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Cable Device Management Information Base for Data-Over-Cable Service Interface Specification (DOCSIS) Compliant Cable Modems and Cable Modem Termination Systems

Status of This Memo

This document specifies an Internet standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "Internet Official Protocol Standards" (STD 1) for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

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Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it defines a basic set of managed objects for Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)-based management of Data Over Cable Service Interface Specification (DOCSIS)-compliant Cable Modems and Cable Modem Termination Systems.

This memo obsoletes RFC 2669.

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1. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to section 7 of RFC 3410 [RFC3410].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, RFC 2578 [RFC2578], STD 58, RFC 2579 [RFC2579] and STD 58, RFC 2580 [RFC2580].

2. Glossary

The terms in this document are derived either from normal cable system usage, or from the documents associated with the Data-Over-Cable Service Interface Specification (DOCSIS) process.

2.1. CATV

Originally "Community Antenna Television", now used to refer to any cable or hybrid fiber and cable system used to deliver video signals to a community.

2.2. CM or Cable Modem

A CM acts as a "slave" station in a DOCSIS-compliant cable data system.

2.3. CMTS or Cable Modem Termination System

A generic term covering a cable bridge or cable router in a head-end. A CMTS acts as the master station in a DOCSIS-compliant cable data system. It is the only station that transmits downstream, and it controls the scheduling of upstream transmissions by its associated CMs.

2.4. DOCSIS or Data-Over-Cable Service Interface Specification

A term referring to the ITU-T Recommendation J.112 [ITU-T_J.112], Annex B, standard for cable modem systems. [RFI1.0] [RFI1.1] [RFI2.0]

2.5. Downstream

The direction from the head-end towards the subscriber.

2.6. Head-End

The origination point in most cable systems of the subscriber video signals. Generally, also the location of the CMTS equipment.

2.7. Media Access Control (MAC) Packet

A DOCSIS Packet Data Unit.

2.8. RF

Radio Frequency.

2.9. Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)

Protocol used for network access to Management Information Base (MIB) objects. The three most commonly used versions are Version 1 (SNMPv1), Version 2 (SNMPv2c), and Version 3 (SNMPv3).

2.10. Upstream

The direction from the subscriber towards the head-end.

3. Introduction

This MIB module provides a set of objects required for the management of DOCSIS-compliant Cable Modems (CM) and Cable Modem Termination Systems (CMTS). The specification is derived from the DOCSIS Radio Frequency Interface specification [RFI1.0]. Please note that the DOCSIS 1.0 standard only required that Cable Modems implement SNMPv1 and to process Internet Protocol Version 4 (IPv4) customer traffic. Design choices in the original version of this MIB module reflected those requirements. DOCSIS 1.1 [RFI1.1] and DOCSIS 2.0 [RFI2.0] require support for SNMPv3, as well as for SNMPv1 and SNMPv2c, and the changes in this MIB module over the previous proposed standard version reflect those additional requirements.

Future versions of DOCSIS, starting with DOCSIS 3.0 [MULPI3.0], are expected to require support for the Internet Protocol Version 6 (IPv6) as both a Customer Premise Equipment (CPE) protocol and one supported by the network elements of the DOCSIS CMTS/CM system.

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

3.1. Structure of the MIB

This MIB module is structured into seven components. A component contains one or more MIB groups related by deprecation or logical extension.

- o The docsDevBaseGroup extends the MIB-II 'system' group of RFC3418 [RFC3418] with objects needed for cable device system management. Related to this group is the docsDevBaseIgmpGroup (enabling Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) status and control) and the docsDevBaseMaxCpeGroup (managing the maximum number of CPEs permitted access through the cable modem).
- o The docsDevNmAccessGroup and the docsDevNmAccessExtGroup provide a minimum level of SNMP access security (see Section 2.7 of [OSSI1.0], Section 2 of [OSSI1.1], and Section 5 of [OSSI2.0]). With the completion of the SNMP coexistence document, RFC 3584 [RFC3584], these groups have been deprecated in this version of the MIB.
- o The docsDevSoftwareGroup, updated by the docsDevSoftwareGroupV2, provides information for network-downloadable software upgrades. See "Handling of Software Upgrades", below.
- o The docsDevServerGroup, updated by the docsDevServerGroupV2, provides information about the progress of the interaction between the CM or CMTS and various provisioning servers.
- o The docsDevEventGroup, updated by the docsDevEventGroupV2, provides control and logging for event reporting. With the addition of the SNMP Notification MIB, RFC 3413 [RFC3413], and Notification Log MIB, RFC 3014 [RFC3014], which cover event reporting, the objects in this MIB module have been modified to allow for the usage of these RFCs.
- o The docsDevFilterGroup configures filters at the link layer and IP layer for bridged data traffic. This group has been deprecated in this version of the MIB in favor of the docsDevFilterLLCGroup, and by groups from the Differentiated Services MIB [RFC3289] -- specifically, the groups representing the Data Path, Classifier, and Actions tables from that MIB.

o The docsDevCpeGroup, updated by the docsDevInetCpeGroup, provides control over which IP addresses may be used by CPEs (e.g., PCs) serviced by a given cable modem. This provides anti-spoofing control at the point of origin for a large cable modem system. This group is separate from docsDevFilter, primarily as this group is only implemented on the Cable Modem (CM) and MUST NOT be implemented on the Cable Modem Termination System (CMTS).

3.1.1. IMPORTED MIB Modules and REFERENCE Clauses

This MIB module IMPORTs definitions normatively from the following MIB modules, beyond [RFC2578], [RFC2579], and [RFC2580]: INET-ADDRESS-MIB [RFC4001], SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB [RFC3411], IF-MIB [RFC2863], RMON2-MIB [RFC4502], and DIFFSERV-MIB [RFC3289].

This MIB module also includes DESCRIPTION and REFERENCE clauses that normatively refer to [RFC868], [RFC3617], [RFI1.0], [RFI1.1], [RFI2.0], [OSSI1.1], and [OSSI2.0].

3.1.2. Persistence Model for Cable Modems

Most of the tables in this MIB module (e.g., docsDevNmAccessTable, docsDevFilterLLCTable) are specified not to let objects persist across reboots.

The expectation (and current operational practice) is that upon reboot, these tables are cleared and repopulated from the DOCSIS configuration file supplied by the cable operator. This approach enables a cable modem to adapt to the current cable operator's environment, which in turn enables cable modem portability across different cable operators.

A notable exception to the persistence model is docsDevEventTable, since it is useful to maintain a record of events across reboots for debugging purposes.

3.1.3. IPv4 Compliance

Please note that the compliance statements in this version of the MIB module require support only for IPv4 addresses. That is because the current versions of the DOCSIS protocols (1.0, 1.1, and 2.0) are not IPv6 capable. Although support for IPv6 will require changes to the DOCSIS protocols, it is expected that the only changes needed to the MIB module itself will be the addition of new compliance statements that mandate support for IPv6 addresses.

3.2. Management Requirements

3.2.1. Handling of Software Upgrades

The Cable Modem software upgrade process is documented in [RFI1.0]. From a network management station, the operator

- o sets docsDevSwServer to the address of the Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) server for software upgrades;
- o sets docsDevSwFilename to the file pathname of the software upgrade image; and
- o sets docsDevSwAdminStatus to upgrade-from-mgt.

Although DOCSIS only specifies the implementation of the TFTP protocol [RFC1350] for file transfers, other functional entities embedded within the cable device (particularly a PacketCable Multimedia Terminal Adapter [MTA-PROV]) specify the optional implementation of the Hyper Text Transfer Protocol (HTTP) [RFC1945] and [RFC2616] for file transfers. The value of the docsDevSwServerTransportProtocol object determines which protocol is used for SNMP-initiated software upgrade.

One reason for the SNMP-initiated upgrade is to allow loading of a temporary software image (e.g., special diagnostic software) that differs from the software normally used on that device without changing the provisioning database.

Note that software upgrades should not be accepted blindly by the cable device. The cable device may refuse an upgrade if

- o the download is incomplete;
- o the file contents are incomplete or damaged; or
- o the software is not intended for that hardware device (this may include the case of a feature set that has not been purchased for this device).

A cable device that implements the code verification mechanisms of [BPIPLUS] verifies the source and integrity of the downloaded image by validating one or more Code Verification Signatures that are bundled within the software upgrade.

3.2.2. Events and Notifications

This MIB module provides control facilities for reporting events through syslog [RFC3164], notifications (traps and informs), and non-volatile logging. Additional controls allow the agent to use the SNMP Notification MIB [RFC3413] and Notification Log MIB [RFC3014] for event notification.

The conventions for event reporting are outside the scope of this document. The definition and coding of common DOCSIS notifications can be found in [RFC4547].

3.2.3. Notification Throttling

The CM and CMTS MUST provide support for notification message throttling as described below. The network operator can employ notification rate throttling or notification limiting by manipulating the appropriate MIB variables.

3.2.3.1. Notification Rate Throttling

Network operators may employ either of two rate control methods. In the first method, the device ceases to send notifications when the rate exceeds the specified maximum message rate. It resumes sending notifications only if reactivated by a network management station request.

In the second method, the device resumes sending notifications when the rate falls below the specified maximum message rate.

The network operator configures the specified maximum message rate by setting the measurement interval (in seconds), and the maximum number of notifications to be transmitted within the measurement interval. The operator can query the operational throttling state (to determine whether notifications are enabled or blocked by throttling) of the device, as well as query and set the administrative throttling state (to manage the rate control method) of the device.

3.2.3.2. Limiting the Notification Rate

Network operators may wish to limit the number of notifications sent by a device over a specified time period. The device ceases to send notifications when the number of notifications exceeds the specified threshold. It resumes sending notifications only when the measurement interval has passed.

The network operator defines the maximum number of notifications he is willing to handle and sets the measurement interval to a large number (in hundredths of a second). For this case, the administrative throttling state is set to stop at a threshold that is the maximum number of notifications.

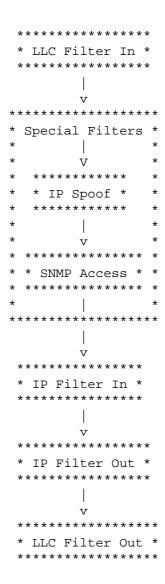
See "Techniques for Managing Asynchronously Generated Alerts" [RFC1224] for additional technical motivations.

3.3. Protocol Filters

The Cable Device MIB provides objects for both Link Layer Control (LLC) and IP protocol filters. The LLC protocol filter entries can be used to limit CM forwarding to a restricted set of network-layer protocols (such as IP, Internetwork Packet Exchange (IPX), Network Basic Input/Output System (NetBIOS), and Appletalk).

The IP protocol filter entries can be used to restrict upstream or downstream traffic according to source and destination IP addresses, transport-layer protocols (such as Transport Control Protocol (TCP), User Datagram Protocol (UDP), and Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)), and source and destination TCP/UDP port numbers.

In general, a cable modem applies filters (or, more properly, classifiers) in an order appropriate to the layering model. Specifically, the inbound MAC (or LLC) layer filters are applied first, then the "special" filters, then the IP layer inbound filters, then the IP layer outbound filters, and then any final LLC outbound filters.



3.3.1. Inbound LLC Filters: docsDevFilterLLCTable

The inbound LLC (or MAC or level-2) filters are contained in the docsDevFilterLLCTable and are applied to level-2 frames entering the cable modem from either the RF MAC interface or from one of the CPE interfaces (physical or logical). These filters are used to prohibit the processing and forwarding of certain types of level-2 traffic that may be disruptive to the network. The filters, as currently specified, can be set to cause the modem either to drop frames that match at least one filter, or to process a frame that matches at least one filter. Some examples of possible configurations would be to permit only IP (and ARP) traffic, or to drop NetBIOS traffic.

3.3.2. Special Filters

Special filters are applied after the packet is accepted from the MAC layer by the IP module, but before any other processing is done. They are filters that apply only to a very specific class of traffic.

3.3.2.1. IP Spoofing Filters: docsDevCpeTable, docsDevCpeInetTable

IP spoofing filters are applied to packets entering the modem from one of the CPE interfaces and are intended to prevent a subscriber from stealing or misusing IP addresses that were not assigned to the subscriber. If the filters are active (enabled), the source address of the IP packet must match at least one IP address in one of these two tables (docsDevCpeTable or docsDevCpeInetTable), or it is discarded without further processing.

To prevent potential implementation ambiguity, the device consults the docsDevCpeTable for the IP packet source address before consulting the docsDevCpeInetTable.

The table can be automatically populated where the first N different IP addresses seen from the CPE side of the cable modem are used to populate the table automatically. The spoofing filters are specified in the docsDevCpeTable and the docsDevCpeInetTable, and the policy for automatically creating filters in those tables is controlled by docsDevCpeEnroll and docsDevMaxCpe, as well as by the network management agent.

Similar IP spoofing filter controls are defined for CMTS implementation in the Subscriber Management MIB [RFC4036].

3.3.2.2. SNMP Access Filters: docsDevNmAccessTable

The SNMP access filters are applied to SNMP packets entering from any interface and destined for the cable modem. If the packets enter from a CPE interface, the SNMP filters are applied after the IP spoofing filters. The filters only apply to SNMPv1 or SNMPv2c traffic and are not consulted for SNMPv3 traffic (and need not be implemented by a v3-only agent). SNMPv3 access control is specified in the User Security Model MIB, in [RFC3414].

With the completion of the SNMP coexistence document, RFC 3584 [RFC3584], docsDevNmAccess table has been deprecated in this version of the MIB. See the body of the MIB for the description of how agents should handle the interaction between RFC 3584 MIBs and this MIB.

[Page 12]

3.3.3. IP Filtering: docsDevFilterIpTable

The IP Filtering table acts as a classifier table. Each row in the table describes a template against which IP packets are compared. The template includes source and destination addresses (and their associated masks), upper level protocol (e.g., TCP, UDP), source and destination port ranges, and Terms of Service (ToS) values. A row also contains interface and traffic direction match values that have to be considered in combination. All columns of a particular row must match the appropriate fields in the packet and must match the interface and direction items for the packet to result in a match to the packet.

When classifying a packet, each table is scanned, beginning with the lowest number filter. If the agent finds a match, it applies the group of policies specified. If the matched filter has the continue bit set, the agent continues the scan possibly matching additional filters and applying additional policies. For example, this allows the agent to take one set of actions for the 24.0.16/255.255.255.0 group and one set of actions for telnet packets to/from 24.0.16.30, and these sets of actions may not be mutually exclusive.

Once a packet is matched, one of three actions happen according to the setting of docsDevFilterIpControl in the row. The packet may be dropped, in which case no further processing is required. The packet may be accepted, and processing of the packet continues. Lastly, the packet may have a set of policy actions applied to it. If docsDevFilterIpContinue is set to true, scanning of the table continues and additional matches may result.

When a packet matches and docsDevFilterIpControl in the filter matched is set to 'policy', the value of docsDevFilterIpPolicyId is used as a selector into the docsDevFilterPolicyTable. The first level of indirection may result in zero or more actions being taken according to the match. The docsDevFilterPolicyTable is scanned in row order, and all rows where docsDevFilterPolicyId equals docsDevFilterIpPolicyId have the action specified by the docsDevFilterPolicyValue 'executed'.

For an example of the use of these IP Filtering MIB tables, see [RFC2669].

The IP Filtering table and related tables have been deprecated in this version of the MIB in favor of the Data Path, Classifier, and Action tables from the Differentiated Services MIB [RFC3289]. See the body of the MIB for the description of how agents should handle the interaction between RFC 3289 MIBs and this MIB module.

3.3.4. Outbound LLC Filters

Lastly, any outbound LLC filters are applied to the packet just prior to its being emitted on the appropriate interface. This MIB module does not specify any outbound LLC filters, but section 3 of the DOCSIS Quality of Service (QoS) MIB, [RFC4323], includes outbound LLC filtering requirements.

4. Definitions

```
DOCS-CABLE-DEVICE-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
```

IMPORTS

```
MODULE-IDENTITY,
OBJECT-TYPE,
IpAddress,
Unsigned32,
Counter32,
Integer32,
zeroDotZero,
mib-2
       FROM SNMPv2-SMI -- RFC 2578
RowStatus,
RowPointer,
DateAndTime,
TruthValue,
StorageType
       FROM SNMPv2-TC -- RFC 2579
InetAddressType,
InetAddress
       FROM INET-ADDRESS-MIB
                               -- RFC 4001
OBJECT-GROUP,
MODULE-COMPLIANCE
       FROM SNMPv2-CONF
                                 -- RFC 2580
SnmpAdminString
       FROM SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB -- RFC 3411
InterfaceIndexOrZero
       FROM IF-MIB
                                -- RFC 2863
ZeroBasedCounter32
       FROM RMON2-MIB
                                -- RFC 4502
diffServMIBDataPathGroup,
diffServMIBClfrGroup,
diffServMIBClfrElementGroup,
diffServMIBMultiFieldClfrGroup,
diffServMIBActionGroup,
diffServMIBDscpMarkActGroup,
diffServMIBCounterGroup,
{\tt diffServMIBAlgDropGroup},\\
```

```
diffServDataPathStatus,
       diffServClfrStatus,
       diffServClfrElementStatus,
       diffServMultiFieldClfrAddrType,
       diffServMultiFieldClfrSrcAddr,
       diffServMultiFieldClfrDstAddr,
       diffServAlgDropStatus,
       diffServDataPathStorage,
       diffServClfrStorage,
       diffServClfrElementStorage,
       diffServMultiFieldClfrStorage,
       diffServActionStorage,
       diffServCountActStorage,
       diffServAlgDropStorage,
       diffServAlgDropType
               FROM DIFFSERV-MIB; -- RFC 3289
docsDev MODULE-IDENTITY
       LAST-UPDATED "200612200000Z" -- December 20, 2006
       ORGANIZATION "IETF IP over Cable Data Network
                       Working Group"
       CONTACT-INFO
           " Rich Woundy
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            Archive: ftp://ftp.ietf.org/ietf-mail-archive/ipcdn
            Co-chairs: Richard Woundy,
                       richard_woundy@cable.comcast.com
                       Jean-Francois Mule,
                        jf.mule@cablelabs.com"
       DESCRIPTION
            "This is the MIB Module for DOCSIS-compliant cable modems
```

and cable-modem termination systems.

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REVISION "200612200000Z" -- December 20, 2006

"Second version, published as RFC 4639.

Modifications to this MIB module since RFC 2669 include:

- Deprecation of the docsDevFilter group in favor of the DiffServ MIB groups, to enable support for IPv6 filtering and DiffServ Code Point (DSCP) marking.
- Deprecation of the docsDevCpeGroup in favor of the docsDevCpeInetGroup, to enable support of IPv6.
- Addition of various InetAddress objects to enable support of IPv6.
- Deprecation of docsDevNmAccessTable in favor of SNMP Coexistence and SNMPv3 -- yet adding docsDevNmAccessTrapVersion and clarifying docsDevNmAccessIp for current use of this table,
- Addition of docsDevIgmpModeControl for management and control of the IGMP mode of operation,
- Addition of docsDevMaxCpe for management of the maxmium number of CPEs permitted access through a cable modem,
- Addition of docsDevSwServerTransportProtocol, and modifications to docsDevSoftware object DESCRIPTIONS, to enable software downloads via either TFTP or HTTP,
- Replacement of docsDevEvThrottleInhibited with docsDevEvThrottleThresholdExceeded to simplify event threshold management,
- Modification of docsDevEvReporting to enable local logging to the internal volatile log, and not to the internal non-volatile log,
- Modification of the compliance statement to make the docsDevCpe objects optional
- Created placeholders for two OIDs in the docsDevFilterPolicyTable that were never used
- Modified the DESCRIPTION of docsDevSwServerTransportProtocol and docsDevSwServerAddressType to address the dependence between each object
- Added a reference to docsDevServerConfigTftpAddress
- Clarified the scope of notifications that are covered by docsDevEvThrottleThreshold
- Clarified an error condition that could occur when

- doing a SET to docsDevEvReporting
- Defined each of the enumerated types for both docsDevEvLevel and docsDevEvPriority
- Added UNITS clause to docsDevFilterLLCMatches, docsDevFilterIpMatches, docsDevMaxCpe, docsDevEvThrottleThreshold and docsDevEvCounts.
- Added REFERENCE clause to docsDevFilterIpProtocol
- Modified DESCRIPTION of docsDevCpeInetAddr to be more protocol-neutral
- Removed the enumerated value (1) from both docsDevCpeInetSource and docsDevCpeSource
- Covered additional read-write and read-create objects in the Security Considerations section
- Modified the default value of docsDevNmAccessIpMask to be consistent with OSSI specification
- Modified the SYNTAX of docsDevNmAccessCommunity and docsDevNmAccessInterfaces in the Conformance Statement section
- Added SYNTAX clause to docsDevEvReporting in the Conformance Statement section
- Modified SYNTAX clause of docsDevEvReporting to move new enumerated type to byte boundary
- Added references to DOCSIS 2.0 specifications to multiple objects
- Clarified non-persistency across reboots for all tables
- Clarified functionality of docsDevSw objects as they relate to docsDevSwOperStatus
- Clarified enumerated types (9) and (10) for docsDevServerBootState
- Defined the state of unknown(0) for the following objects: docsDevServerDhcpAddressType, docsDevServerTimeAddressType, docsDevServerConfigTftpAddressType and docsDevServerConfigTftpAddressType
- Modified the value in docsDevFilterIpDaddr to be consistent with the SYNTAX
- Specified which rows could be modified in an active row for docsDevFilterPolicyStatus
- Defined the term 'manually' in docsDevCpeEnroll
- Clarified the description for docsDevFilterTosOrMask
- Covered the case of a non-existent row for docsDevFilterPolicyPtr
- Added DEFVAL clauses for multiple objects
- Replaced docsDevNotification OBJECT IDENTIFIER with docsDevNotifications to address possible compatibility issues

- Added support for the usage of RFC 3413 and RFC 3014

```
as event notification mechanisms
             - Removed docsDevFilterPolicyObsoleteGroup
             - Added stdInterface(9) type to docsDevEvReporting to
              support the usage of RFC3413 and RFC3014
             - Modified DESCRIPTION for docsDevMaxCpe"
        REVISION "199908190000Z"
        DESCRIPTION
            "Initial version, published as RFC 2669."
        ::= \{ mib-2 69 \}
docsDevMIBObjects OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { docsDev 1 }
docsDevBase OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { docsDevMIBObjects 1 }
-- For the following object, there is no concept in the
-- RFI specification corresponding to a backup CMTS. The
-- enumeration is provided here in case someone is able
-- to define such a role or device.
docsDevRole OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX INTEGER {
           cm(1),
            cmtsActive(2),
           cmtsBackup(3)
        }
        MAX-ACCESS read-only
        STATUS
                   current
        DESCRIPTION
            "Defines the current role of this device. cm(1) is a
             Cable Modem, cmtsActive(2) is a Cable Modem Termination
             System that is controlling the system of cable modems,
             and cmtsBackup(3) is a CMTS that is currently connected
             but is not controlling the system (not currently used).
             In general, if this device is a 'cm', its role will not
             change during operation or between reboots. If the
             device is a 'cmts' it may change between cmtsActive and
             cmtsBackup and back again during normal operation. NB:
             At this time, the DOCSIS standards do not support the
             concept of a backup CMTS, but cmtsBackup is included for
             completeness."
        ::= { docsDevBase 1 }
```

```
docsDevDateTime OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX DateAndTime
       MAX-ACCESS read-write
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
            "The current date and time, with time zone information
            (if known).
            If the real data and time cannot be determined, this
            shall represent elapsed time from boot relative to
            the standard epoch '1970-1-1,0:0:0.0'. In other
            words, if this agent has been up for 3 minutes and
            not been able to determine what the actual date and
            time are, this object will return the value
             '1970-1-1,0:03:0.0'."
        ::= { docsDevBase 2 }
docsDevResetNow OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX TruthValue
       MAX-ACCESS read-write
       STATUS
               current
       DESCRIPTION
            "Setting this object to true(1) causes the device to
            reset. Reading this object always returns false(2)."
        ::= { docsDevBase 3 }
docsDevSerialNumber OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX SnmpAdminString
       MAX-ACCESS read-only
       STATUS
                  current
       DESCRIPTION
           "The manufacturer's serial number for this device."
        ::= { docsDevBase 4 }
docsDevSTPControl OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX INTEGER {
           stEnabled(1),
           noStFilterBpdu(2),
           noStPassBpdu(3)
       MAX-ACCESS read-write
       STATUS
               current
       DESCRIPTION
            "This object controls operation of the spanning tree
            protocol (as distinguished from transparent bridging).
            If set to stEnabled(1), then the spanning tree protocol
            is enabled, subject to bridging constraints.
```

```
If noStFilterBpdu(2), then spanning tree is not active,
             and Bridge PDUs received are discarded.
             If noStPassBpdu(3), then spanning tree is not active,
             and Bridge PDUs are transparently forwarded.
             Note that a device need not implement all of these
             options, but that noStFilterBpdu(2) is required."
       DEFVAL { noStFilterBpdu }
        ::= { docsDevBase 5 }
docsDevIgmpModeControl OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX INTEGER {
           passive(1),
            active(2)
       MAX-ACCESS read-write
                  current
       STATUS
       DESCRIPTION
            "This object controls the IGMP mode of operation for
            the CM or CMTS. In passive mode, the device forwards
            IGMP between interfaces as based on knowledge of
            Multicast Session activity on the subscriber side
            interface and the rules defined in the DOCSIS RFI
             specification. In active mode, the device terminates
             at and initiates IGMP through its interfaces as based
            on the knowledge of Multicast Session activity on the
             subscriber side interface."
       REFERENCE
            "DOCSIS RFI 1.1 Specification, Section 3.3.1. and
            DOCSIS RFI 2.0 Specification, Section 5.3.1."
       DEFVAL { passive }
        ::= { docsDevBase 6 }
docsDevMaxCpe OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0..255)
       UNITS
                   "CPEs"
       MAX-ACCESS read-only
       STATUS
               current
       DESCRIPTION
            "The maximum number of CPEs that can be granted access
             through a CM during a CM epoch. This value can be
             obtained from the CM configuration file; however,
             it may be adjusted by the CM according to hardware or
             software limitations that have been imposed on the
             implementation."
       REFERENCE
            "DOCSIS RFI 1.0 Specification, Appendix C.7.20., and
```

```
DOCSIS RFI 1.1 Specification, Appendix C.1.1.7. and
            DOCSIS RFI 2.0 Specification, Appendix C.1.1.7."
        ::= { docsDevBase 7 }
-- The following table provides one level of security for access
-- to the device by network management stations.
-- Note that access is also constrained by the
-- community strings and any vendor-specific security.
docsDevNmAccessTable OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF DocsDevNmAccessEntry
       MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
       STATUS
                   deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "This table controls access to SNMP objects by network
            management stations. If the table is empty, access to
            SNMP objects is unrestricted. The objects in this table
            MUST NOT persist across reboots. The objects in this
            table are only accessible from cable devices that are
            not capable of operating in SNMP Coexistence mode
             (RFC 3584) or in SNMPv3 mode (RFC 3410).
            See the conformance section for
            details. Note that some devices are required by other
            specifications (e.g., the DOCSIS OSSIv1.1 specification)
            to support the legacy SNMPv1/v2c docsDevNmAccess mode
            for backward compatibility.
            This table is deprecated. Instead, use the SNMP
            coexistence MIBs from RFC 3584, the TARGET and
            NOTIFICATION MIBs from RFC 3413, and
            the View-Based Access Control Model (VACM) MIBs for
            all SNMP protocol versions from RFC 3415."
        ::= { docsDevMIBObjects 2 }
docsDevNmAccessEntry OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX DocsDevNmAccessEntry
       MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "An entry describing access to SNMP objects by a
            particular network management station. An entry in
            this table is not readable unless the management station
            has read-write permission (either implicit if the table
            is empty, or explicit through an entry in this table).
            Entries are ordered by docsDevNmAccessIndex. The first
```

```
matching entry (e.g., matching IP address and community
             string) is used to derive access."
        INDEX { docsDevNmAccessIndex }
        ::= { docsDevNmAccessTable 1 }
DocsDevNmAccessEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
            docsDevNmAccessIndex
                                         Integer32,
            docsDevNmAccessIp

docsDevNmAccessIpMask

docsDevNmAccessCommunity

OCTET STRING,

INTEGER,
            {\tt docsDevNmAccessInterfaces} \qquad {\tt OCTET\ STRING},
            docsDevNmAccessStatus RowStatus,
            docsDevNmAccessTrapVersion INTEGER
        }
docsDevNmAccessIndex OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
        MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
        STATUS deprecated
        DESCRIPTION
            "Index used to order the application of access
             entries."
        ::= { docsDevNmAccessEntry 1 }
docsDevNmAccessIp OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX IpAddress
        MAX-ACCESS read-create
        STATUS deprecated
        DESCRIPTION
            "The IP address (or subnet) of the network management
             station. The address 0.0.0.0 is defined to mean
             any Network Management Station (NMS). If traps are
             enabled for this entry, then the value must be the
             address of a specific device. Implementations MAY
             recognize 255.255.255.255 as equivalent to 0.0.0.0."
        DEFVAL { '00000000'h }
        ::= { docsDevNmAccessEntry 2 }
docsDevNmAccessIpMask OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX IpAddress
        MAX-ACCESS read-create
        STATUS deprecated
        DESCRIPTION
            "The IP subnet mask of the network management stations.
             If traps are enabled for this entry, then the value must
             be 0.0.0.0. Implementations MAY recognize
             255.255.255.255 as equivalent to 0.0.0.0."
```

```
DEFVAL { '00000000'h }
       ::= { docsDevNmAccessEntry 3 }
docsDevNmAccessCommunity OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX OCTET STRING
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "The community string to be matched for access by this
            entry. If set to a zero-length string, then any
            community string will match. When read, this object
            SHOULD return a zero-length string."
       DEFVAL { "public" }
       ::= { docsDevNmAccessEntry 4 }
docsDevNmAccessControl OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX INTEGER {
           none(1),
           read(2),
           readWrite(3),
           roWithTraps(4),
           rwWithTraps(5),
           trapsOnly(6)
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "Specifies the type of access allowed to this NMS.
            Setting this object to none(1) causes the table entry
            to be destroyed. Read(2) allows access by 'get' and
            'get-next' PDUs. ReadWrite(3) allows access by 'set' as
            well. RoWithtraps(4), rwWithTraps(5), and trapsOnly(6)
            control distribution of Trap PDUs transmitted by this
            device."
       DEFVAL { read }
       ::= { docsDevNmAccessEntry 5 }
-- The syntax of the following object was copied from RFC 1493,
-- dot1dStaticAllowedToGoTo.
docsDevNmAccessInterfaces OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE (1..32))
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "Specifies the set of interfaces from which requests from
            this NMS will be accepted. Each octet within
            the value of this object specifies a set of eight
```

interfaces, the first octet specifying ports 1 through 8, the second octet specifying interfaces 9 through 16, etc. Within each octet, the most significant bit represents the lowest numbered interface, and the least significant bit represents the highest numbered interface. Thus, each interface is represented by a single bit within the value of this object. If that bit has a value of '1' then that interface is included in the set.

Note that entries in this table apply only to link-layer interfaces (e.g., Ethernet and CATV MAC). Bits representing upstream and downstream channel interfaces MUST NOT be set to '1'.

Note that if bits corresponding to non-existing interfaces are set, the result is implementation specific.

Note that according to the DOCSIS OSSIv1.1 specification, when ifIndex '1' is included in the set, then this row applies to all CPE (customer-facing) interfaces.

The size of this object is the minimum required to represent all configured interfaces for this device."

::= { docsDevNmAccessEntry 6 }

docsDevNmAccessStatus OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX RowStatus
MAX-ACCESS read-create
STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"Controls and reflects the status of rows in this table. Rows in this table may be created by either the create-and-go or create-and-wait paradigm. There is no restriction on changing values in a row of this table while the row is active.

The following objects MUST have valid values before this object can be set to active: docsDevNmAccessIp, docsDevNmAccessStatus, docsDevNmAccessIpMask, docsDevNmAccessCommunity, docsDevNmAccessControl, and docsDevNmAccessInterfaces."

::= { docsDevNmAccessEntry 7 }

docsDevNmAccessTrapVersion OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER {

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```
disableSNMPv2trap(1),
           enableSNMPv2trap(2)
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "Specifies the TRAP version that is sent to this NMS.
            Setting this object to disableSNMPv2trap (1) causes the
            trap in SNMPv1 format to be sent to a particular NMS.
            Setting this object to enableSNMPv2trap (2) causes the
            trap in SNMPv2 format be sent to a particular NMS."
       DEFVAL { disableSNMPv2trap }
        ::= { docsDevNmAccessEntry 8 }
-- The following group describes control objects used for downloading
-- firmware to a cable device. Procedures for software download are
-- described in Section 3.2.1 of the RFC containing this MIB module.
docsDevSoftware OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { docsDevMIBObjects 3 }
docsDevSwServer OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX IpAddress
       MAX-ACCESS read-write
               deprecated
       STATUS
       DESCRIPTION
            "The address of the TFTP server used for software
            upgrades. If the TFTP server is unknown or is a
            non-IPv4 address, return 0.0.0.0.
            This object is deprecated. See docsDevSwServerAddress
            for its replacement. This object will have its value
            modified, given a valid SET to docsDevSwServerAddress."
        ::= { docsDevSoftware 1 }
docsDevSwFilename OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX
                SnmpAdminString (SIZE (0..64))
       MAX-ACCESS read-write
       STATUS
                   current
       DESCRIPTION
            "The filename of the software image to be downloaded via
            TFTP, or the abs_path (as defined in RFC 2616) of the
            software image to be downloaded via HTTP.
            Unless set via SNMP, this is the filename or abs_path
            specified by the provisioning server during the boot
            process that corresponds to the software version that
```

```
is desired for this device.
             If unknown, the value of this object is the zero-length
             string."
        ::= { docsDevSoftware 2 }
docsDevSwAdminStatus OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER {
            upgradeFromMgt(1),
            allowProvisioningUpgrade(2),
            ignoreProvisioningUpgrade(3)
        }
        MAX-ACCESS read-write
        STATUS
                   current
        DESCRIPTION
            "If set to upgradeFromMqt(1), the device will initiate a
             TFTP or HTTP software image download. After
             successfully receiving an image, the device will set
             its state to ignoreProvisioningUpgrade(3) and reboot.
             If the download process is interrupted (e.g., by a reset
             or power failure), the device will load the previous
             image and, after re-initialization, continue to attempt
             loading the image specified in docsDevSwFilename.
             If set to allowProvisioningUpgrade(2), the device will
             use the software version information supplied by the
             provisioning server when next rebooting (this does not
             cause a reboot).
             When set to ignoreProvisioningUpgrade(3), the device
             will disregard software image upgrade information
             from the provisioning server.
             Note that reading this object can return
             upgradeFromMgt(1). This indicates that a software
             download is currently in progress, and that the device
             will reboot after successfully receiving an image."
        DEFVAL { allowProvisioningUpgrade }
        ::= { docsDevSoftware 3 }
docsDevSwOperStatus OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER {
            inProgress(1),
            completeFromProvisioning(2),
            completeFromMgt(3),
            failed(4),
            other(5)
        }
```

MAX-ACCESS read-only

```
current
       STATUS
       DESCRIPTION
            "InProgress(1) indicates that a TFTP or HTTP download is
            underway, either as a result of a version mismatch at
            provisioning or as a result of a upgradeFromMgt request.
            No other docsDevSw* objects can be modified in
            this state.
            CompleteFromProvisioning(2) indicates that the last
            software upgrade was a result of version mismatch at
            provisioning.
            CompleteFromMgt(3) indicates that the last software
            upgrade was a result of setting docsDevSwAdminStatus to
            upgradeFromMqt.
            Failed(4) indicates that the last attempted download
            failed, ordinarily due to TFTP or HTTP timeout."
       REFERENCE
            "DOCSIS RFI 1.0 Specification, Section 8.2., and
            DOCSIS RFI 1.1 Specification, Section 10.1. and
            DOCSIS RFI 2.0 Specification, Section 12.1."
        ::= { docsDevSoftware 4 }
docsDevSwCurrentVers OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX SnmpAdminString
       MAX-ACCESS read-only
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
            "The software version currently operating in this device.
            This string's syntax is that used by the
            individual vendor to identify software versions.
            For a CM, this string will describe the current
            software load. For a CMTS, this object SHOULD contain
            a human-readable representation either of the vendor
            specific designation of the software for the chassis,
            or of the software for the control processor. If
            neither of these is applicable, the value MUST be a
            zero-length string."
        ::= { docsDevSoftware 5 }
docsDevSwServerAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX InetAddressType
       MAX-ACCESS read-write
       STATUS
                  current
       DESCRIPTION
            "The type of address of the TFTP or HTTP server used for
```

```
software upgrades.
```

```
If docsDevSwServerTransportProtocol is currently set to
  tftp(1), attempting to set this object to dns(16) MUST
  result in an error."
::= { docsDevSoftware 6 }
```

docsDevSwServerAddress OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InetAddress
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The address of the TFTP or HTTP server used for software upgrades. $\label{eq:https:equation}$

If the TFTP/HTTP server is unknown, return the zero-length address string (see the TextualConvention).

If docsDevSwServer is also implemented in this agent, this object is tied to it. A set of this object to an IPv4 address will result in also setting the value of docsDevSwServer to that address. If this object is set to an IPv6 address, docsDevSwServer is set to 0.0.0.0. If docsDevSwServer is set, this object is also set to that value. Note that if both are set in the same action, the order of which one sets the other is undefined."

::= { docsDevSoftware 7 }

docsDevSwServerTransportProtocol OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX INTEGER {
    tftp(1),
    http(2)
}
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
```

"This object specifies the transport protocol (TFTP or \mathtt{HTTP}) to be used for software upgrades.

If the value of this object is tftp(1), then the cable device uses TFTP (RFC 1350) read request packets to download the docsDevSwFilename from the docsDevSwServerAddress in octet mode.

If the value of this object is http(2), then the cable device uses HTTP 1.0 (RFC 1945) or HTTP 1.1 (RFC 2616) GET requests sent to host docsDevSwServerAddress to

download the software image from path docsDevSwFilename.

```
If docsDevSwServerAddressType is currently set to
             dns(16), attempting to set this object to tftp(1) MUST
             result in an error."
        DEFVAL { tftp }
        ::= { docsDevSoftware 8 }
-- The following group describes server access and parameters used
-- for initial provisioning and bootstrapping.
docsDevServer OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { docsDevMIBObjects 4 }
docsDevServerBootState OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER {
            operational(1),
            disabled(2),
            waitingForDhcpOffer(3),
            waitingForDhcpResponse(4),
            waitingForTimeServer(5),
            waitingForTftp(6),
            refusedByCmts(7),
            forwardingDenied(8),
            other(9),
            unknown(10)
        MAX-ACCESS read-only
        STATUS current
        DESCRIPTION
            "If operational(1), the device has completed loading and
             processing of configuration parameters, and the CMTS has
             completed the Registration exchange.
             If disabled(2), then the device was administratively
             disabled, possibly by being refused network access in
             the configuration file.
             If waitingForDhcpOffer(3), then a Dynamic Host
             Configuration Protocol (DHCP) Discover has been
             transmitted, and no offer has yet been received.
```

If waitingForTimeServer(5), then a Time Request has been transmitted, and no response has yet been received.

If waitingForDhcpResponse(4), then a DHCP Request has been transmitted, and no response has yet been received.

```
If waitingForTftp(6), then a request to the TFTP parameter server has been made, and no response received.
```

If refusedByCmts(7), then the Registration Request/Response exchange with the CMTS failed.

If forwardingDenied(8), then the registration process was completed, but the network access option in the received configuration file prohibits forwarding.

If other(9), then the registration process reached a point that does not fall into one of the above categories.

If unknown(10), then the device has not yet begun the registration process or is in some other indeterminate state."

REFERENCE

```
"DOCSIS RFI 1.0 Specification, Figure 7-1, and
DOCSIS RFI 1.1 Specification, Figure 9-1 and
DOCSIS RFI 2.0 Specification, Figure 11-1."
::= { docsDevServer 1 }
```

docsDevServerDhcp OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX IpAddress
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS deprecated
DESCRIPTION

"The IP address of the DHCP server that assigned an IP address to this device. Returns 0.0.0.0 if DHCP is not used for IP address assignment, or if this agent is not assigned an IPv4 address.

This object is deprecated and is replaced by docsDevServerDhcpAddress."
::= { docsDevServer 2 }

docsDevServerTime OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX IpAddress
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"The IP address of the Time server (RFC 0868). Returns 0.0.0.0 if the time server IP address is unknown, or if the time server is not an IPv4 server.

This object is deprecated and is replaced by

```
docsDevServerTimeAddress."
        ::= { docsDevServer 3 }
docsDevServerTftp OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX IpAddress
       MAX-ACCESS read-only
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "The IP address of the TFTP server responsible for
            downloading provisioning and configuration parameters
            to this device. Returns 0.0.0.0 if the TFTP server
            address is unknown or is not an IPv4 address.
            This object is deprecated and is replaced by
            docsDevServerConfigTftpAddress."
        ::= { docsDevServer 4 }
docsDevServerConfigFile OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX SnmpAdminString
       MAX-ACCESS read-only
       STATUS
               current
       DESCRIPTION
            "The name of the device configuration file read from
            the TFTP server. Returns a zero-length string if
            the configuration file name is unknown."
        ::= { docsDevServer 5 }
docsDevServerDhcpAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX InetAddressType
       MAX-ACCESS read-only
       STATUS
                  current
       DESCRIPTION
            "The type of address of docsDevServerDhcpAddress. If
            DHCP was not used, this value should return
            unknown(0)."
        ::= { docsDevServer 6 }
docsDevServerDhcpAddress OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX InetAddress
       MAX-ACCESS read-only
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
            "The internet address of the DHCP server that assigned
            an IP address to this device. Returns the zero length
            octet string if DHCP was not used for IP address
            assignment."
        ::= { docsDevServer 7 }
```

```
docsDevServerTimeAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX InetAddressType
       MAX-ACCESS read-only
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
            "The type of address of docsDevServerTimeAddress. If
            no time server exists, this value should return
            unknown(0)."
        ::= { docsDevServer 8 }
docsDevServerTimeAddress OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX
                 InetAddress
       MAX-ACCESS read-only
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
            "The Internet address of the RFC 868 Time server,
            as provided by DHCP option 4.
            Note that if multiple values are provided to the
            CM in DHCP option 4, the value of this MIB object
            MUST be the Time server address from which the Time
            of Day reference was acquired as based on the DOCSIS
            RFI specification. During the period of time where
            the Time of Day have not been acquired, the Time
            server address reported by the CM may report the \,
            first address value in the DHCP option value or the
            last server address the CM attempted to get the Time
            of day value.
            Returns the zero-length octet string if the time server
            IP address is not provisioned."
       REFERENCE
            "DOCSIS RFI 1.1 Specification, Section 9.2.7. and
            DOCSIS RFI 2.0 Specification, Section 11.2.7."
        ::= { docsDevServer 9 }
docsDevServerConfigTftpAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
                 InetAddressType
       SYNTAX
       MAX-ACCESS read-only
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
            "The type of address of docsDevServerConfigTftpAddress.
            If no TFTP server exists, this value should return
            unknown(0)."
        ::= { docsDevServer 10 }
docsDevServerConfigTftpAddress OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX
                 InetAddress
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-only
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
            "The internet address of the TFTP server responsible for
            downloading provisioning and configuration parameters
            to this device. Returns the zero-length octet string if
            the config server address is unknown. There are certain
            security risks that are involved with using TFTP."
       REFERENCE
           "RFC 3617, Section 5"
        ::= { docsDevServer 11 }
-- Event Reporting
docsDevEvent OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { docsDevMIBObjects 5 }
docsDevEvControl OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX INTEGER {
           resetLog(1),
           useDefaultReporting(2)
       MAX-ACCESS read-write
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
            "Setting this object to resetLog(1) empties the event
            log. All data is deleted. Setting it to
            useDefaultReporting(2) returns all event priorities to
            their factory-default reporting. Reading this object
            always returns useDefaultReporting(2)."
        ::= { docsDevEvent 1 }
docsDevEvSyslog OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX IpAddress
       MAX-ACCESS read-write
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "The IP address of the Syslog server. If 0.0.0.0, either
            syslog transmission is inhibited, or the Syslog server
            address is not an IPv4 address.
            This object is deprecated and is replaced by
            docsDevEvSyslogAddress."
        ::= { docsDevEvent 2 }
docsDevEvThrottleAdminStatus OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX INTEGER {
           unconstrained(1),
            maintainBelowThreshold(2),
            stopAtThreshold(3),
            inhibited(4)
       MAX-ACCESS read-write
        STATUS
                current
       DESCRIPTION
            "Controls the transmission of traps and syslog messages
            with respect to the trap pacing threshold.
             unconstrained(1) causes traps and syslog messages to be
             transmitted without regard to the threshold settings.
             maintainBelowThreshold(2) causes trap transmission and
             syslog messages to be suppressed if the number of traps
             would otherwise exceed the threshold.
             stopAtThreshold(3) causes trap transmission to cease at
             the threshold and not to resume until directed to do so.
             inhibited(4) causes all trap transmission and syslog
             messages to be suppressed.
             A single event is always treated as a single event for
             threshold counting. That is, an event causing both a
             trap and a syslog message is still treated as a single
             event.
             Writing to this object resets the thresholding state."
       DEFVAL { unconstrained }
        ::= { docsDevEvent 3 }
docsDevEvThrottleInhibited OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX TruthValue
       MAX-ACCESS read-only
                   deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "If true(1), trap and syslog transmission is currently
            inhibited due to thresholds and/or the current setting
             of docsDevEvThrottleAdminStatus. In addition, this is
             true(1) when transmission is inhibited because no
             syslog (docsDevEvSyslog) or trap (docsDevNmAccessEntry)
             destinations have been set.
```

docsDevEvThrottleThresholdExceeded."

This object is deprecated and is replaced by

```
::= { docsDevEvent 4 }
docsDevEvThrottleThreshold OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX
                 Unsigned32
       UNITS
                   "events"
       MAX-ACCESS read-write
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
            "Number of events per docsDevEvThrottleInterval permitted
            before throttling is to occur.
            A single event, whether the notification could result in
            messages transmitted using syslog, SNMP, or both
            protocols, and regardless of the number of destinations,
            (including zero) is always treated as a single event for
            threshold counting. For example, an event causing both
            a trap and a syslog message is still treated as a single
            event.
            All system notifications that occur within the device
            should be taken into consideration when calculating
            and monitoring the threshold."
       DEFVAL { 0 }
        ::= { docsDevEvent 5 }
docsDevEvThrottleInterval OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
                   "seconds"
       UNITS
       MAX-ACCESS read-write
       STATUS
                  current
       DESCRIPTION
           "The interval over which docsDevEvThrottleThreshold
            applies."
       DEFVAL { 1 }
        ::= { docsDevEvent 6 }
-- The following table controls the reporting of the various classes
-- of events.
docsDevEvControlTable OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF DocsDevEvControlEntry
       MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
       STATUS
               current
       DESCRIPTION
            "This table allows control of the reporting of event
            classes. For each event priority, a combination of
```

```
logging and reporting mechanisms may be chosen. The
            mapping of event types to priorities is
            vendor dependent. Vendors may also choose to allow
            the user to control that mapping through proprietary
            means. Table entries MUST persist across reboots for
            CMTS devices and MUST NOT persist across reboots for CM
            devices."
        ::= { docsDevEvent 7 }
docsDevEvControlEntry OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX DocsDevEvControlEntry
       MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
       STATUS
                 current
       DESCRIPTION
           "Allows configuration of the reporting mechanisms for a
            particular event priority."
       INDEX { docsDevEvPriority }
        ::= { docsDevEvControlTable 1 }
DocsDevEvControlEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
           docsDevEvPriority
           docsDevEvReporting BITS
        }
docsDevEvPriority OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX INTEGER {
           emergency(1),
           alert(2),
           critical(3),
           error(4),
           warning(5),
           notice(6),
           information(7),
           debug(8)
       MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
            "The priority level that is controlled by this
            entry. These are ordered from most (emergency) to least
            (debug) critical. Each event with a CM or CMTS has a
            particular priority level associated with it (as defined
            by the vendor).
            emergency(1) events indicate vendor-specific fatal
            hardware or software errors that prevent normal system
            operation.
```

alert(2) events indicate a serious failure that causes the reporting system to reboot but is not caused by hardware or software malfunctioning.

critical(3) events indicate a serious failure that requires attention and prevents the device from transmitting data but that could be recovered without rebooting the system.

error(4) and warning(5) events indicate that a failure occurred that could interrupt the normal data flow but that does not cause the device to re-register.

notice(6) and information(7) events indicate a milestone or checkpoint in normal operation that could be of particular importance for troubleshooting.

debug(8) events are reserved for vendor-specific events.

During normal operation, no event more critical than notice(6) should be generated. Events between warning and emergency should be generated at appropriate levels of problems (e.g., emergency when the box is about to crash)." ::= { docsDevEvControlEntry 1 }

docsDevEvReporting OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX BITS {
    local(0),
    traps(1),
    syslog(2),
    -- The following are extensions to the original set of
    -- labels. The extensions start at an octet boundary.
    -- So for bits 3 - 7, one MUST set them to zero on send
    -- and one MUST ignore them on receipt.
    localVolatile(8),
    stdInterface(9)
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
```

"Defines the action to be taken on occurrence of this event class. Implementations may not necessarily support all options for all event classes but at minimum must allow traps and syslogging to be disabled.

```
If the local(0) bit is set, then log to the internal
            log and update non-volatile store, for backward
            compatibility with the original RFC 2669 definition.
            If the traps(1) bit is set, then generate
            an SNMP trap; if the syslog(2) bit is set, then
            send a syslog message (assuming that the syslog address
             is set). If the localVolatile(8) bit is set, then
            log to the internal log without updating non-volatile
            store. If the stdInterface(9) bit is set, then the
            agent ignores all other bits except the local(0),
            syslog(2), and localVolatile(8) bits. Setting the
            stdInterface(9) bit indicates that RFC3413 and
            RFC3014 are being used to control event reporting
            mechanisms."
        ::= { docsDevEvControlEntry 2 }
docsDevEventTable OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF DocsDevEventEntry
       MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
            "Contains a log of network and device events that may be
            of interest in fault isolation and troubleshooting.
            If the local(0) bit is set in docsDevEvReporting,
            entries in this table MUST persist across reboots."
        ::= { docsDevEvent 8 }
docsDevEventEntry OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX DocsDevEventEntry
       MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
       STATUS
                  current
       DESCRIPTION
            "Describes a network or device event that may be of
            interest in fault isolation and troubleshooting.
            Multiple sequential identical events are represented by
            incrementing docsDevEvCounts and setting
            docsDevEvLastTime to the current time rather than
            creating multiple rows.
            Entries are created with the first occurrence of an
            event. docsDevEvControl can be used to clear the
            table. Individual events cannot be deleted."
        INDEX { docsDevEvIndex }
        ::= { docsDevEventTable 1 }
DocsDevEventEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
           docsDevEvIndex
                                   Integer32,
                                   DateAndTime,
           docsDevEvFirstTime
```

```
docsDevEvLastTime
                                 DateAndTime,
           docsDevEvCounts
                                  Counter32,
           docsDevEvLevel
                                  INTEGER,
                                 Unsigned32,
           docsDevEvId
           docsDevEvText
                               SnmpAdminString
       }
docsDevEvIndex OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
       MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
           "Provides relative ordering of the objects in the event
            log. This object will always increase except when
            (a) the log is reset via docsDevEvControl,
            (b) the device reboots and does not implement
            non-volatile storage for this log, or (c) it reaches
            the value 2^31. The next entry for all the above
            cases is 1."
       ::= { docsDevEventEntry 1 }
docsDevEvFirstTime OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX DateAndTime
       MAX-ACCESS read-only
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
           "The value of docsDevDateTime at the time this entry was
            created."
       ::= { docsDevEventEntry 2 }
docsDevEvLastTime OBJECT-TYPE
                 DateAndTime
       SYNTAX
       MAX-ACCESS read-only
       STATUS
                  current
       DESCRIPTION
           "When an entry reports only one event, this object will
            have the same value as the corresponding instance of
            docsDevEvFirstTime. When an entry reports multiple
            events, this object will record the value that
            docsDevDateTime had when the most recent event for this
            entry occurred."
       ::= { docsDevEventEntry 3 }
-- This object was renamed from docsDevEvCount to meet naming
-- requirements for Counter32
docsDevEvCounts OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX
                 Counter32
       UNITS
                  "events"
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-only
        STATUS current
        DESCRIPTION
            "The number of consecutive event instances reported by
            this entry. This starts at 1 with the creation of this
            row and increments by 1 for each subsequent duplicate
             event."
        ::= { docsDevEventEntry 4 }
docsDevEvLevel OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER {
           emergency(1),
            alert(2),
            critical(3),
            error(4),
            warning(5),
           notice(6),
            information(7),
           debug(8)
        MAX-ACCESS read-only
                current
        DESCRIPTION
            "The priority level of this event, as defined by the
             vendor. These are ordered from most serious (emergency)
             to least serious (debug).
             emergency(1) events indicate vendor-specific fatal
             hardware or software errors that prevent normal system
             operation.
            alert(2) events indicate a serious failure that causes
             the reporting system to reboot but that is not caused by
             hardware or software malfunctioning.
             critical(3) events indicate a serious failure that
             requires attention and prevents the device from
             transmitting data but that could be recovered without
             rebooting the system.
             error(4) and warning(5) events indicate that a failure
             occurred that could interrupt the normal data flow but
             that does not cause the device to re-register.
             notice(6) and information(7) events indicate a
             milestone or checkpoint in normal operation that could
             be of particular importance for troubleshooting.
             debug(8) events are reserved for vendor-specific
```

```
events.
```

```
During normal operation, no event more
            critical than notice(6) should be generated. Events
            between warning and emergency should be generated at
            appropriate levels of problems (e.g., emergency when the
            box is about to crash)."
        ::= { docsDevEventEntry 5 }
-- It is strongly recommended that implementors follow the CableLabs
-- enumerations for docsDevEvId, per the DOCSIS OSSIv1.1 spec
-- and follow-on specifications.
docsDevEvId OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Unsigned32
       MAX-ACCESS read-only
       STATUS
                  current
       DESCRIPTION
           "For this product, uniquely identifies the type of event
            that is reported by this entry."
       REFERENCE
            "DOCSIS OSSI 1.1 Specification, Appendix H and
            DOCSIS OSSI 2.0 Specification, Annex D."
        ::= { docsDevEventEntry 6 }
docsDevEvText OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX SnmpAdminString
       MAX-ACCESS read-only
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
            "Provides a human-readable description of the event,
            including all relevant context (interface numbers,
            etc.)."
        ::= { docsDevEventEntry 7 }
docsDevEvSyslogAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX InetAddressType
       MAX-ACCESS read-write
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
            "The type of address of docsDevEvSyslogAddress. If
            no syslog server exists, this value should return
            unknown(0)."
       DEFVAL { unknown }
        ::= { docsDevEvent 9 }
```

```
docsDevEvSyslogAddress OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX InetAddress
        MAX-ACCESS read-write
        STATUS current
        DESCRIPTION
            "The Internet address of the Syslog server, as provided
             by DHCP option 7 or set via SNMP management. If the
             address of the server is set to the zero-length
             string, the 0.0.0.0 IPv4 address, or the 0: IPv6
             address, Syslog transmission is inhibited.
             Note that if multiple values are provided to the CM in
             DHCP option 7, the value of this MIB object MUST be the
             first Syslog server address received.
             By default at agent boot, this object returns the zero
             length string."
        ::= { docsDevEvent 10 }
docsDevEvThrottleThresholdExceeded OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX TruthValue
        MAX-ACCESS read-only
        STATUS current
        DESCRIPTION
            "If true(1), trap and syslog transmission is currently
             inhibited due to exceeding the trap/syslog event
             threshold in the current interval."
        ::= { docsDevEvent 11 }
-- Link Level Control Filtering
docsDevFilter OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { docsDevMIBObjects 6 }
{\tt docsDevFilterLLCUnmatchedAction} \ {\tt OBJECT-TYPE}
        SYNTAX INTEGER {
            discard(1),
            accept(2)
        MAX-ACCESS read-write
        STATUS
               current
        DESCRIPTION
            "LLC (Link Level Control) filters can be defined on an
             inclusive or exclusive basis: CMs can be configured to
             forward only packets matching a set of layer three
             protocols, or to drop packets matching a set of layer
             three protocols. Typical use of these filters is to
```

filter out possibly harmful (given the context of a

```
large metropolitan LAN) protocols.
            If set to discard(1), any L2 packet that does not match
            at least one filter in the docsDevFilterLLCTable will be
            discarded. If set to accept(2), any L2 packet that
            does not match at least one filter in the
            docsDevFilterLLCTable will be accepted for further
            processing (e.g., bridging). In other words, if the
            packet does not match an entry in the table, it takes
            this action; if it does match an entry in the table, it
            takes the opposite of this action."
       DEFVAL { accept }
       ::= { docsDevFilter 1 }
docsDevFilterLLCTable OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF DocsDevFilterLLCEntry
       MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
            "A list of filters to apply to (bridged) LLC
            traffic. The filters in this table are applied to
            incoming traffic on the appropriate interface(s) prior
            to any further processing (e.g., before the packet
            is handed off for level 3 processing, or for bridging).
            The specific action taken when no filter is matched is
            controlled by docsDevFilterLLCUnmatchedAction. Table
            entries MUST NOT persist across reboots for any device."
        ::= { docsDevFilter 2 }
docsDevFilterLLCEntry OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX DocsDevFilterLLCEntry
       MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
               current
       DESCRIPTION
           "Describes a single filter to apply to (bridged) LLC
            traffic received on a specified interface. "
       INDEX { docsDevFilterLLCIndex }
        ::= { docsDevFilterLLCTable 1 }
DocsDevFilterLLCEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
           docsDevFilterLLCIndex
                                              Integer32,
           docsDevFilterLLCStatus
                                              RowStatus,
                                              InterfaceIndexOrZero,
           docsDevFilterLLCIfIndex
           docsDevFilterLLCProtocolType
                                             INTEGER,
           docsDevFilterLLCProtocol
                                              Integer32,
           docsDevFilterLLCMatches
                                              Counter32
        }
```

```
docsDevFilterLLCIndex OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
       MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
            "Index used for the identification of filters (note that
            LLC filter order is irrelevant)."
        ::= { docsDevFilterLLCEntry 1 }
docsDevFilterLLCStatus OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX RowStatus
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS
               current
       DESCRIPTION
            "Controls and reflects the status of rows in this
            table. There is no restriction on changing any of the
            associated columns for this row while this object is set
            to active.
            Specifying only this object (with the
            appropriate index) on a CM is sufficient to create a
            filter row that matches all inbound packets on the
            ethernet interface and results in the packets being
            discarded. docsDevFilterLLCIfIndex (at least) must be
            specified on a CMTS to create a row."
        ::= { docsDevFilterLLCEntry 2}
docsDevFilterLLCIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX InterfaceIndexOrZero
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATIIS
                  current
       DESCRIPTION
            "The entry interface to which this filter applies. The
            value corresponds to if Index for either a CATV MAC or
            another network interface. If the value is zero, the
            filter applies to all interfaces. In Cable Modems, the
            default value is the customer side interface(s). In
            CMTSs, this object has to be specified to
            create a row in this table.
            Note that according to the DOCSIS OSSIv1.1
            specification, if Index '1' in the CM means that this
            row applies to all Cable Modem-to-CPE Interfaces
            (CMCI)."
       REFERENCE
            "DOCSIS OSSI 1.1 Specification, Section 3.3.4.1. and
            DOCSIS OSSI 2.0 Specification, Section 6.3.4.1."
        ::= { docsDevFilterLLCEntry 3 }
```

```
docsDevFilterLLCProtocolType OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX INTEGER {
           ethertype(1),
           dsap(2)
        MAX-ACCESS read-create
        STATUS current
        DESCRIPTION
            "The format of the value in docsDevFilterLLCProtocol:
            either a two-byte Ethernet Ethertype, or a one-byte
            802.2 Service Access Point (SAP) value. ethertype(1)
            also applies to Standard Network Access Protocol
             (SNAP) encapsulated frames."
        DEFVAL { ethertype }
        ::= { docsDevFilterLLCEntry 4 }
docsDevFilterLLCProtocol OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Integer32 (0..65535)
        MAX-ACCESS read-create
        STATUS current
        DESCRIPTION
            "The layer-three protocol for which this filter applies.
            The protocol value format depends on
             docsDevFilterLLCProtocolType. Note that for SNAP
             frames, ethertype filtering is performed rather than
             Destination Service Access Point (DSAP) = 0xAA."
        DEFVAL { 0 }
        ::= { docsDevFilterLLCEntry 5 }
docsDevFilterLLCMatches OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Counter32
                   "matches"
       UNITS
        MAX-ACCESS read-only
        STATUS
                   current
       DESCRIPTION
           "Counts the number of times this filter was matched."
        ::= { docsDevFilterLLCEntry 6 }
-- IPv4 Filtering
docsDevFilterIpDefault OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER {
           discard(1),
           accept(2)
        MAX-ACCESS read-write
```

STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION

"The default behavior for (bridged) packets that do not match IP filters (or Internet filters, if implemented) is defined by docsDevFilterIpDefault.

If set to discard(1), all packets not matching an IP filter in docsDevFilterIpTable will be discarded. If set to accept(2), all packets not matching an IP filter or an Internet filter will be accepted for further processing (e.g., bridging)."

DEFVAL { accept }
::= { docsDevFilter 3 }

docsDevFilterIpTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF DocsDevFilterIpEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"An ordered list of filters or classifiers to apply to IP traffic. Filter application is ordered by the filter index, rather than by a best match algorithm (note that this implies that the filter table may have gaps in the index values). Packets that match no filters will have policy 0 in the docsDevFilterPolicyTable applied to them, if it exists. Otherwise, Packets that match no filters are discarded or forwarded according to the setting of docsDevFilterIpDefault.

Any IP packet can theoretically match multiple rows of this table. When considering a packet, the table is scanned in row index order (e.g., filter 10 is checked before filter 20). If the packet matches that filter (which means that it matches ALL criteria for that row), actions appropriate to docsDevFilterIpControl and docsDevFilterPolicyId are taken. If the packet was discarded processing is complete. If docsDevFilterIpContinue is set to true, the filter comparison continues with the next row in the table, looking for additional matches.

If the packet matches no filter in the table, the packet is accepted or dropped for further processing according to the setting of docsDevFilterIpDefault. If the packet is accepted, the actions specified by policy group 0 (e.g., the rows in docsDevFilterPolicyTable that have a value of 0 for docsDevFilterPolicyId) are taken, if that policy

group exists.

Logically, this table is consulted twice during the processing of any IP packet: once upon its acceptance from the L2 entity, and once upon its transmission to the L2 entity. In actuality, for cable modems, IP filtering is generally the only IP processing done for transit traffic. This means that inbound and outbound filtering can generally be done at the same time with one pass through the filter table.

The objects in this table are only accessible from cable devices that are not operating in DiffServ MIB mode (RFC 3289). See the conformance section for details.

Note that some devices are required by other specifications (e.g., the DOCSIS OSSIv1.1 specification) to support the legacy SNMPv1/v2c docsDevFilter mode for backward compatibility.

Table entries MUST NOT persist across reboots for any device.

```
This table is deprecated. Instead, use the DiffServ MIB from RFC 3289."
::= { docsDevFilter 4 }
```

docsDevFilterIpEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX DocsDevFilterIpEntry
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS deprecated

INDEX { docsDevFilterIpIndex }

DESCRIPTION

"Describes a filter to apply to IP traffic received on a specified interface. All identity objects in this table (e.g., source and destination address/mask, protocol, source/dest port, TOS/mask, interface and direction) must match their respective fields in the packet for any given filter to match.

To create an entry in this table, docsDevFilterIpIfIndex must be specified."

```
docsDevFilterIpIfIndex
                                                                                                       InterfaceIndexOrZero,
                           docsDevFilterIpDirection docsDevFilterIpBroadcast
                                                                                                       INTEGER,
                                                                                                    TruthValue,
                            docsDevFilterIpSaddr
                                                                                                      IpAddress,
                            docsDevFilterIpSmask
                                                                                                       IpAddress,
                                                                                                       IpAddress,
                            docsDevFilterIpDaddr
                            docsDevFilterIpDmask
                                                                                                        IpAddress,
                           docsDevFilterIpProtocol
docsDevFilterIpSourcePortLow
                                                                                                        Integer32,
                                                                                                      Integer32,
                            docsDevFilterIpSourcePortHigh Integer32,
                           aocsDevFilterIpDestPortLow
docsDevFilterIpDestPortHigh
docsDevFilterIpMatches
docsDevFilterIpTos
Integer32,
In
                           docsDevFilterIpTos
docsDevFilterIpTosMask
                                                                                                      OCTET STRING,
                           docsDevFilterIpContinue
                                                                                                       TruthValue,
                            docsDevFilterIpPolicyId
                                                                                                       Integer32
                   }
docsDevFilterIpIndex OBJECT-TYPE
                  SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
                  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
                  STATUS deprecated
                  DESCRIPTION
                            "Index used to order the application of filters.
                              The filter with the lowest index is always applied
                              first."
                   ::= { docsDevFilterIpEntry 1 }
docsDevFilterIpStatus OBJECT-TYPE
                  SYNTAX RowStatus
                  MAX-ACCESS read-create
                  STATUS deprecated
                  DESCRIPTION
                            "Controls and reflects the status of rows in this
                              table. Specifying only this object (with the
                              appropriate index) on a CM is sufficient to create a
                              filter row that matches all inbound packets on the
                              ethernet interface and results in the packets being
                              discarded. docsDevFilterIpIfIndex (at least) must be
                              specified on a CMTS to create a row. Creation of the
                              rows may be done via either create-and-wait or
                              create-and-go, but the filter is not applied until this
                              object is set to (or changes to) active. There is no
                              restriction in changing any object in a row while this
                              object is set to active."
                   ::= { docsDevFilterIpEntry 2 }
```

```
docsDevFilterIpControl OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX INTEGER {
           discard(1),
           accept(2),
           policy(3)
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS
               deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "If set to discard(1), all packets matching this filter
            will be discarded, and scanning of the remainder of the
            filter list will be aborted. If set to accept(2), all
            packets matching this filter will be accepted for
            further processing (e.g., bridging). If
            docsDevFilterIpContinue is set to true, see if there
            are other matches; otherwise, done. If set to
            policy (3), execute the policy entries
            matched by docsDevFilterIpPolicyId in
            docsDevFilterPolicyTable.
            If docsDevFilterIpContinue is set to true, continue
            scanning the table for other matches; otherwise, done."
       DEFVAL { discard }
        ::= { docsDevFilterIpEntry 3 }
docsDevFilterIpIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX InterfaceIndexOrZero
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "The entry interface to which this filter applies. The
            value corresponds to ifIndex for either a CATV MAC or
            another interface. If the value is zero, the
            filter applies to all interfaces. Default value in CMs
            is the index of the customer-side (e.g., ethernet)
            interface(s). In CMTSes, this object MUST be
            specified to create a row in this table.
            Note that according to the DOCSIS OSSIv1.1
            specification, ifIndex '1' in the Cable Modem means
            that this row applies to all CMCI (customer-facing)
            interfaces."
       REFERENCE
            "DOCSIS OSSI 1.1 Specification, Section 3.3.4.1. and
            DOCSIS OSSI 2.0 Specification, Section 6.3.4.1."
        ::= { docsDevFilterIpEntry 4 }
docsDevFilterIpDirection OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX INTEGER {
           inbound(1),
           outbound(2),
           both(3)
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "Determines whether the filter is applied to inbound(1)
            traffic, outbound(2) traffic, or traffic in both(3)
            directions."
       DEFVAL { inbound }
        ::= { docsDevFilterIpEntry 5 }
docsDevFilterIpBroadcast OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX TruthValue
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
           "If set to true(1), the filter only applies to multicast
            and broadcast traffic. If set to false(2), the filter
            applies to all traffic."
       DEFVAL { false }
        ::= { docsDevFilterIpEntry 6 }
docsDevFilterIpSaddr OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX IpAddress
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "The source IP address, or portion thereof, that is to be
            matched for this filter. The source address is first
            masked (ANDed) against docsDevFilterIpSmask before
            being compared to this value. A value of 0 for this
            object and 0 for the mask matches all IP addresses."
       DEFVAL { '00000000'h }
        ::= { docsDevFilterIpEntry 7 }
docsDevFilterIpSmask OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX IpAddress
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "A bit mask that is to be applied to the source address
            prior to matching. This mask is not necessarily the
            same as a subnet mask, but 1s bits must be leftmost and
            contiquous."
       DEFVAL { '00000000'h }
```

```
::= { docsDevFilterIpEntry 8 }
docsDevFilterIpDaddr OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX
                IpAddress
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "The destination IP address, or portion thereof, that is
            to be matched for this filter. The destination address
            is first masked (ANDed) against docsDevFilterIpDmask
            before being compared to this value. A value of
            00000000 for this object and 00000000 for the mask
            matches all IP addresses."
       DEFVAL { '00000000'h }
       ::= { docsDevFilterIpEntry 9 }
docsDevFilterIpDmask OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX IpAddress
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "A bit mask that is to be applied to the destination
            address prior to matching. This mask is not necessarily
            the same as a subnet mask, but 1s bits MUST be leftmost
            and contiguous."
       DEFVAL { '00000000'h }
        ::= { docsDevFilterIpEntry 10 }
docsDevFilterIpProtocol OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Integer32 (0..256)
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS
                  deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "The IP protocol value that is to be matched. For
            example, icmp is 1, tcp is 6, and udp is 17. A value of
            256 matches ANY protocol."
       REFERENCE "www.iana.org/assignments/protocol-numbers"
       DEFVAL { 256 }
        ::= { docsDevFilterIpEntry 11 }
docsDevFilterIpSourcePortLow OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Integer32 (0..65535)
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "This is the inclusive lower bound of the transport-layer
            source port range that is to be matched. If the IP
            protocol of the packet is neither UDP nor TCP, this
```

```
object is ignored during matching."
       REFERENCE "www.iana.org/assignments/port-numbers"
       DEFVAL { 0 }
       ::= { docsDevFilterIpEntry 12 }
docsDevFilterIpSourcePortHigh OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Integer32 (0..65535)
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "This is the inclusive upper bound of the transport-layer
            source port range that is to be matched. If the IP
            protocol of the packet is neither UDP nor TCP, this
            object is ignored during matching."
       REFERENCE "www.iana.org/assignments/port-numbers"
       DEFVAL { 65535 }
        ::= { docsDevFilterIpEntry 13 }
docsDevFilterIpDestPortLow OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Integer32 (0..65535)
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "This is the inclusive lower bound of the transport-layer
            destination port range that is to be matched. If the IP
            protocol of the packet is neither UDP nor TCP, this
            object is ignored during matching."
       REFERENCE "www.iana.org/assignments/port-numbers"
       DEFVAL { 0 }
        ::= { docsDevFilterIpEntry 14 }
docsDevFilterIpDestPortHigh OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Integer32 (0..65535)
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS
                  deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
           "This is the inclusive upper bound of the transport-layer
            destination port range that is to be matched. If the IP
            protocol of the packet is neither UDP nor TCP, this
            object is ignored during matching."
       REFERENCE "www.iana.org/assignments/port-numbers"
       DEFVAL { 65535 }
        ::= { docsDevFilterIpEntry 15 }
docsDevFilterIpMatches OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX ZeroBasedCounter32
       UNITS
                   "matches"
       MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

```
STATUS
              deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
           "Counts the number of times this filter was matched.
            This object is initialized to 0 at boot, or at row
            creation, and is reset only upon reboot."
        ::= { docsDevFilterIpEntry 16 }
docsDevFilterIpTos OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE (1))
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
           "This is the value to be matched to the packet's
            TOS (Type of Service) value (after the TOS value
            is ANDed with docsDevFilterIpTosMask). A value for this
            object of 0 and a mask of 0 matches all TOS values."
       DEFVAL { '00'h }
        ::= { docsDevFilterIpEntry 17 }
docsDevFilterIpTosMask OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE (1))
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
           "The mask to be applied to the packet's TOS value before
            matching."
       DEFVAL { '00'h }
        ::= { docsDevFilterIpEntry 18 }
docsDevFilterIpContinue OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX TruthValue
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS
                  deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
           "If this value is set to true and docsDevFilterIpControl
            is anything but discard (1), continue scanning and
            applying policies. See Section 3.3.3 for more
            details."
       DEFVAL { false }
       ::= { docsDevFilterIpEntry 19 }
docsDevFilterIpPolicyId OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Integer32 (0..2147483647)
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
           "This object points to an entry in
            docsDevFilterPolicyTable. If docsDevFilterIpControl
```

```
is set to policy (3), execute all matching policies
in docsDevFilterPolicyTable. If no matching policy
exists, treat as if docsDevFilterIpControl were set
to accept (1). If this object is set to the value of
0, there is no matching policy, and
docsDevFilterPolicyTable MUST NOT be consulted."

DEFVAL { 0 }
::= { docsDevFilterIpEntry 20 }
```

-- Policy Mapping Table

docsDevFilterPolicyTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF DocsDevFilterPolicyEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"A Table that maps between a policy group ID and a set of pointers to policies to be applied. All rows with the same docsDevFilterPolicyId are part of the same group of policy pointers and are applied in the order in this table. docsDevFilterPolicyTable exists to allow multiple policy actions (referenced by policy pointers) to be applied to any given classified packet. The policy actions are applied in index order. For example:

Index	ID	Type	Action
1	1	TOS	1
9	5	TOS	1
12	1	IPSEC	3

This says that a packet that matches a filter with policy id 1 first has TOS policy 1 applied (which might set the TOS bits to enable a higher priority) and next has the IPSEC policy 3 applied (which may result in the packets being dumped into a secure VPN to a remote encryptor).

Policy ID 0 is reserved for default actions and is applied only to packets that match no filters in docsDevFilterIpTable.

Table entries MUST NOT persist across reboots for any device.

This table is deprecated. Instead, use the DiffServ MIB

```
from RFC 3289."
                  ::= { docsDevFilter 5 }
docsDevFilterPolicyEntry OBJECT-TYPE
                  SYNTAX DocsDevFilterPolicyEntry
                  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
                  STATUS deprecated
                  DESCRIPTION
                            "An entry in the docsDevFilterPolicyTable. Entries are
                             created by Network Management. To create an entry,
                             docsDevFilterPolicyId MUST be specified."
                  INDEX { docsDevFilterPolicyIndex }
                  ::= { docsDevFilterPolicyTable 1 }
DocsDevFilterPolicyEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
                          docsDevFilterPolicyIndex
docsDevFilterPolicyId
docsDevFilterPolicyType
Integer32,
Intege
                           docsDevFilterPolicyAction Integer32,
                           docsDevFilterPolicyStatus RowStatus,
                           docsDevFilterPolicyPtr RowPointer
                  }
docsDevFilterPolicyIndex OBJECT-TYPE
                  SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
                  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
                  STATUS deprecated
                  DESCRIPTION "Index value for the table."
                  ::= { docsDevFilterPolicyEntry 1 }
docsDevFilterPolicyId OBJECT-TYPE
                  SYNTAX Integer32 (0..2147483647)
                  MAX-ACCESS read-create
                  STATUS deprecated
                  DESCRIPTION
                           "Policy ID for this entry. If a policy ID can apply to
                             multiple rows of this table, all relevant policies are
                             executed. Policy 0 (if populated) is applied to all
                             packets that do not match any of the filters. N.B. If
                             docsDevFilterIpPolicyId is set to 0, it DOES NOT match
                             policy 0 of this table."
                  ::= { docsDevFilterPolicyEntry 2 }
-- The following two objects were removed and never used; however,
-- to preserve OID numbering, they are simply commented out to
-- to ensure that they are not used again.
-- docsDevFilterPolicyType ::= { docsDevFilterPolicyEntry 3 }
-- docsDevFilterPolicyAction ::= { docsDevFilterPolicyEntry 4 }
```

```
docsDevFilterPolicyStatus OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX RowStatus
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "Object used to create an entry in this table. There is
            no restriction in changing any object in a row while
            this object is set to active.
            The following object MUST have a valid value before this
            object can be set to active: docsDevFilterPolicyPtr."
        ::= { docsDevFilterPolicyEntry 5 }
docsDevFilterPolicyPtr OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX RowPointer
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS
                   deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "This object points to a row in an applicable filter
            policy table. Currently, the only standard policy
            table is docsDevFilterTosTable.
            Per the textual convention, this object points to the
            first accessible object in the row; e.g., to point to a
            row in docsDevFilterTosTable with an index of 21, the
            value of this object would be the object identifier
            docsDevTosStatus.21.
            Vendors are recommended to adhere to the same convention
            when adding vendor-specific policy table extensions.
            If this pointer references an empty or non-existent
            row, then no policy action is taken.
            The default upon row creation is a null pointer that
            results in no policy action being taken."
       DEFVAL { zeroDotZero }
        ::= { docsDevFilterPolicyEntry 6 }
-- TOS Policy action table
docsDevFilterTosTable OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF DocsDevFilterTosEntry
       MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
       STATUS
               deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "Table used to describe Type of Service (TOS) bits
```

```
processing.
```

This table is an adjunct to the docsDevFilterIpTable and the docsDevFilterPolicy table. Entries in the latter table can point to specific rows in this (and other) tables and cause specific actions to be taken. This table permits the manipulation of the value of the Type of Service bits in the IP header of the matched packet as follows:

```
Set the tosBits of the packet to
  (tosBits & docsDevFilterTosAndMask) |
  docsDevFilterTosOrMask
```

This construct allows you to do a clear and set of all the TOS bits in a flexible manner.

Table entries MUST NOT persist across reboots for any device.

```
This table is deprecated. Instead, use the DiffServ MIB from RFC 3289."

::= { docsDevFilter 6 }
```

```
docsDevFilterTosEntry OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX DocsDevFilterTosEntry
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS deprecated
DESCRIPTION
    "A TOS policy entry."
INDEX { docsDevFilterTosIndex }
::= { docsDevFilterTosTable 1 }
```

docsDevFilterTosIndex OBJECT-TYPE

DESCRIPTION

```
SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS deprecated
```

"The unique index for this row. There are no ordering requirements for this table, and any valid index may be specified."

```
::= { docsDevFilterTosEntry 1 }
docsDevFilterTosStatus OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX RowStatus
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "The object used to create and delete entries in this
            table. A row created by specifying just this object
            results in a row that specifies no change to the TOS
            bits. A row may be created using either the
            create-and-go or create-and-wait paradigms. There is
            no restriction on the ability to change values in this
            row while the row is active."
        ::= { docsDevFilterTosEntry 2 }
docsDevFilterTosAndMask OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE (1))
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "This value is bitwise ANDed with the matched packet's
            TOS bits."
       DEFVAL { 'ff'h }
       ::= { docsDevFilterTosEntry 3 }
docsDevFilterTosOrMask OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE (1))
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
           "This value is bitwise ORed with the result from the
            AND procedure (tosBits & docsDevFilterTosAndMask).
            The result then replaces the packet's TOS bits."
       DEFVAL { '00'h }
       ::= { docsDevFilterTosEntry 4 }
-- CPE IP Management and anti-spoofing group. Only implemented on
-- Cable Modems.
docsDevCpe OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { docsDevMIBObjects 7 }
docsDevCpeEnroll OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX INTEGER {
           none(1),
           any(2)
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-write
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
            "This object controls the population of
            docsDevFilterCpeTable.
            If set to none, the filters must be set manually
            by a network management action (either configuration
            or SNMP set).
            If set to any, the CM wiretaps the packets originating
            from the ethernet and enrolls up to docsDevCpeIpMax
            addresses as based on the source IPv4 or v6 addresses of
            those packets."
       DEFVAL { any }
        ::= { docsDevCpe 1 }
docsDevCpeIpMax OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Integer32 (-1..2147483647)
       MAX-ACCESS read-write
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
            "This object controls the maximum number of CPEs allowed
            to be learned behind this device. If set to zero, any
            number of CPEs may connect up to the maximum permitted
            for the device.
            If set to -1, no filtering is done on CPE source
            addresses, and no entries are made in the
            docsDevFilterCpeTable via learning. If an attempt is
            made to set this to a number greater than that
            permitted for the device, it is set to that maximum."
       DEFVAL { -1 }
        ::= { docsDevCpe 2 }
docsDevCpeTable OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF DocsDevCpeEntry
       MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "This table lists the IPv4 addresses seen (or permitted)
            as source addresses in packets originating from the
            customer interface on this device. In addition, this
            table can be provisioned with the specific addresses
            permitted for the CPEs via the normal row creation
            mechanisms. Table entries MUST NOT persist across
            reboots for any device.
            N.B. Management action can add entries in this table
            and in docsDevCpeIpTable past the value of
```

```
docsDevCpeIpMax. docsDevCpeIpMax ONLY restricts the
ability of the CM to add learned addresses
automatically.
```

```
This table is deprecated and is replaced by docsDevCpeInetTable."
::= { docsDevCpe 3 }
```

docsDevCpeEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX DocsDevCpeEntry
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS deprecated
DESCRIPTION

"An entry in the docsDevFilterCpeTable. There is one entry for each IPv4 CPE seen or provisioned. If docsDevCpeIpMax is set to -1, this table is ignored; otherwise, upon receipt of an IP packet from the customer interface of the CM, the source IP address is checked against this table. If the address is in the table, packet processing continues. If the address is not in the table but docsDevCpeEnroll is set to any and the sum of the table sizes of docsDevCpeTable and docsDevCpeInetTable is less than docsDevCpeIpMax, the address is added to the table, and packet processing continues. Otherwise, the packet is dropped.

The filtering actions specified by this table occur after any LLC filtering (docsDevFilterLLCTable), but prior to any IP filtering (docsDevFilterIpTable, docsDevNmAccessTable)."

```
INDEX { docsDevCpeIp }
::= {docsDevCpeTable 1 }
```

docsDevCpeIp OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX IPAddress
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS deprecated
DESCRIPTION

"The IPv4 address to which this entry applies.

 ${\tt N.B.}$ Attempts to set all zeros or all ones address values ${\tt MUST}$ be rejected."

```
::= { docsDevCpeEntry 1 }
docsDevCpeSource OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX INTEGER {
           other(1),
           manual(2),
           learned(3)
       MAX-ACCESS read-only
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "This object describes how this entry was created. If
            the value is manual(2), this row was created by a
            network management action (either configuration or
            SNMP set). If set to learned(3), then it was found via
            looking at the source IPv4 address of a received packet.
            The value other(1) is used for any entries that do not
            meet manual(2) or learned(3) criteria."
        ::= { docsDevCpeEntry 2 }
docsDevCpeStatus OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX RowStatus
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
            "Standard object to manipulate rows. To create a row in
            this table, one only needs to specify this object.
            Management stations SHOULD use the create-and-go
            mechanism for creating rows in this table."
        ::= { docsDevCpeEntry 3 }
-- Internet CPE Management and anti spoofing group, for support of
-- non-IPv4 CPEs.
docsDevCpeInetTable OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF DocsDevCpeInetEntry
       MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
            "This table lists the IP addresses seen (or permitted) as
            source addresses in packets originating from the
            customer interface on this device. In addition, this
            table can be provisioned with the specific addresses
            permitted for the CPEs via the normal row creation
            mechanisms.
```

N.B. Management action can add entries in this table and in docsDevCpeIpTable past the value of docsDevCpeIpMax. docsDevCpeIpMax ONLY restricts the ability of the CM to add learned addresses automatically.

Table entries MUST NOT persist across reboots for any device.

This table exactly mirrors docsDevCpeTable and applies to IPv4 and IPv6 addresses."

::= { docsDevCpe 4 }

docsDevCpeInetEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX DocsDevCpeInetEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"An entry in the docsDevFilterCpeInetTable. There is one entry for each IP CPE seen or provisioned. If docsDevCpeIpMax is set to -1, this table is ignored; otherwise, upon receipt of an IP packet from the customer interface of the CM, the source IP address is checked against this table. If the address is in the table, packet processing continues. If the address is not in the table but docsDevCpeEnroll is set to any and the sum of the table sizes for docsDevCpeTable and docsDevCpeInetTable is less than docsDevCpeIpMax, the address is added to the table, and packet processing continues. Otherwise, the packet is dropped.

The filtering actions specified by this table occur after any LLC filtering (docsDevFilterLLCTable), but prior to any IP filtering (docsDevFilterIpTable, docsDevNmAccessTable).

```
docsDevCpeInetType OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX InetAddressType
       MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
            "The type of internet address of docsDevCpeInetAddr."
         ::= { docsDevCpeInetEntry 1 }
docsDevCpeInetAddr OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX InetAddress
       MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
            "The Internet address to which this entry applies.
            Implementors need to be aware that if the size of
            docsDevCpeInetAddr exceeds 114 octets OIDs of
            instances of columns in this row will have more
            than 128 sub-identifiers and cannot be accessed
            using SNMPv1, SNMPv2c, or SNMPv3. Only unicast
            address are allowed for this object."
        ::= { docsDevCpeInetEntry 2 }
docsDevCpeInetSource OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX
                   INTEGER {
           manual(2),
           learned(3)
        }
       MAX-ACCESS read-only
       STATUS
                current
       DESCRIPTION
            "This object describes how this entry was created. If
            the value is manual(2), this row was created by a
            network management action (either configuration or
            SNMP set). If set to learned(3), then it was found
            via looking at the source IP address of a received
            packet."
        ::= { docsDevCpeInetEntry 3 }
docsDevCpeInetRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX RowStatus
       MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
            "Standard object to manipulate rows. To create a row in
            this table, one only needs to specify this object.
            Management stations SHOULD use the create-and-go
            mechanism for creating rows in this table."
```

```
::= { docsDevCpeInetEntry 4 }
-- Placeholder for notifications/traps.
-- erroneous, DO NOT USE docsDevNotification
-- erroneous, DO NOT USE docsDevNotification
docsDevNotifications OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { docsDev 0 }
-- RFC 2669 Conformance definitions
docsDevConformance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { docsDev 3 }
docsDevGroups OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { docsDevConformance 1 }
docsDevCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { docsDevConformance 2 }
docsDevBasicCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
       STATUS deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
           "The RFC 2669 compliance statement for MCNS/DOCSIS
           Cable Modems and Cable Modem Termination Systems."
MODULE -- docsDev
-- conditionally mandatory groups
GROUP docsDevBaseGroup
       DESCRIPTION
           "Mandatory in Cable Modems, optional in Cable Modem
           Termination Systems."
GROUP docsDevEventGroup
       DESCRIPTION
           "Mandatory in Cable Modems, optional in Cable Modem
            Termination Systems."
GROUP docsDevFilterGroup
       DESCRIPTION
           "Mandatory in Cable Modems, optional in Cable Modem
            Termination Systems."
GROUP docsDevNmAccessGroup
```

DESCRIPTION

"This group is only implemented in devices that do not implement the SNMPv3 User Security Model. It SHOULD NOT be implemented by devices that conform to SNMPv3.

For devices that do not implement SNMPv3 or later, this group is Mandatory in Cable Modems and is optional in Cable Modem Termination Systems."

GROUP docsDevServerGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is implemented only in Cable Modems, and is not implemented in Cable Modem Termination Systems."

GROUP docsDevSoftwareGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is Mandatory in Cable Modems and optional in Cable Modem Termination Systems."

GROUP docsDevCpeGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is Mandatory in Cable Modems, and is not implemented in Cable Modem Termination Systems."

OBJECT docsDevSTPControl

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"It is compliant to implement this object as read-only. Devices need only support noStFilterBpdu(2)."

OBJECT docsDevNmAccessIp

DESCRIPTION

"It is compliant to recognize the IP address 255.255.255.255 as referring to any NMS."

OBJECT docsDevEvReporting

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"It is compliant to implement this object as read-only. Devices need only support local(0). An agent need not enforce that trap or syslog logging be accompanied by local(0) or localVolatile(3) logging."

::= { docsDevCompliances 1 }

${\tt docsDevBaseGroup\ OBJECT-GROUP}$

OBJECTS {

docsDevRole,
docsDevDateTime,

```
docsDevResetNow,
             docsDevSerialNumber,
             docsDevSTPControl
        STATUS current
        DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects providing device status and
             control."
        ::= { docsDevGroups 1 }
docsDevNmAccessGroup OBJECT-GROUP
        OBJECTS {
            docsDevNmAccessIp,
             docsDevNmAccessIpMask,
             docsDevNmAccessCommunity,
             docsDevNmAccessControl,
             docsDevNmAccessInterfaces.
             docsDevNmAccessStatus
        STATUS
                  deprecated
        DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects for controlling access to SNMP
             objects on cable devices.
             This group has been deprecated because all the
             objects have been deprecated in favor of SNMPv3 and
             Coexistence MIBs."
        ::= { docsDevGroups 2 }
docsDevSoftwareGroup OBJECT-GROUP
        OBJECTS {
            docsDevSwServer,
            docsDevSwFilename,
            docsDevSwAdminStatus,
            docsDevSwOperStatus,
            docsDevSwCurrentVers
        STATUS
                   deprecated
        DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects for controlling software
             downloads.
             This group has been deprecated and replaced by
             docsDevSoftwareGroupV2. Object docsDevSwServer
             has been replaced by docsDevSwServerAddressType
             and docsDevSwServerAddress, and
             docsDevSwServerTransportProtocol has been added to
             support TFTP and HTTP firmware downloads."
```

```
::= { docsDevGroups 3 }
docsDevServerGroup OBJECT-GROUP
        OBJECTS {
            docsDevServerBootState,
            docsDevServerDhcp,
            docsDevServerTime,
            docsDevServerTftp,
            docsDevServerConfigFile
        STATUS
                  deprecated
        DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects providing status about server
            provisioning.
             This group has been deprecated and replaced by
             docsDevServerGroupV2. The objects docsDevServerDhcp,
             docsDevServerTime, and docsDevServerTftp have
             been replaced by docsDevServerDhcpAddressType,
             docsDevServerDhcpAddress, docsDevServerTimeAddressType,
             docsDevServerTimeAddress,
             docsDevServerConfigTftpAddressType, and
             docsDevServerConfigTftpAddress."
        ::= { docsDevGroups 4 }
docsDevEventGroup OBJECT-GROUP
        OBJECTS {
            docsDevEvControl,
            docsDevEvSyslog,
            docsDevEvThrottleAdminStatus,
            docsDevEvThrottleInhibited,
            docsDevEvThrottleThreshold,
            docsDevEvThrottleInterval,
            docsDevEvReporting,
            docsDevEvFirstTime,
            docsDevEvLastTime,
            docsDevEvCounts,
            docsDevEvLevel,
            docsDevEvId,
            docsDevEvText
        STATUS
                  deprecated
        DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects used to control and monitor
             events.
             This group has been deprecated and replaced by
             docsDevEventGroupV2. The object docsDevEvSyslog has
```

```
been replaced by docsDevEvSyslogAddressType and
             docsDevEvSyslogAddress, and docsDevEvThrottleInhibited
             has been replaced by
             docsDevEvThrottleThresholdExceeded."
        ::= { docsDevGroups 5 }
docsDevFilterGroup OBJECT-GROUP
        OBJECTS {
            docsDevFilterLLCUnmatchedAction,
            docsDevFilterIpDefault,
            docsDevFilterLLCStatus,
            docsDevFilterLLCIfIndex,
            docsDevFilterLLCProtocolType,
            docsDevFilterLLCProtocol,
            docsDevFilterLLCMatches,
            docsDevFilterIpControl,
            docsDevFilterIpIfIndex,
            docsDevFilterIpStatus,
            docsDevFilterIpDirection,
            docsDevFilterIpBroadcast,
            docsDevFilterIpSaddr,
            docsDevFilterIpSmask,
            docsDevFilterIpDaddr,
            docsDevFilterIpDmask,
            docsDevFilterIpProtocol,
            docsDevFilterIpSourcePortLow,
            docsDevFilterIpSourcePortHigh,
            docsDevFilterIpDestPortLow,
            docsDevFilterIpDestPortHigh,
            docsDevFilterIpMatches,
            docsDevFilterIpTos,
            docsDevFilterIpTosMask,
            docsDevFilterIpContinue,
            docsDevFilterIpPolicyId,
            docsDevFilterPolicyId,
            docsDevFilterPolicyStatus,
            docsDevFilterPolicyPtr,
            docsDevFilterTosStatus,
            docsDevFilterTosAndMask,
            docsDevFilterTosOrMask
        STATUS
                  deprecated
        DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to specify filters at the link
             layer and IPv4 layer.
             This group has been deprecated and replaced by various
             groups from the DiffServ MIB."
```

```
::= { docsDevGroups 6 }
docsDevCpeGroup OBJECT-GROUP
       OBJECTS {
          docsDevCpeEnroll,
          docsDevCpeIpMax,
          docsDevCpeSource,
          docsDevCpeStatus
        }
       STATUS
                 deprecated
       DESCRIPTION
           "A collection of objects used to control the number
            and specific values of IPv4 addresses allowed for
            associated Customer Premises Equipment (CPE).
            This group has been deprecated and replaced by
            docsDevInetCpeGroup. The object docsDevCpeSource has
            been replaced by docsDevCpeInetSource, and
            docsDevCpeStatus has been replaced by
            docsDevCpeInetRowStatus."
        ::= { docsDevGroups 7 }
-- RFC 4639 Conformance definitions
docsDevCompliancesV2 OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { docsDevConformance 4 }
docsDevCmCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
        STATUS current
        DESCRIPTION
            "The compliance statement for DOCSIS Cable Modems.
             This compliance statement applies to implementations
             of DOCSIS versions that are not IPv6 capable."
MODULE DIFFSERV-MIB -- RFC 3289
MANDATORY-GROUPS {
          diffServMIBDataPathGroup,
          diffServMIBClfrGroup,
          diffServMIBClfrElementGroup,
          diffServMIBMultiFieldClfrGroup,
          diffServMIBActionGroup,
          diffServMIBDscpMarkActGroup,
          diffServMIBCounterGroup,
          {\tt diffServMIBAlgDropGroup}
```

```
}
OBJECT diffServDataPathStatus -- same as RFC 3289
         SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1) }
         WRITE-SYNTAX RowStatus { createAndGo(4), destroy(6) }
         DESCRIPTION
             "Support for createAndWait and notInService is not
              required."
OBJECT diffServClfrStatus -- same as RFC 3289
         SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1) }
         WRITE-SYNTAX RowStatus { createAndGo(4), destroy(6) }
         DESCRIPTION
             "Support for createAndWait and notInService is not
              required."
OBJECT diffServClfrElementStatus -- same as RFC 3289
         SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1) }
         WRITE-SYNTAX RowStatus { createAndGo(4), destroy(6) }
             "Support for createAndWait and notInService is not
              required."
OBJECT diffServMultiFieldClfrAddrType
         SYNTAX InetAddressType { ipv4(1) }
         DESCRIPTION
             "An implementation is only required to support IPv4
              addresses."
OBJECT diffServMultiFieldClfrSrcAddr
         SYNTAX InetAddress (SIZE(4))
         DESCRIPTION
             "An implementation is only required to support IPv4
              addresses."
OBJECT diffServMultiFieldClfrDstAddr
         SYNTAX InetAddress (SIZE(4))
         DESCRIPTION
             "An implementation is only required to support IPv4
              addresses."
OBJECT diffServAlgDropStatus -- same as RFC 3289
         SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1) }
         WRITE-SYNTAX RowStatus { createAndGo(4), destroy(6) }
         DESCRIPTION
             "Support for createAndWait and notInService is not
             required."
```

```
OBJECT diffServDataPathStorage
        SYNTAX StorageType { volatile(2) }
         DESCRIPTION
             "An implementation is only required to support
              volatile storage."
OBJECT diffServClfrStorage
         SYNTAX StorageType { volatile(2) }
         DESCRIPTION
             "An implementation is only required to support
              volatile storage."
OBJECT diffServClfrElementStorage
         SYNTAX StorageType { volatile(2) }
         DESCRIPTION
             "An implementation is only required to support
              volatile storage."
OBJECT diffServMultiFieldClfrStorage
         SYNTAX StorageType { volatile(2) }
             "An implementation is only required to support
              volatile storage."
OBJECT diffServActionStorage
         SYNTAX StorageType { volatile(2) }
         DESCRIPTION
             "An implementation is only required to support
              volatile storage."
OBJECT diffServCountActStorage
         SYNTAX StorageType { volatile(2) }
         DESCRIPTION
             "An implementation is only required to support
              volatile storage."
OBJECT diffServAlgDropStorage
         SYNTAX StorageType { volatile(2) }
         DESCRIPTION
             "An implementation is only required to support
              volatile storage."
OBJECT diffServAlgDropType
         SYNTAX INTEGER { alwaysDrop(5) }
         DESCRIPTION
             "This object is only used to provide packet
              filtering. Implementations need not support other
              values of this enumeration."
```

```
MODULE -- docsDev
MANDATORY-GROUPS {
           docsDevBaseGroup,
           docsDevBaseIgmpGroup,
           docsDevBaseMaxCpeGroup,
           docsDevSoftwareGroupV2,
           docsDevServerGroupV2,
           docsDevEventGroupV2,
           docsDevFilterLLCGroup
           }
-- conditionally mandatory groups
GROUP docsDevInetCpeGroup
        DESCRIPTION
            "This group is optional in Cable Modems."
OBJECT docsDevDateTime
         MIN-ACCESS read-only
         DESCRIPTION
             "It is compliant to implement this object as read-only."
OBJECT docsDevSTPControl
         SYNTAX INTEGER { noStFilterBpdu(2) }
         MIN-ACCESS read-only
         DESCRIPTION
             "It is compliant to implement this object as read-only.
              Devices need only support noStFilterBpdu(2)."
OBJECT docsDevIgmpModeControl
         SYNTAX INTEGER { passive(1) }
         MIN-ACCESS read-only
         DESCRIPTION
             "It is compliant to implement this object as read-only.
              Devices need only support passive(1)."
OBJECT docsDevSwServerAddressType
         SYNTAX InetAddressType { ipv4(1) }
         DESCRIPTION
             "An implementation is only required to support IPv4
              addresses."
OBJECT docsDevSwServerAddress
         SYNTAX InetAddress (SIZE(4))
             "An implementation is only required to support IPv4
              addresses."
```

```
OBJECT docsDevServerDhcpAddressType
         SYNTAX InetAddressType { ipv4(1) }
         DESCRIPTION
             "An implementation is only required to support IPv4
              addresses."
OBJECT docsDevServerDhcpAddress
         SYNTAX InetAddress (SIZE(4))
         DESCRIPTION
             "An implementation is only required to support IPv4
              addresses."
OBJECT docsDevServerTimeAddressType
         SYNTAX InetAddressType { ipv4(1) }
         DESCRIPTION
             "An implementation is only required to support IPv4
              addresses."
OBJECT docsDevServerTimeAddress
         SYNTAX InetAddress (SIZE(4))
             "An implementation is only required to support IPv4
              addresses."
OBJECT docsDevServerConfigTftpAddressType
         SYNTAX InetAddressType { ipv4(1) }
         DESCRIPTION
             "An implementation is only required to support IPv4
              addresses."
{\tt OBJECT\ docsDevServerConfigTftpAddress}
         SYNTAX InetAddress (SIZE(4))
         DESCRIPTION
             "An implementation is only required to support IPv4
              addresses."
OBJECT docsDevEvReporting
         MIN-ACCESS read-only
         DESCRIPTION
             "It is compliant to implement this object as read-only.
              Devices need only support local(0)."
OBJECT docsDevEvSyslogAddressType
         SYNTAX InetAddressType { ipv4(1) }
         DESCRIPTION
             "An implementation is only required to support IPv4
              addresses."
```

```
OBJECT docsDevEvSyslogAddress
         SYNTAX InetAddress (SIZE(4))
         DESCRIPTION
             "An implementation is only required to support IPv4
              addresses."
OBJECT docsDevSwServerTransportProtocol
         SYNTAX INTEGER { tftp(1) }
         DESCRIPTION
             "An implementation is only required to support TFTP
              software image downloads."
         ::= { docsDevCompliancesV2 1 }
docsDevCmtsCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
         STATUS current
         DESCRIPTION
             "The compliance statement for DOCSIS Cable Modem
              Termination Systems.
              This compliance statement applies to implementations
              of DOCSIS versions that are not IPv6 capable."
MODULE -- docsDev
-- conditionally mandatory groups
GROUP docsDevBaseGroup
        DESCRIPTION
            "Optional in Cable Modem Termination Systems."
GROUP docsDevBaseIgmpGroup
        DESCRIPTION
            "Optional in Cable Modem Termination Systems."
GROUP docsDevBaseMaxCpeGroup
       DESCRIPTION
            "This group MUST NOT be implemented in Cable Modem
             Termination Systems."
GROUP docsDevSoftwareGroupV2
        DESCRIPTION
            "Optional in Cable Modem Termination Systems."
GROUP docsDevServerGroupV2
        DESCRIPTION
            "This group MUST NOT be implemented in Cable Modem
             Termination Systems."
```

```
GROUP docsDevEventGroupV2
       DESCRIPTION
            "Optional in Cable Modem Termination Systems."
GROUP docsDevFilterLLCGroup
        DESCRIPTION
            "This group MUST NOT be implemented in Cable Modem
             Termination Systems. See the Subscriber Management
             MIB for similar CMTS capability."
GROUP docsDevInetCpeGroup
        DESCRIPTION
            "This group MUST NOT be implemented in Cable Modem
             Termination Systems. See the Subscriber Management
             MIB for similar CMTS capability."
OBJECT docsDevDateTime
         MIN-ACCESS read-only
         DESCRIPTION
             "It is compliant to implement this object as read-only."
OBJECT docsDevSTPControl
         SYNTAX INTEGER { noStFilterBpdu(2) }
         MIN-ACCESS read-only
         DESCRIPTION
             "It is compliant to implement this object as read-only.
             Devices need only support noStFilterBpdu(2)."
OBJECT docsDevIqmpModeControl
         SYNTAX INTEGER { passive(1) }
         MIN-ACCESS read-only
         DESCRIPTION
             "It is compliant to implement this object as read-only.
              Devices need only support passive(1)."
OBJECT docsDevSwServerAddressType
         SYNTAX InetAddressType { ipv4(1) }
             "An implementation is only required to support IPv4
              addresses."
OBJECT docsDevSwServerAddress
         SYNTAX InetAddress (SIZE(4))
         DESCRIPTION
             "An implementation is only required to support IPv4
              addresses."
OBJECT docsDevEvReporting
```

```
MIN-ACCESS read-only
         DESCRIPTION
             "It is compliant to implement this object as read-only.
             Devices need only support local(0)."
OBJECT docsDevEvSyslogAddressType
         SYNTAX InetAddressType { ipv4(1) }
         DESCRIPTION
             "An implementation is only required to support IPv4
             addresses."
OBJECT docsDevEvSyslogAddress
         SYNTAX InetAddress (SIZE(4))
         DESCRIPTION
             "An implementation is only required to support IPv4
              addresses."
OBJECT docsDevSwServerTransportProtocol
         SYNTAX INTEGER { tftp(1) }
         DESCRIPTION
             "An implementation is only required to support TFTP
              software image downloads."
         ::= { docsDevCompliancesV2 2 }
docsDevBaseIgmpGroup OBJECT-GROUP
        OBJECTS {
             docsDevIgmpModeControl
        }
        STATUS current
        DESCRIPTION
            "An object providing cable device IGMP status and
             control."
        ::= { docsDevGroupsV2 1 }
docsDevBaseMaxCpeGroup OBJECT-GROUP
       OBJECTS {
            docsDevMaxCpe
        STATUS
                 current
        DESCRIPTION
            "An object providing management of the maximum number of
             CPEs permitted access through a cable modem."
        ::= { docsDevGroupsV2 2 }
docsDevNmAccessExtGroup OBJECT-GROUP
        OBJECTS {
             docsDevNmAccessTrapVersion
```

```
STATUS
                   deprecated
        DESCRIPTION
            "An object, in addition to the objects in
             docsDevNmAccessGroup, for controlling access to
             SNMP objects on cable devices.
             This group is included in this MIB due to existing
             implementations of docsDevNmAccessTrapVersion in
             DOCSIS cable modems.
             This group has been deprecated because the object has
             been deprecated in favor of SNMPv3 and Coexistence
             MIBs."
        ::= { docsDevGroupsV2 3 }
docsDevSoftwareGroupV2 OBJECT-GROUP
        OBJECTS {
            docsDevSwFilename,
            docsDevSwAdminStatus,
            docsDevSwOperStatus,
            docsDevSwCurrentVers,
            docsDevSwServerAddressType,
            docsDevSwServerAddress,
            docsDevSwServerTransportProtocol
        STATUS
                   current
        DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects for controlling software
            downloads. This group replaces docsDevSoftwareGroup."
        ::= { docsDevGroupsV2 4 }
docsDevServerGroupV2 OBJECT-GROUP
        OBJECTS {
            docsDevServerBootState,
            docsDevServerDhcpAddressType,
            docsDevServerDhcpAddress,
            docsDevServerTimeAddressType,
            docsDevServerTimeAddress,
            docsDevServerConfigTftpAddressType,
            docsDevServerConfigTftpAddress,
            docsDevServerConfigFile
        STATUS
                  current
        DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects providing status about server
            provisioning. This group replaces docsDevServerGroup."
        ::= { docsDevGroupsV2 5 }
```

```
docsDevEventGroupV2 OBJECT-GROUP
       OBJECTS {
            docsDevEvControl,
            docsDevEvThrottleAdminStatus,
            docsDevEvThrottleThreshold,
            docsDevEvThrottleInterval,
            docsDevEvReporting,
            docsDevEvFirstTime,
            docsDevEvLastTime,
            docsDevEvCounts,
            docsDevEvLevel,
            docsDevEvId,
            docsDevEvText,
            docsDevEvSyslogAddressType,
            docsDevEvSyslogAddress,
            docsDevEvThrottleThresholdExceeded
        STATUS
                  current
        DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects used to control and monitor
             events. This group replaces docsDevEventGroup.
             The event reporting mechanism, and more specifically
             docsDevEvReporting, can be used to take advantage of
             the event reporting features of RFC3413 and RFC3014."
        ::= { docsDevGroupsV2 6 }
docsDevFilterLLCGroup OBJECT-GROUP
        OBJECTS {
            docsDevFilterLLCUnmatchedAction,
            docsDevFilterLLCStatus,
            docsDevFilterLLCIfIndex,
            docsDevFilterLLCProtocolType,
            docsDevFilterLLCProtocol,
            docsDevFilterLLCMatches
        STATUS
                 current
        DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to specify link layer filters."
        ::= { docsDevGroupsV2 7 }
docsDevInetCpeGroup OBJECT-GROUP
        OBJECTS {
           docsDevCpeEnroll,
           docsDevCpeIpMax,
           docsDevCpeInetSource,
           docsDevCpeInetRowStatus
        STATUS current
```

DESCRIPTION

"A collection of objects used to control the number and specific values of Internet (e.g., IPv4 and IPv6) addresses allowed for associated Customer Premises Equipment (CPE)."

::= { docsDevGroupsV2 8 }

END

5. Acknowledgements

This document is a production of the IPCDN Working Group and is a revision of RFC 2669, "Cable Device Management Information Base for DOCSIS-Compliant Cable Modems and Cable Modem Termination Systems" [RFC2669]. Mike St. Johns and Guenter Roeck served well as the editors of previous versions of this MIB module.

The editor specifically wishes to thank Howard Abramson, Eduardo Cardona, Andre Lejeune, Kevin Marez, Jean-Francois Mule, Greg Nakanishi, Pak Siripunkaw, Boris Tsekinovski, Randy Presuhn, Bert Wijnen, and Bill Yost for their contributions to this document.

5.1. Revision Descriptions

This document contains the following revisions over RFC 2669:

- o All IPv4 address objects were either deprecated and replaced or mirrored with IPv6 objects, where appropriate, following the guidelines of RFC 4001 [RFC4001]. In particular, docsDevCpeInetTable was added, and the docsDevFilterGroup objects were deprecated in favor of the DiffServ MIB.
- o Objects that were obviated by SNMPv3 and the SNMP Coexistence MIBs have been deprecated; e.g., docsDevNmAccessTable.
- o A new object, docsDevIgmpModeControl, has been added to control passive versus active IGMP modem operation.
- o A new object, docsDevMaxCpe, has been added to report the maximum number of CPEs granted network access across the CM.
- o A new object, docsDevSwServerTransportProtocol, has been added to docsDevSoftware, and other object DESCRIPTIONs have been modified, to enable the use of either TFTP or HTTP for software downloads to the device.

- o A new object, docsDevEvThrottleThresholdExceeded, has been added to replace docsDevEvThrottleInhibited for simplification of event threshold management.
- o The docsDevEvReporting object has been modified to enable local logging to the internal volatile log, and not to the internal non-volatile log.
- o Minor updates to the description text have been made to a number of objects to clarify their meaning.
- o The compliance statements were updated to reflect current requirements (including making the docsDevCpe objects optional) and split between CM and CMTS devices.
- o Text was added to indicate support of the SNMP Notification MIB [RFC3413] and Notification Log MIB [RFC3014] modules.

6. Security Considerations

This MIB module relates to a system that will provide metropolitan public internet access. As such, improper manipulation of the objects represented by this MIB module may result in denial of service to a large number of end-users. In addition, manipulation of docsDevNmAccessTable, docsDevFilterLLCTable, docsDevFilterIpTable, docsDevFilterInetTable, and the elements of the docsDevCpe and docsDevCpeInetTable groups may allow an end-user to increase his or her service levels, spoof his or her IP addresses, change the permitted management stations, or affect other end-users in either a positive or negative manner.

It is recommended that the implementors prevent the "tiny fragment" and "overlapping fragment" attacks for the IP filtering tables in this MIB module, as discussed in [RFC1858] and [RFC3128]. Prevention of these attacks can be implemented with the following rules, when TCP source and/or destination port filtering is enabled:

- o Admit all packets with fragment offset >= 2.
- o Discard all packets with fragment offset = 1, or with fragment offset = 0 AND fragment payload length < 16.
- o Apply filtering rules to all packets with fragment offset = 0.

This MIB module does not affect confidentiality of services on a cable modem system. [BPI] and [BPIPLUS] specify the implementation of the DOCSIS Baseline Privacy and Baseline Privacy Plus mechanisms for data transmission confidentiality.

There are a number of management objects defined in this MIB module with a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write and/or read-create. Such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations. These are the tables and objects and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

- o The use of docsDevNmAccessTable to specify management stations is considered only limited protection and does not protect against attacks that spoof the management station's IP address. The use of stronger mechanisms, such as SNMPv3 security, should be considered, where possible. Specifically, SNMPv3 USM [RFC3414] and VACM [RFC3415] MUST be used with any v3 agent that implements this MIB module.
- o The CM may have its software changed by the actions of the management system using a combination of the following objects: docsDevSwServer, docsDevSwFilename, docsDevSwAdminStatus, docsDevSwServerAddressType, docsDevSwServerAddress, and docsDevSwServerTransportProtocol. An improper software download may result in substantial vulnerabilities and the loss of the ability of the management system to control the cable modem. A cable device SHOULD implement the code verification mechanisms of [BPIPLUS] to verify the source and integrity of downloaded software images.
- o The device may be reset by setting docsDevResetNow = true(1). This causes the device to reload its configuration files, as well as to eliminate all previous non-persistent network management settings. As such, this may provide a vector for attacking the system.
- o Setting docsDevEvThrottleAdminStatus = unconstrained(1) (which is also the DEFVAL) may cause flooding of traps, which can disrupt network service. Additionally, docsDevThrottleThreshold and docsDevThrottleInterval could also be set to high values that may cause a disruption in service.
- o Setting docsDevDateTime to an arbitrary (incorrect) value would merely cause the device to record incorrect timestamps on many events/actions that rely on this object for reporting.
- o Setting docsDevEvControl to resetLog(1) will delete any event log history and could potentially impact debugging/troubleshooting efforts.
- o Setting docsDevEvSyslog.

- o Setting docsDevEvReporting to enable syslog reporting, along with a redirect of the syslog server could allow access to sensitive information on network devices. Modifying docsDevEvSyslog, docsDevEvSyslogAddressType, or docsDevEvSyslogAddress could allow a redirect of sensitive information.
- Setting docsDevFilterLLCnmatchedAction or docsDevFilterIpDefault could cause significant changes to default traffic filtering on a device.
- o Setting docsDevCpeEnroll to any(2) could cause the docsDevFilterCPETable to be populated, which may not be the intended functionality.
- o Setting docsDevCpeIpMax to a value other than that intended by the MSO may allow a user to provision more devices than the MSO would like.
- o Setting values in the docsDevNmAccess table can potentially introduce a mechanism for users to use a local NMS device and manipulate other settings in the CM or CMTS.
- o Setting values in the docsDevFilterLLC and docsDevFilterIP tables can allow or deny access to certain devices that the MSO does not want.
- o Setting docsDevCpeStatus and docsDevCpeInetRowStatus may allow users to provision more devices than were intended by the MSO, or to provision different ones.

Some of the readable objects in this MIB module (i.e., objects with a MAX-ACCESS other than not-accessible) may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. It is thus important to control even GET access to these objects and possibly to even encrypt the values of these objects when sending them over the network via SNMP. These are the tables and objects and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

- o Rows from docsDevNmAccessTable may provide sufficient information for attackers to spoof management stations that have management access to the device.
- o The docsDevSwCurrentVers object may provide hints as to the software vulnerabilities of the cable device.
- o The docsDevFilterLLCTable and docsDevFilterLLCTable may provide clues for attacking the cable device and other subscriber devices.

SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 did not include adequate security. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPsec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

It is RECOMMENDED that implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework (see [RFC3410], section 8), including full support for the SNMPv3 cryptographic mechanisms (for authentication and privacy).

Further, deployment of SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 is NOT RECOMMENDED. Instead, it is RECOMMENDED to deploy SNMPv3 and to enable cryptographic security. It is then a customer/operator responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB module, is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

7. IANA Considerations

The MIB module defined in this document uses the following IANA-assigned OBJECT IDENTIFIER values, recorded in the SMI Numbers registry:

```
Descriptor OBJECT IDENTIFIER value
-----
docsDevMIB { mib-2 69 }
```

8. References

8.1. Normative References

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