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Connectionless Network Protocol (ISO 8473) and

End System to Intermediate System (ISO 9542)

Management Information Base

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1. Status of this Memo

This memo defines an experimental portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in TCP/IP-based internets.

This memo does not specify a standard for the Internet community. However, after experimentation, if sufficient consensus is reached in the Internet community, then a subsequent revision of this document may be placed in the Internet-standard MIB.

Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

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2. Historical Perspective

As reported in RFC 1052, IAB Recommendations for the Development of Internet Network Management Standards [1], a two-prong strategy for network management of TCP/IP-based internets was undertaken. In the short-term, the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP), defined in RFC 1067, was to be used to manage nodes in the Internet community. In the long-term, the use of the OSI network management framework was to be examined. Two documents were produced to define the management information: RFC 1065, which defined the Structure of Management Information (SMI), and RFC 1066, which defined the Management Information Base (MIB). Both of these documents were designed so as to be compatible with both the SNMP and the OSI network management framework.

This strategy was quite successful in the short-term: Internet-based network management technology was fielded, by both the research and commercial communities, within a few months. As a result of this, portions of the Internet community became network manageable in a timely fashion.

As reported in RFC 1109, Report of the Second Ad Hoc Network Management Review Group [2], the requirements of the SNMP and the OSI network management frameworks were more different than anticipated. As such, the requirement for compatibility between the SMI/MIB and both frameworks was suspended. This action permitted the operational network management framework, based on the SNMP, to respond to new operational needs in the Internet community by producing MIB-II.

In May of 1990, the core documents were elevated to "Standard Protocols" with "Recommended" status. As such, the Internetstandard network management framework consists of: Structure and Identification of Management Information for TCP/IP-based internets, RFC 1155 [3], which describes how managed objects contained in the MIB are defined; Management Information Base for Network Management of TCP/IP-based internets, which describes the managed objects contained in the MIB, RFC 1156 [4]; and, the Simple Network Management Protocol, RFC 1157 [5], which defines the protocol used to manage these objects.

Consistent with the IAB directive to produce simple, workable systems in the short-term, the list of managed objects defined in the Internet-standard MIB was derived by taking only those elements which are considered essential. However, the SMI defined three extensibility mechanisms: one, the addition of new standard objects through the definitions of new versions of the MIB; two, the addition of widely-available but non-standard objects through the experimental subtree; and three, the addition of private objects through the

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enterprises subtree. Such additional objects can not only be used for vendor-specific elements, but also for experimentation as required to further the knowledge of which other objects are essential.

Since the publication of the Internet-standard MIB, experience has lead to a new document, termed MIB-II [6], being defined.

This memo defines extensions to the MIB using the second method. It contains definitions of managed objects used for experimentation. After experimentation, if sufficient consensus is reached in the Internet community, then a subsequent revision of this memo may be placed in the Internet-standard MIB.

3. Objects

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. Objects in the MIB are defined using the subset of Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1) [7] defined in the SMI. In particular, each object has a name, a syntax, and an encoding. The name is an object identifier, an administratively assigned name, which specifies an object type. The object type together with an object instance serves to uniquely identify a specific instantiation of the object. For human convenience, we often use a textual string, termed the OBJECT DESCRIPTOR, to also refer to the object type.

The syntax of an object type defines the abstract data structure corresponding to that object type. The ASN.1 language is used for this purpose. However, the SMI [3] purposely restricts the ASN.1 constructs which may be used. These restrictions are explicitly made for simplicity.

The encoding of an object type is simply how that object type is represented using the object type's syntax. Implicitly tied to the notion of an object type's syntax and encoding is how the object type is represented when being transmitted on the network.

This SMI specifies the use of the basic encoding rules of ASN.1 [8], subject to the additional requirements imposed by the SNMP.

3.1. Format of Definitions

The next section contains the specification of all object types contained in the MIB. Following the conventions of the companion memo, the object types are defined using the following fields:

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OBJECT:

A textual name, termed the OBJECT DESCRIPTOR, for the object type, along with its corresponding OBJECT IDENTIFIER.

Syntax:

The abstract syntax for the object type, presented using ASN.1. This must resolve to an instance of the ASN.1 type ObjectSyntax defined in the SMI.

Definition:

A textual description of the semantics of the object type. Implementations should ensure that their interpretation of the object type fulfills this definition since this MIB is intended for use in multivendor environments. As such it is vital that object types have consistent meaning across all machines.

Access:

A keyword, one of read-only, read-write, write-only, or not-accessible. Note that this designation specifies the minimum level of support required. As a local matter, implementations may support other access types (e.g., an implementation may elect to permitting writing a variable marked herein as read-only). Further, protocol-specific "views" (e.g., those implied by an SNMP community) may make further restrictions on access to a variable.

Status:

A keyword, one of mandatory, optional, obsolete, or deprecated. Use of deprecated implies mandatory status.

4. Object Definitions

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RFC 1162 CLNS MIB June 1990

```
clns OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { experimental 1 }

clnp OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { clns 1 }
error OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { clns 2 }
echo OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { clns 3 }
es-is OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { clns 4 }
```

These objects can be used when the ISO Connectionless-mode Network Protocol [9] and End System to Intermediate System [10] protocols are present. No assumptions are made as to what underlying protocol is being used to carry the SNMP.

This memo uses the string encoding of [11] to textually describe OSI addresses.

The ASN.1 type ClnpAddress is used to denote an OSI address. This consists of a string of octets. The first octet of the string contains a binary value in the range of 0..20, and indicates the the length in octets of the NSAP. Following the first octet, is the NSAP, expressed in concrete binary notation, starting with the most significant octet. A zero-length NSAP is used as a "special" address meaning "the default NSAP" (analogous to the IP address of 0.0.0.0). Such an NSAP is encoded as a single octet, containing the value 0.

All other NSAPs are encoded in at least 2 octets.

4.1. The CLNP Group

Implementation is experimental and is recommended for all systems that support a CLNP.

```
OBJECT:
-----
    clnpForwarding { clnp 1 }

Syntax:
    INTEGER {
        is(1), -- entity is an intermediate system
        es(2), -- entity is an end system and does not
        forward PDUs
    }

Definition:
```

The indication of whether this entity is active as an

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intermediate or end system. Only intermediate systems

will forward PDUs onward that are not addressed to them. Access: read-write. Status: mandatory. OBJECT: clnpDefaultLifeTime { clnp 2 } Syntax: INTEGER Definition: The default value inserted into the Lifetime field of the CLNP PDU header of PDUs sourced by this entity. Access: read-write. Status: mandatory. OBJECT: clnpInReceives { clnp 3 } Syntax: Counter Definition: The total number of input PDUs received from all connected network interfaces running CLNP, including errors. Access: read-only.

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Status:

mandatory.

```
OBJECT:
-----
    clnpInHdrErrors { clnp 4 }
Syntax:
     Counter
Definition:
     The number of input PDUs discarded due to errors in the
     CLNP header, including bad checksums, version mismatch,
     lifetime exceeded, errors discovered in processing
     options, etc.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpInAddrErrors { clnp 5 }
Syntax:
     Counter
Definition:
     The number of input PDUs discarded because the NSAP
     address in the CLNP header's destination field was not a
     valid NSAP to be received at this entity. This count
     includes addresses not understood. For end systems, this
     is a count of PDUs which arrived with a destination NSAP
     which was not local.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
     mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpForwPDUs { clnp 6 }
Syntax:
    Counter
```

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Definition:

```
The number of input PDUs for which this entity was not
     the final destination and which an attempt was made to
     forward them onward.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpInUnknownNLPs { clnp 7 }
Syntax:
     Counter
Definition:
     The number of locally-addressed PDUs successfully
     received but discarded because the network layer protocol
     was unknown or unsupported (e.g., not CLNP or ES-IS).
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpInUnknownULPs { clnp 8 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
     The number of locally-addressed PDUs successfully
     received but discarded because the upper layer protocol
     was unknown or unsupported (e.g., not TP4).
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
```

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```
OBJECT:
_____
    clnpInDiscards { clnp 9 }
Syntax:
     Counter
Definition:
     The number of input CLNP PDUs for which no problems were
     encountered to prevent their continued processing, but
     were discarded (e.g., for lack of buffer space). Note that
     this counter does not include any PDUs discarded while
     awaiting re-assembly.
Access:
     read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpInDelivers { clnp 10 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
     The total number of input PDUs successfully delivered to
     the CLNS transport user.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpOutRequests { clnp 11 }
Syntax:
     Counter
Definition:
     The total number of CLNP PDUs which local CLNS user
```

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protocols supplied to CLNP for transmission requests.

```
This counter does not include any PDUs counted in
     clnpForwPDUs.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
     mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpOutDiscards { clnp 12 }
Syntax:
     Counter
Definition:
     The number of output CLNP PDUs for which no other problem
     was encountered to prevent their transmission but were
     discarded (e.g., for lack of buffer space). Note this
     counter includes PDUs counted in clnpForwPDUs.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpOutNoRoutes { clnp 13 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
     The number of CLNP PDUs discarded because no route could
     be found to transmit them to their destination. This
     counter includes any PDUs counted in clnpForwPDUs.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
```

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mandatory.

```
OBJECT:
_____
    clnpReasmTimeout { clnp 14 }
Syntax:
     INTEGER
Definition:
     The maximum number of seconds which received segments are
     held while they are awaiting reassembly at this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
   clnpReasmReqds { clnp 15 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
     The number of CLNP segments received which needed to be
     reassembled at this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
   clnpReasmOKs { clnp 16 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
     The number of CLNP PDUs successfully re-assembled at this
     entity.
```

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```
Access:
  read-only.
Status:
     mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpReasmFails { clnp 17 }
Syntax:
     Counter
Definition:
     The number of failures detected by the CLNP reassembly
     algorithm (for any reason: timed out, buffer size, etc).
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
     mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpSegOKs { clnp 18 }
Syntax:
     Counter
Definition:
     The number of CLNP PDUs that have been successfully
     segmented at this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
     mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpSegFails { clnp 19 }
```

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Syntax:

```
Counter
Definition:
     The number of CLNP PDUs that have been discarded because
     they needed to be fragmented at this entity but could
     not.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpSegCreates { clnp 20 }
Syntax:
     Counter
Definition:
     The number of CLNP PDU segments that have been generated
     as a result of segmentation at this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpInOpts { clnp 25 }
Syntax:
     Counter
Definition:
     The number of CLNP PDU segments that have been input with
     options at this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
```

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Status:

```
mandatory.
          OBJECT:
               clnpOutOpts { clnp 26 }
          Syntax:
              Counter
          Definition:
               The number of CLNP PDU segments that have been generated
               with options by this entity.
          Access:
              read-only.
          Status:
              mandatory.
4.1.1. The CLNP Interfaces table
  The CLNP Interfaces table contains information on the entity's
  interfaces which are running the CLNP.
         OBJECT:
              clnpAddrTable { clnp 21 }
          Syntax:
               SEQUENCE OF ClnpAddrEntry
          Definition:
               The table of addressing information relevant to this
               entity's CLNP addresses.
          Access:
              not-accessible.
          Status:
               mandatory.
          OBJECT:
              clnpAddrEntry { clnpAddrTable 1 }
```

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```
Syntax:
     ClnpAddrEntry :: = SEQUENCE {
          clnpAdEntAddr
              ClnpAddress,
          clnpAdEntIfIndex
              INTEGER,
          clnpAdEntReasmMaxSize
              INTEGER (0..65535)
     }
Definition:
     The addressing information for one of this entity's CLNP
     addresses.
Access:
     not-accessible.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
     clnpAdEntAddr { clnpAddrEntry 1 }
Syntax:
     ClnpAddress
Definition:
     The CLNP address to which this entry's addressing
     information pertains.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
     clnpAdEntIfIndex { clnpAddrEntry 2 }
Syntax:
     INTEGER
Definition:
     The index value which uniquely identifies the interface
```

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to which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by a particular value of this index is the same interface as identified by the same value of ifIndex.

```
Access:
```

read-only.

Status:

mandatory.

OBJECT:

clnpAdEntReasmMaxSize { clnpAddrEntry 3 }

Syntax:

INTEGER (0..65535)

Definition:

The size of the largest CLNP PDU which this entity can re-assemble from incoming CLNP segmented PDUs received on this interface.

Access:

read-only.

Status:

mandatory.

4.1.2. The CLNP Routing table

The CLNP Routing table contains an entry for each route known to the entity.

OBJECT:

clnpRoutingTable { clnp 22 }

Syntax:

SEQUENCE OF ClnpRouteEntry

Definition:

This entity's CLNP routing table.

Access:

not-accessible.

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```
Status:
   mandatory.
OBJECT:
     clnpRouteEntry { clnpRoutingTable 1 }
Syntax:
     ClnpRouteEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
          clnpRouteDest
              ClnpAddress,
          {\tt clnpRouteIfIndex}
              INTEGER,
          clnpRouteMetric1
              INTEGER,
          clnpRouteMetric2
              INTEGER,
          clnpRouteMetric3
              INTEGER,
          clnpRouteMetric4
              INTEGER,
          clnpRouteNextHop
              ClnpAddress,
          clnpRouteType
              INTEGER,
          clnpRouteProto
              INTEGER,
          clnpRouteAge
              INTEGER
     }
Definition:
     A route to a particular destination.
Access:
    not-accessible.
Status:
     mandatory.
OBJECT:
     clnpRouteDest { clnpRouteEntry 1 }
Syntax:
     ClnpAddress
```

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```
Definition:
    The destination CLNP address of this route.
Access:
    read-write.
Status:
     mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpRouteIfIndex { clnpRouteEntry 2 }
Syntax:
     INTEGER
Definition:
     The index value which uniquely identifies the local
     interface through which the next hop of this route should
     be reached. The interface identified by a particular
     value of this index is the same as identified by the same
     value of ifIndex.
Access:
    read-write.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpRouteMetric1 { clnpRouteEntry 3 }
Syntax:
    INTEGER
Definition:
     The primary routing metric for this route. The semantics
     of this metric are determined by the routing-protocol
     specified in the route's clnpRouteProto value. If this
     metric is not used, its value should be set to -1.
Access:
```

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read-write.

```
Status:
   mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpRouteMetric2 { clnpRouteEntry 4 }
Syntax:
     INTEGER
Definition:
     An alternate routing metric for this route. The
     semantics of this metric are determined by the routing-
     protocol specified in the route's clnpRouteProto value.
     If this metric is not used, its value should be set to
Access:
    read-write.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpRouteMetric3 { clnpRouteEntry 5 }
Syntax:
     INTEGER
Definition:
     An alternate routing metric for this route. The
     semantics of this metric are determined by the routing-
     protocol specified in the route's clnpRouteProto value.
     If this metric is not used, its value should be set to
     -1.
Access:
    read-write.
Status:
```

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mandatory.

```
OBJECT:
_____
    clnpRouteMetric4 { clnpRouteEntry 6 }
Syntax:
    INTEGER
Definition:
     An alternate routing metric for this route. The
     semantics of this metric are determined by the routing-
    protocol specified in the route's clnpRouteProto value.
    If this metric is not used, its value should be set to
     -1.
Access:
    read-write.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpRouteNextHop { clnpRouteEntry 7 }
Syntax:
    ClnpAddress
Definition:
     The CLNP address of the next hop of this route.
Access:
    read-write.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpRouteType { clnpRouteEntry 8 }
Syntax:
     INTEGER {
          other(1),
                       -- none of the following
          invalid(2),
                       -- an invalidated route
```

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```
-- route to directly
-- connected (sub-)network

-- route to a non-local
-- host/network/sub-network

}

Definition:
The type of route.
```

Setting this object to the value invalid(2) has the effect of invaliding the corresponding entry in the clnpRoutingTable. That is, it effectively dissasociates the destination identified with said entry from the route identified with said entry. It is an implementation-specific matter as to whether the agent removes an invalidated entry from the table. Accordingly, management stations must be prepared to receive tabular information from agents that corresponds to entries not currently in use. Proper interpretation of such entries requires examination of the relevant clnpRouteType object.

```
Access:
    read-write.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpRouteProto { clnpRouteEntry 9 }
Syntax:
     INTEGER {
                       -- none of the following
          other(1),
                        -- non-protocol information
                        -- e.g., manually
          local(2),
                       -- configured entries
                        -- set via a network
                        -- management protocol
          netmgmt(3),
                        -- similar to ipRouteProto
                        -- but omits several IP-specific
                        -- protocols
          is-is(9),
```

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```
ciscoIgrp(11),
          bbnSpfIgp(12),
          ospf(13),
          bgp(14)
     }
Definition:
     The routing mechanism via which this route was learned.
     Inclusion of values for gateway routing protocols is not
     intended to imply that hosts should support those
     protocols.
Access:
    read-write.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpRouteAge { clnpRouteEntry 10 }
Syntax:
     INTEGER
Definition:
     The number of seconds since this route was last updated
     or otherwise determined to be correct. Note that no
     semantics of "too old" can be implied except through
     knowledge of the routing protocol by which the route was
     learned.
Access:
     read-write.
Status:
     mandatory.
```

4.1.3. The CLNP Address Translation Tables

The Address Translation tables contain the CLNP address to physical address equivalences. Some interfaces do not use translation tables for determining address equivalences; if all interfaces are of this type, then the Address Translation table is empty, i.e., has zero entries.

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```
OBJECT:
-----
    clnpNetToMediaTable { clnp 23 }
Syntax:
     SEQUENCE OF ClnpNetToMediaEntry
Definition:
     The CLNP Address Translation table used for mapping from
     CLNP addresses to physical addresses.
Access:
     not-accessible
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpNetToMediaEntry { clnpNetToMediaTable 1 }
Syntax:
     ClnpNetToMediaEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
          clnpNetToMediaIfIndex
              INTEGER,
          clnpNetToMediaPhysAddress
              OCTET STRING,
          clnpNetToMediaNetAddress
              ClnpAddress,
          clnpNetToMediaType
              INTEGER,
          clnpNetToMediaAge
              INTEGER,
          clnpNetToMediaHoldTime
             INTEGER
     }
Definition:
     Each entry contains one CLNP address to "physical"
     address equivalence.
Access:
    not-accessible.
Status:
     mandatory.
```

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```
OBJECT:
-----
     clnpNetToMediaIfIndex { clnpNetToMediaEntry 1 }
Syntax:
     INTEGER
Definition:
     The interface on which this entry's equivalence is
     effective. The interface identified by a particular
     value of this index is the same interface as identified
     by the same value of ifIndex.
Access:
    read-write.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
     clnpNetToMediaPhysAddress { clnpNetToMediaEntry 2 }
Syntax:
     OCTET STRING
Definition:
     The media-dependent "physical" address.
Access:
     read-write.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
     clnpNetToMediaNetAddress { clnpNetToMediaEntry 3 }
Syntax:
     ClnpAddress
Definition:
     The CLNP address corresponding to the media-dependent
     "physical" address.
```

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```
Access:
   read-write.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpNetToMediaType { clnpNetToMediaEntry 4 }
Syntax:
    INTEGER {
                         -- none of the following
          other(1),
          invalid(2),
                        -- an invalidated mapping
          dynamic(3),
          static(4)
     }
Definition:
     The type of mapping.
Setting this object to the value invalid(2) has the effect of
invalidating the corresponding entry in the
clnpNetToMediaTable. That is, it effectively dissassociates
the interface identified with said entry from the mapping
identified with said entry. It is an implementation-specific
matter as to whether the agent removes an invalidated entry
from the table. Accordingly, management stations must be
prepared to receive tabular information from agents that
corresponds to entries not currently in use. Proper
interpretation of such entries requires examination of the
relevant clnpNetToMediaType object.
Access:
    read-write.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
     clnpNetToMediaAge { clnpNetToMediaEntry 5 }
```

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Syntax:

INTEGER

Definition:

```
The number of seconds since this entry was last updated
     or otherwise determined to be correct. Note that no
     semantics of "too old" can be implied except through
     knowledge of the type of entry.
Access:
     read-write.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
_____
    clnpNetToMediaHoldTime { clnpNetToMediaEntry 6 }
Syntax:
    INTEGER
Definition:
     The time in seconds this entry will be valid. Static
     entries should always report this field as -1.
Access:
    read-write.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpMediaToNetTable { clnp 24 }
Syntax:
     SEQUENCE OF ClnpMediaToNetEntry
Definition:
     The CLNP Address Translation table used for mapping from
     physical addresses to CLNP addresses.
Access:
    not-accessible.
Status:
    mandatory.
```

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```
OBJECT:
-----
    clnpMediaToNetEntry { clnpMediaToNetTable 1 }
Syntax:
     ClnpMediaToNetEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
          clnpMediaToNetIfIndex
              INTEGER,
          clnpMediaToNetNetAddress
              ClnpAddress,
          {\tt clnpMediaToNetPhysAddress}
              OCTET STRING,
          clnpMediaToNetType
              INTEGER,
          clnpMediaToNetAge
              INTEGER,
          clnpMediaToNetHoldTime
             INTEGER
     }
Definition:
     Each entry contains on ClnpAddress to "physical" address
     equivalence.
Access:
    not-accessible.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpMediaToNetIfIndex { clnpMediaToNetEntry 1 }
Syntax:
    INTEGER
Definition:
     The interface on which this entry's equivalence is
     effective. The interface identified by a particular
     value of this index is the same interface as identified
     by the same value of ifIndex.
Access:
    read-write.
```

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```
Status:
   mandatory.
OBJECT:
     clnpMediaToNetAddress { clnpMediaToNetEntry 2 }
Syntax:
     ClnpAddress
Definition:
     The ClnpAddress corresponding to the media-dependent
     "physical" address.
Access:
     read-write.
Status:
     mandatory.
OBJECT:
     clnpMediaToNetPhysAddress { clnpMediaToNetEntry 3 }
Syntax:
     OCTET STRING
Definition:
     The media-dependent "physical" address.
Access:
     read-write.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
     clnpMediaToNetType { clnpMediaToNetEntry 4 }
Syntax:
     INTEGER {
          other(1), -- none of the following invalid(2), -- an invalidated mapping
          dynamic(3),
```

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```
static(4)
     }
Definition:
     The type of mapping.
Setting this object to the value invalid(2) has the effect of
invalidating the corresponding entry in the
clnpMediaToNetTable. That is, it effectively dissassociates
the interface identified with said entry from the mapping
identified with said entry. It is an implementation-specific
matter as to whether the agent removes an invalidated entry
from the table. Accordingly, management stations must be
prepared to receive tabular information from agents that
corresponds to entries not currently in use. Proper
interpretation of such entries requires examination of the
relevant clnpMediaToNetType object.
Access:
    read-write.
Status:
     mandatory.
OBJECT:
     clnpMediaToNetAge { clnpMediaToNetEntry 5 }
Syntax:
     INTEGER
Definition:
     The number of seconds since this entry was last updated
     or otherwise determined to be correct. Note that no
     semantics of "too old" can be implied except through
     knowledge of the type of entry.
Access:
     read-write.
Status:
     mandatory.
OBJECT:
```

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clnpMediaToNetHoldTime { clnpMediaToNetEntry 6 }

```
Syntax:
             INTEGER
         Definition:
              The time in seconds this entry will be valid. Static
               entries should always report this field as -1.
         Access:
              read-write.
         Status:
              mandatory.
4.2. The CLNP Error Group
  This group records the CLNP Error protocol and is recommended for all
  systems which support CLNP.
         OBJECT:
             clnpInErrors { error 1 }
         Syntax:
              Counter
         Definition:
               The number of CLNP Error PDUs received by this entity.
         Access:
              read-only.
          Status:
              mandatory.
         OBJECT:
             clnpOutErrors { error 2 }
          Syntax:
              Counter
```

Satz [Page 30]

The number of CLNP Error PDUs sent by this entity.

Definition:

read-only.

Access:

```
Status:
   mandatory.
OBJECT:
     clnpInErrUnspecs { error 3 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
     The number of unspecified CLNP Error PDUs received by
     this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
     clnpInErrProcs { error 4 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
     The number of protocol procedure CLNP Error PDUs received
     by this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
     mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpInErrCksums { error 5 }
Syntax:
    Counter
```

Satz [Page 31]

```
Definition:
     The number of checksum CLNP Error PDUs received by this
Access:
     read-only.
Status:
     mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpInErrCongests { error 6 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
     The number of congestion drop CLNP Error PDUs received by
     this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
     mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpInErrHdrs { error 7 }
Syntax:
     Counter
Definition:
     The number of header syntax CLNP Error PDUs received by
     this entity.
Access:
     read-only.
Status:
     mandatory.
```

Satz [Page 32]

```
OBJECT:
_____
   clnpInErrSegs { error 8 }
Syntax:
     Counter
Definition:
     The number of segmentation disallowed CLNP Error PDUs
     received by this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
   clnpInErrIncomps { error 9 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
     The number of incomplete PDU CLNP Error PDUs received by
     this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
   clnpInErrDups { error 10 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
     The number of duplicate option CLNP Error PDUs received
     by this entity.
```

Satz [Page 33]

```
Access:
  read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpInErrUnreachDsts { error 11 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
    The number of unreachable destination CLNP Error PDUs
     received by this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpInErrUnknownDsts { error 12 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
     The number of unknown destination CLNP Error PDUs
     received by this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
-----
    clnpInErrSRUnspecs { error 13 }
```

Satz [Page 34]

```
Syntax:
   Counter
Definition:
     The number of unspecified source route CLNP Error PDUs
     received by this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpInErrSRSyntaxes { error 14 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
     The number of source route syntax CLNP Error PDUs
     received by this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
   clnpInErrSRUnkAddrs { error 15 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
     The number of source route unknown address CLNP Error
     PDUs received by this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
```

Satz [Page 35]

```
OBJECT:
_____
    clnpInErrSRBadPaths { error 16 }
Syntax:
     Counter
Definition:
     The number of source route bad path CLNP Error PDUs
     received by this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
   clnpInErrHops { error 17 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
     The number of hop count exceeded CLNP Error PDUs received
     by this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
   clnpInErrHopReassms { error 18 }
Syntax:
     Counter
Definition:
     The number of hop count exceeded while reassembling CLNP
     Error PDUs received by this entity.
```

Satz [Page 36]

```
Access:
  read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpInErrUnsOptions { error 19 }
Syntax:
     Counter
Definition:
     The number of unsupported option CLNP Error PDUs received
     by this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
     mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpInErrUnsVersions { error 20 }
Syntax:
     Counter
Definition:
     The number of version mismatch CLNP Error PDUs received
     by this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
     mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpInErrUnsSecurities { error 21 }
```

Satz [Page 37]

```
Syntax:
   Counter
Definition:
     The number of unsupported security option CLNP Error PDUs
     received by this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpInErrUnsSRs { error 22 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
     The number of unsupported source route option CLNP Error
     PDUs received by this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
     mandatory.
OBJECT:
   clnpInErrUnsRRs { error 23 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
     The number of unsupported record route option CLNP Error
     PDUs received by this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
```

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```
OBJECT:
_____
   clnpInErrInterferences { error 24 }
Syntax:
     Counter
Definition:
     The number of reassembly interference CLNP Error PDUs
     received by this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
   clnpOutErrUnspecs { error 25 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
     The number of unspecified CLNP Error PDUs sent by this
     entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
   clnpOutErrProcs { error 26 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
     The number of protocol procedure CLNP Error PDUs sent by
     this entity.
```

Satz [Page 39]

```
Access:
  read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpOutErrCksums { error 27 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
    The number of checksum CLNP Error PDUs sent by this
     entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpOutErrCongests { error 28 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
     The number of congestion drop CLNP Error PDUs sent by
     this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpOutErrHdrs { error 29 }
```

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```
Syntax:
   Counter
Definition:
     The number of header syntax CLNP Error PDUs sent by this
     entity.
Access:
     read-only.
Status:
     mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpOutErrSegs { error 30 }
Syntax:
     Counter
Definition:
     The number of segmentation disallowed CLNP Error PDUs
     sent by this entity.
Access:
     read-only.
Status:
     mandatory.
OBJECT:
   clnpOutErrIncomps { error 31 }
Syntax:
     Counter
Definition:
     The number of incomplete PDU CLNP Error PDUs sent by this
     entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
```

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```
OBJECT:
_____
   clnpOutErrDups { error 32 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
     The number of duplicate option CLNP Error PDUs sent by
     this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
   clnpOutErrUnreachDsts { error 33 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
     The number of unreachable destination CLNP Error PDUs
     sent by this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
   clnpOutErrUnknownDsts { error 34 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
     The number of unknown destination CLNP Error PDUs sent by
     this entity.
```

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```
Access:
  read-only.
Status:
     mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpOutErrSRUnspecs { error 35 }
Syntax:
     Counter
Definition:
     The number of unspecified source route CLNP Error PDUs
     sent by this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
     mandatory.
OBJECT:
     clnpOutErrSRSyntaxes { error 36 }
Syntax:
     Counter
Definition:
     The number of source route syntax CLNP Error PDUs sent by
     this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
     mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpOutErrSRUnkAddrs { error 37 }
```

Satz [Page 43]

```
Syntax:
   Counter
Definition:
     The number of source route unknown address CLNP Error
     PDUs sent by this entity.
Access:
     read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpOutErrSRBadPaths { error 38 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
     The number of source route bad path CLNP Error PDUs sent
     by this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
     mandatory.
OBJECT:
   clnpOutErrHopss { error 39 }
Syntax:
     Counter
Definition:
     The number of hop count exceeded CLNP Error PDUs sent by
     this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
```

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```
OBJECT:
_____
    clnpOutErrHopReassms { error 40 }
Syntax:
     Counter
Definition:
     The number of hop count exceeded while reassembling CLNP
     Error PDUs sent by this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
   clnpOutErrUnsOptions { error 41 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
     The number of unsupported option CLNP Error PDUs sent by
     this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
   clnpOutErrUnsVersions { error 42 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
     The number of version mismatch CLNP Error PDUs sent by
     this entity.
```

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```
Access:
  read-only.
Status:
     mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpOutErrUnsSecurities { error 43 }
Syntax:
     Counter
Definition:
     The number of unsupported security option CLNP Error PDUs
     sent by this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
     mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpOutErrUnsSRs { error 44 }
Syntax:
     Counter
Definition:
     The number of unsupported source route option CLNP Error
     PDUs sent by this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
     mandatory.
OBJECT:
     clnpOutErrUnsRRs { error 45 }
```

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```
Syntax:
   Counter
Definition:
     The number of unsupported record route option CLNP Error
     PDUs sent by this entity.
Access:
     read-only.
Status:
     mandatory.
OBJECT:
    clnpOutErrInterferences { error 46 }
Syntax:
     Counter
Definition:
     The number of reassembly interference CLNP Error PDUs
     sent by this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
     mandatory.
```

4.3. The ESIS Group

The ESIS group contains information about the End System Intermediate System protocol used to maintain neighbor reachibility information. Both ESs and ISs are expected to implement this group if they running a CLNP.

```
OBJECT:
-----
    esisESHin { es-is 1 }

Syntax:
    Counter

Definition:
    The number of ESH PDUs received by this entity.
```

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```
Access:
 read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    esisESHout { es-is 2 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
    The number of ESH PDUs sent by this entity.
Access:
   read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    esisISHin { es-is 3 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
    The number of ISH PDUs received by this entity.
Access:
   read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    esisISHout { es-is 4 }
Syntax:
    Counter
```

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```
Definition:
    The number of ISH PDUs sent by this entity.
Access:
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    esisRDUin { es-is 5 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
    The number of RDU PDUs received by this entity.
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
OBJECT:
    esisRDUout { es-is 6 }
Syntax:
    Counter
Definition:
    The number of RDU PDUs sent by this entity.
    read-only.
Status:
    mandatory.
```

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5. Definitions

```
CLNS-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
        experimental, OBJECT-TYPE, Counter
               FROM RFC1155-SMI;
-- new type of NetworkAddress
ClnpAddress ::=
    [APPLICATION 5]
       IMPLICIT OCTET STRING (SIZE (1..21))
      OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { experimental 1 }
clns
clnp OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { clns 1 }
error OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { clns 2 }
echo OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { clns 3 }
es-is OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { clns 4 }
-- the General CLNP group
clnpForwarding OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX INTEGER {
                   is(1), -- entity is an
                           -- intermediate system
                   es(2) -- entity is an end system
                           -- and does not forward pdus
               }
       ACCESS read-write STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnp 1 }
clnpDefaultLifeTime OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX INTEGER
       ACCESS read-write
       STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnp 2 }
clnpInReceives OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Counter
       ACCESS read-only
       STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnp 3 }
```

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```
clnpInHdrErrors OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Counter
       ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnp 4 }
clnpInAddrErrors OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnp 5 }
clnpForwPDUs OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnp 6 }
clnpInUnknownNLPs OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnp 7 }
clnpInUnknownULPs OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Counter
       ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnp 8 }
clnpInDiscards OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
       ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnp 9 }
clnpInDelivers OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
       ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnp 10 }
clnpOutRequests OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
```

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::= { clnp 11 }

```
clnpOutDiscards OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnp 12 }
clnpOutNoRoutes OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnp 13 }
clnpReasmTimeout OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnp 14 }
clnpReasmReqds OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnp 15 }
clnpReasmOKs
                OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnp 16 }
clnpReasmFails OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnp 17 }
clnpSegOKs
               OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnp 18 }
clnpSegFails
                OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnp 19 }
```

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```
clnpSegCreates OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Counter
       ACCESS read-only
       STATUS mandatory
       ::= { clnp 20 }
clnpInOpts OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter
       ACCESS read-only
       STATUS mandatory
       ::= { clnp 25 }
clnpOutOpts
              OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Counter
       ACCESS read-only
       STATUS mandatory
       ::= { clnp 26 }
-- the CLNP Interface table
clnpAddrTable OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF ClnpAddrEntry
       ACCESS not-accessible
       STATUS mandatory
       ::= { clnp 21 }
clnpAddrEntry OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX ClnpAddrEntry
       ACCESS not-accessible
       STATUS mandatory
       INDEX { clnpAdEntAddr }
       ::= { clnpAddrTable 1 }
ClnpAddrEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
   clnpAdEntAddr
       ClnpAddress,
   clnpAdEntIfIndex
       INTEGER,
   clnpAdEntReasmMaxSize
       INTEGER (0..65535)
}
clnpAdEntAddr OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX ClnpAddress
       ACCESS read-only
       STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnpAddrEntry 1 }
```

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```
clnpAdEntIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnpAddrEntry 2 }
clnpAdEntReasmMaxSize OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER (0..65535)
ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnpAddrEntry 3 }
-- the CLNP Routing table
clnpRoutingTable OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF ClnpRouteEntry
        ACCESS not-accessible
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnp 22 }
clnpRouteEntry OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX ClnpRouteEntry
        ACCESS not-accessible
        STATUS mandatory
        INDEX { clnpRouteDest }
        ::= { clnpRoutingTable 1 }
ClnpRouteEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    clnpRouteDest
       ClnpAddress,
    clnpRouteIfIndex
        INTEGER,
    clnpRouteMetric1
        INTEGER,
    clnpRouteMetric2
        INTEGER,
    clnpRouteMetric3
        INTEGER,
    clnpRouteMetric4
        INTEGER,
    clnpRouteNextHop
        ClnpAddress,
    clnpRouteType
        INTEGER,
    clnpRouteProto
       INTEGER,
    clnpRouteAge
        INTEGER
```

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```
}
clnpRouteDest OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX ClnpAddress
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnpRouteEntry 1 }
clnpRouteIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnpRouteEntry 2 }
clnpRouteMetric1 OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER
ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnpRouteEntry 3 }
clnpRouteMetric2 OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnpRouteEntry 4 }
clnpRouteMetric3 OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnpRouteEntry 5 }
clnpRouteMetric4 OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER
ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnpRouteEntry 6 }
clnpRouteNextHop OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX ClnpAddress
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnpRouteEntry 7 }
clnpRouteType OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER {
                    other(1),
                                   -- none of the
                                   -- following
```

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```
-- an invalidated
                    invalid(2),
                                    -- route
                                    -- route to directly
                                    -- connected
                    direct(3),
                                    -- (sub-)network
                                    -- route to a
                                    -- non-local
                    remote(4)
                                    -- host/network
                                    -- /sub-network
            }
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnpRouteEntry 8 }
clnpRouteProto OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER {
                    other(1),
                                   -- none of the
                                   -- following
                                   -- non-protocol
                                   -- information
                                   -- e.g., manually
-- configured entries
                    local(2),
                                   -- set via a network
                    netmgmt(3),
                                   -- management
                                   -- protocol
                                   -- similar to
                                   -- ipRouteProto
                                   -- but omits several
                                   -- IP-specific
                                   -- protocols
                    is-is(9),
                    ciscoIgrp(11),
                    bbnSpfIgp(12),
                    ospf(13),
                    bgp(14)
            }
        ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnpRouteEntry 9 }
clnpRouteAge OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER
        ACCESS read-write
```

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```
STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnpRouteEntry 10 }
-- the CLNP Address Translation tables
clnpNetToMediaTable OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF ClnpNetToMediaEntry ACCESS not-accessible
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnp 23 }
clnpNetToMediaEntry OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX ClnpNetToMediaEntry
        ACCESS not-accessible
        STATUS mandatory
        INDEX { clnpNetToMediaIfIndex,
                  clnpNetToMediaNetAddress }
        ::= { clnpNetToMediaTable 1 }
ClnpNetToMediaEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    clnpNetToMediaIfIndex
        INTEGER,
    clnpNetToMediaPhysAddress
        OCTET STRING,
    clnpNetToMediaNetAddress
        ClnpAddress,
    clnpNetToMediaType
        INTEGER,
    clnpNetToMediaAge
        INTEGER,
    clnpNetToMediaHoldTime
        INTEGER
}
clnpNetToMediaIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnpNetToMediaEntry 1 }
clnpNetToMediaPhysAddress OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX OCTET STRING
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnpNetToMediaEntry 2 }
clnpNetToMediaNetAddress OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX ClnpAddress
```

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```
ACCESS read-write
       STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnpNetToMediaEntry 3 }
clnpNetToMediaType OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER {
                                   -- none of the
                   other(1),
                                   -- following
                   invalid(2),
                                   -- an invalidated
                                   -- mapping
                   dynamic(3),
                   static(4)
           }
       ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnpNetToMediaEntry 4 }
clnpNetToMediaAge OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX INTEGER
       ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnpNetToMediaEntry 5 }
clnpNetToMediaHoldTime OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER
       ACCESS read-write
       STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnpNetToMediaEntry 6 }
clnpMediaToNetTable OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF ClnpMediaToNetEntry
       ACCESS not-accessible
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnp 24 }
clnpMediaToNetEntry OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX ClnpMediaToNetEntry
       ACCESS not-accessible
       STATUS mandatory
               { clnpMediaToNetIfIndex,
       INDEX
                 clnpMediaToNetPhysAddress }
        ::= { clnpMediaToNetTable 1 }
ClnpMediaToNetEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
   clnpMediaToNetIfIndex
       INTEGER,
    clnpMediaToNetNetAddress
       ClnpAddress,
```

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```
{\tt clnpMediaToNetPhysAddress}
       OCTET STRING,
    clnpMediaToNetType
       INTEGER,
    clnpMediaToNetAge
        INTEGER,
    clnpMediaToNetHoldTime
        INTEGER
}
clnpMediaToNetIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnpMediaToNetEntry 1 }
clnpMediaToNetNetAddress OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX ClnpAddress
       ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnpMediaToNetEntry 2 }
clnpMediaToNetPhysAddress OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX OCTET STRING
       ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnpMediaToNetEntry 3 }
clnpMediaToNetType OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX INTEGER {
                    other(1),
                                   -- none of the
                                    -- following
                    invalid(2),
                                    -- an invalidated
                                    -- mapping
                    dynamic(3),
                    static(4)
           }
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnpMediaToNetEntry 4 }
clnpMediaToNetAge OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnpMediaToNetEntry 5 }
clnpMediaToNetHoldTime OBJECT-TYPE
```

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```
SYNTAX INTEGER
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { clnpMediaToNetEntry 6 }
-- the CLNP Error Group
clnpInErrors
              OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 1 }
clnpOutErrors OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 2 }
clnpInErrUnspecs OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 3 }
clnpInErrProcs OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 4 }
clnpInErrCksums OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 5 }
clnpInErrCongests OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 6 }
clnpInErrHdrs OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 7 }
```

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```
clnpInErrSegs OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 8 }
clnpInErrIncomps OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 9 }
clnpInErrDups OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 10 }
clnpInErrUnreachDsts OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 11 }
clnpInErrUnknownDsts OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 12 }
clnpInErrSRUnspecs OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 13 }
clnpInErrSRSyntaxes OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 14 }
clnpInErrSRUnkAddrs OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 15 }
```

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```
clnpInErrSRBadPaths OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 16 }
clnpInErrHops OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 17 }
clnpInErrHopReassms OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 18 }
clnpInErrUnsOptions OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 19 }
clnpInErrUnsVersions OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 20 }
clnpInErrUnsSecurities OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 21 }
clnpInErrUnsSRs OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 22 }
clnpInErrUnsRRs OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 23 }
```

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```
clnpInErrInterferences OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 24 }
clnpOutErrUnspecs OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 25 }
clnpOutErrProcs OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 26 }
clnpOutErrCksums OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 27 }
clnpOutErrCongests OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 28 }
clnpOutErrHdrs OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 29 }
clnpOutErrSegs OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 30 }
clnpOutErrIncomps OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 31 }
```

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```
clnpOutErrDups OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 32 }
clnpOutErrUnreachDsts OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 33 }
clnpOutErrUnknownDsts OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 34 }
clnpOutErrSRUnspecs OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 35 }
clnpOutErrSRSyntaxes OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 36 }
clnpOutErrSRUnkAddrs OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 37 }
clnpOutErrSRBadPaths OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 38 }
clnpOutErrHops OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 39 }
```

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```
clnpOutErrHopReassms OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 40 }
clnpOutErrUnsOptions OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 41 }
clnpOutErrUnsVersions OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 42 }
clnpOutErrUnsSecurities OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 43 }
clnpOutErrUnsSRs OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 44 }
clnpOutErrUnsRRs
                       OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 45 }
clnpOutErrInterferences OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        ::= { error 46 }
-- the CLNP Echo Group
-- the ES-IS Group
esisESHins OBJECT-TYPE
```

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```
SYNTAX Counter
       ACCESS read-only
       STATUS mandatory
        ::= { es-is 1 }
esisESHouts
               OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Counter
       ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
       ::= { es-is 2 }
esisISHins
               OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Counter
       ACCESS read-only
       STATUS mandatory
        ::= { es-is 3 }
esisISHouts
              OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Counter
       ACCESS read-only
       STATUS mandatory
        ::= { es-is 4 }
esisRDUins OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Counter
       ACCESS read-only
       STATUS mandatory
       ::= { es-is 5 }
esisRDUouts
              OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Counter
       ACCESS read-only
       STATUS mandatory
        ::= { es-is 6 }
```

6. Identification of OBJECT instances for use with the SNMP

END

The names for all object types in the MIB are defined explicitly either in the Internet-standard MIB or in other documents which conform to the naming conventions of the SMI. The SMI requires that conformant management protocols define mechanisms for identifying individual instances of those object types for a particular network element.

Each instance of any object type defined in the MIB is identified in SNMP operations by a unique name called its "variable name." In

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general, the name of an SNMP variable is an OBJECT IDENTIFIER of the form x.y, where x is the name of a non-aggregate object type defined in the MIB and y is an OBJECT IDENTIFIER fragment that, in a way specific to the named object type, identifies the desired instance.

This naming strategy admits the fullest exploitation of the semantics of the powerful SNMP get-next operator, because it assigns names for related variables so as to be contiguous in the lexicographical ordering of all variable names known in the MIB.

The type-specific naming of object instances is defined below for a number of classes of object types. Instances of an object type to which none of the following naming conventions are applicable are named by OBJECT IDENTIFIERs of the form x.0, where x is the name of said object type in the MIB definition.

For example, suppose one wanted to identify an instance of the variable sysDescr in the Internet-standard MIB. The object class for sysDescr is:

iso org dod internet mgmt mib system sysDescr
1 3 6 1 2 1 1 1

Hence, the object type, x, would be 1.3.6.1.2.1.1.1 to which is appended an instance sub-identifier of 0. That is, 1.3.6.1.2.1.1.0 identifies the one and only instance of sysDescr.

6.1. clnpAddrTable Object Type Names

The name of an CLNP-addressable network element, x, is the OBJECT IDENTIFIER of the form z such that z is the value (in which each octet of the ClnpAddress type is expressed as a sub-identifier of the OBJECT IDENTIFIER) of that instance of the clnpAdEntAddr object type associated with x.

For each object type, t, for which the defined name, n, has a prefix of clnpAddrEntry, an instance, i, of t is named by an OBJECT IDENTIFIER of the form n.y, where y is the name of the CLNP-addressable network element about which i represents information.

For example, suppose one wanted to find the maximum reassembly size of an entry in the CLNP interface table associated with an CLNP address of NS+0504030201. Accordingly, clnpAdEntNetMask.5.5.4.3.2.1 would identify the desired instance.

6.2. clnpRoutingTable Object Type Names

The name of an CLNP route, x, is the OBJECT IDENTIFIER of the form z

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such that z is the value (in which each octet of the ClnpAddress type is expressed as a sub-identifier of the OBJECT IDENTIFIER) of that instance of the clnpRouteDest object type associated with x.

For each object type, t, for which the defined name, n, has a prefix of clnpRoutingEntry, an instance, i, of t is named by an OBJECT IDENTIFIER of the form n.y, where y is the name of the CLNP route about which i represents information.

For example, suppose one wanted to find the next hop of an entry in the CLNP routing table associated with the destination of NS+0504030201. Accordingly, clnpRouteNextHop.5.5.4.3.2.1 would identify the desired instance.

At the option of the agent, multiple routes to the same destination may be visible. To realize this, the agent, while required to return a single entry for an CLNP route, x, of the form n.y, may also return information about other routes to the same destination using the form n.y.v, where v is a implementation-dependent small, non-negative integer.

6.3. clnpNetToMediaTable Object Type Names

The name of a cached CLNP address, x, is an OBJECT IDENTIFIER of the form s.z, such that s is the value of that instance of the clnpNetToMediaIfIndex object type associated with the entry and z is the value of the CLNP address of the clnpNetToMediaNetAddress object type associated with x, in which each octet of the ClnpAddress type is expressed as a sub-identifier of the OBJECT IDENTIFIER.

For each object type, t, for which the defined name, n, has a prefix of clnpNetToMediaEntry, an instance, i, of t is named by an OBJECT IDENTIFIER of the form n.y, where y is the name of the cached CLNP address about which i represents information.

For example, suppose one wanted to find the media address of an entry in the address translation table associated with a CLNP address of NS+0504030201 and interface 3. Accordingly, clnpNetToMediaPhysAddress.3.5.5.4.3.2.1 would identify the desired instance.

6.4. clnpMediaToNetTable Object Type Names

The name of a cached media address, x, is an OBJECT IDENTIFIER of the form s.z, such that s is the value of that instance of the clnpMediaToNetIfIndex object type associated with the entry and z is the value of the media address of the clnpMediaToNetMediaAddress object type associated with x, in which each octet of the media

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address is expressed as a sub- identifier of the OBJECT IDENTIFIER.

For each object type, t, for which the defined name, n, has a prefix of clnpMediaToNetEntry, an instance, i, of t is named by an OBJECT IDENTIFIER of the form n.y, where y is the name of the cached media address about which i represents information.

For example, suppose one wanted to find the CLNP address of an entry in the address translation table associated with a media address of 08:00:20:00:38:ba and interface 3. Accordingly, clnpMediaToNetNetAddress.3.8.0.32.0.56.186 would identify the desired instance.

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8. Security Considerations

Security issues are not discussed in this memo.

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