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Indicating WebSocket Protocol as a Transport in the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Common Log Format (CLF)

Abstract

RFC 7118 specifies a WebSocket subprotocol as a reliable real-time transport mechanism between Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) entities to enable usage of SIP in web-oriented deployments. This document updates the SIP Common Log Format (CLF), defined in RFC 6873, with a new "Transport Flag" for such SIP WebSocket transport.

Status of This Memo

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1. Introduction

The WebSocket protocol [RFC6455] enables bidirectional message exchange between clients and servers on top of a persistent TCP connection (optionally secured with TLS [RFC5246]). The initial protocol handshake makes use of HTTP [RFC7230] semantics, allowing the WebSocket protocol to reuse existing transport connections.

RFC 7118 [RFC7118] defines a WebSocket subprotocol for transporting SIP messages between a WebSocket client and server.

SIP messages can be logged using the Common Log Format defined in RFC 6873 [RFC6873]. In order to make such SIP CLF logging possible for SIP messages transported over the WebSocket protocol, a new WebSocket "Transport Flag" ('W') must be added to the "Transport Flags" already defined in RFC 6873 [RFC6873] (i.e., UDP, TCP, and SCTP).

This document updates RFC 6873 [RFC6873] by defining a new SIP CLF "Transport Flag" value for WebSocket.

2. Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

3. Document Conventions

This document contains several examples of SIP CLF records showing messages over plain and secure WebSocket connections. The formatting described in this document does not permit the examples to be unambiguously rendered due to the constraints imposed by the formatting rules for RFCs. To avoid ambiguity and to meet the RFC layout requirements, this document uses the <allOneLine/> markup convention established in [RFC4475]. This markup convention is described in detail in Section 3 of RFC 6873 [RFC6873] and used throughout that document for representing the syntax of SIP CLF records.

4. Usage of the WebSocket Transport Flag

Section 4.2 of RFC6873 [RFC6873] specifies the mandatory fields in a SIP CLF record. The fourth and fifth bytes of the five-byte "Flags Field" are the "Transport Flag" and the "Encryption Flag", respectively. SIP messages transported over both a plain and secure WebSocket connection can be clearly distinguished by appropriately setting these two flag fields.

The currently registered values of the "Transport Flag" (Section 9.2 of RFC 6873) are UDP ('U'), TCP ('T'), and SCTP ('S'). This document defines and registers a new "Transport Flag" value 'W' for WebSocket transport of SIP messages and consequently updates RFC 6873 [RFC6873] and the IANA "SIP CLF Transport Flag Values" registry.

SIP CLF records of messages transported over a plain WebSocket connection (WS) MUST set the "Transport Flag" to this new 'W' value and the "Encryption Flag" value to 'U' (Unencrypted). SIP CLF records of messages transported over a secure WebSocket (WSS) connection (i.e., WS over TLS) MUST set the "Transport Flag" to this new 'W' value and the "Encryption Flag" value to 'E' (Encrypted).

5. Examples

The following examples show sample SIP CLF records logged for SIP messages transported over both plain and secure WebSocket connections.

5.1. SIP over WebSocket (WS)

The following example represents a SIP INVITE request sent over a plain WebSocket connection. For the sake of brevity, the Session Description Protocol (SDP) [RFC4566] body is omitted.

INVITE sip:bob@example.com SIP/2.0

Via: SIP/2.0/WS df7jal23ls0d.invalid;branch=z9hG4bK56sdasks

From: sip:alice@example.com;tag=asdyka899

To: sip:bob@example.com

Call-ID: asidkj3ss
CSeq: 1 INVITE
Max-Forwards: 70

Date: Thu, 6 Feb 2014 15:02:03 GMT Supported: path, outbound, gruu

Route: <sip:proxy.example.com:80;transport=ws;lr>

Contact: <sip:alice@example.com;gr=urn:uuid:f81-7dec-14a06cf1;ob>

Content-Type: application/sdp

Content-Length: 418

Shown below is approximately how this message would appear as a single record in a SIP CLF logging file if encoded according to the syntax described in [RFC6873]. Due to RFC conventions, this log entry has been split into five lines, instead of the two lines that actually appear in a log file; and the tab characters have been padded out using spaces to simulate their appearance in a text terminal.

```
A0000E7,0053005C005E00720080009200A600A800BE00C800D200DE00E7
<allOneLine>
1328821153.010
           RORWU 1 INVITE
                          _
                             sip:bob@example.com
C67651-11
</allOneLine>
```

A bit-exact version of the actual log entry is provided here, Base64 encoded [RFC4648], using the uuencode utility.

```
begin-base64 644 clf_ws_record
```

QTAWMDBFNywwMDUzMDA1QzAwNUUwMDcyMDA4MDAwOTIwMEE2MDBBODAwQkUwMEM4MDBE MjAwREUwMEU3CjEzMjg4MjExNTMuMDEwCVJPUldVCTEgSU5WSVRFCS0Jc2lwOmJvYkBl eGFtcGxlLmNvbQkxOTIuMC4yLjEwOjgwCTE5Mi4wLjIuMjAwOjU2NDg1CXNpcDpib2JA ZXhhbXBsZS5jb20JLQlzaXA6YWxpY2VAZXhhbXBsZS5jb20JYXNkeWthODk5CWFzaWRr ajNzcwlTMTc4MTc2MS04OAlDNjc2NTEtMTEKCq== ====

The original SIP CLF format can be obtained by reversing the effects of uuencode by simply applying the uudecode transform. Additionally, to recover the unencoded file, the Base64 text above may be passed as input to the following perl script (the output should be redirected to a file).

```
<CODE BEGINS>
#!/usr/bin/perl
use strict;
my $bdata = "";
use MIME::Base64;
while(<>)
      if (/begin-base64 644 clf_ws_record/ .. /-- ==== --/)
          if (m/^s*[^s]+s*$/)
            $bdata = $bdata . $_;
       }
print decode base64($bdata);
<CODE ENDS>
```

5.2. SIP over Secure WebSocket (WSS)

The following example represents a SIP INVITE request sent over a secure WebSocket connection (i.e., WebSocket over TLS [RFC5246]). For the sake of brevity, the SDP body is omitted.

INVITE sip:bob@example.com SIP/2.0

Via: SIP/2.0/WSS df7jal23ls0d.invalid;branch=z9hG4bK56sdasks

From: sip:alice@example.com;tag=asdyka899

To: sip:bob@example.com Call-ID: asidkj3ss CSeq: 1 INVITE

CSeq: 1 INVITE
Max-Forwards: 70

Date: Thu, 6 Feb 2014 15:02:03 GMT Supported: path, outbound, gruu

Route: <sip:proxy.example.com:443;transport=ws;lr>

Contact: <sip:alice@example.com;gr=urn:uuid:f81-7dec-14a06cf1;ob>

Content-Type: application/sdp

Content-Length: 439

Shown below is approximately how this message would appear as a single record in a SIP CLF logging file if encoded according to the syntax described in [RFC6873]. Due to RFC conventions, this log entry has been split into five lines, instead of the two lines that actually appear in a log file; and the tab characters have been padded out using spaces to simulate their appearance in a text terminal.

A0000E8,0053005C005E00720081009300A700A900BF00C900D300DF00E8 <allOneLine>

1328821153.010 RORWE 1 INVITE - sip:bob@example.com
192.0.2.10:443 192.0.2.200:56485 sip:bob@example.com sip:alice@example.com:5060 asdyka899 asidkj3ss S1781761-88
C67651-11
</allOneLine>

A bit-exact version of the actual log entry is provided here, Base64 encoded.

begin-base64 644 clf_ws_record

QTAWMDBFOCwwMDUzMDA1QzAwNUUwMDcyMDA4MTAWOTMwMEE3MDBBOTAWQkYwMEM5MDBE MzAwREYwMEU4CjEzMjg4MjExNTMuMDEwCVJPU1dVCTEgSU5WSVRFCS0Jc21wOmJvYkB1 eGFtcGx1LmNvbQkxOTIuMC4yLjEwOjQ0MwkxOTIuMC4yLjIwMDo1NjQ4NQ1zaXA6Ym9i QGV4YW1wbGUuY29tCS0Jc21wOmFsaWN1QGV4YW1wbGUuY29tCWFzZH1rYTg50Q1hc21k a2ozc3MJUzE3ODE3NjEtODgJQzY3NjUxLTExCgo=

====

6. Security Considerations

This document merely adds a new "Transport Flag" value for the WebSocket protocol. This value may be set in a SIP CLF record, but its use does not intrinsically introduce any new security considerations. When logging protocol information, such as with SIP CLF, there are a myriad of security, privacy, and data protection issues to consider. These are exhaustively described in RFC 6872 [RFC6872] and RFC 6873 [RFC6873].

Any security considerations specific to the WebSocket protocol or its application as a transport for SIP are detailed in the relevant specifications (the WebSocket protocol [RFC6455] and SIP over WebSockets [RFC7118]) and are considered outside the scope of this document.

7. IANA Considerations

This document defines a new value ('W') for SIP CLF "Transport Flag". IANA has registered this value in the "SIP CLF Transport Flag Values" registry, as shown in Table 1 below.

Value	Transport Protocol		Refere	ence		-+
W	WebSocket		7118,	RFC	7355	

Table 1: IANA-Registered SIP CLF Transport Flag

8. Acknowledgements

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