Network Working Group Request for Comments: 1317 B. Stewart, Editor Xyplex, Inc. April 1992

Definitions of Managed Objects for RS-232-like Hardware Devices

Status of this Memo

This document specifies an IAB standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "IAB Official Protocol Standards" for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

1. Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in TCP/IP based internets. In particular, it defines objects for the management of RS-232-like devices.

2. The Network Management Framework

The Internet-standard Network Management Framework consists of three components. They are:

RFC 1155 which defines the SMI, the mechanisms used for describing and naming objects for the purpose of management. RFC 1212 defines a more concise description mechanism, which is wholly consistent with the SMI.

RFC 1156 which defines MIB-I, the core set of managed objects for the Internet suite of protocols. RFC 1213, defines MIB-II, an evolution of MIB-I based on implementation experience and new operational requirements.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{RFC}}$ 1157 which defines the SNMP, the protocol used for network access to managed objects.

The Framework permits new objects to be defined for the purpose of experimentation and evaluation.

3. Objects

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. Objects in the MIB are

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defined using the subset of Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1) [7] defined in the SMI. In particular, each object has a name, a syntax, and an encoding. The name is an object identifier, an administratively assigned name, which specifies an object type.

The object type together with an object instance serves to uniquely identify a specific instantiation of the object. For human convenience, we often use a textual string, termed the OBJECT DESCRIPTOR, to also refer to the object type.

The syntax of an object type defines the abstract data structure corresponding to that object type. The ASN.1 language is used for this purpose. However, the SMI [3] purposely restricts the ASN.1 constructs which may be used. These restrictions are explicitly made for simplicity.

The encoding of an object type is simply how that object type is represented using the object type's syntax. Implicitly tied to the notion of an object type's syntax and encoding is how the object type is represented when being transmitted on the network.

The SMI specifies the use of the basic encoding rules of ASN.1 [8], subject to the additional requirements imposed by the SNMP.

3.1. Format of Definitions

Section 5 contains the specification of all object types contained in this MIB module. The object types are defined using the conventions defined in the SMI, as amended by the extensions specified in [9,10].

4. Overview

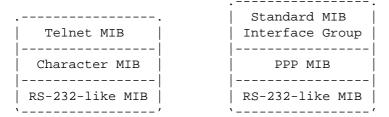
The RS-232-like Hardware Device MIB applies to interface ports that might logically support the Interface MIB, a Transmission MIB, or the Character MIB. The most common example is an RS-232 port with modem signals.

The RS-232-like MIB is one of a set of MIBs designed for complementary use. At this writing, the set comprises:

Character MIB
PPP MIB
RS-232-like MIB
Parallel-printer-like MIB

The RS-232-like MIB and the Parallel-printer-like MIB represent the physical layer, providing service to higher layers such as the Character MIB or PPP MIB. Further MIBs may appear above these.

The following diagram shows two possible "MIB stacks", each using the $RS-232-like\ MIB$.



The intent of the model is for the physical-level MIBs to represent the lowest level, regardless of the higher level that may be using it. In turn, separate higher level MIBs represent specific applications, such as a terminal (the Character MIB) or a network connection (the PPP MIB).

The RS-232-like Hardware Device MIB is mandatory for all systems that have such a hardware port supporting services managed through some other MIB, for example, the Character MIB or PPP MIB.

The MIB includes multiple similar types of hardware, and as a result contains objects not applicable to all of those types. Such objects are in a separate branch of the MIB, which is required when applicable and otherwise absent.

The RS-232-like Hardware Port MIB includes RS-232, RS-422, RS-423, V.35, and other asynchronous or synchronous, serial physical links with a similar set of control signals.

The MIB contains objects that relate to physical layer connections. Such connections may provide interesting hardware signals (other than for basic data transfer), such as RNG and DCD. Hardware ports also have such attributes as speed and bits per character.

Usefulness of error counters in this MIB depends on the presence of non-error character counts in higher level MIBs.

The MIB comprises one base object and four tables, detailed in the following sections. The tables contain objects for all ports, asynchronous ports, and input and output control signals.

5. Definitions

```
RFC1317-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
             IMPORTS
                Counter
                        FROM RFC1155-SMI
                transmission
                        FROM RFC1213-MIB
                OBJECT-TYPE
                        FROM RFC-1212;
-- this is the MIB module for RS-232-like hardware devices
        OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { transmission 33 }
rs232
-- the generic RS-232-like group
-- Implementation of this group is mandatory for all
-- systems that have RS-232-like hardware ports
-- supporting higher level services such as character
-- streams or network interfaces
rs232Number OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "The number of ports (regardless of their current
       state) in the RS-232-like general port table."
    ::= { rs232 1 }
-- the RS-232-like general Port table
rs232PortTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Rs232PortEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "A list of port entries. The number of entries is
        given by the value of rs232Number."
    ::= { rs232 2 }
rs232PortEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Rs232PortEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
```

```
STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
        "Status and parameter values for a port."
    INDEX { rs232PortIndex }
    ::= { rs232PortTable 1 }
Rs232PortEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
        rs232PortIndex
            INTEGER,
        rs232PortType
           INTEGER,
        rs232PortInSigNumber
            INTEGER,
        rs232PortOutSigNumber
           INTEGER,
        rs232PortInSpeed
           INTEGER,
        rs232PortOutSpeed
           INTEGER }
rs232PortIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "A unique value for each port. Its value ranges
        between 1 and the value of rs232Number. By
        convention and if possible, hardware port numbers
        map directly to external connectors. The value for
        each port must remain constant at least from one
        re-initialization of the network management agent to
        the next."
    ::= { rs232PortEntry 1 }
rs232PortType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER { other(1), rs232(2), rs422(3),
                     rs423(4), v35(5) }
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "The port's hardware type."
    ::= { rs232PortEntry 2 }
rs232PortInSigNumber OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
```

```
DESCRIPTION
        "The number of input signals for the port in the
        input signal table (rs232PortInSigTable). The table
        contains entries only for those signals the software
        can detect."
    ::= { rs232PortEntry 3 }
rs232PortOutSigNumber OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "The number of output signals for the port in the
        output signal table (rs232PortOutSigTable). The
        table contains entries only for those signals the
        software can assert."
    ::= { rs232PortEntry 4 }
rs232PortInSpeed OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER
    ACCESS read-write
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "The port's input speed in bits per second."
    ::= { rs232PortEntry 5 }
rs232PortOutSpeed OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER
    ACCESS read-write
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
       "The port's output speed in bits per second."
    ::= { rs232PortEntry 6 }
-- the RS-232-like Asynchronous Port group
-- Implementation of this group is mandatory if the system
-- has any asynchronous ports. Otherwise it is not
-- present.
rs232AsyncPortTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Rs232AsyncPortEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "A list of asynchronous port entries. The maximum
        entry number is given by the value of rs232Number.
```

```
Entries need not exist for synchronous ports."
    ::= { rs232 3 }
rs232AsyncPortEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Rs232AsyncPortEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "Status and parameter values for an asynchronous
        port."
    INDEX { rs232AsyncPortIndex }
    ::= { rs232AsyncPortTable 1 }
Rs232AsyncPortEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
        rs232AsyncPortIndex
            INTEGER,
        rs232AsyncPortBits
            INTEGER,
        rs232AsyncPortStopBits
            INTEGER,
        rs232AsyncPortParity
            INTEGER,
        rs232AsyncPortAutobaud
            INTEGER,
        rs232AsyncPortParityErrs
            Counter,
        rs232AsyncPortFramingErrs
            Counter,
        rs232AsyncPortOverrunErrs
            Counter
    }
rs232AsyncPortIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "A unique value for each port. Its value is the
        same as rs232PortIndex for the port."
    ::= { rs232AsyncPortEntry 1 }
rs232AsyncPortBits OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (5..8)
    ACCESS read-write
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
"The port's number of bits in a character."
    ::= { rs232AsyncPortEntry 2 }
rs232AsyncPortStopBits OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER { one(1), two(2),
                     one-and-half(3), dynamic(4) }
    ACCESS read-write
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "The port's number of stop bits."
    ::= { rs232AsyncPortEntry 3 }
rs232AsyncPortParity OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER { none(1), odd(2), even(3),
                    mark(4), space(5) }
    ACCESS read-write
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
       "The port's sense of a character parity bit."
    ::= { rs232AsyncPortEntry 4 }
rs232AsyncPortAutobaud OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER { enabled(1), disabled(2) }
    ACCESS read-write
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "A control for the port's ability to automatically
        sense input speed.
        When rs232PortAutoBaud is 'enabled', a port may
        autobaud to values different from the set values for
        speed, parity, and character size. As a result a
        network management system may temporarily observe
        values different from what was previously set."
    ::= { rs232AsyncPortEntry 5 }
rs232AsyncPortParityErrs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "Total number of characters with a parity error,
        input from the port since system re-initialization
        and while the port state was 'up' or 'test'."
    ::= { rs232AsyncPortEntry 6 }
rs232AsyncPortFramingErrs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter
```

```
ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "Total number of characters with a framing error,
        input from the port since system re-initialization
        and while the port state was 'up' or 'test'."
    ::= { rs232AsyncPortEntry 7 }
rs232AsyncPortOverrunErrs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "Total number of characters with an overrun error,
        input from the port since system re-initialization
        and while the port state was 'up' or 'test'."
    ::= { rs232AsyncPortEntry 8 }
-- the RS-232-like Synchronous Port group
-- Implementation of this group is mandatory if the system
-- has any synchronous ports. Otherwise it is not
-- present.
rs232SyncPortTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Rs232SyncPortEntry
   ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
        "A list of synchronous port entries. The maximum
        entry number is given by the value of rs232Number.
        Entries need not exist for asynchronous ports."
    ::= { rs232 4 }
rs232SyncPortEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Rs232SyncPortEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "Status and parameter values for a synchronous
    INDEX { rs232SyncPortIndex }
    ::= { rs232SyncPortTable 1 }
Rs232SyncPortEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
        rs232SyncPortIndex
```

```
INTEGER,
        rs232SyncPortClockSource
           INTEGER,
        rs232SyncPortFrameCheckErrs
            Counter,
        rs232SyncPortTransmitUnderrunErrs
            Counter,
        rs232SyncPortReceiveOverrunErrs
            Counter,
        rs232SyncPortInterruptedFrames
            Counter,
        rs232SyncPortAbortedFrames
            Counter
    }
rs232SyncPortIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "A unique value for each port. Its value is the
        same as rs232PortIndex for the port."
    ::= { rs232SyncPortEntry 1 }
rs232SyncPortClockSource OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER { internal(1), external(2), split(3) }
    ACCESS read-write
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "Source of the port's bit rate clock. 'split' means
        the tranmit clock is internal and the receive clock
        is external."
    ::= { rs232SyncPortEntry 2 }
rs232SyncPortFrameCheckErrs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "Total number of frames with an invalid frame check
        sequence, input from the port since system
        re-initialization and while the port state was 'up'
        or 'test'."
    ::= { rs232SyncPortEntry 3 }
rs232SyncPortTransmitUnderrunErrs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter
    ACCESS read-only
```

```
STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "Total number of frames that failed to be
        transmitted on the port since system
        re-initialization and while the port state was 'up'
        or 'test' because data was not available to the
        transmitter in time."
    ::= { rs232SyncPortEntry 4 }
rs232SyncPortReceiveOverrunErrs OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "Total number of frames that failed to be received
        on the port since system re-initialization and while
        the port state was 'up' or 'test' because the
        receiver did not accept the data in time."
    ::= { rs232SyncPortEntry 5 }
rs232SyncPortInterruptedFrames OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "Total number of frames that failed to be received
        or transmitted on the port due to loss of modem
        signals since system re-initialization and while the
       port state was 'up' or 'test'."
    ::= { rs232SyncPortEntry 6 }
rs232SyncPortAbortedFrames OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "Number of frames aborted on the port due to
        receiving an abort sequence since system
        re-initialization and while the port state was 'up'
        or 'test'."
    ::= { rs232SyncPortEntry 7 }
-- the Input Signal table
rs232InSigTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Rs232InSigEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
```

```
STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
        "A list of port input control signal entries."
    ::= { rs232 5 }
rs232InSigEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Rs232InSigEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
        "Input control signal status for a hardware port."
    INDEX { rs232InSigPortIndex, rs232InSigName }
    ::= { rs232InSigTable 1 }
Rs232InSigEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
       rs232InSigPortIndex
           INTEGER,
        {\tt rs232InSigName}
           INTEGER,
        rs232InSigState
            INTEGER,
        rs232InSigChanges
           Counter
    }
rs232InSigPortIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "The value of rs232PortIndex for the port to which
       this entry belongs."
    ::= { rs232InSigEntry 1 }
rs232InSigName OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER { rts(1), cts(2), dsr(3), dtr(4), ri(5),
                    dcd(6), sq(7), srs(8), srts(9),
                     scts(10), sdcd(11) }
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "Identification of a hardware signal, as follows:
            rts Request to Send
            cts Clear to Send
            dsr Data Set Ready
            dtr Data Terminal Ready
```

```
ri
                  Ring Indicator
            dcd Received Line Signal Detector
            sq Signal Quality Detector
            srs Data Signaling Rate Selector
            srts Secondary Request to Send
           scts Secondary Clear to Send
sdcd Secondary Received Line Signal Detector
    REFERENCE
        "EIA Standard RS-232-C, August 1969."
    ::= { rs232InSigEntry 2 }
rs232InSigState OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER { none(1), on(2), off(3) }
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
       "The current signal state."
    ::= { rs232InSigEntry 3 }
rs232InSigChanges OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "The number of times the signal has changed from
        'on' to 'off' or from 'off' to 'on'."
    ::= { rs232InSigEntry 4 }
-- the Output Signal table
rs232OutSigTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Rs232OutSigEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "A list of port output control signal entries."
    ::= { rs232 6 }
rs232OutSigEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Rs232OutSigEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "Output control signal status for a hardware port."
    INDEX { rs232OutSigPortIndex, rs232OutSigName }
    ::= { rs232OutSigTable 1 }
```

```
Rs232OutSigEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE {
        rs232OutSigPortIndex
            INTEGER,
        rs232OutSigName
            INTEGER,
        rs232OutSigState
            INTEGER,
        rs232OutSigChanges
           Counter
    }
rs232OutSigPortIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "The value of rs232PortIndex for the port to which
        this entry belongs."
    ::= { rs232OutSigEntry 1 }
rs232OutSigName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER { rts(1), cts(2), dsr(3), dtr(4), ri(5),
                     dcd(6), sq(7), srs(8), srts(9),
                     scts(10), sdcd(11) }
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "Identification of a hardware signal, as follows:
                  Request to Send
            rts
                  Clear to Send
            cts
                Data Set Ready
            dsr
            dtr Data Terminal Ready
            ri
                  Ring Indicator
            dcd Received Line Signal Detector
            sq Signal Quality Detector
srs Data Signaling Rate Selector
            srts Secondary Request to Send
           scts Secondary Clear to Send
            sdcd Secondary Received Line Signal Detector
    REFERENCE
        "EIA Standard RS-232-C, August 1969."
    ::= { rs232OutSigEntry 2 }
```

```
rs232OutSigState OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER { none(1), on(2), off(3) }
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "The current signal state."
    ::= { rs232OutSigEntry 3 }
rs232OutSigChanges OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "The number of times the signal has changed from
        'on' to 'off' or from 'off' to 'on'."
    ::= { rs232OutSigEntry 4 }
END
```

6. Acknowledgements

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```
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7. References

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8. Security Considerations

Security issues are not discussed in this memo.

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