatisticsIpTtlErrors,
        vrrpv3StatisticsProtoErrReason,
        vrrpv3StatisticsAddressListErrors,
        vrrpv3StatisticsPacketLengthErrors,
        {\tt vrrpv3StatisticsRowDiscontinuityTime,}
        vrrpv3StatisticsRefreshRate
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
       "Conformance group for VRRPv3 statistics."
    ::= { vrrpv3Groups 2 }
vrrpv3StatisticsDiscontinuityGroup OBJECT-GROUP
        vrrpv3GlobalStatisticsDiscontinuityTime
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
"Objects providing information about counter
       discontinuities."
    ::= { vrrpv3Groups 3 }
vrrpv3InfoGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS {
        vrrpv3StatisticsProtoErrReason,
        vrrpv3StatisticsNewMasterReason
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "Conformance group for objects contained in VRRPv3
       notifications."
    ::= { vrrpv3Groups 4 }
vrrpv3NotificationsGroup NOTIFICATION-GROUP
   NOTIFICATIONS {
       vrrpv3NewMaster,
        vrrpv3ProtoError
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The VRRP MIB Notification Group."
    ::= { vrrpv3Groups 5 }
```

11. Security Considerations

END

There are a number of management objects defined in this MIB module with a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write and/or read-create. Such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations. These are the tables and objects and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

The objects vrrpv3OperationsPriority, vrrpv3OperationsPrimaryIpAddr, vrrpv3OperationsAdvInterval, vrrpv3OperationsPreemptMode, vrrpv3OperationsAcceptMode, vrrpv3OperationsRowStatus, and vrrpv3AssociatedIpAddrRowStatus possess the read-create attribute. Manipulation of these objects is capable of affecting the operation of a virtual router.

Examples of how these objects could adversely affect the operation of a virtual router include:

- o An unauthorized change to vrrpv3OperationsPriority can affect the priority used in master election, resulting in this router either becoming master when it should not, or in some other router being elected by preference. While this will disrupt the operator's plans, it will only replicate the unfortunate failure of multiple routers, and any router that does become master will be capable of filling that role.
- o Modification of vrrpv3OperationsPrimaryIpAddr would cause the configured router to take on an incorrect IP address if it becomes master, which would be potentially very disruptive to the network operation.
- o A malicious change to vrrpv3OperationsAdvInterval could either result in the configured router flooding the network with advertisements when it becomes master, or the new master not advertising frequently enough such that some routers do not learn about the new master.
- o vrrpv3OperationsPreemptMode controls whether this router will preempt another master router. Setting it inappropriately will at worse cause one router to be master against the operator's plans, but that router will still be qualified to operate as a master.
- o Setting the vrrpv3OperationsAcceptMode could prevent an IPv6-capable VRRP router from accepting packets addressed to the address owner's IPv6 address as its own even if it is not the IPv6 address owner. Although the default for this object is false(2), unauthorized setting of this object to false might restrict the function of some parts of the network.
- o The vrrpv3OperationsRowStatus object that could be used to disable a virtual router. While there are other columns that, if changed, could disrupt operations, they cannot be changed without first changing the RowStatus object.

SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 did not include adequate security. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPsec), there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

Implementations MUST provide the security features described by the SNMPv3 framework (see [RFC3410]), including full support for authentication and privacy via the User-based Security Model (USM) [RFC3414] with the AES cipher algorithm [RFC3826]. Implementations MAY also provide support for the Transport Security Model (TSM)

[RFC5591] in combination with a secure transport such as SSH [RFC5592] or TLS/DTLS [RFC6353].

Further, deployment of SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 is NOT RECOMMENDED. Instead, it is RECOMMENDED to deploy SNMPv3 and to enable cryptographic security. It is then a customer/operator responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB module is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

12. IANA Considerations

The MIB module in this document uses the following IANA-assigned OBJECT IDENTIFIER values recorded in the SMI Numbers registry:

```
Descriptor OBJECT IDENTIFIER value
------
vrrpv3MIB { mib-2 207 vrrpv3MIB VRRPV3-MIB }
```

This document obsoletes RFC 2787. Therefore, IANA has deprecated value 68 under 'mib-2', which is assigned to VRRP-MIB.

13. Normative References

- [RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997.
- [RFC2579] McCloghrie, K., Perkins, D., and J. Schoenwaelder, "Textual Conventions for SMIv2", STD 58, RFC 2579, April 1999.
- [RFC2580] McCloghrie, K., Perkins, D., and J. Schoenwaelder, "Conformance Statements for SMIv2", STD 58, RFC 2580, April 1999.
- [RFC2863] McCloghrie, K. and F. Kastenholz, "The Interfaces Group MIB", RFC 2863, June 2000.

- [RFC4001] Daniele, M., Haberman, B., Routhier, S., and J. Schoenwaelder, "Textual Conventions for Internet Network Addresses", RFC 4001, February 2005.
- [RFC5798] Nadas, S., Ed., "Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) Version 3 for IPv4 and IPv6", RFC 5798, March 2010.

14. Informative References

- [RFC2787] Jewell, B. and D. Chuang, "Definitions of Managed Objects for the Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol", RFC 2787, March 2000.
- [RFC3410] Case, J., Mundy, R., Partain, D., and B. Stewart,
 "Introduction and Applicability Statements for InternetStandard Management Framework", RFC 3410, December 2002.
- [RFC3414] Blumenthal, U. and B. Wijnen, "User-based Security Model (USM) for version 3 of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMPv3)", STD 62, RFC 3414, December 2002.
- [RFC3826] Blumenthal, U., Maino, F., and K. McCloghrie, "The Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) Cipher Algorithm in the SNMP User-based Security Model", RFC 3826, June 2004.
- [RFC5591] Harrington, D. and W. Hardaker, "Transport Security Model for the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)", RFC 5591, June 2009.
- [RFC5592] Harrington, D., Salowey, J., and W. Hardaker, "Secure Shell Transport Model for the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)", RFC 5592, June 2009.

15. Acknowledgments

Kripakaran Karlekar and Brain Jewell helped in design and initial drafts of this specification. This specification is based on RFC 2787. The authors of RFC 2787 are Brian Jewell and David Chuang. The author would also like to thank Bert Wijnen, Dave Thaler, Joan Cucchiara, Mukesh Gupta, Steve Bates, Adrian Farrel, Ben Campbell and Joel M. Halpern for taking time to review the document and provide valuable guidance.

Author's Address

Srinivas Kalyan Tata Nokia 313 Fairchild Dr. Mountain View, CA 94043 EMail: Tata_kalyan@yahoo.com