Data 583 Project

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```
source("C:/Users/yizhe/Desktop/data_583/project/seismictimingsfull.R")
seis <- seismictimingsfull
head(seis)</pre>
```

```
## x y z

## 1 0.125 8 261

## 2 0.250 8 263

## 3 0.375 8 266

## 4 0.500 8 259

## 5 0.625 8 258

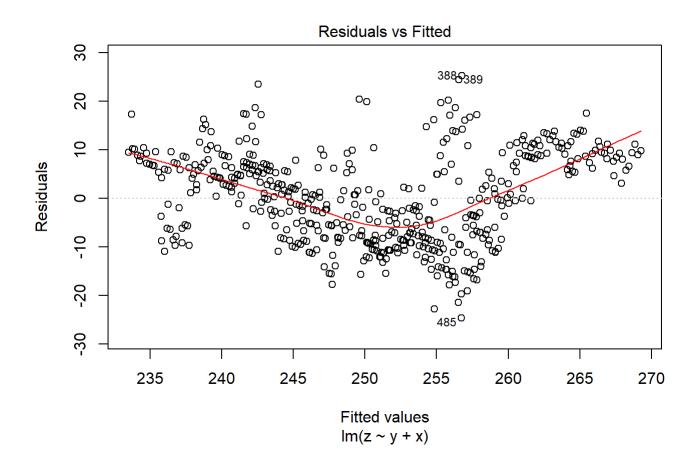
## 6 0.750 8 253
```

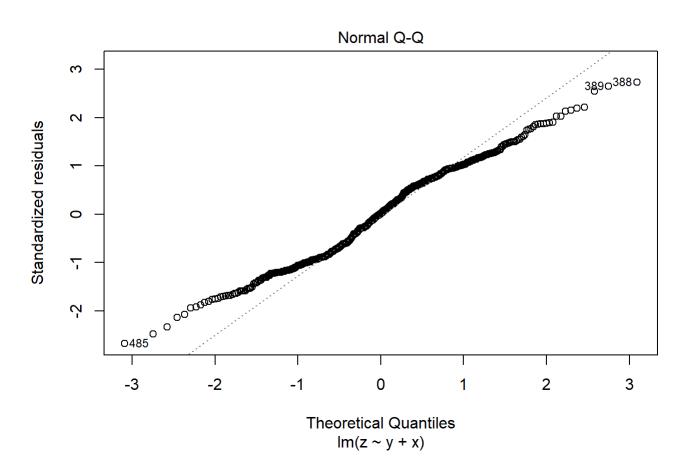
Multiple Linear Regression

```
seis.lm <- lm(z~y+x, data=seis)
summary(seis.lm)</pre>
```

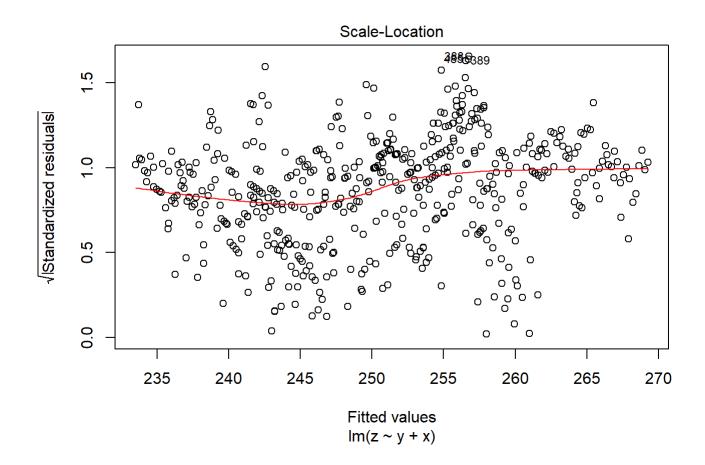
```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = z \sim y + x, data = seis)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                 1Q Median
                                  3Q
                                          Max
                      0.1006
## -24.7271 -8.0735
                             7.2143 25.2359
##
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 275.8787 1.3981 197.327 <2e-16 ***
## y
               -1.7250
                           0.1968 -8.764 <2e-16 ***
               -4.0290
                          0.1907 -21.131 <2e-16 ***
## x
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 9.239 on 501 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.4716, Adjusted R-squared: 0.4695
## F-statistic: 223.6 on 2 and 501 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

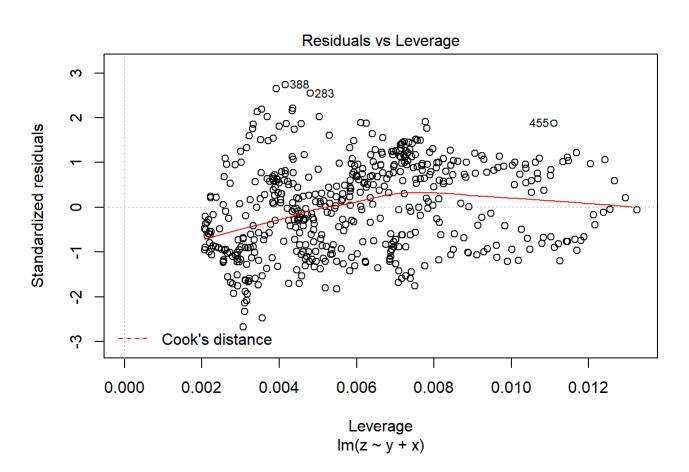
```
plot(seis.lm)
```





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```
AIC(seis.lm)
```

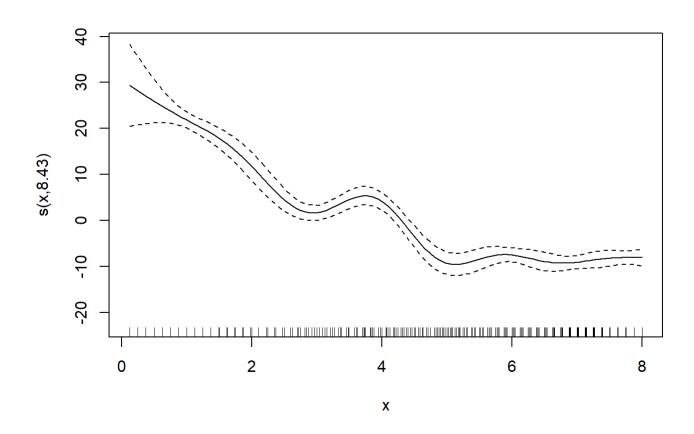
```
## [1] 3676.541
```

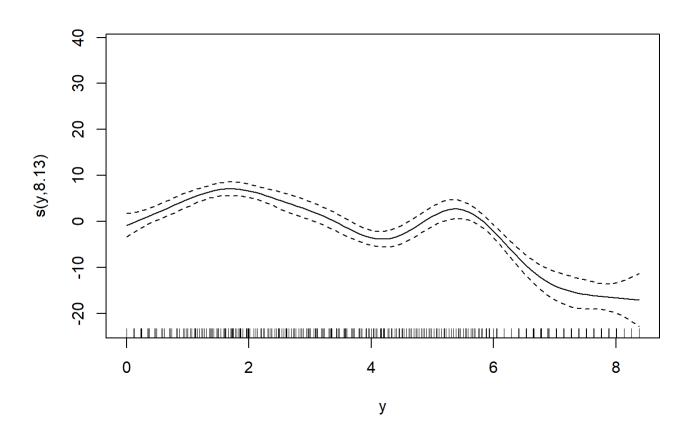
Bivariate Spline Regression (with equally spaced knots)

```
library(mgcv)
## Warning: package 'mgcv' was built under R version 3.5.3
## Loading required package: nlme
## This is mgcv 1.8-28. For overview type 'help("mgcv-package")'.
number.knots <- 10
spacings_x <- seq(from=min(seis$x),to=max(seis$x),length=number.knots+2)[2:(number.knots+1)]</pre>
spacings y <- seq(from=min(seis$y),to=max(seis$y),length=number.knots+2)[2:(number.knots+1)]</pre>
seis.sr <- gam(z \sim s(x) + s(y), knots=list(spacings_x, spacings_y), data = seis)
summary(seis.sr)
##
## Family: gaussian
## Link function: identity
##
## Formula:
## z \sim s(x) + s(y)
##
## Parametric coefficients:
```

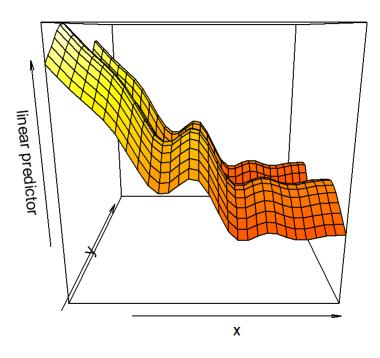
```
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
                                  778.9 <2e-16 ***
## (Intercept) 250.6250
                       0.3218
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Approximate significance of smooth terms:
         edf Ref.df
                       F p-value
## s(x) 8.433 8.898 97.09 <2e-16 ***
## s(y) 8.129 8.774 33.15 <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## R-sq.(adj) = 0.676 Deviance explained = 68.6%
## GCV = 54.062 Scale est. = 52.178
                                     n = 504
```

```
plot.gam(seis.sr)
```





vis.gam(seis.sr)



AIC(seis.sr)

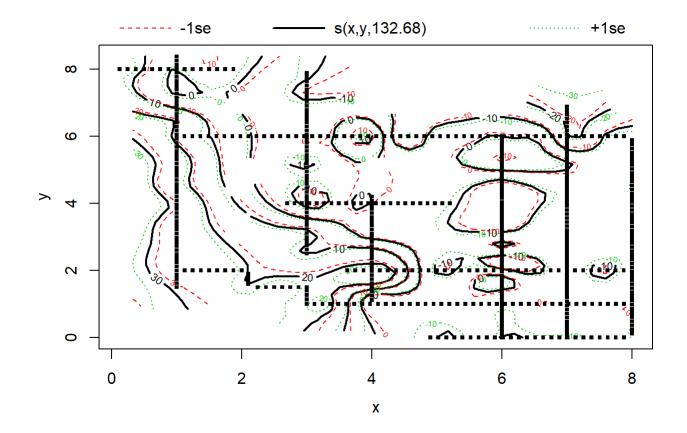
[1] 3442.686

Thin-plate Splines

```
# thin plate spline, k=150
seis.tpsl <- gam(z~s(x,y,k=150), data=seis)
summary(seis.tpsl)</pre>
```

```
##
## Family: gaussian
## Link function: identity
##
## Formula:
## z \sim s(x, y, k = 150)
##
## Parametric coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
                          0.1299
## (Intercept) 250.6250
                                    1929 <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Approximate significance of smooth terms:
##
           edf Ref.df
                          F p-value
## s(x,y) 132.7 145.5 62.18 <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## R-sq.(adj) = 0.947 Deviance explained = 96.1%
## GCV = 11.575 Scale est. = 8.5048
```

plot(seis.tpsl, cex=4)

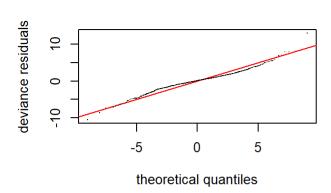


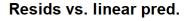
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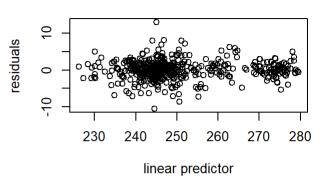
```
AIC(seis.tpsl)
```

```
## [1] 2623.19
```

```
gam.check(seis.tpsl)
```



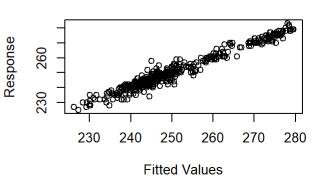




Histogram of residuals

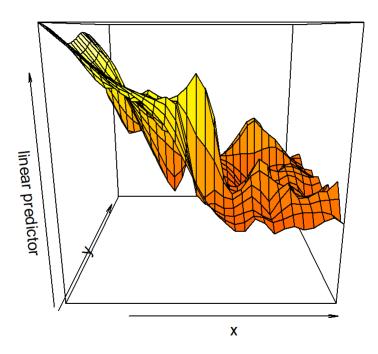
Lednency -10 -5 0 5 10 15 Residuals

Response vs. Fitted Values



```
##
## Method: GCV
                 Optimizer: magic
## Smoothing parameter selection converged after 5 iterations by steepest
## descent step failure.
## The RMS GCV score gradient at convergence was 4.119849e-06 .
## The Hessian was positive definite.
## Model rank = 150 / 150
##
## Basis dimension (k) checking results. Low p-value (k-index<1) may
  indicate that k is too low, especially if edf is close to k'.
##
##
##
           k' edf k-index p-value
## s(x,y) 149 133
                     1.11
                             0.99
```

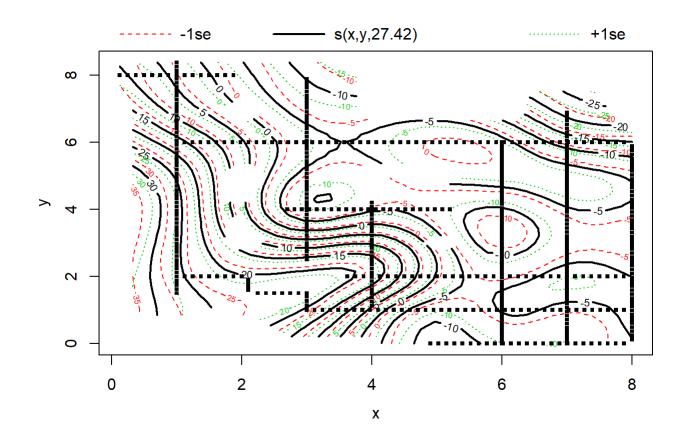
```
vis.gam(seis.tpsl)
```



```
# thin plate spline, k=-1
seis.tpsl <- gam(z~s(x,y,k=-1), data=seis)
summary(seis.tpsl)</pre>
```

```
##
## Family: gaussian
## Link function: identity
##
## Formula:
## z \sim s(x, y, k = -1)
##
## Parametric coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 250.6250
                           0.2582
                                    970.5 <2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Approximate significance of smooth terms:
           edf Ref.df
                          F p-value
##
## s(x,y) 27.42 28.84 66.29 <2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## R-sq.(adj) = 0.791 Deviance explained = 80.3\%
                                       n = 504
## GCV = 35.621 Scale est. = 33.612
```

plot(seis.tpsl, cex=4)



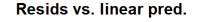
AIC(seis.tpsl)

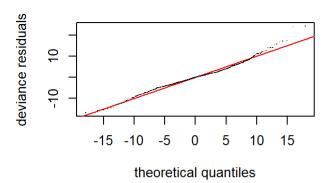
[1] 3231.378

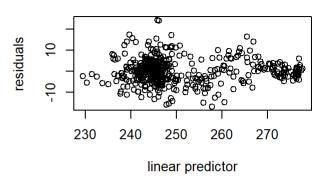
gam.check(seis.tpsl)

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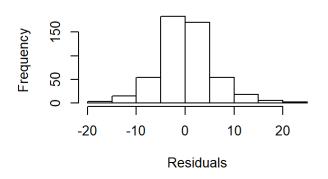


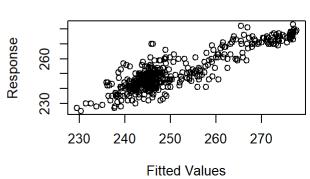




Histogram of residuals

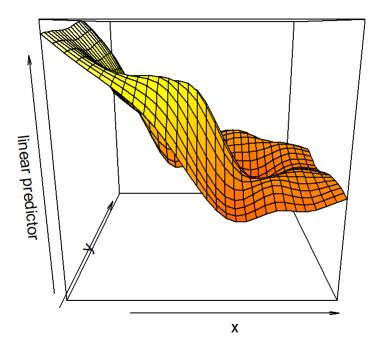
Response vs. Fitted Values





```
##
## Method: GCV
                Optimizer: magic
## Smoothing parameter selection converged after 5 iterations.
## The RMS GCV score gradient at convergence was 2.844238e-05 .
## The Hessian was positive definite.
## Model rank = 30 / 30
##
## Basis dimension (k) checking results. Low p-value (k-index<1) may
## indicate that k is too low, especially if edf is close to k'.
##
               edf k-index p-value
##
## s(x,y) 29.0 27.4
                      0.37 <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
vis.gam(seis.tpsl)
```

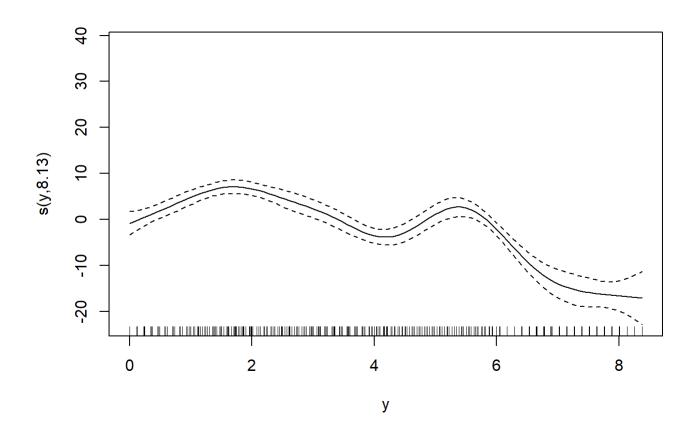


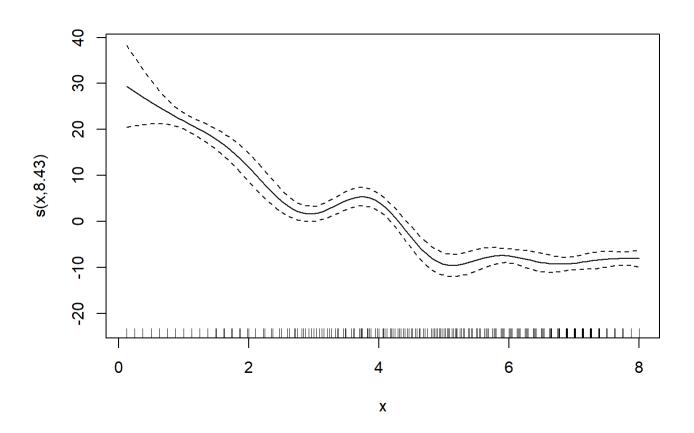
Generalized Additive Model

```
library(mgcv)
# normal family
seis.gam.normal <- gam(z ~ s(y) + s(x), data = seis)
summary(seis.gam.normal)</pre>
```

```
##
## Family: gaussian
## Link function: identity
##
## Formula:
## z \sim s(y) + s(x)
##
## Parametric coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 250.6250   0.3218   778.9   <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Approximate significance of smooth terms:
##
         edf Ref.df
                        F p-value
## s(y) 8.129 8.774 33.15 <2e-16 ***
## s(x) 8.433 8.898 97.09 <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## R-sq.(adj) = 0.676 Deviance explained = 68.6%
## GCV = 54.062 Scale est. = 52.178
```

```
plot(seis.gam.normal)
```

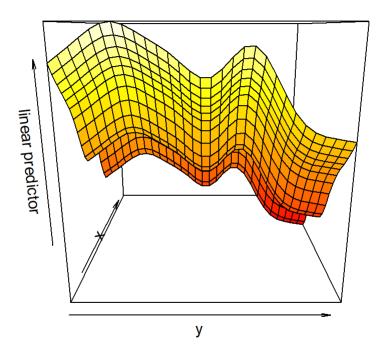




```
AIC(seis.gam.normal)
```

```
## [1] 3442.686
```

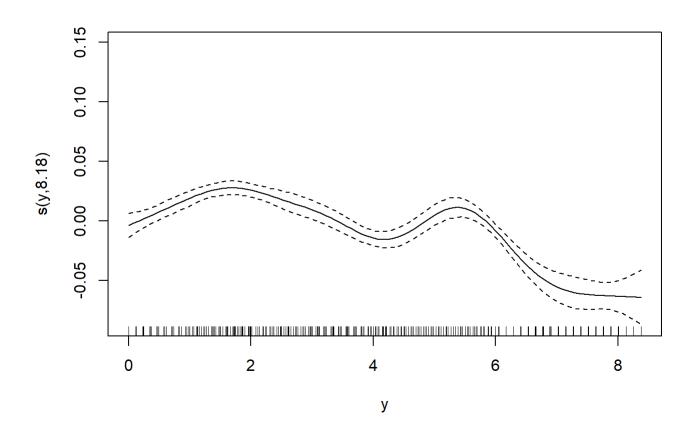
```
vis.gam(seis.gam.normal)
```

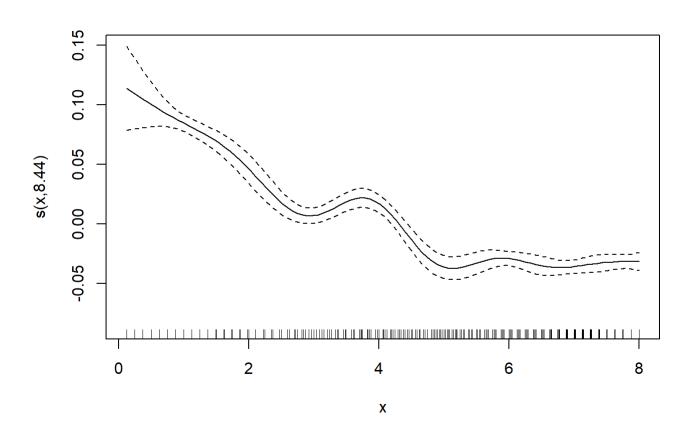


```
# gamma family seis.gam.gamma <- gam(z \sim s(y) + s(x), data = seis, family = Gamma(link = "log")) summary(seis.gam.gamma)
```

```
##
## Family: Gamma
## Link function: log
##
## Formula:
## z \sim s(y) + s(x)
##
## Parametric coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 5.523104 0.001273 4338 <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Approximate significance of smooth terms:
##
         edf Ref.df
                        F p-value
## s(y) 8.179 8.798 32.22 <2e-16 ***
## s(x) 8.437 8.900 94.04 <2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## R-sq.(adj) = 0.678 Deviance explained = 68.4%
## GCV = 0.00084565 Scale est. = 0.00081696 n = 504
```

```
plot(seis.gam.gamma)
```





AIC(seis.gam.gamma)

[1] 3432.615

vis.gam(seis.gam.gamma)

