

单词打卡 Day1

《机考SAT真题1000词-2024版（英英释义）》

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厚朴优学

reciprocate  [rɪ'sɪprəkeɪt] v. 回报

英文释义: to behave or feel towards sb in the same way as they behave or feel towards you

例句: In habitats with limited nutrients, certain fungus species grow on the roots of trees, engaging in mutually beneficial relationships known as ectomycorrhizae: in this symbiotic exchange, the tree provides the fungus with carbon, a nutrient necessary for both species, and the fungus reciprocate by enhancing the tree's ability to absorb nitrogen, another key nutrient, from the soil.

renunciation  [rɪˌnʌnsi'eɪʃn] n. 宣布放弃


英文释义: an act of stating publicly that you no longer believe sth or that you are giving sth up

例句: In Nature Poem (2017), Kumeyaay poet Tommy Pico portrays his renunciation of the natural world by honoring the centrality of nature within his tribe's traditional beliefs while simultaneously expressing his distaste for being in wilderness settings himself.

tenuous  ['tenjuəs] adj. 站不住脚的

英文释义: so weak or uncertain that it hardly exists

例句: The author's claim about the relationship between Neanderthals and Homo sapiens is tenuous, as it fails to account for several recent.

unobtrusive  [ˌʌnəb'truːsɪv] adj. 不张扬的

英文释义: not attracting unnecessary attention

例句: The service at the hotel is efficient and unobtrusive.

peripheral  [pə'rɪfərəl] adj. （在…）边缘的


英文释义: in the outer area of something, or relating to this area

例句: Because Xoconochco's location within the empire was so peripheral, cacao and other trade goods produced there could reach the capital only after a long overland journey.

pragmatic  [præg'mætɪk] adj. 实用的


英文释义: solving problems in a practical and sensible way rather than by having fixed ideas or theories

例句: Knowledge of chronobiological patterns can have many pragmatic implications for our day-to-day lives.

fling  [flɪŋ] v. (尤指生气地) 扔

英文释义: to throw sb/sth somewhere with force, especially because you are angry

例句: One man, who was more excited than the rest, flung his hat high into the air, and shouted (as well as I could make out) "Who roar for the Sub-Warden?"

unanimity  [ˌjuːnə'nɪməti] n. 一致同意

英文释义: complete agreement about sth among a group of people

例句: "What can it all mean?" he kept repeating to himself. "I never heard such shouting before—and at this time of the morning, too! And with such unanimity!"

commision  v. 正式委托 (创作)

英文释义: to officially ask sb to write, make or create sth or to do a task for you

例句: Chambi took many commissioned portraits of wealthy Peruvians, but he also produced hundreds of images carefully documenting the peoples, sites, and customs of Indigenous communities of the Andes.

concerted  [kən'sɜːrtɪd] adj. 同心协力的


英文释义: done in a planned and determined way, especially by more than one person, government, country, etc.

例句: In the twentieth century, ethnographers made a concerted effort to collect Mexican American folklore, but they did not always agree about that folklore's origins.

confer  [kən'fɜːr] v. 赋予

英文释义: to officially give someone a title etc.

例句: Coloration tends to be especially saturated in male birds' feathers, and because carotenoids also confer health benefits, the deeply saturated colors generally serve to communicate what is known as an honest signal of a bird's overall fitness to potential mates.

saturation  [ˌsætʃə'reɪʃn] n. 饱和度

英文释义: the degree to which something has been mixed into something else

例句: However, ornithologist Allison J. Shultz and others have found that males in several species of the tanager genus *Ramphocelus* use microstructures in their feathers to manipulate light, creating the appearance of deeper saturation without the birds necessarily having to maintain a carotenoid-rich diet.

innate  [ɪˈneɪt] **adj.** 先天的

英文释义: a quality or a feeling that you have when you are born

例句: Among social animals that care for their young, such as chickens, macaque monkeys, and humans, newborns appear to show an innate attraction to faces and face-like stimuli.

integration  [ˌɪntɪˈɡreɪʃn] **n.** 结合

英文释义: the act or process of combining two or more things so that they work together

例句: The increased integration of digital technologies throughout the process of book creation in the late 20th and early 21st centuries lowered the costs of book production.

minuscule  [ˈmɪnəskjuːl] **adj.** 极小的

英文释义: extremely small

例句: When external forces are applied to common glass made from silicates, energy builds up around minuscule defects in the material, resulting in fractures.

essence  [ˈesns] **n.** 精髓


英文释义: the most important quality or feature of sth, that makes it what it is

例句: In many of her landscape paintings from the 1970s and 1980s, Lebanese American artist Etel Adnan worked to capture the essence of California's fog-shrouded Mount Tamalpais region through abstraction, using splotches of color to represent the area's features.

substantial  [səbˈstæŋl] **adj.** 大量的


英文释义: of considerable importance, size, or worth

例句: The researchers concluded that introducing a paywall is generally more beneficial for larger newspapers, which have high circulation and tend to offer a substantial amount of unique online content.

evolutionary  [ˌevəˈluːʃənəri] **adj.** 进化的

英文释义: relating to or denoting the process by which different kinds of living organisms are believed to have developed from earlier forms

例句: Evolutionary links between predators and their prey can persist across centuries and continents.

startling  ['sta:rtlɪŋ] adj. 令人震惊的

英文释义: very surprising, astonishing, or remarkable

例句: Mrs. Ochiltree was a woman of strong individuality, whose comments upon her acquaintance[s], present or absent, were marked by a frankness at times no less startling.

retaliate  [rɪ'tæliet] v. 报复

英文释义: make an attack or assault in return for a similar attack

例句: The blow stung and she retaliated immediately.

deviate  ['di:vieɪt] v. 偏离

英文释义: depart from an established course

例句: You must not deviate from the agreed route.

responsiveness  [rɪ'spɑ:nsɪvənəs] n. 响应

英文释义: the quality of reacting quickly and positively

例句: The participants would have shown greater responsiveness to the training if the training sessions had lasted longer

ambivalence  [æm'bɪvələns] n. 矛盾心理

英文释义: the state of having mixed feelings or contradictory ideas about something or someone

例句: The poem highlights an ambivalence toward poetry as the speaker acknowledges its merits while also expressing a sense of displeasure

obscure  [əb'skjʊr] adj. 不清楚的


英文释义: uncertain

例句: His origins and parentage are obscure.

succumb  [sə'kʌm] v. 屈服

英文释义: fail to resist pressure, temptation, or some other negative force

例句: He has become the latest to succumb to the strain.

disorienting  adj. 让人迷失方向的


英文释义: causing someone to lose their sense of direction

例句: The narrator and his companions are troubled by the disorienting effects of the altitude while riding in the balloon.

nuanced  [ˈnuː,ɑːnst] adj. 有细微差别的

英文释义: characterized by subtle shades of meaning or expression

例句: Lowe's work has gradually grown more nuanced.

engulf  [ɪnˈɡʌlf] v. 吞没

英文释义: to surround or to cover sb/sth completely

例句: As the sun began to dip below the horizon, casting long shadows across the cramped room, John found himself engulfed in a sea of swirling doubts.

provoke  [prəˈvʊk] v. 激起

英文释义: to cause a particular reaction or have a particular effect

例句: It's common for jazz musicians and fans to refer to certain songs as having "swing," indicating that the songs provoke a strong feeling, like the impulse to tap one's foot or dance.

concede  [kənˈsiːd] v. 承认

英文释义: to admit that sth is true, logical, etc.

例句: This finding may persuade researchers who have argued that Bronze Age societies were ruled by men to concede that women may have also held leadership roles.

refute  [rɪˈfjuːt] v. 驳斥

英文释义: to prove that sth is wrong

例句: It refutes the first explanation entirely and propose a more plausible alternative.

rejuvenate  [rɪˈdʒuːvəneɪt] v. 使恢复活力

英文释义: to make something work much better or become much better again

例 句: Although inhabiting a home surrounded by fanciful features such as those designed by Gins and Arakawa can be rejuvenating, it is unsustainable.

beneficiary  [ˌbenɪˈfɪʃəri] n. 受益人

英文释义: a person who derives advantage from something, especially a trust, will, or life insurance policy.

例 句: She was the major beneficiary of her parents' will.

inventive  [ɪnˈventɪv] adj. 有创造力的

英文释义: having the ability to create or design new things or to think originally

例 句: For her 2021 art installation Anthem, Wu Tsang joined forces with singer and composer Beverly Glenn-Copeland to produce a piece that critics found truly inventive.

interject  [ˌɪntərˈdʒekt] vt. 插话

英文释义: to interrupt what sb is saying with your opinion or a remark

例 句: She interjected the odd question here and there.

prescribe  [prɪˈskraɪb] v. 规定, 指定

英文释义: to say what should be done or how sth should be done

例 句: Scholarly discussions of gender in Shakespeare's comedies often celebrate the rebellion of the playwright's characters against the rigid expectations prescribed by Elizabethan society.

complementary  [ˌkɑːmplɪˈmentri] adj. 配套的

英文释义: two people or things that are complementary are different but together form a useful or attractive combination of skills, qualities or physical features

例 句: Instead, he shows that there are often multiple, coexisting, and complementary ways of understanding the same phenomena, and that scientific knowledge is enriched by this pluralism and diversity.

intertribal  [ˌɪntərˈtraɪbl] adj. 部族间的

英文释义: existing or occurring between different tribes

例 句: The flatstyle is an intertribal painting style that rejects the effect of depth typically achieved through shading and perspective.

disparate  ['dispərət] adj. 迥然不同的

英文释义: essentially different in kind; not allowing comparison

例句: The work of Kiowa painter T.C. Cannon derives its power in part from the tension among his disparate influences.

speculate  ['spekjuleɪt] v. 猜测


英文释义: to form an opinion about sth without knowing all the details or facts

例句: Former astronaut Ellen Ochoa says that although she doesn't have a definite idea of when it might happen, she speculates that humans will someday need to be able to live in other environments than those found on Earth.

underscore  [ˌʌndər'skɔːr] v. 强调

英文释义: underline

例句: Barchester Towers is an 1857 novel by Anthony Trollope. In the novel Trollope's portrayal of Dr. Proudie underscores the character's exaggerated sense of his own abilities

latent  ['leɪtnt] adj. (性质, 状态) 潜在的, 隐藏的

英文释义: existing, but not yet very noticeable, active or well developed

例句: Within baleen whale species, some individuals develop an accessory spleen—a seemingly functionless formation of splenic tissue outside the normal spleen. Given the formation's greater prevalence among whales known to make deeper dives, some researchers hypothesize that its role isn't latent.

overshadow  [ˌoʊvər'ʃædəʊ] v. 使黯然失色


英文释义: to make sb/sth seem less important, or successful

例句: According to a US tax policy expert, state taxes are overshadowed by other factors when considering an interstate move.

proclaim  [prə'kleɪm] v. (正式) 宣告

英文释义: to publicly and officially tell people about sth important

例句: The charter proclaimed that all states would have their own government.

recant  [rɪ'kænt] v. 公开宣布放弃 (原先的信仰、观点等)


英文释义: to say, often publicly, that you no longer have the same belief or opinion that you had before

例句: White House officials ordered Williams to recant.

equanimity  [ˌekwəˈnɪməti] n. (尤指处于困境时的) 沉着

英文释义: a calm state of mind which means that you do not become angry or upset, especially in difficult situations

例句: Cecily remarks on the deep pain of saying goodbye to people whom one has only known briefly and then comments on the equanimity, or calm steadiness, one experiences when separated from old friends.

rambling  [ˈræmblɪŋ] adj. 杂乱无章的

英文释义: lengthy and confused or inconsequential

例句: Mr. Brooke had travelled in his younger years, and was held in this part of the country to have contracted a too rambling habit of mind.

paucity  [ˈpɔːsəti] n. 少量

英文释义: a small amount of sth

例句: New and interesting research conducted by Suleiman A. Al-Sweedan and Moath Alhaj is inspired by their observation that though there have been many studies of the effect of high altitude on blood chemistry, there is a paucity of studies of the effect on blood chemistry of living in locations below sea level, such as the California towns of Salton City and Seeley.

haphazard  [hæpˈhæzəd] adj. 无秩序的


英文释义: not organized well

例句: Set in a world where science fiction tropes exist as everyday realities, Charles Yu's 2010 novel *How to Live Safely in a Science Fictional Universe* traces a time traveler's quest to find his father. Because the journey at the novel's center is so haphazard, with the protagonist ricocheting chaotically across time, the reader often wonders whether the pair will ever be reunited.

premeditated  [ˌpriːˈmedɪteɪtɪd] adj. 预谋的

英文释义: planned in advance

例句: The killing had not been premeditated.

surmise  [sərˈmaɪz] v. 推测

英文释义: to guess or suppose sth using the evidence you have, without definitely knowing

例句: Some economic historians surmise that late nineteenth- and early twentieth-century households in the United States experienced an economy of scale when it came to food purchases

contrive  [kən'traɪv] v. 努力促成

英文释义: to manage to do sth despite difficulties

例句: I decided to contrive a meeting between the two of them.

buttress  ['bʌtrəs] v. 支持

英文释义: to support or give strength to sb/sth

例句: Whether the reign of a French monarch such as Hugh Capet or Henry I was historically consequential or relatively uneventful, its trajectory was shaped by questions of legitimacy and therefore cannot be understood without a corollary understanding of the factors that allowed the monarch to buttress his right to hold the throne.

nuisance  ['nuːsns] n. 讨厌的人（事）


英文释义: a thing, person or situation that is annoying or causes trouble or problems

例句: Economist Marco Castillo and colleagues showed that nuisance costs—the time and effort people must spend to make donations—reduce charitable giving.

subsume  [səb'suːm] v. 将 ... 归入

英文释义: to include sth in a particular group and not consider it separately

例句: All these different ideas can be subsumed under just two broad categories.

profusion  [prə'fjuːʒn] n. 大量

英文释义: a very large quantity of sth

例句: The house was overflowing with a profusion of strange ornaments.

entrench  [ɪn'trentʃ] v. 根深蒂固

英文释义: to establish sth very firmly so that it is very difficult to change

例句: Ageism is entrenched in our society.

substantiate  [səb'stænjieɪt] v. 证明

英文释义: to provide information or evidence to prove that sth is true

例句: By analyzing the data of the text in an encyclopedia, Thomas found that the word "own" was ranked as the eighth most commonly used word in the encyclopedia, which substantiate Thomas's hypothesis.

forfeiture  ['fɔːrfɪtʃər] n. 没收

英文释义: when someone has their property or money officially taken away because they have broken a law or rule

例句: Refusal to sign meant forfeiture of property and exile.

conflate  [kən'fleɪt] v. 合并

英文释义: to put two or more things together to make one new thing

例句: Scholars who forget this fact when discussing The Banjo Lesson therefore tend to conflate Tanner's political views with those of his contemporaries.

imbibe  [ɪm'baɪb] v. 吸收

英文释义: to absorb sth, especially information

例句: At first [the rose] lay lightly on the surface of the fluid, appearing to imbibe none of its moisture.

undeniable  [ˌʌndɪ'naɪəbl] adj. 不可否定的

英文释义: true or certain

例句: It is an undeniable truth that mankind tends to remember only the first individual to accomplish such endeavors.

concerning  [kən'sɜːnɪŋ] prep. 关于

英文释义: about sth

例句: As a monthly newsletter formed in 1969 by a group of Asian American students at the University of California, Los Angeles, Gidra helped raise awareness about social and political issues concerning the Asian American community on campus and at large.

imprudent  [ɪm'pruːdnt] adj. 不明智的


英文释义: not wise or sensible

例句: It would be imprudent to invest all your money in one company.

incur  [ɪn'kʌ:r] v. 引起

英文释义: if you incur sth unpleasant, you are in a situation in which you have to deal with it

例句: They would argue that over the long term the expenses incurred by the merged newspaper company will also increase.

effectual  [ɪ'fektʃuəl] adj. 有效的

英文释义: producing the result that was intended

例句: Elinor, this eldest daughter, whose advice was so effectual, possessed a strength of understanding.

counteract  [ˌkaʊntər'ækt] v. 抵消


英文释义: to do sth to reduce or prevent the bad or harmful effects of sth

例句: Elinor, this eldest daughter, whose advice was so effectual possessed a strength of understanding, and coolness of judgment, which qualified her, though only nineteen, to be the counsellor of her mother, and enabled her frequently to counteract to the advantage of them all, that eagerness of mind in Mrs. Dashwood which must generally have led to imprudence.

disposition  [ˌdɪspə'zɪʃn] adj. 性格

英文释义: the natural qualities of a person's character

例句: She had an excellent heart;—her disposition was affectionate, and her feelings were strong.

exult  [ɪg'zʌlt] v. 欢欣鼓舞

英文释义: to feel and show that you are very excited and happy because of sth that has happened

例句: Mrs. Ochiltree was aware of this sentiment on the part of her acquaintance[s], and rather exulted in it.

toil  [tɔɪl] n. 劳累的工作

英文释义: hard unpleasant work that makes you very tired

例句: Weary with toil, I [hurry] to my bed.

repose  [rɪ'pəʊz] n. 休息

英文释义: a state of rest, sleep or feeling calm

例 句: Weary with toil, I [hurry] to my bed,
The dear repose for limbs with travel tired;

abide  [ə'baɪd] v. 停留


英文释义: to stay or live in a place

例 句: For then my thoughts—from far where I abide—
[Begin] a zealous pilgrimage to thee,
And keep my drooping eyelids open wide,

pilgrimage  ['pɪlɡrɪmɪdʒ] n. 朝圣之旅

英文释义: a journey to a holy place for religious reasons

例 句: For then my thoughts—from far where I abide—
[Begin] a zealous pilgrimage to thee,
And keep my drooping eyelids open wide

droop  [dru:p] v. (尤指因衰弱或疲劳) 低垂


英文释义: to bend, hang or move downwards, especially because of being weak or tired

例 句: For then my thoughts—from far where I abide—
[Begin] a zealous pilgrimage to thee,
And keep my drooping eyelids open wide

soluble  ['sɔ:ljəbl] adj. 可溶的

英文释义: that can be dissolved in a liquid

例 句: Black beans (*Phaseolus vulgaris*) are a nutritionally dense food, but they are difficult to digest in part because of their high levels of soluble fiber and compounds like raffinose.

nutritionally  [nu'trɪʃənəli] adv. 在营养上


英文释义: with regard to nutrition

例 句: Black beans (*Phaseolus vulgaris*) are a nutritionally dense food, but they are difficult to digest in part because of their high levels of soluble fiber and compounds like raffinose.

digestibility  [daɪ,dʒestə'bɪlɪti] n. 可消化性

英文释义: the property of being easy to digest

例 句: In a research article, Marisela Granito and Glenda Álvarez from Simón Bolívar University in Venezuela claim that inducing fermentation of black beans using lactic acid bacteria improves the digestibility of the beans and makes them more nutritious.

bombard  [bə:m'bə:rd] v. 轰击

英文释义: to attack a place by firing large guns at it or dropping bombs on it continuously

例 句: Earth's atmosphere is bombarded by cosmic dust originating from several sources: short-period comets (SPCs), particles from the asteroid belt (ASTs), Halley-type comets (HTCs), and Oort cloud comets (OCCs).

disconcerting  [ˌdiskən'sɜ:rtɪŋ] adj. 令人尴尬的

英文释义: If you say that something is disconcerting, you mean that it makes you feel anxious, confused, or embarrassed.

例 句: She had the disconcerting habit of saying exactly what she thought.

imperceptible  [ˌɪmpər'septəbl] adj. (小得) 无法察觉的

英文释义: very small and therefore unable to be seen

例 句: In Jane Austen's novel Mansfield Park, an almost imperceptible smile from potential suitor Henry Crawford causes the protagonist Fanny Price to blush: her embarrassment grows when she suspects that he is aware of it.

circumvent  [ˌsɜ:rkəm'vent] v. 规避

英文释义: circumvent sth to find a way of avoiding a difficulty or a rule

例 句: They found a way of circumventing the law.

eclipse  [ɪ'klɪps] v. 使相形见绌

英文释义: to make sb/sth seem dull or unimportant by comparison

例 句: Though a talented player, he was completely eclipsed by his brother.

fabricate  [ˈfæbrɪkeɪt] v. 捏造

英文释义: to invent false information in order to trick people

例 句: The evidence was totally fabricated.

exemplify  [ɪɡ'zemplɪfaɪ] v. 是……的典型; 举例说明


英文释义: exemplify sth to be a typical example of sth; exemplify sth to give an example in order to make sth clearer

例句: A collaboration between the Crow Tribe and Montana State University exemplifies this model: tribal citizen

involuntary  [ɪnˈvɔːləntəri] adj. 不自觉的; 非自愿的

英文释义: an involuntary movement, etc. is made suddenly, without you intending it or being able to control it; happening without the person concerned wanting it to

例句: Researchers have struggled to pinpoint specific causes for hiccups, which happen when a person's diaphragm contracts involuntarily.

strenuous  ['strenjuəs] adj. 费力的; 奋力的

英文释义: needing great effort and energy;
showing great energy and determination

例句: In the novel, a group of soldiers travel through a canyon, where their collective mood becomes strongly affected by the strenuous conditions of their journey

synchronize  ['sɪŋkrənaɪz] v. (使) 同步

英文释义: to happen at the same time or to move at the same speed as sth

例句: In superfluorescence, electrical charges known as dipoles emit light in synchronized bursts so intense that they are visible to the eye.

moderate  ['mɒːdərət] v. 缓和

英文释义: to become or make sth become less extreme, severe, etc.

例句: Even though bats prefer very sweet nectar, the plants that attract them have evolved to produce nectar that is only moderately sweet.

indecipherable  [ˌɪndɪˈsaɪfrəbl] adj. 难以辨认 (或弄懂) 的

英文释义: impossible to read or understand

例句: Majid's writing was virtually indecipherable.

ornamental  [ˌɔːrnəˈmentl] adj. 装饰性的

英文释义: used as decoration rather than for a practical purpose

例句: The chimney pots are purely ornamental.

rebuke  [rɪˈbjuːk] v. 指责

英文释义: to speak severely to sb because they have done sth wrong

例句: The company was publicly rebuked for having neglected safety procedures.

vex  [veks] v. 使烦恼

英文释义: to annoy or worry sb

例句: "I'll walk where my own nature would be leading: / It vexes me to choose another guide: / Where the grey flocks in ferny glens are feeding; / Where the wild wind blows on the mountain side."

compound  ['kɑːmpaʊnd] n. 化合物

英文释义: a thing consisting of two or more separate things combined together

例句: Every chemical compound has a spectroscopic fingerprint, a pattern of reflected light unique to that compound.

dexterity  [dek'sterəti] n. 熟练

英文释义: skill in using your hands or your mind

例句: Like the work of Ralph Ellison before her, Toni Morrison's novels feature scenes in which characters deliver sermons of such length and verbal dexterity that for a time, the text exchanges the formal parameters of fiction for those of oral literature.

indigenous  [ɪn'dɪdʒənəs] adj. 土生土长的

英文释义: belonging to a particular place rather than coming to it from somewhere else

例句: As Mexico's first president from an Indigenous community, Benito Juarez became one of the most important figures in his country's history.

consolidate  [kən'sɒlɪdeɪt] v. 使加强

英文释义: to make a position of power or success stronger so that it is more likely to continue

例句: Jurez consolidated the authority of the national government.

culminate  ['kʌlmɪneɪt] v. (在某一点) 结束


英文释义: to end with a particular result, or at a particular point

例句: Nigerian American author Teju Cole's enthusiasm for his two passion--photography and the written word--culminates in his 2017 book, Blind Spot, which evocatively combines his original photographs from his travels with his poetic prose.

evocative  [ɪˈvɑːkətɪv] adj. 引起记忆的

英文释义: making you think of or remember a strong image or feeling, in a pleasant way

例句: Nigerian American author Teju Cole's enthusiasm for his two passions-photography and the written word-culminates in his 2017 book, *Blind Spot*, which evocatively combines his original photographs from his travels with his poetic prose.

artificial  [ˌɑːrtɪˈfɪʃl] adj. 人为的

英文释义: created by people

例句: Artificially delivering biomolecules to plant cells is an important component of protecting plants from pathogens, but it is difficult to transmit biomolecules through the layers of the plant cell wall.

transmit  [trænzˈmɪt, trənsˈmɪt] v. 使通过

英文释义: to allow heat, light, sound, etc. to pass through

例句: Artificially delivering biomolecules to plant cells is an important component of protecting plants from pathogens, but it is difficult to transmit biomolecules through the layers of the plant cell wall.

conceptualize  [kənˈseptʃuəlaɪz] v. 构思

英文释义: to form an idea of sth in your mind

例句: How we conceptualize things has a lot to do with what we feel.

counterintuitive  [ˌkaʊntərɪnˈtuːɪtɪv] adj. 违反直觉的

英文释义: seemingly contrary to common sense

例句: It may seem counterintuitive, she says, but this method of removal allows new sweetgrass plants to repopulate the space, with an overall increase in number and vigor.

replenish  [rɪˈplenɪʃ] v. 补充

英文释义: to make sth full again by replacing what has been used

例句: According to Potawatomi ecologist Robin Wall Kimmerer, the indigenous method of harvesting *Hierochloa odorata*, or sweetgrass, by snapping the plant off at the root actually replenishes wild populations.

mimic  ['mɪmɪk] v. (外表或行为举止) 像, 似

英文释义: to look or behave like sth else

例句: For five years, Quon's team tested designs in a lab that mimicked Mars's atmospheric conditions.

diversification  [daɪˌvɜːsɪfɪˈkeɪʃn] n. 差异化


英文释义: the action of diversifying something or the fact of becoming more diverse

例句: The Cambrian explosions gets its name from the sudden appearance and rapid diversification of animal remains in the fossil record about 541 million years ago, during the Cambrian period.

catastrophic  [ˌkætəˈstrɑːfɪk] adj. 灾难性的


英文释义: Something that is catastrophic involves or causes a sudden terrible disaster.

例句: Tuchman's analysis of primary documents is laudable, but her main thesis that European powers committed themselves to a catastrophic outcome by refusing to deviate from military plans developed prior to the conflict is implausibly reductive.

elusive  [ɪˈluːsɪv] adj. 难以捉摸的

英文释义: difficult to find, define, or achieve

例句: His thoughts, however, remained stubbornly elusive.

abrupt  [əˈbrʌpt] adj. (言语、行为) 粗鲁的

英文释义: speaking or acting in a way that seems unfriendly and rude

例句: Some scientists argue that this abrupt change in the fossil record might be because of a shift in many organisms to body types that were more likely to be preserved.

imminent  [ˈɪmɪnənt] adj. 临近的

英文释义: likely to happen very soon

例句: The main purpose of the text is to foreshadow the man's imminent termination from his job for daydreaming.

presuppose  [ˌpriːsəˈpəʊz] v. 假设

英文释义: to accept sth as true or existing and act on that basis, before it has been proved to be true

例句: By broadly agreeing with the claim but objecting that the timelines it presupposes conflicts with the findings of the genetic analysis conducted by Storey's team

uptake 🗣️ [ˈʌpteɪk] n. 吸收

英文释义: the process by which sth is taken into a body or system

例句: Spelman College biologist Mentewab Ayalew and her colleagues hypothesized that plant's response to kanamycin exposure involves altering their uptake of metals, such as iron and zinc.

impartial 🗣️ [ɪmˈpɑːrɪ(ə)l] adj. 公正的

英文释义: not supporting one person or group more than another

例句: Culture's duty is to impartially determine which ideas are most useful to a society.

offhand 🗣️ [ˌɒfˈhænd] adj. 不在乎的

英文释义: not showing much interest in sb/sth

例句: He was very offhand with me.

persistent 🗣️ [pərˈsɪstənt] adj. 坚持不懈的

英文释义: determined to do sth despite difficulties, especially when other people are against you and think that you are being annoying or unreasonable

例句: Beginning in the 1950s, Navajo Nation legislator Annie Dodge Wauneka continuously worked to promote public health; this persistent effort involved traveling throughout the vast Navajo homeland and writing a medical dictionary for speakers of Diné bizaad, the Navajo language.

mandatory 🗣️ [ˈmændətɔːri] adj. 法定的

英文释义: required by law

例句: Only countries of a certain population size should implement mandatory voting.

resilient 🗣️ [rɪˈzɪliənt] adj. 有适应力的

英文释义: able to feel better quickly after sth unpleasant such as shock, injury, etc.

例句: He'll get over it—young people are amazingly resilient.

inadequate 🗣️ [ɪnˈædɪkwət] adj. 不足的

英文释义: not enough

例句: The process of mechanically recycling plastics is often considered inadequate because of the environmental impact and the loss of material quality that often

occurs.

validate  ['vælɪdeɪt] v. 证实


英文释义: to prove that sth is true

例句: Historians were unable to validate the authenticity of the letters, however, and quickly dismissed them as a hoax.

hoax  [həʊks] n. 骗局

英文释义: an act intended to make sb believe sth that is not true, especially sth unpleasant

例句: Historians were unable to validate the authenticity of the letters, however, and quickly dismissed them as a hoax

dismiss  [dɪs'mɪs] v. 摒弃

英文释义: v. to decide that sb/sth is not important and not worth thinking or talking about

例句: Historians were unable to validate the authenticity of the letters, however, and quickly dismissed them as a hoax

vigorous  ['vɪɡərəs] adj. 强健的

英文释义: strong and healthy

例句: It becomes increasingly vigorous with the passage of time.

impart  [ɪm'pɑ:rt] v. 传授


英文释义: to pass information, knowledge, etc. to other people

例句: Scholars Lindsay Morcom and Stephanie Roy (who are Anishinaabe themselves) found that the model not only imparted fluency in the Anishinaabe language but also enhanced students' pride in Anishinaabe culture overall.

stem  [stem] v. 是 ... 的结果

英文释义: to be the result of sth

例句: This recognition stemmed from her convincing demonstration that the sculptures were much older than had previously been thought

presume  [prɪ'zʊ:m] v. 假设

英文释义: to suppose that sth is true, although you do not have actual proof

例 句: In wild studies, researchers can more easily presume that the animals are behaving normally, and in lab studies, researchers can more easily control factors that might affect the results.

foster  ['fɔːstər] v. 培养

英文释义: to encourage sth to develop

例 句: Researcher Haesung Jung led a 2020 study showing that individual acts of kindness can foster prosocial behavior across a larger group.

persuasive  [pər'sweɪsɪv] adj. 有说服力的


英文释义: able to persuade sb to do or believe sth

例 句: A persuasive young fellow who claimed he was closing out his stock let the old man have it for what he called a song.

acquisition  [ˌækwi'zɪʃn] n. 获得

英文释义: the act of getting sth, especially knowledge, a skill, etc.

例 句: The team discovered that fan cells, a type of cell found in the medial temporal lobe of the brain, are necessary for the acquisition of new associative memories.

proficient  [prə'fɪʃnt] adj. 精通的

英文释义: able to do sth well because of training and practice

例 句: She's proficient in several languages.

dogmatic  [dɒ:g'mætɪk] adj. 教条的

英文释义: being certain that your beliefs are right and that others should accept them, without paying attention to evidence or other opinions

例 句: Johnson's self-effacement diverged from the editorial stances of W.E.B. Du Bois and Alain Locke, whose decisions for their publications were more dogmatic

ambiguous  [æm'bigjuəs] adj. 模棱两可的

英文释义: having different meanings

例 句: Her account was deliberately ambiguous.

unpretentious  [ˌʌnpri'tenʃəs] adj. 不招摇的


英文释义: not trying to appear more special, intelligent, important, etc. than you really are

例句: She managed to impart great elegance to the unpretentious dress she was wearing.

supplemental  [ˌsʌplə'mentl] adj. 额外的

英文释义: provided in addition to sth else in order to improve or complete it

例句: Many governments that regularly transfer money to individuals—to provide supplemental incomes for senior citizens, for example—have long done so electronically, but other countries typically have distributed physical money and have only recently developed electronic transfer infrastructure.

repudiate  [rɪ'pjʊ:diət] v. 拒绝

英文释义: to refuse to accept sth

例句: Seminole/Muscogee director Sterlin Harjo repudiates television's tendency to situate Native characters in the distant past.

foretell  [fɔ:r'tel] v. 预知, 预言

英文释义: to know or say what will happen in the future, especially by using magic powers

例句: The miller was curious, and said, "Let him foretell something for once."

contract  ['kɒntrækt] v. 感染; 收缩

英文释义: to get an illness; to become less or smaller

例句: Researchers have struggled to pinpoint specific causes for hiccups, which happen when a person's diaphragm contracts involuntarily.

overlook  [ˌoʊvər'lʊk] v. 未注意到

英文释义: to fail to see or notice sth

例句: The text discusses several notable individuals, then explains commonly overlooked differences between those individuals.

benign  [bɪ'naɪn] adj. 良性的

英文释义: not hurting anybody

例句: Louise Ward and colleagues found that while harmless applications of vibration or warming can provide a temporary distraction, such innocuous stimuli offer less relief than a stimulus that seems less benign, like a mild electric shock.

innocuous  [ɪˈnɒːkjʊəs] adj. 无害的

英文释义: not harmful or dangerous

例句: Louise Ward and colleagues found that while harmless applications of vibration or warming can provide a temporary distraction, such innocuous stimuli offer less relief than a stimulus that seems less benign, like a mild electric shock.

ascertain  [ˌæsərˈteɪn] v. 查明

英文释义: to find out the true or correct information about sth

例句: While scholars believe many Mesoamerican cities influenced each other, direct evidence of such influence is difficult to ascertain.

inevitable  [ɪnˈevɪtəbl] adj. 不可避免的

英文释义: that you cannot avoid or prevent

例句: You have to accept the inevitable.

satisfactory  [ˌsætɪsˈfæktəri] adj. 令人满意的

英文释义: good enough for a particular purpose

例句: Ecologists' many efforts to explain this phenomenon still haven't uncovered a satisfactory explanation.

commonplace  [ˈkɑːmənpleɪs] adj. 普通的

英文释义: done very often, or existing in many places, and therefore not unusual

例句: Meiro Koizumi creates videos that explore the relationship between an individual and his or her mate in a situation of conflict; for example, his videos might portray a commonplace situation converted into a state of tension or conflict and allow the viewer to process how he or she would respond in the situation.

conceal  [kənˈsiːl] v. 隐藏

英文释义: to hide sb/sth

例句: Built to honor a Hindu god before becoming a Buddhist temple, Cambodia's Angkor Wat concealed hundreds of images on its plaster walls.

accessory  [əkˈsesəri] adj. 辅助的

英文释义: not the most important when compared to others

例句: Within baleen species, some individuals developed accessory spleen.

compliance  [kəm'plaɪəns] n. 服从

英文释义: the practice of obeying rules or requests made by people in authority

例句: Inspectors were sent to visit nuclear sites and verify compliance with the treaty.

criteria  [kraɪ'tɪrɪə] n. 标准

英文释义: a standard or principle by which sth is judged, or with the help of which a decision is made

例句: The cognitive abilities of monkeys given problems requiring little dexterity, such as sliding a panel to retrieve food, were judged by the same criteria as were those of monkeys given physically demanding problems, such as unscrewing a bottle and inserting a straw.

corroborate  [kə'reɪbəreɪt] v. 证实

英文释义: to provide evidence or information that supports a statement, theory, etc.

例句: Thousands of scientists working at the Large Hadron Collider in Switzerland were finally able to corroborate the existence of the long-predicted Higgs boson particle, first theorized as necessary to explain the mass of a fundamental particle by Peter Higgs and Francois Englert in 1964.

extrapolate  [ɪk'stræpəleɪt] v. 推断

英文释义: to estimate sth or form an opinion about sth, using the facts that you have now and that are valid for one situation and supposing that they will be valid for the new one

例句: It supports a claim about an isolated system of atoms in a laboratory, but that claim should not be extrapolated to a general claim about the universe.

convene  [kən'veɪn] v. 召开（正式会议）

英文释义: to arrange for people to come together for a formal meeting

例句: Annually, a review board comprised of experts including sociologist Alton Okinaka and architect Katie Stephens convenes to select which sites to include in the expanding registry.

inexplicable  [ˌɪnɪk'splɪkəbl] adj. 费解的

英文释义: that cannot be understood or explained

例句: For some inexplicable reason he gave up a fantastic job.

prefigure  [ˌpriːˈfɪɡjər] v. 预示

英文释义: to suggest or show sth that will happen in the future

例句: These early paintings clearly prefigure his later work.

adhere  [ədˈhɪr] v. 遵守

英文释义: to behave according to a particular law, rule, set of instructions, etc; to follow a particular set of beliefs or a fixed way of doing sth

例句: The artisans of the Igun Eronmwon guild in Benin City, Nigeria, typically adhere to the bronze- and brass-casting techniques that have been passed down through their families since the thirteenth century, but they don't strictly observe every tradition.

grapple with  v. 努力设法解决

英文释义: to try hard to find a solution to a problem

例句: The new government has yet to grapple with the problem of air pollution.

derive  [dɪˈraɪv] v. 起源于

英文释义: to come or develop from sth

例句: Diego Velázquez was the leading artist in the court of King Philip IV of Spain during the seventeenth century, but his influence was hardly derived from Spain.

confine  [kənˈfaɪn] v. 限制

英文释义: to keep sb/sth inside the limits of a particular activity, subject, area, etc.

例句: Diego Velázquez was the leading artist in the court of King Philip IV of Spain during the seventeenth century, but his influence was hardly confined to Spain.

repress  [rɪˈpres] v. 克制

英文释义: to try not to have or show an emotion, a feeling, etc.

例句: He burst in, making no effort to repress his fury.

infallible  [ɪnˈfæləbl̩] adj. 永无过失的

英文释义: never wrong; never making mistakes

例句: Although he was experienced, he was not infallible.

atypical  [ˌeɪˈtɪpɪk(ə)l] adj. 反常的

英文释义: not typical or usual

例句: Rydra Wong, the protagonist of Samuel R. Delany's 1966 novel *Babel-17*, is a poet, an occupation which, in Delany's work, is not atypical.

lucrative  ['lu:kɹətɪv] adj. 赚大钱的

英文释义: producing a large amount of money

例句: Thousands of ex-army officers have found lucrative jobs in private security firms.

tedious  ['ti:diəs] adj. 冗长的


英文释义: lasting or taking too long and not interesting

例句: It is tempting to glamorize the hunt for dinosaur fossils, but the majority of fieldwork is characterized by a daily routine of heat, insects, and tedious labor.

proponent  [prə'pounənt] n. 倡导者


英文释义: a person who supports an idea or course of action

例句: In addition to being an accomplished psychologist himself, Francis Cecil Sumner was a proponent of increasing the opportunity for Black students to study psychology, helping to found the psychology department at Howard University, a historically Black university, in 1930.

dispute  [dɪ'spju:t; 'dispju:t] n. 争端

英文释义: discussion about a subject where there is disagreement

例句: The original authorship of "Letter to the Spanish Americans" is disputed by contemporary historians.

withdraw  [wɪð'drɔ:, wɪθ'drɔ:] v. 撤离


英文释义: to move back or away from a place or situation

例句: Roughly 70% of the world's water withdrawals, from sources such as rivers, lakes, and aquifers, is for irrigation water used to meet various agricultural demands.

invalidate  [ɪn'vælɪdeɪt] v. 证明...错误

英文释义: to prove that an idea, a story, an argument, etc. is wrong

例句: The delays are unlikely to invalidate her projection entirely but will almost certainly extend its time frame.

ongoing  ['ɑːŋɡoʊɪŋ] adj. 仍在进行的

英文释义: continuing to exist or develop

例句: "Ghosts of the Old Year" is an early 1900s poem by James Weldon Johnson. In the poem, the speaker describes experiencing an ongoing cycle of anticipation followed by regretful reflection.

redundant  [rɪ'dʌndənt] adj. 多余的

英文释义: not needed or useful

例句: The picture has too much redundant detail.

conducive  [kən'duːsɪv] adj. 使容易（或有可能）发生的

英文释义: making it easy, possible or likely for sth to happen

例句: Business researcher Melanie Brucks and colleagues found that remote video conference meetings may be less conducive to brainstorming than in-person meetings are.

impede  [ɪm'piːd] v. 阻碍

英文释义: to delay or stop the progress of sth

例句: The researchers suspect that video meeting participants are focused on staring at the speaker on the screen and don't allow their eyes or mind to wander as much, which may ultimately impede creativity.

rebut  [rɪ'buːt] v. 反驳

英文释义: to say or prove that a statement or criticism is false

例句: Legal scholar and philosopher Anita L. Allen argues that while judges are naturally inclined to mention philosophers whose views align with their own positions, the strongest judicial opinions consider and rebut potential objections.

comprise  [kəm'praɪz] v. 由...组成

英文释义: to have sb/sth as parts or members

例句: In both plays, the all-female cast comprises an array of female characters, including a strong mother and several daughters dealing with individual struggles.

incomprehensible  [ɪnˌkɑːmpri'hensəb(ə)l] adj. 无法理解的

英文释义: impossible to understand

例 句: Matty always took refuge in self-pity and tears. Her son's desires were incomprehensible to her, that was all.

dormant  ['dɔːrmənt] adj. 休眠的

英文释义: not active or growing now but able to become active or to grow in the future

例 句: Some researchers believe that the genes that enable groundhogs and certain other mammals to hibernate through the winter by slowing their breathing and heart rates and lowering their body temperature may be dormant in humans.

catalogue  ['kætələɡ] v. 记载


英文释义: to give a list of things connected with a particular person, event, etc.

例 句: Researchers catalogued plant seeds found in fecal samples from non-native birds.

intricate  ['ɪntrɪkət; 'ɪntrɪkɪt] adj. 错综复杂的

英文释义: having a lot of different parts and small details that fit together

例 句: In the Indigenous intercropping system known as the Three Sisters, maize, squash, and beans form an intricate web of relations: maize provides the structure on which the bean vines grow.

susceptible  [sə'septəbl] adj. 易受影响（或伤害等）的

英文释义: very likely to be influenced, harmed or affected by sb/sth

例 句: Plants like potatoes, tomatoes, and soybeans are susceptible to bacterial wilt disease caused by the bacteria *Ralstonia solanacearum*.

contingent  [kən'tɪndʒənt] adj. 依情况而定的

英文释义: depending on sth that may or may not happen

例 句: Further investment is contingent upon the company's profit performance.

deplete  [dɪ'pli:t] v. 使大量减少

英文释义: to reduce sth by a large amount so that there is not enough left

例 句: He cites their adoption of pastoralism as a factor in the region drying out: the pastoralists' livestock depleted vegetation, prompting the events that created the Sahara Desert.

subversive  [səb'vɜ:rsɪv] adj. 颠覆性的

英文释义: trying or likely to destroy or damage a government or political system by attacking it secretly or indirectly

例句: This courageous and subversive movie has attracted widespread critical support.

profound  [prə'faʊnd] adj. 深远的


英文释义: very great

例句: The speaker regrets his isolation from others, then predicts a profound change in society.

accessible  [ək'sesəbl] adj. 可到达的

英文释义: that can be reached, entered, used, seen, etc.

例句: Stephen Hannock's luminous landscape paintings are appealing to viewers but have elicited little commentary from contemporary critics, a phenomenon that may be due to the very fact that the paintings seem so accessible.

cryptic  ['kriptɪk] adj. 含义隐晦的

英文释义: with a meaning that is hidden or not easily understood

例句: Many critics focus their attention on art that is cryptic or overtly challenging.

collaboration  [kə,læbə'reɪʃn] n. 合作

英文释义: the act of working with another person or group of people to create or produce sth

例句: In close collaboration with musicians, Stradivari introduced changes to the shape of a traditional violin, flattening some of the instrument's curves and making it lighter overall.

analogy  [ə'nælədʒi] n. 类比

英文释义: a comparison of one thing with another thing that has similar features; a feature that is similar

例句: To develop a method for measuring snow depth with laser beams, NASA physicist Yongxiang Hu relied on an analogy.

epitomize  [ɪ'pɪtəmaɪz] v. 成为…的典范（或典型）


英文释义: to be a perfect example of sth

例句: The fighting qualities of the team are epitomized by the captain.

transcend  [træn'send] v. 超出

英文释义: to be or go beyond the usual limits of sth

例句: The work of molecular biophysicist Enrique M. De La Cruz is known for transcending traditional boundaries between academic disciplines.

reinforce  [ˌriːn'fɔːrs] v. 加强

英文释义: to make a feeling, an idea, etc. stronger

例句: It reinforces the text's skepticism about the possibility of truly achieving self-knowledge.

legitimate  [lɪ'dʒɪtɪmət] adj. 正当合理的

英文释义: for which there is a fair and acceptable reason

例句: Politicians are legitimate targets for satire.

impenetrable  [ɪm'penɪtrəbl] adj. 不可进入的

英文释义: that cannot be entered, passed through or seen through

例句: Although science fiction was dominated mostly by white male authors when Octavia Butler, a Black woman, began writing, she did not view the genre as impenetrable.

compelling  [kəm'pelɪŋ] adj. 令人信服的

英文释义: that makes you think it is true

例句: Experiment headed by University of Wisconsin psychologist Sohad Murrar provides compelling evidence that individuals feel more inclusive toward other groups when they are informed that pro-diversity attitudes and behaviors are extremely popular among their peers.

waive  [weɪv] v. 放弃（权利、要求等）

英文释义: to choose not to demand sth in a particular case, even though you have a legal or official right to do so

例句: We should continue to waive fees, increase guarantees, and expand the size of SBA-backed loans for small businesses.

reproduce  [ˌriːprə'duːs] v. 复制

英文释义: to make a copy of a picture, piece of text, etc.

例句: Following a Gullah technique that originated in West Africa, Dingle skillfully winds a

thin palm frond around a bunch of sweetgrass with the help of a "sewing bone" to create the basket's signature look that no factory can reproduce.

impact  ['ɪmpækt] n. 撞击

英文释义: the act of one object hitting another; the force with which this happens

例句: Research conducted by planetary scientist Katarina Miljkovic suggests that the Moon's surface may not accurately reflect early impact events.

beckon  ['bekən] v. 吸引

英文释义: to appear very attractive to sb

例句: Seductive, charming, and beckoning as cities were, they had not this easy unhuman loveliness.

quantity  ['kwɑ:ntəti] n. 数量


英文释义: an amount or a number of sth

例句: It draws a distinction between the overall size of the sei whale and the relatively small quantity of krill it can consume per day.

melodic  [mə'lə:dɪk] adj. 主旋律的

英文释义: connected with the main tune in a piece of music

例句: In recommending Bao Phi's collection *Sông I Sing*, a librarian noted that pieces by the spoken-word poet don't lose their melodic nature when printed.

jarring  ['dʒɑ:rɪŋ] adj. 不和谐的

英文释义: to be different from sth in a strange or unpleasant way

例句: In the context of this chapter, Dore's comments strike a jarring note.

sturdy  ['stɜ:rdi] adj. 结实的

英文释义: physically strong and healthy

例句: Clamshells become thin and eroded as they wash up on the beach, while those on the seafloor are smooth and sturdy, so the research team suspects that Neanderthals prized the tools made with seafloor shells.

allegedly  [ə'ledʒɪdli] adv. 据说

英文释义: used when reporting something that people say is true, although it has not been proved

例句: In 1929 the Atlantic Monthly published several articles based on newly discovered letters allegedly exchanged between President Abraham Lincoln and a woman named Ann Rutledge.

devise  [di'vaɪz] v. 想出

英文释义: to invent sth new or a new way of doing sth

例句: Its National Council generates laws regulating aspects of community life such as land use and healthcare, while the principal chief and cabinet officials implement those laws by devising policies and administering services in accordance with them.

supplementary  [ˌsʌplɪ'mentri] adj. 增补性的

英文释义: provided in addition to sth else in order to improve or complete it

例句: Provide them with additional background or with supplementary information.

secretive  ['si:kretɪv] adj. (思想、情感等)不外露的

英文释义: tending or liking to hide your thoughts, feelings, ideas, etc. from other people

例句: Maya civilization was highly secretive about its intellectual achievements.

observant  [əb'zɜ:rvənt] adj. 善于观察的


英文释义: good at noticing things around you

例句: For painter Jacob Lawrence, being observant was an important part of the artistic process. Because he paid close attention to all the details of his Harlem neighborhood, Lawrence's artwork captured nuances in the beauty and vitality of the Black experience during the Harlem Renaissance and the Great Migration.

skeptical  ['skeptɪkl] adj. 持怀疑态度的

英文释义: having doubts that a claim or statement is true or that sth will happen


例句: Some people have speculated that two helmets with attached horns discovered in Denmark in 1942 belonged to Vikings, but scholars have long been skeptical.

tremble  ['trembl] v. (因紧张、激动、惊慌等)颤抖

英文释义: to shake in a way that you cannot control, especially because you are very nervous, excited, frightened, etc.

例句: What a night it was! My soul had left its body to lose itself in the wild unrestrained

beauty around me—from where it came—and only left a trembling suggestion of its existence within me.

intact  [ɪn'tækt] adj. 完好无损

英文释义: complete and not damaged

例句: Logically, a damaged fossil should provide less information than an intact one, but for paleontologist Brigitte Schoenemann, a broken area on a fossilized trilobite (a crustacean-like creature) offered fresh insight, allowing her to view the inner structure of the organism's eye.

defy  [dɪ'faɪ] v. 违抗

英文释义: to refuse to obey or show respect for sb in authority, a law, a rule, etc.

例句: As a young photographer in the 1950s, William Klein defied the conventions of photography by creating images that were high contrast and included blurred and distorted elements—features generally seen as flaws.

antagonist  [æn'tæɡənɪst] n. 对立者

英文释义: a person who strongly opposes sb/sth

例句: It indicates that Cruse's reputation as a persistent antagonist of other scholars is undeserved.

nonetheless  [ˌnʌnðə'sles] adv. 尽管如此

英文释义: despite this fact

例句: The 1967 release of Harold Cruse's book *The Crisis of the Negro Intellectual* isolated him from almost all other scholars and activists of the American Civil Rights Movement—though many of those thinkers disagreed with each other, he nonetheless found ways to disagree with them all.

germinate  ['dʒɜːrmineɪt] v. (使)发芽

英文释义: when the seed of a plant germinates or is germinated, it starts to grow

例句: They found that while all the seeds germinated, the roots of the regolith-grown plants were stunted compared with those in the control group.

conceive  [kən'siːv] v. 想象

英文释义: to imagine sth

例 句: I can conceive no greater harm or danger to any of us in conversing in the elegant written language of some respectable author than in chattering in words of our own.

foreground  ['fɔːrgraʊnd] v. 强调; 突出


英文释义: to give particular importance to sth

例 句: It foregrounds the beneficial relationship between humans and maple trees.

reluctant  [rɪ'lʌktənt] adj. 不愿意的

英文释义: hesitating before doing sth because you do not want to do it or because you are not sure that it is the right thing to do

例 句: The trees, like people, have their individual characters; some were ready to yield up their life-blood, while others were more reluctant.

methodology  [ˌmeθə'da:lədʒi] n. 方法论


英文释义: a set of methods and principles used to perform a particular activity

例 句: Text 1 describes Wang and colleagues' study and a critique of their methodology, whereas Text 2 offers additional details showing that methodology to be sound.

collaborative  [kə'læbəreɪtɪv] adj. 合作的

英文释义: involving, or done by, several people or groups of people working together

例 句: It introduces a collaborative spoken word poetry project details the approach taken to produce the work, and then provides an example of critique the album received upon release.

critique  [krɪ'tɪk] n. 评论

英文释义: a piece of written criticism of a set of ideas, a work of art, etc.

例 句: It introduces a collaborative spoken word poetry project details the approach taken to produce the work, and then provides an example of critique the album received upon release.

reflective  [rɪ'flektɪv] adj. 沉思的

英文释义: thinking deeply about things

例 句: The album contains both autobiographical and reflective pieces combining Antrobus's spoken words with Brennan's fragmented audio elements and pieces of music to convey how people who are deaf may experience sound, both its presence and

absence.

multifaceted  [ˌmʌltiˈfæsiːtɪd] **adj.** 多方面的

英文释义: having many different aspects to be considered

例句: Some critics suggest that the album questions the function of sound in the world, highlighting that the experience of sound is multifaceted.

terrestrial  [təˈrestriəl] **adj.** 陆地的

英文释义: living on the land or on the ground, rather than in water, in trees or in the air

例句: Space scientists Anna-Lisa Paul, Stephen M. Elardo, and Robert Feri planted seeds of *Arabidopsis thaliana* in samples of lunar regolith—the surface material of the Moon—and, serving as a control group, in terrestrial soil.

resemble  [rɪˈzeɪbl] **v.** 看起来像

英文释义: to look like or be similar to another person or thing

例句: It describes an experiment that addressed an unresolved question about the extent to which lunar regolith resembles terrestrial soils.

unattainable  [ˌʌnəˈteɪnəbl] **adj.** 无法得到的

英文释义: impossible to achieve or reach

例句: It presents evidence in support of the hypothesis that seed germination in lunar habitats is an unattainable goal.

elaborate  [ɪˈlæbəreɪt; ɪˈlæbəreɪt; ɪˈlæbəreɪt] **v.** 详尽阐述

英文释义: to explain or describe sth in a more detailed way

例句: It elaborates on an aspect of the maple trees that the women evaluate.

discipline  [ˈdɪsəplɪn] **n.** 知识领域

英文释义: a subject that people study or are taught, especially in a university

例句: The text recounts Mukerjee's early training in the social scientific disciplines and then lists social policies whose implementation Mukerjee oversaw.

oversee  [ˌoʊvərˈsi:] **v.** 监督

英文释义: to watch sb/sth and make sure that a job or an activity is done correctly

例 句: The text recounts Mukerjee's early training in the social scientific disciplines and then lists social policies whose implementation Mukerjee oversaw.

advocate  ['ædvəkeɪt; 'ædvəkət] v. 拥护

英文释义: v. to support sth publicly

例 句: In Canada and several Latin American countries, on the other hand Indigenous people have formed their own political parties to advance candidates who will advocate for the interests of their communities.

numerous  ['nu:mərəs] adj. 许多的

英文释义: existing in large numbers

例 句: On its banks at this point grow numerous palms, luxuriant magnolias and bay trees.

luxuriant  [lʌg'ʒʊriənt] adj. 茂盛的

英文释义: growing thickly and strongly in a way that is attractive

例 句: On its banks at this point grow numerous palms, luxuriant magnolias and bay trees.

delicate  ['delɪkət] adj. 易损的

英文释义: easily damaged or broken

例 句: On the bosom of the stream float millions of delicately colored hyacinths.

forecast  ['fɔ:rkæst] n. 预测

英文释义: a statement about what will happen in the future, based on information that is available now

例 句: The team found that the greater the exposure to sunshine at work in the two weeks before a manager submitted an earnings forecast, the more the manager's forecast exceeded what the company actually earned that year.

keen  [ki:n] adj. 强烈的


英文释义: a keen feeling is one that is strong and deep

例 句: Lily had no real intimacy with nature, but she had a passion for the appropriate and could be keenly sensitive to a scene which was the fitting background of her own sensations.

sensation  [sen'seɪʃn] n. 感觉

英文释义: a feeling that you get when sth affects your body

例句: Lily had no real intimacy with nature, but she had a passion for the appropriate and could be keenly sensitive to a scene which was the fitting background of her own sensations.

synopsis  [sɪˈnɒpsɪs] n. (著作、剧本等的) 大纲

英文释义: a summary of a piece of writing, a play, etc.

例句: It provides a synopsis of an interaction in an Austen novel that illustrates a literary concept discussed in the following sentence.

suspect  [səˈspekt] v. 怀疑

英文释义: to be suspicious about sth

例句: In Jane Austen's novel Mansfield Park, an almost imperceptible smile from potential suitor Henry Crawford causes the protagonist Fanny Price to blush: her embarrassment grows when she suspects that he is aware of it.

savant  [səˈvɑːnt] n. 博学之士

英文释义: a person with great knowledge and ability

例句: Years ago, a grave American savant, being in London, observed at an evening party there, a certain coxcombical fellow, as he thought, an absurd ribbon in his lapel, and full of smart [banter], whisking about to the admiration of as many as were disposed to admire.

coxcombical  ['kooɪkəl] adj. 花花公子的

英文释义: of or resembling the characteristic nature of a coxcomb

例句: Years ago, a grave American savant, being in London, observed at an evening party there, a certain coxcombical fellow, as he thought, an absurd ribbon in his lapel, and full of smart [banter], whisking about to the admiration of as many as were disposed to admire.

absurd  [əbˈsɜːrd] adj. 荒谬的; 荒唐的


英文释义: completely ridiculous

例句: Years ago, a grave American savant, being in London, observed at an evening party there, a certain coxcombical fellow, as he thought, an absurd ribbon in his lapel, and full of smart [banter], whisking about to the admiration of as many as were disposed to admire.

ribbon  ['rɪbən] n. (用于捆绑或装饰的) 带子

英文释义: a narrow strip of material, used to tie things or for decoration

例句: Years ago, a grave American savant, being in London, observed at an evening party there, a certain coxcombical fellow, as he thought, an absurd ribbon in his lapel, and full of smart [banter], whisking about to the admiration of as many as were disposed to admire.

lapel  [lə'pel] n. (西服上衣或夹克上部胸前的) 翻领

英文释义: one of the two front parts of the top of a coat or jacket that are joined to the collar and are folded back

例句: Years ago, a grave American savant, being in London, observed at an evening party there, a certain coxcombical fellow, as he thought, an absurd ribbon in his lapel, and full of smart [banter], whisking about to the admiration of as many as were disposed to admire.

banter  ['bæntər] n. (善意的) 玩笑

英文释义: friendly remarks and jokes

例句: Years ago, a grave American savant, being in London, observed at an evening party there, a certain coxcombical fellow, as he thought, an absurd ribbon in his lapel, and full of smart [banter], whisking about to the admiration of as many as were disposed to admire.

disposed  [dɪ'spəʊzd] adj. 倾向于

英文释义: willing or prepared to do sth

例句: Years ago, a grave American savant, being in London, observed at an evening party there, a certain coxcombical fellow, as he thought, an absurd ribbon in his lapel, and full of smart [banter], whisking about to the admiration of as many as were disposed to admire.

disdain  [dɪs'deɪn] n. 鄙视

英文释义: the feeling that sb/sth is not good enough to deserve your respect or attention

例句: Great was the savants disdain.

tranquil  ['træŋkwɪl] adj. 安静的


英文释义: quiet and peaceful

例 句: I went on with my day's business tranquilly; but ever and anon vague suggestions kept wandering across my brain of reasons why I should quit Thornfield

comply  [kəm'plai] v. 遵从

英文释义: to obey a rule, an order, etc.

例 句: employees insisted on more favorable benefits, and employers, who were anxious to fulfill the contracts, complied.

assert  [ə'sɜ:rt] v. 维护自己的权利 (或权威)

英文释义: to make other people recognize your right or authority to do sth, by behaving firmly and confidently

例 句: Thus, labor activism became a platform for Mexican American women to assert their agency.

resist  [rɪ'zɪst] v. 抵制

英文释义: to refuse to accept sth and try to stop it from happening

例 句: To discuss research that investigated the ways in which Black female farmworkers in late nineteenth- and early twentieth-century Texas used fashion practices to resist traditional gender ideals

strive  [straɪv] v. 努力

英文释义: to try very hard to achieve sth

例 句: Many computer animators prioritize this question as they strive to create ever more realistic environments and lighting.

integral  ['ɪntɪgrəl, ɪn'teɡrəl] adj. 必需的


英文释义: being an essential part of sth

例 句: To introduce and illustrate Barrier Williams's integral role in supporting other Black women as their circumstances changed during part of the Great Migration

diaspora  [daɪ'æspərə] n. (任何民族的) 大移居

英文释义: the movement of people from any nation or group away from their own country

例 句: This route reveals the (often overlooked) multinational dimensions of the trade networks linking Chinese diaspora communities.

coordinate  [koʊ'ɔ:rdɪneɪt] v. 使协调

英文释义: to organize the different parts of an activity and the people involved in it so that it works well

例句: Jinshanzhuang—Hong Kong-based import/export firms—likely coordinated the fish's transport from Chinese-operated fisheries in Vietnam and Malaysia to North American markets.

hegemonic  [ˌhedʒɪ'mɑ:nɪk] adj. 支配的

英文释义: ruling or dominant in a political or social context

例句: Flewellen argues that this sartorial practice shows that these women balanced hegemonic ideals of femininity with the requirements of their physically demanding occupation.

occupation  [ˌɑ:kju'peɪʃn] n. 工作

英文释义: a job or profession

例句: Flewellen argues that this sartorial practice shows that these women balanced hegemonic ideals of femininity with the requirements of their physically demanding occupation.

vague  [veɪg] adj. 不具体的

英文释义: not having or giving enough information or details about sth

例句: I went on with my day's business tranquilly; but ever and anon vague suggestions kept wandering across my brain of reasons why I should quit Thornfield

ponder  ['pɑ:ndər] v. 沉思

英文释义: (formal) to think about sth carefully for a period of time

例句: ...and I kept involuntarily framing advertisements and pondering conjectures about new situations: these thoughts I did not think to check; they might germinate and bear fruit if they could.

conjecture  [kən'dʒektʃər] n. 猜测


英文释义: an opinion or idea that is not based on definite knowledge and is formed by guessing

例句: ...and I kept involuntarily framing advertisements and pondering conjectures about new situations: these thoughts I did not think to check; they might germinate and bear fruit if they could.

dilemma  [dɪ'lemə,dai'lemə] n. (进退两难的) 窘境


英文释义: a situation which makes problems, often one in which you have to make a very difficult choice between things of equal importance

例句: Michelene Pesantubbee, a historian and citizen of the Choctaw Nation, has identified a dilemma inherent to research on the status of women in her tribe during the 1600s and 1700s

impel  [ɪm'pel] v. 促使

英文释义: if an idea or feeling impels you to do sth, you feel as if you are forced to do it

例句: His singularity impelled a closer scrutiny.

uproarious  [ʌp'rɔ:riəs] adj. 喧闹

英文释义: in which there is a lot of noise and people laugh or shout a lot

例句: Before reaching Knightsbridge, Mr. Verloc took a turn to the left out of the busy main thoroughfare, uproarious with the traffic of swaying omnibuses and trotting vans, in the almost silent, swift flow of hansoms [horse-drawn carriages].

qualify  ['kwɑ:lɪfaɪ] v. 符合


英文释义: to have the right qualities to be described as a particular thing

例句: It qualifies an earlier description of Mr. Verloc.

distinctive  [dɪ'stɪŋktɪv] adj. 独特的; 特别的

英文释义: having a quality or characteristic that makes sth different and easily noticed

例句: The speaker describes a distinctive sight in nature, then ponders what meaning to attribute to that sight.

defeat  [dɪ'fi:t] n. 失败

英文释义: failure to win or to be successful

例句: Ever repulsed, yet ever rushing on—
Filled with a life that will not know defeat:
To see the glorious hues of sky and sea.

edifice  ['edɪfɪs] n. 大厦; 宏伟建筑

英文释义: a large impressive building

例句: Without edifices, or rules, or trustees, or any argument

The institution of the dear love of comrades.

distort  [dɪ'stɔːrt] v. 使变形

英文释义: to change the shape, appearance or sound of sth so that it is strange or not clear

例句: He found that some words were distorted enough that digital scanners couldn't recognize them, but most humans could easily read them.

incorporate  [ɪn'kɔːrpəreɪt] v. 将...包括在内

英文释义: to include sth so that it forms a part of sth

例句: Ailey often incorporated improvisation, a signature characteristic of jazz music, in his work.

inadvertently  [ˌɪnəd'vɜːrtntli] adv. 无意地; 不经意地

英文释义: by accident; without intending to

例句: Art historian and archaeologist Lisa Trever has argued that the interpretation of Moche "portrait" vessels as hyper-realistic portrayals of identifiable people may inadvertently disregard the creativity of the objects' creators.

rally  ['ræli] v. 召集

英文释义: to come together or bring people together in order to help or support sb/sth

例句: British forces were burning nearby Danbury, Connecticut and Ludington wanted to rally rebel troops to meet them.

revere  [rɪ'veɪr] v. 尊敬

英文释义: (formal) to feel great respect or admiration for sb/sth

例句: Ludington is revered by Americans today, but there simply isn't a strong historical record of her heroic ride.

exclude  [ɪk'skluːd] v. 不包括

英文释义: to deliberately not include sth in what you are doing or considering

例句: For decades, bluegrass musicians have debated whether their genre should exclude influences from mainstream genres such as rock.

inconsistent  [ˌɪnkən'sɪstənt] adj. 不一致

英文释义: if two statements, etc. are inconsistent, or one is inconsistent with the other, they cannot both be true because they give the facts in a different way

例句: Social psychologist Leon Festinger proposed the theory of cognitive dissonance, which states that people experience psychological discomfort when they hold contradictory beliefs, or when they behave in ways that are inconsistent with their beliefs.

inarguable  [ɪnˈɑːrgjuəbl] adj. 不容争辩的

英文释义: that nobody can disagree with

例句: Yet despite its inarguable value as a piece of writing, Lewis's masterpiece has received almost no attention from literary scholars.

thrive  [θraɪv] v. 旺盛

英文释义: to become, and continue to be, successful, strong, healthy, etc.

例句: Microbes are tiny organisms in the soil, water, and air all around us. They thrive even in very harsh conditions.

puzzle  [ˈpʌzl] v. 迷惑

英文释义: to make sb feel confused because they do not understand sth

例句: The idea that time moves in only one direction is instinctively understood, yet it puzzles physicists.

irreversible  [ˌɪrɪˈvɜːrsəbl] adj. 无法复原（或挽回）的

英文释义: that cannot be changed back to what it was before

例句: According to the second law of thermodynamics, at a macroscopic level some processes of heat transfer are irreversible due to the production of entropy—after a transfer we cannot rewind time and place molecules back exactly where they were before, just as we cannot unbreak dropped eggs.

oscillate  [ˈɑːsɪleɪt] v. 波动；振荡

英文释义: to change in strength or direction at regular intervals

例句: In 2015, physicists Tiago Batalhao et al. performed an experiment in which they confirmed the irreversibility of thermodynamic processes at a quantum level producing entropy by applying a rapidly oscillating magnetic field to a system of carbon-13 atoms in liquid chloroform.

advent  ['ædvent] n. 出现, 到来

英文释义: the coming of an important event, person, invention, etc.

例句: As a result of Appia's inexperience, Bremner argues, Appia's theory of light called for lighting practices that weren't possible until after the advent of electricity around 1881.

plausible  ['plɔːzəbl] adj. 有道理的


英文释义: reasonable and likely to be true

例句: Given the prevalence of iridium at the crater and more broadly, in geological layers deposited worldwide following the impact Artemieva argues that an asteroid is a more plausible candidate for the Chicxulub impactor.

sustain  [sə'steɪn] v. 维持 (生命、生存)

英文释义: to provide enough of what sb/sth needs in order to live or exist

例句: Polar bears sustain themselves primarily by hunting seals on the Arctic sea ice, but rising ocean temperatures are causing the ice to diminish, raising concerns about polar bear population declines as these large predators' seal-hunting habitats continue to shrink.

diminish  [dɪ'mɪnɪʃ] v. 减少

英文释义: to become or to make sth become smaller, weaker, etc.

例句: Polar bears sustain themselves primarily by hunting seals on the Arctic sea ice, but rising ocean temperatures are causing the ice to diminish, raising concerns about polar bear population declines as these large predators' seal-hunting habitats continue to shrink.

shrink  [frɪŋk] v. (使) 缩小, 收缩, 减少

英文释义: to become or to make sth smaller in size or amount


例句: Polar bears sustain themselves primarily by hunting seals on the Arctic sea ice, but rising ocean temperatures are causing the ice to diminish, raising concerns about polar bear population declines as these large predators' seal-hunting habitats continue to shrink.

resilience  [rɪ'zɪliəns] n. 快速恢复的能力

英文释义: the ability of people or things to feel better quickly after sth unpleasant, such as shock, injury, etc.


例句: The researchers attribute this population's resilience in part to a shift in feeding

strategies: in addition to hunting seals, the Svalbard polar bears have begun relying on a diet of reindeer meat and birds' eggs.

offset  ['ɒ:fset] v. 抵消; 弥补

英文释义: to use one cost, payment or situation in order to cancel or reduce the effect of another

例句: A team led by Bernardo Strassburg has found that rewilding farmland (returning the land to its natural state) could help preserve biodiversity and offset carbon emissions.

lush  [lʌʃ] adj. 茂盛的; 茂密的

英文释义: growing thickly and strongly in a way that is attractive; covered in healthy grass and plants

例句: Africa's Sahara region—once a lush ecosystem—began to dry out about 8,000 years ago.

exacerbate  [ɪg'zæsəbeɪt] v. 使恶化


英文释义: to make sth worse, especially a disease or problem

例句: The timing suggests that Neolithic peoples didn't exacerbate aridity in the region but, in fact, may have helped delay environmental changes with practices (e.g., selective grazing) that preserved vegetation.

deleterious  [ˌdelə'tɪriəs] adj. 有害的

英文释义: harmful and damaging

例句: By insisting that pastoralism can have both beneficial and deleterious effects on a region's vegetation and climate

dwarf  [dwɔ:rf] adj. 矮小的

英文释义: much smaller than the normal size

例句: Studying wavelengths of light in the white dwarf atmospheres, the team reported that traces of elements such as lithium and sodium support the presence of exoplanets with continental crusts similar to Earth's.

impute  [ɪm'pjʊ:t] v. 归咎于

英文释义: to say, often unfairly, that sb is responsible for sth or has a particular quality

例句: The geology of Sterkfontein has caused soil layers from different periods to mix, impeding stratigraphic dating, and dates cannot be reliably imputed from those of nearby animal bones since the bones may have been relocated by flooding.

eruption  [ɪˈrʌpʃn] n. 喷发

英文释义: an act or instance of erupting

例句: Some scientists argue that volcanic activity was the true cause, as the K-Pg event occurred relatively early in a long period of eruption of the Deccan Traps range that initially produced huge amounts of climate-altering gases.

sermon  [ˈsɜːrmən] n. 冗长的说教

英文释义: moral advice that a person tries to give you in a long talk

例句: Like the work of Ralph Ellison before her, Toni Morrison's novels feature scenes in which characters deliver sermons of such length and verbal dexterity that for a time, the text exchanges the formal parameters of fiction for those of oral literature.

interpolate  [ɪnˈtɜːrpoʊleɪt] v. (在文章中) 插入, 添加内容

英文释义: ~ sth (into sth) to add sth to a piece of writing

例句: Yet literature by Black Americans abounds in moments where interpolated speech erodes the division between oral and written forms that literature in English has traditionally observed.

abound  [əˈbaʊnd] v. 大量存在


英文释义: to exist in great numbers or quantities

例句: Yet literature by Black Americans abounds in moments where interpolated speech erodes the division between oral and written forms that literature in English has traditionally observed.

propel  [prəˈpel] v. 推动; 驱动; 推进

英文释义: to move, drive or push sth forward or in a particular direction

例句: Her other major novels consist mainly of scenes of everyday life and describe their characters' interior states in great detail, whereas Orlando propels itself through a series of fantastical events and considers its characters' psychology more superficially.

portray  [pɔːrˈtreɪ] v. 描写

英文释义: to describe sb/sth in a piece of writing;

例句: Like Woolf's other great novels, Orlando portrays how people's memories inform their experience of the present

optimistic  [ˌɑːptɪ'mɪstɪk] adj. 乐观的

英文释义: expecting good things to happen or sth to be successful

例句: It is overly optimistic given additional observations from Srivastava and her team.

hostility  [hɑː'stɪləti] n. 战争行为


英文释义: acts of fighting in a war

例句: It fails to address events in Eastern Europe just before the outbreak of hostilities, thereby giving the impression that Germany was the war's principal instigator.

engrossing  [ɪn'ɡroʊsɪŋ] adj. 引人入胜的

英文释义: Something that is engrossing is very interesting and holds your attention completely.

例句: Barbara Tuchman's *The Guns of August* is an engrossing if dated introduction to World War I.

laudable  [ˈləʊdəb(ə)l] adj. 应受赞扬的

英文释义: deserving to be praised or admired, even if not really successful

例句: Tuchman's analysis of primary documents is laudable, but her main thesis that European powers committed themselves to a catastrophic outcome by refusing to deviate from military plans developed prior to the conflict is implausibly reductive.

preponderance  [pri'pɒːndərəns] n. 优势; 多数; 主体

英文释义: if there is a preponderance of one type of people or things in a group, there are more of them than others

例句: Thus, the preponderance of evidence now favors a Polynesian origin.

bureaucratic  [ˌbjʊərə'krætɪk] adj. 官僚的; 官僚主义的

英文释义: connected with a bureaucracy or bureaucrats and involving complicated official rules which may seem unnecessary

例句: The shift to agriculture about 12,000 years ago sparked population growth that led to the emergence of groups with hierarchical structures: associations of clans first, then chiefdoms, and finally, bureaucratic states.

disperse  [dɪ'spɜːrs] v. (使) 分散, 散开

英文释义: to move apart and go away in different directions

例句: The authors point to evidence that as far back as 50,000 years ago some hunter-gatherers adjusted their social structures seasonally, at times dispersing in small groups but also assembling into communities that included esteemed individuals.

assemble  [ə'sembl] v. 聚集; 集合


英文释义: to come together as a group; to bring people or things together as a group

例句: The authors point to evidence that as far back as 50,000 years ago some hunter-gatherers adjusted their social structures seasonally, at times dispersing in small groups but also assembling into communities that included esteemed individuals.

esteemed  [ɪ'sti:md] adj. 受人尊敬的

英文释义: respected and admired

例句: The authors point to evidence that as far back as 50,000 years ago some hunter-gatherers adjusted their social structures seasonally, at times dispersing in small groups but also assembling into communities that included esteemed individuals.

diversity  [daɪ'vɜ:rsəti; dɪ'vɜ:siti] n. 多样性; 多样化

英文释义: the quality or fact of including a range of many people or things

例句: Ecologist Michael Behrenfeld and colleagues have connected phytoplankton's diversity to their microscopic size.

imprudence  [ɪm'pru:dns] n. 轻率, 鲁莽的行为

英文释义: the act of imprudent, not sensible or wise

例句: Elinor, this eldest daughter, whose advice was so effectual possessed a strength of understanding, and coolness of judgment, which qualified her, though only nineteen, to be the counsellor of her mother, and enabled her frequently to counteract to the advantage of them all, that eagerness of mind in Mrs. Dashwood which must generally have led to imprudence.

affectionate  [ə'fekʃənət] adj. 表示关爱的

英文释义: showing caring feelings and love for sb

例句: She had an excellent heart;—her disposition was affectionate, and her feelings were strong; but she knew how to govern them: it was a knowledge which her mother had yet to learn; and which one of her sisters had resolved never to be taught.

splendid  ['splendɪd] adj. 豪华的; 华丽的


英文释义: very impressive; very beautiful

例句: Heidi had come and was looking with wondering eyes at the splendid pictures in the large books, that Grandmama was showing her.

evoke  [ɪ'vʊk] v. 引起, 唤起 (感情、记忆或形象)

英文释义: to bring a feeling, a memory or an image into your mind

例句: Scent is tightly interwoven with our daily lives, often evoking significant memories and important social events.

dissipate  [ˈdɪsɪpeɪt] v. (使)消散, 消失

英文释义: to gradually become or make sth become weaker until it disappears

例句: Although the speed at which odor molecules dissipate makes identifying ancient scents challenging, advancements in biomolecular technologies show promise in unlocking ancient aromas from preserved artifacts.

flush  [flʌʃ] v. 发红; 脸红

英文释义: (of a person or their face) to become red, especially because you are embarrassed, angry or hot

例句: When he saw it he drew back, and his cheeks flushed for a moment with pleasure.

dimly  [ˈdɪmli] adv. 暗淡地

英文释义: not very brightly or clearly

例句: He stood there motionless and in wonder, dimly conscious that Hallward was speaking to him, but not catching the meaning of his words.

immense  [ɪ'mens] adj. 巨大的

英文释义: extremely large or great

例句: This freedom, coupled with the affordability of the vehicle, made the bicycle immensely popular.

emergence  [ɪ'mɜːrdʒəns] n. 出现, 显现

英文释义: when something begins to be known or noticed

例句: They believe that the discovery pushes the emergence of flowering plants, or angiosperms, back to the Jurassic period, which occurred between 145 million and 201 million years ago.

meticulous  [mə'tɪkjələs] adj. 小心翼翼的

英文释义: paying careful attention to every detail

例句: Scrapbooks of saved fabric pieces were commonly kept by women in the nineteenth-century United States, but few are as meticulously detailed as Hannah Ditzler Alspaugh's work.

commercially  [kə'mɜːrʃəli] adv. 从商业角度来看

英文释义: considering whether a business or product is making a profit

例句: Catlett became commercially successful once she started using linocut printing.

iteration  [ˌɪtə'reɪʃn] n. 重申, 复述

英文释义: perform or utter repeatedly

例句: The most recent iteration of the immersive theater experience Sleep No More, which premiered in New York City in 2011, transforms its performance space—a five-story warehouse—into a 1930s-era hotel.

immersive  [ɪ'mɜːrsɪv] adj. 拟真的

英文释义: providing information or stimulation for a number of senses, not only sight and sound

例句: The most recent iteration of the immersive theater experience Sleep No More, which premiered in New York City in 2011, transforms its performance space—a five-story warehouse—into a 1930s-era hotel.

simultaneous  [ˌsaɪml'teɪniəs] adj. 同时发生的

英文释义: happening or done at the same time as sth else

例句: Audience members, who wander through the labyrinthine venue at their own pace and follow the actors as they play out simultaneous, interweaving narrative loops, confront the impossibility of experiencing the production in its entirety.

interweave  [ˌɪntər'wiːv] v. 交织; 交错编织

英文释义: to twist together two or more pieces of thread, wool, etc.

例句: Audience members, who wander through the labyrinthine venue at their own pace and follow the actors as they play out simultaneous, interweaving narrative loops, confront the impossibility of experiencing the production in its entirety.

entirety  [ɪn'taɪərəti] n. 全部; 全体; 整体

英文释义: the whole of sth

例句: Audience members, who wander through the labyrinthine venue at their own pace and follow the actors as they play out simultaneous, interweaving narrative loops, confront the impossibility of experiencing the production in its entirety.

coherence  [koo'hiərəns] n. 连贯性; 条理性

英文释义: the situation in which all the parts of sth fit together well

例句: The play's refusal of narrative coherence thus hinges on the sense of spatial fragmentation that the venue's immense and intricate layout generates.

hinge  [hɪndʒ] v. 有赖于; 取决于

英文释义: (hinge on/upon sth) to depend on sth completely

例句: The play's refusal of narrative coherence thus hinges on the sense of spatial fragmentation that the venue's immense and intricate layout generates.

spatial  ['speɪl] adj. 空间的

英文释义: relating to space and the position, size, shape, etc. of things in it

例句: The play's refusal of narrative coherence thus hinges on the sense of spatial fragmentation that the venue's immense and intricate layout generates.

fragmentation  [ˌfræɡmen'teɪʃn] n. 分裂, 破裂, 碎裂

英文释义: the process or state of breaking or being broken into small or separate parts

例句: The play's refusal of narrative coherence thus hinges on the sense of spatial fragmentation that the venue's immense and intricate layout generates.

commiserate  [kə'mɪzəreɪt] v. 同情

英文释义: to show sb sympathy when they are upset or disappointed about sth

例句: Commiserating each the other's woe,
To mitigate his own pain's fiery glow.

mitigate  ['mɪtɪgeɪt] v. 减轻; 缓和

英文释义: to make sth less harmful, serious, etc.

例句: Commiserating each the other's woe,
To mitigate his own pain's fiery glow.

proffer  ['prɑ:fər] v. 提出, 提供

英文释义: to offer sth such as advice or an explanation

例句: Man could but little proffer in exchange
Save that his cages have a larger range.

counterpart  ['kaʊntəpɑ:rt] n. 职位(或作用)相当的人

英文释义: a person or thing that has the same position or function as sb/sth else in a different place or situation

例句: That lion with his lordly, untamed heart
Has in some man his human counterpart,
Some lofty soul in dreams and visions wrapped,
But in the stifling flesh securely trapped.

stifling  ['staɪflɪŋ] adj. 令人窒息的

英文释义: making one feel constrained or oppressed

例句: That lion with his lordly, untamed heart
Has in some man his human counterpart,
Some lofty soul in dreams and visions wrapped,
But in the stifling flesh securely trapped.

burgeon  ['bɜ:rdʒən] v. 激增

英文释义: to begin to grow or develop rapidly

例句: Several scholars have argued that conditions in England in the late ninth through early eleventh centuries—namely, burgeoning literacy amid running conflicts between England's Anglo-Saxon kingdoms and Danish invaders—were especially conducive to the production of the Old English epic poem Beowulf, and they have dated the poem's composition accordingly.

composition  [ˌkɑ:mpə'zɪʃn] n. 创作

英文释义: the act of composing sth

例句: Several scholars have argued that conditions in England in the late ninth through early eleventh centuries—namely, burgeoning literacy amid running conflicts between England's Anglo-Saxon kingdoms and Danish invaders—were especially conducive to the production of the Old English epic poem Beowulf, and they have dated the poem's composition accordingly.

privilege  ['prɪvəlɪdʒ] v. 给予特权

英文释义: to give sb/sth special rights or advantages that others do not have

例句: It is not inconceivable that Beowulf emerged from such a context but privileging contextual fit over the linguistic evidence of an eighth- or even seventh-century composition requires a level of justification that thus far has not been presented.

controversial  [ˌkɒntrə'veɜːrʃl] adj. 有争议的

英文释义: causing a lot of angry public discussion and disagreement

例句: Although several scholars have dated Beowulf to the late ninth through early eleventh centuries, others have argued that doing so privileges a controversial interpretation of the social conditions of the period.

regulate  ['regjuleɪt] v. 调节, 控制

英文释义: to control the speed, pressure, temperature, etc. in a machine or system

例句: Neuroscience research from the last two decades now suggests that the cerebellum regulates emotion and social behavior, and recent research by Ilaria Carta and colleagues has identified a pathway connecting the cerebellum to a center for motivation and reward processing known as the ventral tegmental area (VTA).

hinder  ['hɪndə] v. 阻碍; 妨碍

英文释义: to make it difficult for sb to do sth or sth to happen

例句: For centuries, the widespread acknowledgment of the involvement of the cerebellum—a dense brain structure in vertebrates—in coordinating motor control in humans has hindered recognition of other possible functions of the structure.

constitute  ['kɒnstitʊt] v. (被认为或看做) 是

英文释义: to be considered to be sth

例句: The fossil constitutes the first evidence found by scientists that mixopterids lived more than 400 million years ago.

identify  [aɪ'dentɪfaɪ] v. 确认

英文释义: to recognize sb/sth and be able to say who or what they are

例句: In a discovery that expands our understanding of the geographical distribution of mixopterids, paleontologist Bo Wang and others have identified fossilized remains of a new mixopterid species, Terropteris xiushanensis, that lived over 400 million years ago on the paleocontinent of Gondwana.

expel  [ɪk'spel] v. 排出

英文释义: to expel something means to force it out from a container or from your body

例句: In the event of an environmental stressor, the algae can die or be expelled, causing the corals to appear white.

impassioned  [ɪm'pæʃnd] adj. 充满激情的; 热烈的

英文释义: showing strong feelings about sth

例句: Having written the impassioned call to arms "Letter to the Spanish Americans" in 1791, Peruvian intellectual Juan Pablo Viscardo y Guzman is often considered a forerunner for the independence movements in Latin America.

forerunner  ['fɔːrʌnə] n. 先驱; 先行者

英文释义: a person or thing that came before and influenced sb/sth else that is similar

例句: Having written the impassioned call to arms "Letter to the Spanish Americans" in 1791, Peruvian intellectual Juan Pablo Viscardo y Guzman is often considered a forerunner for the independence movements in Latin America.

circulate  ['sɜːrkjəleɪt] v. 传播; 流传

英文释义: if a story, an idea, information, etc. circulates or if you circulate it, it spreads or it is passed from one person to another

例句: Miranda not only helped circulate the letter, but his edits and footnotes to the text position Miranda as a central figure in the text's creation.

obviate  ['ɑːbviət] v. 消除

英文释义: to remove a problem or the need for sth

例句: The process can result in a loss of up to 80% of the solution, increasing the cost of manufacturing at scale—an issue that may be obviated by spray coating fabrication, which the researchers describe as "highly reproducible, concise, and practical/

concise  [kən'saɪs] adj. 简洁的

英文释义: giving only the information that is necessary and important, using few words

例句: The process can result in a loss of up to 80% of the solution, increasing the cost of manufacturing at scale—an issue that may be obviated by spray coating fabrication, which the researchers describe as "highly reproducible, concise, and practical.

weary  ['wɪəri] adj. 疲劳的

英文释义: very tired, especially after you have been working hard or doing sth for a long time

例句: Weary with toil, I [hurry] to my bed
The dear repose for limbs with travel tired;

remnant  ['remnənt] n. 残余部分

英文释义: a part of sth that is left after the other parts have been used, removed, destroyed, etc.

例句: All but one of the 20 moons are thought to be remnants of bodies that orbited Saturn until they broke apart in collisions.

eccentric  [ɪk'sentɪk] adj. 怪的

英文释义: considered by other people to be strange or unusual

例句: Although the one exceptional moon orbits in the same direction as the planets spin, its orbit is highly eccentric compared to the rest, which may suggest that it has a different origin than the other 19 moons.

perceptive  [pə'septɪv] adj. 理解力强的

英文释义: having or showing the ability to see or understand things quickly, especially things that are not obvious

例句: The main purpose of the text is to praise a certain writer for being especially perceptive regarding people and nature.

recount  [rɪ'kaʊnt] v. 讲述, 叙述

英文释义: (formal) to tell sb about sth, especially sth that you have experienced

例句: In the 2011 documentary The Barber of Birmingham, civil rights activist James Armstrong recounts how his barbershop in Birmingham, Alabama, served as a political hub for members of the Black community during the 1950s.

dissonance  ['dɪsənəns] n. 不和谐

英文释义: lack of agreement

例句: The team focused on established users of "smart home" technology, which presents inherent utilization challenges but tends to attract users with high expectations, often leading to feelings of dissonance.

manipulate  [mə'nipjuleɪt] v. 操作, 使用

英文释义: to control or use sth in a skilful way

例句: Optical tweezers are specialized scientific tools—particularly useful in biology and medicine—that use high-powered beams of light to trap and manipulate minuscule particles for study.

prolonged  [prə'lɔːŋd] adj. 持久的

英文释义: continuing for a long time

例句: Use of the tool has led to several scientific and medical breakthroughs over the last few decades, but the particles are often under prolonged exposure to the intense heat of the light beams.

maneuver  [mə'nu:vər] v. 移动, 运动

英文释义: to move or turn sth skilfully or carefully

例句: It facilitates the maneuvering of particles without directly heating the particles themselves.

facilitate  [fə'sɪlɪteɪt] v. 促进

英文释义: to make an action or a process possible or easier

例句: It facilitates the maneuvering of particles without directly heating the particles themselves.

satirical  [sə'tɪrɪkl] adj. 讽刺的

英文释义: using satire to criticize sb/sth

例句: The following text is adapted from Lewis Carroll's 1889 satirical novel *Sylvie and Bruno*. A crowd has gathered outside a room belonging to the Warden, an official who reports to the Lord Chancellor.

coincide  [ˌkɒɪn'saɪd] adj. 同时发生

英文释义: (of two or more event) to take place at the same time

例句: The diminishing popularity of the portrait miniature, which coincided with the rise of photography, seems to support this claim.

overstate  [ˌoʊvər'steɪt] v. 夸大

英文释义: to say sth in a way that makes it seem more important than it really is

例 句: However, photograph's impact on the portrait miniature may be overstated.

inhabit  [ɪnˈhæbɪt] v. 居住在

英文释义: to live in a particular place

例 句: Although inhabiting a home surrounded by fanciful features such as those designed by Gins and Arakawa can be rejuvenating, it is unsustainable.

fence  [fens] n. 栅栏

英文释义: a structure made of wood or wire supported with posts that is put between two areas of land as a boundary, or around a garden yard, field, etc. to keep animals in, or to keep people and animals out

例 句: The ecologists say that strong fences could prevent deer from eating young trees and help Pando start thriving again.

elevation  [ˌelɪˈveɪʃn] n. 海拔

英文释义: the height of a place, especially its height above sea level

例 句: Ornithologist Sahas Barve studied feathers from 249 songbird species inhabiting different elevations—and thus experiencing different temperatures—in the Himalaya Mountains.

specimen  [ˈspesɪmən] n. 样品; 样本; 标本

英文释义: a small amount of sth that shows what the rest of it is like

例 句: Paleontologists searching for signs of ancient life have found many fossilized specimens of prehistoric human ancestors, including several from the Pleistocene era discovered in a geological formation in the Minatogawa quarry in Japan.

undulate  [ˈʌndʒəleɪt] v. 起伏; 波动

英文释义: to go or move gently up and down like waves

例 句: The land undulated very remarkably; and my path, for the last hour, had wound about and about so confusedly, in its effort to keep in the valleys, that I no longer knew in what direction lay the sweet village of B where I had determined to stop for the night

contemporary  [kənˈtempəreri] adj. 属同时期的

英文释义: belonging to the same time

例 句: Philadelphia's Black Pearl Chamber Orchestra, founded by Jeri Lynne Johnson, performs classical music, from well-known compositions by Beethoven to

contemporary works by Jessie Montgomery.

obscurity  [əb'skjʊərəti] n. 默默无闻

英文释义: the state in which sb/sth is not well known or has been forgotten

例句: One reason for Izquierdo's relative obscurity is the enormous popularity of some of her peers.

captivate  ['kæptɪveɪt] v. 迷住

英文释义: to keep sb's attention by being interesting, attractive, etc.

例句: In particular, the painters Frida Kahlo and Diego Rivera have so captivated the interest of US audiences that Izquierdo and other Mexican artists from the period often get overlooked, despite the high quality of their work.

perspective  [pər'spektɪv] v. 态度

英文释义: a particular attitude towards sth; a way of thinking about sth

例句: Many intellectual histories of the Black Power movement of the 1960s and 1970s rely heavily on essays and other explicitly ideological works as primary sources, a tendency that can overrepresent the perspectives of a small number of thinkers, most of whom were male.

encompass  [ɪn'kʌmpəs] v. 包含, 包括

英文释义: to include a large number or range of things

例句: Historian Ashley D. Farmer has shown that expanding the array of primary sources to encompass more types of print material—including political cartoons, advertisements, and artwork—leads to a much better understanding of the movement and the crucial and diverse roles that Black women played in shaping it.

alter  ['ɔ:lter] v. (使) 改变

英文释义: to make sb/sth different

例句: He has altered his approach to sculpture over time, and his works have become increasingly abstract

inertia  [ɪ'nɜ:ʃə] n. 惯性

英文释义: by which it stays still or, if moving, continues moving in a straight line unless it is acted on by a force outside itself

例句: We no longer speak, think nor live; we float along through space in delicious inertia.

peculiarly  [pr'kju:liərli] adj. 很; 特别

英文释义: very; more than usually

例句: The air which is bearing us up has made of us all beings which resemble itself, silent, joyous, irresponsible beings, peculiarly alert, although motionless.

pinpoint  ['pɪnpɔɪnt] v. 明确指出, 确定

英文释义: to find and show the exact position of sb/sth or the exact time that sth happened

例句: By comparing the chemical signatures of the bowls with those of the materials still at old Chinese kiln sites, Niziolek and her team can pinpoint which Chinese kilns likely produced the ceramic bowls.

elastic  [ɪ'læstɪk] adj. 有弹性的

英文释义: able to stretch and return to its original size and shape

例句: Because these threads are unusually strong and elastic, scientist Atsuko Negishi and her colleagues have been trying to recreate them in a lab as an eco-friendly alternative to petroleum-based fibers that are often used in fabrics.

alternative  [ɔ:l'tɜ:nətɪv] n. 可供选择的事物

英文释义: a thing that you can choose to do or have out of two or more possibilities

例句: Because these threads are unusually strong and elastic, scientist Atsuko Negishi and her colleagues have been trying to recreate them in a lab as an eco-friendly alternative to petroleum-based fibers that are often used in fabrics.

captivity  [kæp'tɪvəti] n. 监禁

英文释义: the state of being kept as a prisoner or in a confined space

例句: Hagfish are not well suited to being raised in captivity.

acquaintance  [ə'kweɪntəns] n. 泛泛之交


英文释义: a person that you know but who is not a close friend

例句: Mrs. Ochiltree was a woman of strong individuality, whose comments upon her acquaintance[s], present or absent, were marked by a frankness at times no less than startling.

sentiment  ['sentɪmənt] n. 观点, 看法

英文释义: a feeling or an opinion, especially one based on emotions

例句: Mrs. Ochiltree was aware of this sentiment on the part of her acquaintance[s], and rather exulted in it.

rattle  ['rætl] v. 发出连续短促的高声

英文释义: to make a series of short loud sounds as it moves somewhere

例句: The rattle of her wagon was lost in the howling of the wind, but her lantern, held firmly between her feet, made a moving point of light along the highway, going deeper and deeper into the dark country

quail  [kweɪl] n. 鹌鹑

英文释义: a small brown bird, whose meat and eggs are used for food

例句: She had felt as if her heart were hiding down there, somewhere, with the quail and the plover

meadow  ['medoʊ] n. 草地; 牧场

英文释义: a field covered in grass, used especially for hay

例句: He turned now with great thirst to images of tranquil skies, fresh meadows, cool brooks—an existence of soft and eternal peace.

interminable  [ɪn'tɜːrminəbl] adj. 冗长的

英文释义: lasting a very long time and therefore boring or annoying

例句: These immense meadows, these interminable rivers, you are immense/and interminable as they.

slumber  ['slʌmbər] v. 睡眠


英文释义: to sleep

例句: You have not known what you are, you have slumber'd upon yourself / all your life, / Your eyelids have been the same as closed most of the time.

assortment  [ə'sɔːtmənt] n. 各种各样

英文释义: a collection of different things or of different types of the same thing

例句: Many of his signature dresses feature bold assortments of buttons throughout the garment.

dazzle  ['dæzl] v. (美貌、技能等)使倾倒

英文释义: to impress sb a lot with your beauty, skill, etc.

例句: In addition to her technical skill and daring feats, American stunt pilot Bessie Coleman was also known for dazzling the crowds that came to watch her air shows in the 1920s with her exuberant personality.

exuberant  [ɪg'zʊ:bərənt] adj. 精力充沛的


英文释义: full of energy, excitement and happiness

例句: In addition to her technical skill and daring feats, American stunt pilot Bessie Coleman was also known for dazzling the crowds that came to watch her air shows in the 1920s with her exuberant personality.

aviation  [ˌeɪvi'eɪʃn] n. 航空

英文释义: the designing, building and flying of aircraft

例句: An aviation researcher has claimed that Coleman intentionally defied social norms of the time by how she chose to present herself to the public.

impulsive  [ɪm'pʌlsɪv] adj. 凭冲动行事的

英文释义: (of people or their behaviour) acting suddenly without thinking carefully about what might happen because of what you are doing

例句: While Coleman was beloved by spectators for her charisma, she had a more complicated relationship with her managers and staff, who at times found her behavior too impulsive and demanding.

deformation  [ˌdi:fɔ:r'meɪʃn] n. 变形

英文释义: the process or result of changing and spoiling the normal shape of sth

例句: Although Sierra Negra experienced a lot of deformation, its deformation rate was still lower than that of Pacaya.

fictional  [fɪk'tɪʃəs] adj. 虚构的

英文释义: invented by sb rather than true

例句: They created a fictional travel website describing five museums in London.

incentive  [ɪn'sentɪv] n. 激励; 鼓励

英文释义: something that encourages you to do sth

例句: In the United States, firms often seek incentives from municipal governments to expand to those municipalities.

municipal  [mju:'nɪsɪpl] adj. 市政的

英文释义: connected with or belonging to a town, city or district that has its own local government

例句: In the United States, firms often seek incentives from municipal governments to expand to those municipalities.

hypothesize  [hə'pɒ:θəsaɪz] v. 假设; 假定

英文释义: to suggest a way of explaining sth when you do not definitely know about it; to form a hypothesis

例句: A team of political scientists hypothesized that municipalities are much more likely to respond to firms and offer incentives if expansions can be announced in time to benefit local elected officials than if they can't.

inquire  [ɪn'kwɪər] v. 询问, 打听

英文释义: ask for information from someone

例句: The team contacted officials in thousands of municipalities, inquiring about incentives for a firm looking to expand and indicating that the firm would announce its expansion on a date either just before or just after the next election.

urbanize  ['ɜ:rbənaɪz] v. 使城市化

英文释义: make or become urban in character

例句: Geographer Adebayo Oluwole Eludoyin and his colleagues surveyed small-scale farmers in three locations in Ondo State, Nigeria—which has mountainous terrain in the north, an urbanized center, and coastal terrain in the south—to learn more about their practices, like the types of crops they mainly cultivated.

deficiency  [dɪ'fɪʃnsi] n. 缺点

英文释义: a fault or a weakness in sth/sb that makes it or them less successful

例句: According to an arts journalist later in his career as a renowned curator and art historian, Enwezor sought to remedy this deficiency, not by focusing solely on modern African artists, but by showing how their work fits into the larger context of global modern art and art history.

retrospective  [ˌretrə'spektɪv] n. (艺术家作品) 回顾展

英文释义: a public exhibition of the work that an artist has done in the past, showing how his or her work has developed

例句: As curator of the Haus der Kunst in Munich, Germany, Enwezor organized a retrospective of Ghanaian sculptor El Anatsui's work entitled El Anatsui: Triumphant Scale, one of the largest art exhibitions devoted to a Black artist in Europe's history.

contentious  [kən'tenʃəs] adj. 可能引起争论的

英文释义: likely to cause disagreement between people

例句: Linguist Deborah Fannen has cautioned against framing contentious issues in terms of two highly competitive perspectives, such as pro versus con.

annul  [ə'nʌl] v. 废除; 取消

英文释义: to state officially that sth is no longer legally valid

例句: In 1534 CE, King Henry VIII of England split with the Catholic Church and declared himself head of the Church of England, in part because Pope Clement VII refused to annul his marriage to Catherine of Aragon.

confiscation  [ˌkɒnfɪ'skeɪʃn] n. 没收; 征用

英文释义: the action of taking or seizing someone's property with authority

例句: Two years later, Henry VIII introduced a policy titled the Dissolution of the Monasteries that by 1540 had resulted in the closure of all Catholic monasteries in England and the confiscation of their estates.

enactment  [ɪ'næktmənt] n. (法律的) 制订, 颁布


英文释义: the process of a law becoming official

例句: Some historians assert that the enactment of the policy was primarily motivated by perceived financial opportunities.

unearth  [ʌn'ɜ:tθ] v. 挖掘

英文释义: to find sth in the ground by digging

例句: Studying tools unearthed at a cave site on the western coast of Italy, archaeologist Paola Villa and colleagues have determined that prehistoric Neanderthal groups fashioned them from shells of clams that they harvested from the seafloor while wading or diving or that washed up on the beach.

homeostatic  [ˌhəʊmiəʊ'stætɪk] adj. 自我平衡的

英文释义: the tendency toward a relatively stable equilibrium between interdependent elements, especially as maintained by physiological processes.

例句: Research suggests that REM sleep in animals is homeostatically regulated: animals compensate for periods of REM sleep deprivation by increasing subsequent REM sleep.

deprivation  [ˌdeprɪ'veɪʃn] n. 缺乏; 剥夺

英文释义: the fact of not having sth that you need, like enough food, money or a home

例句: The seals in the study didn't consistently demonstrate a significant increase in REM sleep after their period of deprivation in the water.

thermal  [ˈθɜːrm(ə)l] adj. 热的; 热量的

英文释义: connected with heat

例句: Urbanization, industrialization, and the warming climate create thermal pollution (excess heat) in the shallow subsurface soil.

feasible  [ˈfiːzəbl] adj. 可行的


英文释义: that is possible and likely to be achieved

例句: The team concluded that if surface temperature approaches the maximum plausible level the percentage of sites where thermal pollution could feasibly contribute to meeting home heating needs will increase.

grasp  [græsp] v. 理解

英文释义: to understand sth completely

例句: She looked fixedly up the bleak street as if she were gathering her strength to face something, as if she were trying with all her might to grasp a situation which, no matter how painful, must be met and dealt with somehow.

homogenize  [hə'mɑːdʒəˌnaɪz; hoʊ'mɑːdʒəˌnaɪz] v. 使同样, 使相似

英文释义: to change something so that its parts become similar or the same

例句: While some scholars have welcomed this development for bringing diverse musical forms to prominence in countries where they'd previously been overlooked, musicologist Su Zheng claims that the concept of world music homogenizes highly distinct traditions by reducing them all to a single category.

cultivate  ['kʌltɪveɪt] v. 种植

英文释义: to grow plants or crops

例句: By analyzing the chemical composition of the bones of sheep, goats, and cattle from this era, the team determined that wild plants made up the bulk of sheep's and goats' diets, while the cattle's diet consisted largely of millet a crop cultivated by humans.

bulk  [bʌlk] n. 主体

英文释义: the main part of sth

例句: By analyzing the chemical composition of the bones of sheep, goats, and cattle from this era, the team determined that wild plants made up the bulk of sheep's and goats' diets, while the cattle's diet consisted largely of millet a crop cultivated by humans.

sparse  [spɑ:rs] adj. 稀少的


英文释义: only present in small amounts or numbers and often spread over a large area

例句: Archaeologists have held that the Casarabe culture, which emerged in the southwestern Amazon basin in the first millennium CE, was characterized by a sparse, widely distributed population and little intervention in the surrounding wilderness.

intervention  [ˌɪntər'veɪʃn] n. 干预, 介入

英文释义: the act of becoming involved in an argument, fight, or other difficult situation in order to change what happens

例句: Archaeologists have held that the Casarabe culture, which emerged in the southwestern Amazon basin in the first millennium CE, was characterized by a sparse, widely distributed population and little intervention in the surrounding wilderness.

stark  [stɑ:rk] adj. 明摆着的; 严酷的


英文释义: unpleasantly clear and impossible to avoid

例句: Lumumba is a difficult figure to evaluate due to the starkly conflicting opinions he inspired during his life and continues to inspire today.

personification  [pəˈsɔ:nɪfɪˈkeɪʃn] n. 拟人; 人格化

英文释义: the practice of representing objects, qualities, etc. as humans, in art and literature

例句: Lumumba's practical accomplishments can be passed over quickly; it is mainly as the personification of Congolese independence that he warrants scholarly attention.

awe  [ə:] n. 敬畏

英文释义: feelings of respect and slight fear

例句: Psychologists Dacher Keltner and Jonathan Haidt have argued that experiencing awe—a sensation of reverence and wonder typically brought on by perceiving something grand or powerful—can enable us to feel more connected to others and thereby inspire us to act more altruistically.

reverence  ['revərəns] n. 尊敬; 崇敬

英文释义: (formal) a feeling of great respect or admiration for sb/sth

例句: Psychologists Dacher Keltner and Jonathan Haidt have argued that experiencing awe—a sensation of reverence and wonder typically brought on by perceiving something grand or powerful—can enable us to feel more connected to others and thereby inspire us to act more altruistically.

altruistic  [ˌæltruˈɪstɪk] adj. 利他主义的

英文释义: showing a selfless concern for the well-being of others, without care for one's own interests; unselfish

例句: Psychologists Dacher Keltner and Jonathan Haidt have argued that experiencing awe—a sensation of reverence and wonder typically brought on by perceiving something grand or powerful—can enable us to feel more connected to others and thereby inspire us to act more altruistically.

gaze  [geɪz] v. 凝视

英文释义: to look steadily at sb/sth for a long time, either because you are very interested or surprised, or because you are thinking of sth else

例句: Keltner, along with Paul K. Piff, Pia Dietze, and colleagues, claims to have found evidence for this effect in a recent study where participants were asked to either gaze up at exceptionally tall trees in a nearby grove (reported to be a universally awe-inspiring experience) or stare at the exterior of a nearby, nondescript building.

deliberate  [dɪˈlɪbəɪt] adj. 故意的

英文释义: done on purpose rather than by accident

例句: After one minute, an experimenter deliberately spilled a box of pens nearby.

infrastructure  [ˈɪnfəstrʌktʃər] n. 基础设施, 基础建设

英文释义: the basic systems and services that are necessary for a country or an organization to run smoothly, for example buildings, transport and water and power supplies

例句: Many governments that regularly transfer money to individuals—to provide supplemental incomes for senior citizens, for example—have long done so electronically, but other countries typically have distributed physical money and have only recently developed electronic transfer infrastructure.

allocate  ['æləkeɪt] v. 分配… (给)

英文释义: to give sth officially to sb/sth for a particular purpose

例句: One potential explanation for this result is that individuals conceive of and allocate funds in physical money differently than they conceive of and allocate funds in electronic form.

exaggerate  [ɪg'zædʒəreɪt] v. 夸张

英文释义: to make sth seem larger, better, worse or more important than it really is

例句: In the novel Trollope's portrayal of Dr. Proudie underscores the character's exaggerated sense of his own abilities.

render  ['rendər] v. 使成为; 使变得

英文释义: to cause sb/sth to be in a particular state or condition

例句: [Dr. Proudie's] residence in the metropolis, rendered necessary by duties thus entrusted to him, his high connexions, and the peculiar talents and nature of the man, recommended him to persons in power.

carve  [kɑːrv] v. 雕刻

英文释义: to make objects, patterns, etc. by cutting away material from wood or stone

例句: Little is left of the game except a stone board, which is carved with a grid and has places to hold game pieces.

viable  ['vaɪəbl] adj. 可实施的

英文释义: that can be done

例句: The author of the essay cites factors common to these countries that the author believes caused an increase in the median age of first marriage, such as new technologies that shortened the time needed for domestic chores, making two-person households less necessary and living alone more viable.

sediment  ['sedɪmənt] n. 沉淀物

英文释义: the solid material that settles at the bottom of a liquid

例句: Several studies of sediment (e.g., dirt, pieces of rock, etc.) in streams have shown an inverse correlation between sediment grain size and downstream distance from the primary sediment source, suggesting that stream length has a sorting effect on sediment.

influx  ['ɪnflʌks] n. 涌入, 流入

英文释义: the fact of a lot of people, money or things arriving somewhere

例句: Rather, they concluded that sediment influx in these streams may have been sufficiently spatially diffuse to prevent the typical sorting effect from being observed.

collapse  [kə'ləps] v. 倒塌, 坍塌

英文释义: to fall down or fall in suddenly, often after breaking apart

例句: The streams regularly experience portions of their banks collapsing into the water at multiple points upstream of the sampling sites.

convert  [kən'veɜ:t] v. (使) 转变

英文释义: to change or make sth change from one form, purpose, system, etc. to another

例句: Perovskite solar cells convert light into electricity more efficiently than earlier kinds of solar cells, and manufacturing advances have recently made them commercially attractive.

disproportionate  [ˌdɪsprə'pɔ:ʃənət] adj. 不成比例的

英文释义: too large or too small when compared with sth else

例句: A 2022 study showed that when presented with cane toad eggs as well as eggs of native Australian amphibians, cane toad tadpoles disproportionately consumed eggs of their own species.

anguish  ['æŋɡwɪʃ] n. 极度痛苦

英文释义: severe pain, mental suffering or unhappiness

例句: Poetry, which brings together or separates, which fortifies or brings anguish, which shores up or demolishes souls, which gives or robs men of faith and vigor, is more necessary to a people than industry itself, for industry provides them with a means of subsistence, while literature gives them the desire and strength for life.

demolish  [di'mɑ:lɪʃ] v. 轻易而彻底地打败

英文释义: to defeat sb easily and completely

例句: Poetry, which brings together or separates, which fortifies or brings anguish, which shores up or demolishes souls, which gives or robs men of faith and vigor, is more necessary to a people than industry itself, for industry provides them with a means of subsistence, while literature gives them the desire and strength for life

vigor  ['vɪgər] n. 活力, 精力

英文释义: physical strength and good health

例句: Poetry, which brings together or separates, which fortifies or brings anguish, which shores up or demolishes souls, which gives or robs men of faith and vigor, is more necessary to a people than industry itself, for industry provides them with a means of subsistence, while literature gives them the desire and strength for life

sacred  ['seɪkrɪd] adj. 神圣的

英文释义: connected with God or a god; considered to be holy

例句: The best among them, those who consecrate Nature with their sacred desire for the future, will lose, in a sordid and painful annihilation, all stimulus to alleviate the ugliness of humanity.

consecrate  ['kɑ:nsəkreɪt] v. 圣化

英文释义: to state officially in a religious ceremony that sth is holy and can be used for religious purposes

例句: The best among them, those who consecrate Nature with their sacred desire for the future, will lose, in a sordid and painful annihilation, all stimulus to alleviate the ugliness of humanity.

sordid  ['sɔ:rdɪd] adj. 卑鄙的

英文释义: immoral or dishonest

例句: The best among them, those who consecrate Nature with their sacred desire for the future, will lose, in a sordid and painful annihilation, all stimulus to alleviate the ugliness of humanity.

annihilation  [əˌnaɪə'leɪʃ(ə)n] n. 毁灭

英文释义: complete destruction or obliteration

例句: The best among them, those who consecrate Nature with their sacred desire for the

future, will lose, in a sordid and painful annihilation, all stimulus to alleviate the ugliness of humanity.

stimulus  ['stimjələs] n. 刺激物

英文释义: something that helps sb/sth to develop better or more quickly

例句: The best among them, those who consecrate Nature with their sacred desire for the future, will lose, in a sordid and painful annihilation, all stimulus to alleviate the ugliness of humanity.

alleviate  [ə'li:vieɪt] v. 减轻

英文释义: to make sth less severe

例句: The best among them, those who consecrate Nature with their sacred desire for the future, will lose, in a sordid and painful annihilation, all stimulus to alleviate the ugliness of humanity.

exalt  [ɪg'zɔ:lt] v. 提拔, 提升


英文释义: to make sb rise to a higher rank or position, sometimes to one that they do not deserve

例句: The exercise of himself exalts him to majesty, tolerance exalts him to justice, and order to joy.

murmur  ['mɜ:rmər] v. 低语

英文释义: to say sth in a soft quiet voice that is difficult to hear or understand

例句: I heard her murmur, 'I can't bear flowers on a table.'

loathe  [ləʊð] v. 极不喜欢; 厌恶

英文释义: to dislike sb/sth very much

例句: While we waited she took out a little, gold powder-box with a mirror in the lid, shook the poor little puff as though she loathed it, and dabbed her lovely nose.

dab  [dæb] v. 轻擦; 轻涂

英文释义: to put sth on a surface with quick light movements

例句: While we waited she took out a little, gold powder-box with a mirror in the lid, shook the poor little puff as though she loathed it, and dabbed her lovely nose.

vulgar  ['vʌlgə] adj. 不雅的


英文释义: not polite, elegant or well behaved

例句: I saw, after that, she couldn't stand this place a moment longer, and, indeed, she jumped up and turned away while I went through the vulgar act of paying for the tea.

wince  [wɪns] v. (因痛苦或尴尬) 龇牙咧嘴

英文释义: to suddenly make an expression with your face that shows that you are feeling pain or embarrassment

例句: She didn't even take her gloves off. She lowered her eyes and drummed on the table. When a faint violin sounded she winced and bit her lip again. Silence

encircle  [ɪn'sɜːrkl] v. 环绕

英文释义: to surround sb/sth completely in a circle

例句: The Intertropical Convergence Zone (ITCZ), a band of clouds that encircles Earth in the tropics and is a major rainfall source, shifts position in response to temperature variations across Earth's hemispheres.

canopy  ['kænəpi] n. 罩篷, 遮篷


英文释义: a cover that is fixed or hangs above a bed, seat, etc. as a shelter or decoration

例句: O thou pure sunlight, and thou air, earth's canopy, how often have ye heard the strains of my lament the wild blows dealt against this bleeding breast, when dark night fails!

dire  ['daɪə] adj. 极其严重的

英文释义: very serious; very bad

例句: I know my own passion, it escapes me not; but, seeing that the causes are so dire, will never curb these frenzied complaints, while life is in me.

frenzy  ['frenzi] n. 疯狂; 狂乱


英文释义: a state of great activity and strong emotion that is often violent or frightening and not under control

例句: "I know my own passion, it escapes me not; but, seeing that the causes are so dire, will never curb these frenzied complaints, while life is in me."

dirge  [dɜːrdʒ] n. 哀歌; 挽歌

英文释义: a song sung in the past at a funeral or for a dead person

例句: But never will I cease from dirge and sore lament, while I look on the trembling rays of the bright stars, or on this light of day.

sore  [sɔ:r] adj. 气恼; 愤慨

英文释义: upset and angry, especially because you have been treated unfairly

例句: But never will I cease from dirge and sore lament, while I look on the trembling rays of the bright stars, or on this light of day.

lament  [lə'ment] n. 挽歌; 哀诗

英文释义: a song, poem or other expression of great sadness for sb who has died or for sth that has ended

例句: But never will I cease from dirge and sore lament, while I look on the trembling rays of the bright stars, or on this light of day.

trembling  ['tremblɪŋ] adj. 发抖的, 战栗的

英文释义: shaking or quivering, typically as a result of anxiety, excitement, or frailty

例句: But never will I cease from dirge and sore lament, while I look on the trembling rays of the bright stars, or on this light of day.

secrete  [sɪ'kri:t] v. 分泌

英文释义: to produce a liquid substance

例句: Plant ecologists Anna Abrahao and Patricia de Britto Costa used microscopic analysis to determine that the roots of *B. tomentose* and *B. macrantha*, which grow directly into the quartzite, have clusters of fine hairs near the root tip; further analysis indicated that these hairs secrete both malic and citric acids

vital  ['vaɪtl] adj. 必不可少的

英文释义: necessary or essential in order for sth to succeed or exist

例句: The researchers hypothesize that the plants depend on dissolving underlying rock with these acids, as the process not only creates channels for continued growth but also releases phosphates that provide the vital nutrient phosphorus.

terrain  [tə'reɪn] n. 地形

英文释义: used to refer to an area of land when you are mentioning its natural features, for example, if it is rough, flat, etc.

例句: Other species in the Velloziaceae family are found in terrains with more soil but have root structures similar to those of *B. tomentose* and *B. macrantho*.

sprout  [spraut] v. 发芽

英文释义: (of plants or seeds) to produce new leaves or buds

例句: The choy sum seeds planted in the soil without coffee grounds sprouted significantly later in the experiment than did the seeds planted in the mixture of soil and coffee grounds.

heritage  ['herɪtɪdʒ] n. 遗产

英文释义: the history, traditions and qualities that a country or society has had for many years and that are considered an important part of its character

例句: Artists, he insisted, should strive for individual expression, even as they draw inspiration from their heritage and the communities where they live and work.

synthesis  ['sɪnθəsis] n. 综合

英文释义: the act of combining separate ideas, beliefs, styles, etc.; a mixture or combination of ideas, beliefs, styles, etc.

例句: In *A History of Mexico*, the synthesis of ancient and modernist traditions functions as a stylistic parallel to the work's subject matter: a survey of centuries of Mexican history.

intermediary  [ˌɪntər'mɪːdɪəri] n. 中间人; 调解人

英文释义: a person or an organization that helps other people or organizations to make an agreement by being a means of communication between them

例句: Such words could have entered Caddo through the intermediary of the neighboring but unrelated Chitimacha language, concurrent with the dissemination of corn itself from Mexico into the Southeast after 700 CE.

concurrent  [kən'kʊːrənt] adj. 同时发生的

英文释义: existing or happening at the same time

例句: Such words could have entered Caddo through the intermediary of the neighboring but unrelated Chitimacha language, concurrent with the dissemination of corn itself from Mexico into the Southeast after 701 CE.

dissemination  [dɪˌsemɪ'neɪʃ(ə)n] n. 宣传, 散播

英文释义: the action or fact of spreading something, especially information, widely

例句: Such words could have entered Caddo through the intermediary of the neighboring but unrelated Chitimacha language, concurrent with the dissemination of corn itself from Mexico into the Southeast after 702 CE.

ubiquitous  [ju:'bɪkwɪtəs] adj. 十分普遍的

英文释义: seeming to be everywhere or in several places at the same time; very common

例句: Corn cultivation became ubiquitous among the Southeastern tribes.

divergence  [daɪ'vɜːrdʒəns] n. 差异, 不同

英文释义: A divergence is a difference between two or more things, attitudes, or opinions.

例句: Corn-related vocabulary underwent changes when entering other, unrelated languages, as can be seen by the divergence of the Caddo word from the Chitimacha word it originated in.

consonant  ['kɒnsənənt] n. 辅音

英文释义: a speech sound made by completely or partly stopping the flow of air being breathed out through the mouth

例句: Words for corn in the languages of the Muskogean family evolved from a common root, with the Muscogee word having lost certain consonant sounds still present in the Chickasaw and Choctaw words.

outlay  ['aʊtleɪ] n. 开支, 费用

英文释义: the money that you have to spend in order to start a new project

例句: Hanke calculated the percentage point change in total outlays (encompassing nondefense and defense outlays) for consecutive US Congresses.

undermine  [ˌʌndər'maɪn] v. 逐渐削弱

英文释义: to make sth, especially sb's confidence or authority, gradually weaker or less effective

例句: To assess the impact of invasive species on ecosystems in Africa, Benis N. Egoh and colleagues reviewed government reports from those nations about how invasive species are undermining ecosystem services (aspects of the ecosystem on which residents depend).

caricature  ['kærɪkətʃər, 'kærɪkətʃɜːr] n. 人物漫画

英文释义: a funny drawing or picture of sb that exaggerates some of their features

例句: Caricature has sought again to spoil the quaint beauty of the music, and has filled the air with many debased melodies which vulgar ears scarce know from the real.

spoil  [spɔɪl] v. 破坏


英文释义: to change sth good into sth bad, unpleasant, useless, etc.

例句: Caricature has sought again to spoil the quaint beauty of the music, and has filled the air with many debased melodies which vulgar ears scarce know from the real.

debase  [dɪˈbeɪs] v. 降低…的价值

英文释义: to make sb/sth less valuable or respected

例句: Caricature has sought again to spoil the quaint beauty of the music, and has filled the air with many debased melodies which vulgar ears scarce know from the real.

scarce  [skeɪs] adj. 不足的; 稀少的


英文释义: if sth is scarce, there is not enough of it and it is only available in small quantities

例句: Caricature has sought again to spoil the quaint beauty of the music, and has filled the air with many debased melodies which vulgar ears scarce know from the real.

excavate  [ˈekskeɪveɪt] v. 挖掘 (古物)

英文释义: to dig in the ground to look for old buildings or objects that have been buried for a long time

例句: Many archaeologists will tell you that categorizing excavated fragments of pottery by style, period, and what objects they belong to relies not only on standard criteria, but also on instinct developed over years of practice.

shuffle  [ˈʃʌfl] v. 把 (纸张等) 变换位置, 打乱次序

英文释义: to move paper or things into different positions or a different order

例句: Although many transposons, DNA sequences that move within an organism's genome through shuffling or duplication, have become corrupted and inactive over time, those from the long interspersed nuclear elements (LINE) family appear to remain active in the genomes of some species.

corrupt  [kəˈrʌpt] v. 破坏

英文释义: to change the original form of sth, so that it is damaged or spoiled in some way

例句: Although many transposons, DNA sequences that move within an organism's

genome through shuffling or duplication, have become corrupted and inactive over time, those from the long interspersed nuclear elements (LINE) family appear to remain active in the genomes of some species.

intersperse  [ˌɪntərˈspɜːrs] v. 散布; 点缀

英文释义: to put sth in sth else or among or between other things

例句: Although many transposons, DNA sequences that move within an organism's genome through shuffling or duplication, have become corrupted and inactive over time, those from the long interspersed nuclear elements (LINE) family appear to remain active in the genomes of some species.

overlay  [ˌoʊvərˈleɪ] v. 覆盖

英文释义: to put sth on top of a surface so as to cover it completely

例句: In her collage New Generation, Catlett overlaid fabric onto the canvas to represent the clothing of a father and his toddler, positioned to evoke classic images of a mother and child.

toddler  ['tɔːdlər] n. 学步的儿童

英文释义: a child who has only recently learnt to walk

例句: In her collage New Generation, Catlett overlaid fabric onto the canvas to represent the clothing of a father and his toddler, positioned to evoke classic images of a mother and child.

insightful  [ɪnˈsaɪtfl] adj. 有深刻了解的

英文释义: showing a clear understanding of a person or situation

例句: This insightful depiction of a preteen girl encouraged authors who, like Cisneros herself, are Latina to use fictional works to examine experiences from their own youth.

preteen  [ˌpriːˈtiːn] n. 不满13岁的儿童

英文释义: relating to a child just under the age of thirteen

例句: This insightful depiction of a preteen girl encouraged authors who, like Cisneros herself, are Latina to use fictional works to examine experiences from their own youth.

clumsy  ['klʌmzi] adj. 笨拙的

英文释义: moving or doing things in a very awkward way

例句: "My honorable cousin is preparing for the Fifth Moon Festival and wishes me to compound for the occasion some American 'fudge,' for which delectable sweet, made by my clumsy hands, you have sometimes shown a slight prejudice."

approbation  [ˌæprə'beɪʃn] n. 认可

英文释义: approval or agreement

例句: Above all, when she heard him declare, that of music and dancing he was passionately fond, she gave him such a look of approbation as secured the largest share of his discourse to herself for the rest of his stay.

discourse  ['dɪskɔːrs] n. 论文; 演讲

英文释义: a long and serious treatment or discussion of a subject in speech or writing

例句: Above all, when she heard him declare, that of music and dancing he was passionately fond, she gave him such a look of approbation as secured the largest share of his discourse to herself for the rest of his stay.

striking  ['straɪkɪŋ] adj. 引人注目的

英文释义: interesting and unusual enough to attract attention

例句: Their taste was strikingly alike. The same books, the same passages were idolized by each—or if any difference appeared, any objection arose, it lasted no longer than till the force of her arguments and the brightness of her eyes could be displayed.

idolize  ['aɪdəlaɪz] v. 崇拜; 热爱

英文释义: to admire or love sb very much

例句: Their taste was strikingly alike. The same books, the same passages were idolized by each—or if any difference appeared, any objection arose, it lasted no longer than till the force of her arguments and the brightness of her eyes could be displayed.

conformity  [kən'fɔːrməti] n. 遵从, 遵守

英文释义: (formal) behaviour or actions that follow the accepted rules of society

例句: They speedily discovered that their enjoyment of dancing and music was mutual and that it arose from a general conformity of judgment in all that related to either.

proceed  [pru:'si:d] v. 继续做（或从事、进行）

英文释义: to continue doing sth that has already been started; to continue being done

例句: Encouraged by this to a further examination of his opinions, she proceeded to question him on the subject of books.

scrupulous  ['skru:pjələs] adj. 一丝不苟的


英文释义: careful about paying attention to every detail

例句: The grey Prince Albert was scrupulously buttoned about his form, and a shiny top hat replaced the felt of the afternoon.

triumphal  [traɪ'ʌmfl] adj. 凯旋的


英文释义: done or made in order to celebrate a great success or victory

例句: He carried himself always as if he were passing under his own triumphal arch.

alight  [ə'laɪt] v. 从（公共汽车、火车等）下来


英文释义: to get out of a bus, a train or other vehicle

例句: It was a beautiful day in balmy May and the sun shone pleasantly on Mr. Cornelius Johnson's very spruce Prince Albert suit of grey as he alighted from the train in Washington.

iridescent  [ˌɪrɪ'desnt] adj. 色彩斑斓闪耀的

英文释义: showing many bright colours that seem to change in different lights

例句: Many insects are iridescent, or have colors that appear to shimmer and change when seen from different angles.

shimmer  ['ʃɪmə] v. 闪烁


英文释义: to shine with a soft light that seems to move slightly

例句: Many insects are iridescent, or have colors that appear to shimmer and change when seen from different angles.

implore  [ɪm'plɔ:r] v. 恳求

英文释义: to ask sb to do sth in an anxious way because you want or need it very much

例句: Wheatley addresses the poem directly to the quality of virtue, imploring it to assist her in reaching a future goal.

shaggy  ['ʃægi] adj. 长而乱的

英文释义: long and untidy

例句: And the shaggy Nannie goat is calling, calling, calling / From her little trampled corner of the long wide lea / That stretches to the waters of the hill-stream falling / Sheer upon the flat rocks joyously.

trample  ['træmpl] v. 践踏

英文释义: to step heavily on sb/sth so that you crush or harm them/it with your feet

例句: And the shaggy Nannie goat is calling, calling, calling / From her little trampled corner of the long wide lea / That stretches to the waters of the hill-stream falling / Sheer upon the flat rocks joyously.

stretch  [stretʃ] v. 拉长; 抻松

英文释义: to make sth longer, wider or looser, for example by pulling it; to become longer, etc. in this way

例句: And the shaggy Nannie goat is calling, calling, calling / From her little trampled corner of the long wide lea / That stretches to the waters of the hill-stream falling / Sheer upon the flat rocks joyously.

sheer  [ʃɪr] v. 急转, 急拐 (避开某物)

英文释义: to change direction suddenly, especially in order to avoid hitting sth

例句: And the shaggy Nannie goat is calling, calling, calling / From her little trampled corner of the long wide lea / That stretches to the waters of the hill-stream falling / Sheer upon the flat rocks joyously.

grumble  ['grʌmbəl] v. 咕隆; 发轰隆声

英文释义: to make a deep continuous sound

例句: The tired cars go grumbling by, / The moaning, groaning cars, / And the old milk carts go rumbling by / Under the same dull stars.

moan  [moʊn] v. 呻吟


英文释义: to make a long deep sound, usually expressing unhappiness, suffering or sexual pleasure

例句: The tired cars go grumbling by, / The moaning, groaning cars, / And the old milk carts go rumbling by / Under the same dull stars.

groan  [groun] v. 呻吟; 叹息


英文释义: to make a long deep sound because you are annoyed, upset or in pain, or with pleasure

例句: The tired cars go grumbling by, / The moaning, groaning cars, / And the old milk carts go rumbling by / Under the same dull stars.

rumble  ['rʌmb(ə)l] v. 发出隆隆声

英文释义: to make a long deep sound or series of sounds

例句: The tired cars go grumbling by, / The moaning, groaning cars, / And the old milk carts go rumbling by / Under the same dull stars.

dull  [dʌl] adj. 不明亮的


英文释义: not bright, with a lot of clouds

例句: The tired cars go grumbling by, / The moaning, groaning cars, / And the old milk carts go rumbling by / Under the same dull stars.

whistle  ['wɪs(ə)l] v. 吹口哨; 打呼哨

英文释义: to make a high sound or a musical tune by forcing your breath out when your lips are closed

例句: He learned that the city oguador may not blow his whistle to halt the traffic while he gravely crosses the street but must wait for the passing of many vehicles, some with horses and some outlandishly without.

halt  [hɔ:lt] v. (使) 停止, 停下

英文释义: to stop; to make sb/sth stop

例句: He learned that the city oguador may not blow his whistle to halt the traffic while he gravely crosses the street but must wait for the passing of many vehicles, some with horses and some outlandishly without.

gravely  ['ɡreɪvli] adv. 严肃地; 沉重地

英文释义: to a degree that gives cause for alarm

例句: He learned that the city oguador may not blow his whistle to halt the traffic while he gravely crosses the street but must wait for the passing of many vehicles, some with horses and some outlandishly without.

outlandish  [aʊt'ləndɪʃ] adj. 古怪的

英文释义: strange or extremely unusual

例 句: He learned that the city oguador may not blow his whistle to halt the traffic while he gravely crosses the street but must wait for the passing of many vehicles, some with horses and some outlandishly without.

portal  ['pɔ:rtl] adj. 壮观的大门


英文释义: a large, impressive gate or entrance to a building

例 句: From early morn to the fall of the afternoon he would go from fountain to fountain and from portal to portal his lean body so accustomed to bending that he never thought of straightening it, his head bowed as if in prayer.

accustomed to  adj. 习惯于

英文释义: familiar with sth and accepting it as normal or usual

例 句: From early morn to the fall of the afternoon he would go from fountain to fountain and from portal to portal his lean body so accustomed to bending that he never thought of straightening it, his head bowed as if in prayer.

bend  [bend] v. (使四肢等) 弯曲

英文释义: if you bend your arm, leg, etc. or if it bends, you move it so that it is no longer straight

例 句: From early morn to the fall of the afternoon he would go from fountain to fountain and from portal to portal his lean body so accustomed to bending that he never thought of straightening it, his head bowed as if in prayer.

bow  [bau; boʊ] v. 低(头)

英文释义: to move your head forwards and downwards

例 句: From early morn to the fall of the afternoon he would go from fountain to fountain and from portal to portal his lean body so accustomed to bending that he never thought of straightening it, his head bowed as if in prayer.

jug  [dʒʌg] n. 壶, 罐


英文释义: a container with a handle and a lip, for holding and pouring liquids

例 句: When his first jugs had worn out—the sweet-scented, porous red clay becomes perforated in time—he had buried them to their necks in the corner where he slept and they were now his treasury.

porous  ['pɔ:rəs] adj. 多孔的

英文释义: having many small holes that allow water or air to pass through slowly

例句: When his first jugs had worn out—the sweet-scented, porous red clay becomes perforated in time—he had buried them to their necks in the corner where he slept and they were now his treasury.

perforated  ['pɜːrfə'reɪtɪd] adj. 穿孔的


英文释义: pierced with a hole or holes

例句: When his first jugs had worn out—the sweet-scented, porous red clay becomes perforated in time—he had buried them to their necks in the corner where he slept and they were now his treasury.

quaint  [kweɪnt] adj. 古色古香的


英文释义: attractive in an unusual or old-fashioned way

例句: In the old French house on Royal Street, with its quaint windows and Spanish courtyard green and cool, and made musical by the plashing of the fountain and the trill of caged birds, lived Odalie in convent-like seclusion.

plash  [plæʃ] v. 溅泼; 弄得沙沙响


英文释义: strike the surface of (water) with a splashing sound

例句: In the old French house on Royal Street, with its quaint windows and Spanish courtyard green and cool, and made musical by the plashing of the fountain and the trill of caged birds, lived Odalie in convent-like seclusion.

trill  [trɪl] n. (鸟的) 啼啭, 唧唧啾啾

英文释义: a repeated short high sound made, for example, by sb's voice or by a bird

例句: In the old French house on Royal Street, with its quaint windows and Spanish courtyard green and cool, and made musical by the plashing of the fountain and the trill of caged birds, lived Odalie in convent-like seclusion.

seclusion  [sɪ'kluːʒ(ə)n] n. 隐居; 与世隔绝

英文释义: the state of being private or of having little contact with other people

例句: In the old French house on Royal Street, with its quaint windows and Spanish courtyard green and cool, and made musical by the plashing of the fountain and the trill of caged birds, lived Odalie in convent-like seclusion.

grim  [ɡrɪm] adj. 令人不快的

英文释义: unpleasant and depressing

例句: When one is shut up in a great French house with a grim sleepy tante and no companions of one's own age, life becomes a dull thing, and one is ready for any new sensation.

jingle  ['dʒɪŋɡl] n. (金属撞击发出的) 叮当声

英文释义: a sound like small bells ringing that is made when metal objects are shaken together

例句: It was Mardi Gras day at last, and early through her window Odalie could hear the jingle of folly bells on the [participants1] costumes, the tinkle of music, and the echoing strains of songs.

tinkle  ['tɪŋk(ə)l] n. 丁零声; 当啷响

英文释义: a light high ringing sound

例句: It was Mardi Gras day at last, and early through her window Odalie could hear the jingle of folly bells on the [participants2] costumes, the tinkle of music, and the echoing strains of songs.

strain  [streɪn] n. 乐曲


英文释义: the sound of music being played or sung

例句: It was Mardi Gras day at last, and early through her window Odalie could hear the jingle of folly bells on the [participants3] costumes, the tinkle of music, and the echoing strains of songs.

orientation  [ˌɔːriən'teɪʃn] n. (个人的) 基本信仰, 态度

英文释义: a person's basic beliefs or feelings about a particular subject

例句: The closer that low-information voters are to the ends of the political orientation scale, the more likely they were to vote.

satire  ['sætəɪər] n. 讽刺; 讽刺作品

英文释义: a way of criticizing a person, an idea or an institution in which you use humour to show their faults or weaknesses; a piece of writing that uses this type of criticism

例句: In the play, which is a satire, Wilde suggests that a character named Lady Gertrude Chiltern is perceived as both extremely virtuous and unforgiving.

virtuous  ['vɜːrtʃuəs] adj. 自命不凡的

英文释义: (disapproving) (humorous) claiming to behave better or have higher moral standards than other people

例句: In the play, which is a satire, Wilde suggests that a character named Lady Gertrude Chiltern is perceived as both extremely virtuous and unforgiving.

unforgiving  [ˌʌnfərˈɡɪvɪŋ] adj. 不肯原谅的

英文释义: unwilling to forgive other people when they have done sth wrong

例句: In the play, which is a satire, Wilde suggests that a character named Lady Gertrude Chiltern is perceived as both extremely virtuous and unforgiving

temptation  [tempˈteɪʃn] n. 诱惑


英文释义: the desire to do or have sth that you know is bad or wrong; a thing that makes sb want to do or have sth that they know is bad or wrong

例句: [Lady Chiltern] does not know what weakness or temptation is. I am of clay like other men. She stands apart as good women do—pitiless in her perfection—cold and stern and without mercy.

pitiless  [ˈpɪtləs] adj. 冷酷的; 无情的


英文释义: showing no pity; cruel; very cruel or severe, and never ending

例句: [Lady Chiltern] does not know what weakness or temptation is. I am of clay like other men. She stands apart as good women do—pitiless in her perfection—cold and stern and without mercy.

stern  [stɜːrn] adj. 严厉的; 苛刻的


英文释义: serious and often disapproving; expecting sb to obey you; serious and difficult

例句: [Lady Chiltern] does not know what weakness or temptation is. I am of clay like other men. She stands apart as good women do—pitiless in her perfection—cold and stern and without mercy.

mercy  [ˈmɜːrsɪ] n. 仁慈; 宽恕


英文释义: a kind or forgiving attitude towards sb that you have the power to harm or right to punish

例句: [Lady Chiltern] does not know what weakness or temptation is. I am of clay like other men. She stands apart as good women do—pitiless in her perfection—cold and stern and without mercy.

ethnographic  [ˌeθnəˈɡræfɪk] adj. 人种志的; 民族志学的

英文释义: relating to the scientific description of peoples and cultures with their customs, habits, and mutual differences

例句: In a paper for an art history class, a student claims that Chambi's photographs have considerable ethnographic value—in his work, Chambi was able to capture diverse elements of Peruvian society, representing his subjects with both dignity and authenticity.

capture  ['kæptʃər] v. (用图画准确地) 表达, 描述


英文释义: to succeed in accurately expressing a feeling, an atmosphere, etc. in a picture, piece of writing, film/movie, etc.

例句: In a paper for an art history class, a student claims that Chambi's photographs have considerable ethnographic value—in his work, Chambi was able to capture diverse elements of Peruvian society, representing his subjects with both dignity and authenticity.

authenticity  [ˌɔːθen'tɪsəti] n. 真实性; 确实性

英文释义: the quality of being authentic

例句: In a paper for an art history class, a student claims that Chambi's photographs have considerable ethnographic value—in his work, Chambi was able to capture diverse elements of Peruvian society, representing his subjects with both dignity and authenticity.

commission  [kə'mɪʃn] v. 正式委托 (谱写、制作、创作或完成)

英文释义: to officially ask sb to write, make or create sth or to do a task for you

例句: Chambi took many commissioned portraits of wealthy Peruvians, but he also produced hundreds of images carefully documenting the peoples, sites, and customs of Indigenous communities of the Andes.

custom  ['kʌstəm] n. 风俗; 习俗

英文释义: an accepted way of behaving or of doing things in a society or a community; the way a person always behaves

例句: Chambi took many commissioned portraits of wealthy Peruvians, but he also produced hundreds of images carefully documenting the peoples, sites, and customs of Indigenous communities of the Andes.

curtailment  [kɜːr'teɪlmənt] n. 缩减; 限制

英文释义: The curtailment of something is the act of reducing or limiting it.

例句: The team categorized each action as either an efficiency or a curtailment and found that respondents tended to name curtailments more often than they did efficiencies.

affiliate  [ə'filiət] n. 附属机构; 分支机构

英文释义: a company, an organization, etc. that is connected with or controlled by another larger one

例句: In 1967 the US Congress created the Corporation for Public Broadcasting, which in turn created National Public Radio (NPR). NPR began producing and distributing high-quality news and cultural programming to affiliate stations across the United States in 1971.

cease  [si:s] v. (使) 停止

英文释义: to stop happening or existing; to stop sth from happening or existing

例句: The snow has ceased its fluttering flight, / The wind sunk to a whisper light, / An ominous stillness fills the night, / A pause—a hush.

flutter  ['flʌtər] v. (使) 飘动, 挥动

英文释义: to move lightly and quickly; to make sth move in this way

例句: The snow has ceased its fluttering flight, / The wind sunk to a whisper light, / An ominous stillness fills the night, / A pause—a hush.

replicate  ['replɪkət] v. 复制

英文释义: to copy sth exactly

例句: One aspect of in-person shopping that online shopping can't replicate is the opportunity to touch a product before buying it.

outbreak  ['aʊtbreɪk] n. 爆发

英文释义: the sudden start of sth unpleasant, especially violence or a disease

例句: They found that the black-furred wolves are more common in areas where outbreaks of distemper virus happen regularly.

distemper  [dɪ'stempər] n. 瘟热

英文释义: an infectious disease of animals, especially cats and dogs, that causes fever and coughing

例句: They found that the black-furred wolves are more common in areas where outbreaks of distemper virus happen regularly.

carnivorous  [kɑːr'nɪvərəs] adj. 食肉的


英文释义: (of an animal) feeding on other animals.

例句: Like other carnivorous plants, *N. pudica* has pitfall traps, or pitchers, that capture prey, but unlike others, the pitchers of *N. pudica* are located underground.

forage  ['fɔːrɪdʒ] v. 觅 (食)

英文释义: to search for food

例句: They forage along the ridges for food.

tribute  ['trɪbjʊt] n. (尤指对死者的) 致敬

英文释义: an act, a statement or a gift that is intended to show your respect or admiration, especially for a dead person

例句: However, reviewers praised *One Last Word* as a beautiful and powerful tribute to the poets who inspired it.

awkward  ['ɔːkwəd] adj. 令人尴尬的

英文释义: making you feel embarrassed

例句: Writing in this way can be challenging and might seem as though it would produce awkward poems.

census  ['sensəs] n. (官方的) 统计; 人口普查

英文释义: the process of officially counting sth, especially a country's population, and recording various facts

例句: Marta Coll and colleagues¹ 2010 Mediterranean Sea biodiversity census reported approximately 17,000 species, nearly double the number reported in Carlo Bianchi and Carla Morri's 2000 census—a difference only partly attributable to the description of new invertebrate species in the interim.

invertebrate  [ɪn'vɜːrtɪbrət] n. 无脊椎动物

英文释义: any animal with no backbone, for example a worm

例句: Marta Coll and colleagues¹ 2010 Mediterranean Sea biodiversity census reported approximately 17,000 species, nearly double the number reported in Carlo Bianchi and Carla Morri's 2000 census—a difference only partly attributable to the description of new invertebrate species in the interim.

in the interim  n. 在其间; 在其前

英文释义: during the period of time between two events; until a particular event happens

例句: Marta Coll and colleagues¹ 2010 Mediterranean Sea biodiversity census reported approximately 17,000 species, nearly double the number reported in Carlo Bianchi and Carla Morri's 2000 census—a difference only partly attributable to the description of new invertebrate species in the interim.

morphological  [ˌmɔːrfəˈlɔːdʒɪkl] adj. 形态学的

英文释义: relating to the form or structure of things

例句: Another factor is that the morphological variability of microorganisms is poorly understood compared to that of vertebrates, invertebrates, plants, and algae, creating uncertainty about how to evaluate microorganisms as species.

consequential  [ˌkɒːnsɪˈkwɛnʃ(ə)l] adj. 重要的; 将产生重大结果的


英文释义: important; that will have important results

例句: Researchers' decisions on such matters therefore can be highly consequential.

indicative  [ɪnˈdɪkətɪv] adj. 表明; 标示

英文释义: (formal) showing or suggesting sth

例句: Some differences observed in microorganisms may have been treated as variations within species by Bianchi and Morri but treated as indicative of distinct species by Coll and colleagues.

bar  [bɑːr] v. 禁止, 阻止 (某人做某事)

英文释义: to ban or prevent sb from doing sth

例句: Barring the possibility of several farmers of the same era independently developing techniques that the Haudenosaunee people had already invented, these facts most strongly suggest that those farmers learned the techniques from other people who were more directly influenced by Haudenosaunee practices.

predate  [ˌpriːˈdeɪt] v. 在日期上早于 (先于)

英文释义: exist or occur at a date earlier than

例句: The cultivation of the sweet potato in Polynesia likely predates its cultivation in South America.

appropriate  [əˈprɒpriət] adj. 合适的

英文释义: suitable, acceptable or correct for the particular circumstances

例句: One challenge when researching whether holding elected office changes a person's behavior is the problem of ensuring that the experiment has an appropriate control group.

elicit  [ɪˈlɪsɪt] v. 引出

英文释义: (formal) to get information or a reaction from sb, often with difficulty

例句: German theater practitioner Bertolt Brecht (1898-1956) believed that theater should elicit an intellectual rather than an emotional response from audiences, provoking them to consider social and political realities that extend beyond the characters and events depicted onstage.

intellectual  [ˌɪntəˈlektʃuəl] adj. 智力的; 脑力的

英文释义: connected with or using a person's ability to think in a logical way and understand things; well educated and enjoying activities in which you have to think seriously about things

例句: German theater practitioner Bertolt Brecht (1898-1957) believed that theater should elicit an intellectual rather than an emotional response from audiences, provoking them to consider social and political realities that extend beyond the characters and events depicted onstage.

depict  [dɪˈpɪkt] v. 描绘; 描画


英文释义: to show an image of sb/sth in a picture

例句: German theater practitioner Bertolt Brecht (1898-1958) believed that theater should elicit an intellectual rather than an emotional response from audiences, provoking them to consider social and political realities that extend beyond the characters and events depicted onstage.

interrogation  [ɪnˌterəˈgeɪʃn] n. 审问

英文释义: the action of interrogating or the process of being interrogated

例句: It primarily works to engage audiences in an interrogation of patriarchy and colonialism, which it does by placing audiences at a distance, thereby encouraging them to be dispassionate as they think critically about the social and political questions raised by the play.

patriarchy  [ˈpetrɪɑːrki] n. 男权政治; 父权制

英文释义: a society, system or country that is ruled or controlled by men

例句: It primarily works to engage audiences in an interrogation of patriarchy and

colonialism, which it does by placing audiences at a distance, thereby encouraging them to be dispassionate as they think critically about the social and political questions raised by the play.

dispassionate  [dɪs'pæʃənət] adj. 不动感情的；冷静的


英文释义: not influenced by emotion

例句: It primarily works to engage audiences in an interrogation of patriarchy and colonialism, which it does by placing audiences at a distance, thereby encouraging them to be dispassionate as they think critically about the social and political questions raised by the play.

thereby  [ˌðer'baɪ] adv. 因此

英文释义: used to introduce the result of the action or situation mentioned

例句: It primarily works to engage audiences in an interrogation of patriarchy and colonialism, which it does by placing audiences at a distance, thereby encouraging them to be dispassionate as they think critically about the social and political questions raised by the play.

notwithstanding  [ˌnɔːtwɪð'stændɪŋ, ˌnɑːtwɪð'stændɪŋ] prep. 虽然；尽管

英文释义: without being affected by sth; despite sth

例句: The Hubble Space Telescope (HST) is projected to maintain operation until at least 2030, but it has already revolutionized high-resolution imaging of solar-system bodies in visible and ultraviolet (UV) light wavelengths, notwithstanding that only about 6% of the bodies imaged by the HST are within the solar system.

emit  [i'mɪt] n. 发出，散发


英文释义: to send out sth such as light, heat, sound, gas, etc.

例句: Although there is little genetic difference between river and cave *A. mexicanus* and all members of the species can emit the same sounds, biologist Carole Hyacinthe and colleagues found that the context and significance of those sounds vary by location—e.g. the click that river-dwelling *A. mexicanus* use to signal aggression is used by cave dwellers when foraging—and the acoustic properties of cave fish sounds show some cave-specific variations as well.

acoustic  [ə'kuːstɪk] adj. 声音的；听觉的

英文释义: related to sound or to the sense of hearing

例句: Although there is little genetic difference between river and cave *A. mexicanus* and all members of the species can emit the same sounds, biologist Carole Hyacinthe and colleagues found that the context and significance of those sounds vary by location—e.g. the click that river-dwelling *A. mexicanus* use to signal aggression is used by cave dwellers when foraging—and the acoustic properties of cave fish sounds show some cave-specific variations as well.

sonic  ['sɔ:nɪk] adj. 声音的; 声速的

英文释义: connected with sound or the speed of sound

例句: Hyacinthe and colleagues note that differences in sonic communication could accumulate to the point of inhibiting interbreeding among fish from different locations, suggesting that although *A. mexicanus* is a single species at present it could be in the process of splitting into distinct populations with different characteristics.

accumulate  [ə'kju:mjəleɪt] v. 积累; 积聚

英文释义: to gradually get more and more of sth over a period of time; to gradually increase in number or quantity over a period of time

例句: Hyacinthe and colleagues note that differences in sonic communication could accumulate to the point of inhibiting interbreeding among fish from different locations, suggesting that although *A. mexicanus* is a single species at present it could be in the process of splitting into distinct populations with different characteristics.

inhibit  [ɪn'hɪbɪt] v. 阻止; 抑制

英文释义: to prevent sth from happening or make it happen more slowly or less frequently than normal

例句: Hyacinthe and colleagues note that differences in sonic communication could accumulate to the point of inhibiting interbreeding among fish from different locations, suggesting that although *A. mexicanus* is a single species at present it could be in the process of splitting into distinct populations with different characteristics.

ratify  ['rætɪfaɪ] v. 正式批准

英文释义: to make an agreement officially valid by voting for or signing it

例句: Ratified by more than 90 countries, the Nagoya Protocol is an international agreement ensuring that Indigenous communities are compensated when their agricultural resources and knowledge of wild plants and animals are utilized by agricultural corporations.

compensate  ['kɑ:mpenseɪt] v. 补偿; 弥补

英文释义: to provide sth good to balance or reduce the bad effects of damage, loss, etc

例句: Ratified by more than 90 countries, the Nagoya Protocol is an international agreement ensuring that Indigenous communities are compensated when their agricultural resources and knowledge of wild plants and animals are utilized by agricultural corporations.

corporation  [ˌkɔːrpə'reɪʃn] n. (大) 公司

英文释义: a large business company; an organization or a group of organizations that is recognized by law as a single unit

例句: Ratified by more than 90 countries, the Nagoya Protocol is an international agreement ensuring that Indigenous communities are compensated when their agricultural resources and knowledge of wild plants and animals are utilized by agricultural corporations.

inconspicuous  [ˌɪnkən'spɪkjʊəs] adj. 不引人注目的

英文释义: not attracting attention; not easy to notice

例句: Such identification is heightened by "invisible editing/ or editing so inconspicuous that it renders cuts between shots almost unnoticeable.

conversely  [ˈkɒnvɜːrsli] adv. 反地; 反过来

英文释义: in a way that is the opposite or reverse of sth

例句: Conversely, Mulvey proposes that conspicuous editing or an absence of point-of-view shots would induce a more critical stance toward a protagonist.

induce  [ɪnˈduːs] v. 引起; 导致

英文释义: to cause sth

例句: Conversely, Mulvey proposes that conspicuous editing or an absence of point-of-view shots would induce a more critical stance toward a protagonist.

protagonist  [prəˈtæɡənɪst] n. (戏剧、电影、书的) 主要人物, 主角


英文释义: the main character in a play, film/movie or book

例句: Conversely, Mulvey proposes that conspicuous editing or an absence of point-of-view shots would induce a more critical stance toward a protagonist.

alienate  [ˈeɪliəneɪt] v. 使疏远

英文释义: to make sb less friendly or sympathetic towards you

例句: According to Mulvey's logic, this scene should affect viewers by lessening their identification with the protagonist if not alienating them from the character altogether.

divert  [daɪ'vɜ:t] v. 转移（某人）的注意力

英文释义: to take sb's thoughts or attention away from sth

例句: This scene should affect viewers by diverting their attention away from the film's content and toward its stylistic attributes.

cautious  ['kɔ:ʃəs] adj. 小心的

英文释义: being careful about what you say or do, especially to avoid danger or mistakes

例句: Scholars should be cautious when ascribing political or ideological values to the painting

ascribe  [ə'skraɪb] v. 认为 … 具有


英文释义: to consider that sb/sth has or should have a particular quality

例句: Scholars should be cautious when ascribing political or ideological values to the painting.

retrieve  [rɪ'tri:v] v. 取回；索回


英文释义: to bring or get sth back, especially from a place where it should not be

例句: The cognitive abilities of monkeys given problems requiring little dexterity, such as sliding a panel to retrieve food, were judged by the same criteria as were those of monkeys given physically demanding problems, such as unscrewing a bottle and inserting a straw.

unscrew  [ˌʌn'skru:] v. (被) 旋松，拧开

英文释义: to undo sth by twisting or turning it; to become undone in this way

例句: The cognitive abilities of monkeys given problems requiring little dexterity, such as sliding a panel to retrieve food, were judged by the same criteria as were those of monkeys given physically demanding problems, such as unscrewing a bottle and inserting a straw.

deposit  [dɪ'pɑ:zɪt] v. 使沉积；使淤积

英文释义: to leave a layer of sth on the surface of sth, especially gradually and over a period of time

例 句: Tides can deposit large quantities of dead vegetation within a salt marsh, smothering healthy plants and leaving a salt panne—a depression devoid of plants that tends to trap standing water—in the marsh's interior.

devoid  [di'vɔɪd] adj. 完全没有; 缺乏

英文释义: completely lacking in sth

例 句: Tides can deposit large quantities of dead vegetation within a salt marsh, smothering healthy plants and leaving a salt panne—a depression devoid of plants that tends to trap standing water—in the marsh's interior.

loosen  ['lu:sn] v. (使) 变弱, 松散

英文释义: to make sth weaker or less controlled than before

例 句: Ecologist Kathryn Beheshti and colleagues found that burrowing crabs living within these pannes improve drainage by loosening the soil, leading the pannes to shrink as marsh plants move back in.

prevalence  ['prevələns] n. 流行, 盛行

英文释义: the fact or condition of being prevalent; commonness

例 句: Whitten described this process as making an entire painting in "one gesture," signaling a clear departure from the prevalence of gestures in his work from the 1960s.

throughout  [θru:'aot] prep. 自始至终; 贯穿整个时期

英文释义: during the whole period of time of sth

例 句: Miyu Umehara and colleagues discovered that an x-ray computed tomography (CT) scanner can accurately record a burrow's measurements both at a moment in time and throughout the entire burrow-building process.

devoted  [di'vəʊtɪd] adj. 挚爱的; 忠诚的

英文释义: having great love for sb/sth and being loyal to them

例 句: In her 2021 article "Throwaway History: Towards a Historiography of Ephemera/ scholar Anne Garner discusses John Johnson (1882-1956), a devoted collector of items intended to be discarded, including bus tickets and campaign pamphlets.

discarded  [dis'kɑ:d] v. 丢弃; 抛弃

英文释义: to get rid of sth that you no longer want or need

例句: In her 2021 article "Throwaway History: Towards a Historiography of Ephemera/ scholar Anne Garner discusses John Johnson (1882-1957), a devoted collector of items intended to be discarded, including bus tickets and campaign pamphlets.

pamphlet  ['pæmflət] n. 小册子; 手册

英文释义: a very thin book with a paper cover, containing information about a particular subject

例句: In her 2021 article "Throwaway History: Towards a Historiography of Ephemera/ scholar Anne Garner discusses John Johnson (1882-1958), a devoted collector of items intended to be discarded, including bus tickets and campaign pamphlets.

ephemera  [ɪ'femərə] n. 只在短期内有用的事物


英文释义: things that are important or used for only a short period of time

例句: Johnson recognized that scholarly institutions considered his expansive collection of ephemera to be worthless—indeed, it wasn't until 1968, after Johnson's death, that Oxford University's Bodleian Library acquired the collection, having grasped the items' potential value to historians and other researchers.

civilian  [sə'vɪliən] n. 平民; 老百姓


英文释义: a person who is not a member of the armed forces or the police

例句: One possible explanation for this disproportionate representation is that military service familiarizes people with certain organizational structures that are also reflected in the civilian government bureaucracy.

bureaucracy  [bjʊ'rɑ:k्रेसi] n. 官僚体制; 实行官僚体制的国家

英文释义: a system of government in which there are a large number of state officials who are not elected; a country with such a system

例句: One possible explanation for this disproportionate representation is that military service familiarizes people with certain organizational structures that are also reflected in the civilian government bureaucracy.

appealing  [ə'pi:lɪŋ] adj. 有吸引力的

英文释义: attractive or interesting

例句: This familiarity thus makes civilian government jobs especially appealing to military veterans.

veteran  ['vetərən] n. 退伍军人

英文释义: a person who has been a soldier, sailor, etc. in a war

例句: This familiarity thus makes civilian government jobs especially appealing to military veterans.

subsequent  ['sʌbsɪkwənt] adj. 随后的

英文释义: happening or coming after sth else

例句: This familiarity thus alters the typical relationship between military service and subsequent career preferences.

retain  [ri'teɪn] v. 保留

英文释义: to continue to have sth

例句: Most notably, the New Mexican dialect retains older features of the language that other dialects lost in later centuries.

decipher  [di'saɪfər] v. 辨认（难认、难解的东西）


英文释义: to succeed in finding the meaning of sth that is difficult to read or understand

例句: Many examples of the civilization's writing system exist, but researchers haven't yet deciphered it or identified which ancient language it represents.

subduction  [səb'dʌkʃən] n. 俯冲

英文释义: the sideways and downward movement of the edge of a plate of the earth's crust into the mantle beneath another plate

例句: To investigate the history of plate subduction—when one of Earth's tectonic plates slides beneath another—Sarah M. Aarons and colleagues compared ancient rocks from the Acasta Gneiss Complex in Canada to modern rocks.

reassurance  [ˌri:ə'ʃʊərəns] n. 保证

英文释义: something that is said or done to take away a person's fears or doubts

例句: Written in French, which was not the first language of most Haitians but which was used throughout Europe as the language of international diplomacy, the declaration notes that Haiti will not bring rebellion to other Caribbean nations, promises to respect the sovereignty of its neighbors—widely understood as a reassurance to the United States—and sets up Haiti as an example for future struggles against colonizers (an implicit reference to the many colonies then found in the Americas).

implicit  [ɪmˈplɪt] adj. 含蓄的

英文释义: suggested without being directly expressed

例句: Written in French, which was not the first language of most Haitians but which was used throughout Europe as the language of international diplomacy, the declaration notes that Haiti will not bring rebellion to other Caribbean nations, promises to respect the sovereignty of its neighbors—widely understood as a reassurance to the United States—and sets up Haiti as an example for future struggles against colonizers (an implicit reference to the many colonies then found in the Americas).

judicial  [dʒuˈdɪʃl] adj. 法官的


英文释义: connected with a court, a judge or legal judgement

例句: Discussing philosophers whose views conflict with judges' views could therefore make judicial opinions more comprehensible to readers without legal or philosophical training.

comprehensible  [ˌkɑːmpriˈhensəbl] adj. 可理解的

英文释义: (formal) that can be understood by sb

例句: Discussing philosophers whose views conflict with judges' views could therefore make judicial opinions more comprehensible to readers without legal or philosophical training.

daunting  [ˈdɔːntɪŋ] adj. 使人畏惧的

英文释义: making (someone) feel intimidated or apprehensive

例句: As they began reading it in class, some students remarked that they found the novel's letter format daunting and its treatment of gender relations old-fashioned.

proximity  [prɒːkˈsɪməti] n. 接近

英文释义: the state of being near sb/sth in distance or time


例句: To explain this, the researchers pointed to the general proximity of A thaliano leaves to the ground and noted that rain splashing off soil could bring soil-based bacteria into contact with the leaves.

splash  [splæʃ] v. 把（水、泥等）泼在…上

英文释义: to make sb/sth wet by making water, mud, etc. fall on them/it


例句: To explain this, the researchers pointed to the general proximity of A thaliano leaves to the ground and noted that rain splashing off soil could bring soil-based bacteria into

contact with the leaves.

toss  [tɒːs] v. (轻轻或漫不经心地) 抛

英文释义: to throw sth lightly or carelessly

例句: I'm as hungry as the winter, I'm ill, I'm shaken... and where haven't I been-fate has tossed me everywhere!

precede  [priˈsi:d] v. 在...之前发生 (或出现)

英文释义: to happen before sth or come before sth/sb in order

例句: His resignation was preceded by weeks of speculation.

preclude  [priˈklu:d] v. 阻止

英文释义: (formal) to prevent sth from happening or sb from doing sth

例句: From this, it was discovered that the evolutionary symbiosis that the beaver has with the aspen tree does not preclude it from forming new relationships with different tree species.

accentuate  [əkˈsentʃueɪt] v. 使突出

英文释义: to emphasize sth or make it more noticeable

例句: The realists' emphasis on accurately portraying the experiences of average working people was largely a rejection of the romantic style evident in many paintings by Jérôme-Martin Langlois, which instead accentuate their subjects' beauty or heroism while hiding all imperfection.

convoluted  [ˈkɒːnvəlu:tɪd] adj. 错综复杂的

英文释义: extremely complicated and difficult to follow

例句: President Richard Nixon is most famous for his participation in the 1970s Watergate political scandal, a convoluted tale of criminality and eroded ethics involving a constellation of associates such as security operative Jack Caulfield and Attorney General John Mitchell.

erode  [ɪˈroʊd] v. 逐渐毁坏

英文释义: to gradually destroy sth or make it weaker over a period of time

例句: President Richard Nixon is most famous for his participation in the 1970s Watergate political scandal, a convoluted tale of criminality and eroded ethics involving a

constellation of associates such as security operative Jack Caulfield and Attorney General John Mitchell.

constellation  [ˌkɒːnstəˈleɪʃn] n. 一群相关的人

英文释义: a group of related ideas

例句: President Richard Nixon is most famous for his participation in the 1970s Watergate political scandal, a convoluted tale of criminality and eroded ethics involving a constellation of associates such as security operative Jack Caulfield and Attorney General John Mitchell.

sovereignty  ['sɒ:vərənti] n. 独立自主

英文释义: the state of being a country with freedom to govern itself

例句: He has been praised for his role in affirming the sovereignty of tribal nations, and he once made an attempt at reforming United States health care policy that is arguably a precursor to the Affordable Care Act, which became law during the Barack Obama administration.

precursor  [priˈkɜːrsər] n. 先驱

英文释义: (formal) a person or thing that comes before sb/sth similar and that leads to or influences its development

例句: He has been praised for his role in affirming the sovereignty of tribal nations, and he once made an attempt at reforming United States health care policy that is arguably a precursor to the Affordable Care Act, which became law during the Barack Obama administration.

inherent  [ɪnˈherənt, ɪnˈhɪrənt] adj. 固有的

英文释义: that is a basic or permanent part of sb/sth and that cannot be removed

例句: MOMA claims the video presentations are only for games that would be impractical to display in a playable form, but video games are an inherently interactive medium, a feature that is grossly absent in a video-only presentation.

grossly  ['ɡroʊsli] adv. 极度地

英文释义: extremely

例句: MOMA claims the video presentations are only for games that would be impractical to display in a playable form, but video games are an inherently interactive medium, a feature that is grossly absent in a video-only presentation.

arbitrary  ['ɑ:rbɪtrəri] adj. 任意的

英文释义: not seeming to be based on a reason, system or plan and sometimes seeming unfair

例句: Some critics have found fault with the abrupt endings of Master and Commander and other books in the series, saying that they do not finish conclusively but arbitrarily stop.

congestion  [kən'dʒestʃən] n. 塞车

英文释义: the state of being crowded and full of traffic

例句: Though those smaller areas may have been less affected by traffic congestion than very large cities, this congestion also worsened in them over time.

homogenous  [hə'mədʒənəs] adj. 由同类组成的

英文释义: consisting of people or things that are all of the same type

例句: Previous research has shown that plant species with a narrow geographical range tend to be more genetically homogeneous than plant species with extensive ranges are.

emulsion  [ɪ'mʌljʌn] n. 乳状液


英文释义: any mixture of liquids that do not normally mix together, such as oil and water; a type of paint used on walls and ceilings that dries without leaving a shiny surface

例句: An emulsifier is a type of compound that serves to stabilize an emulsion—a mixture of two or more liquids that otherwise would not easily blend together.

arbiter  ['ɑ:rbɪtər] n. 权威人士

英文释义: a person with the power or influence to make judgements and decide what will be done or accepted

例句: Today, the Michelin Guide is widely known as the arbiter of fine dining, but when it was created in 1900, it was little more than a marketing gimmick

gimmick  ['ɡɪmɪk] n. （为引人注意或诱人购买而搞的）花招

英文释义: an unusual trick or unnecessary device that is intended to attract attention or to persuade people to buy sth

例句: Today, the Michelin Guide is widely known as the arbiter of fine dining, but when it was created in 1900, it was little more than a marketing gimmick

annotate  ['ænəteɪt] v. 给…作注解

英文释义: to add notes to a book or text, giving explanations or comments

例句: Historians annotate, check and interpret the diary selections.

prestige  [pre'sti:ʒ] n. 威信

英文释义: the respect and admiration that sb/sth has because of their social position, or what they have done

例句: With his widely celebrated portraits of poet Seamus Heaney, molecular biologist Struther Arnott, and other prominent figures in different fields, British painter Peter Edwards has achieved substantial prestige as an artist.

meager  ['mi:gər] adj. 少量且劣质的

英文释义: small in quantity and poor in quality

例句: She supplements her meagre income by cleaning at night.

seclude  [sr'klu:d] v. (使)与…隔离

英文释义: (formal) to keep yourself/sb away from contact with other people

例句: Do I behold these steep and lofty cliffs,
Which on a wild secluded scene impress
Thoughts of more deep seclusion; and connect
The landscape with the quiet of the sky.

hideous  ['hɪdiəs] adj. 令人厌恶的

英文释义: very ugly or unpleasant

例句: The whole experience had been like some hideous nightmare.

imperative  [ɪm'perətɪv] adj. 重要紧急的

英文释义: (formal) very important and needing immediate attention or action;

例句: It is absolutely imperative that we finish by next week.

automate  ['ɔ:təmeɪt] v. 使自动化

英文释义: to use machines and computers instead of people to do a job or task

例句: Attempts to automate classification of music into genres have not been very successful, and we may be at the limit of what is technologically possible.

doze  [dʊz] v. 打瞌睡

英文释义: to sleep lightly for a short time

例句: I dozed and floated on the clouds of Farsi that blew my way from the front seat of Dayi [Uncle] Iamsheed's SUV.

clad  [klæd] adj. 覆盖的


英文释义: wearing a particular type of clothing

例句: The sierra is clad in gala colors. Over its inaccessible peaks the opalescent fog settles like a snowy veil on the forehead of a bride.

designate  ['deɪɡneɪt] v. 指定

英文释义: to say officially that sth has a particular character or name

例句: Bicycle sharing systems allow users to rent a bicycle at one location within a city and return it to any other designated location in that city, which can cause serious problems of bicycle supply and user demand within the city's system.

identical  [aɪ'dentɪk(ə)l] adj. 完全同样的

英文释义: similar in every detail

例句: It is identical in meaning to several other words in Tutelo.

wretched  ['retʃɪd] adj. 极坏的

英文释义: extremely bad or unpleasant

例句: "[Jim] went on to the lawn, very slowly, and kicking wretchedly at the turf. Presently his father came along with the whirring machine, while the sweet, new grass blades spun from the knives."

demeanor  [dɪ'mi:nər] n. 行为

英文释义: the way that sb looks or behaves

例句: "The father reflected. After a time he said, 'Jimmie, come here.' With an infinite modesty of demeanor the child came forward."

figurative  ['fɪɡjərətɪv] adj. 比喻的, 形象的

英文释义: used in a way that is different from the usual meaning, in order to create a particular mental picture

例 句: In one portion of the novel, Toomer uses figurative language to connect the narrator's urban environment of Washington, DC, and the rural South of the narrator's past.

simulate  ['sɪmjuleɪt] v. (用计算机或模型等) 模拟

英文释义: to create particular conditions that exist in real life using computers, models, etc., usually for study or training purposes

例 句: The researchers simulated what would happen if M. evermanniana spread to new habitats outside Baja California Sur.

corollary  ['kɒrələri] n. 必然的结果

英文释义: a situation, an argument or a fact that is the natural and direct result of another one

例 句: Is social inequality the inevitable corollary of economic freedom?

customary  ['kʌstəməri] adj. 习俗的

英文释义: if sth is customary, it is what people usually do in a particular place or situation

例 句: Intergenerational Bulgarian female choir group Bistritsa Babi has been working to save customary songs and dances from the Shopluk region of the country since 1939.

discreet  [dɪ'skri:t] adj. 谨慎的

英文释义: careful in what you say or do, in order to keep sth secret or to avoid causing embarrassment or difficulty for sb

例 句: You ought to make a few discreet enquiries before you sign anything.

vendor  ['vendər] n. 小贩

英文释义: a person who sells things, for example food or newspapers, usually outside on the street

例 句: As the night goes on, dozens of food vendors set up their stalls to feed the crowds.

bustling  ['bʌslɪŋ] adj. 熙熙攘攘的


英文释义: full of people moving about in a busy way

例 句: During the day, snake charmers and stalls selling beverages fill the square, while at night the bustling center is filled with throngs of people coming to hear storytellers telling traditional fables, watch the performances of magicians, and browse multiple booths offering traditional medicines.

incidence  ['ɪnsɪdəns] n. 发生率


英文释义: the extent to which sth happens or has an effect

例句: Through many experiments, he was able to gather that using a flap of tissue instead of performing surgery on the surface of the cornea could greatly reduce the incidence of repercurssions of the procedure.

repercurssion  n. (间接的) 影响, 恶果

英文释义: an indirect and usually bad result of an action or event that may happen some time afterwards

例句: Through many experiments, he was able to gather that using a flap of tissue instead of performing surgery on the surface of the cornea could greatly reduce the incidence of repercurssions of the procedure.

efficacy  ['efɪkəsi] n. (尤指药物或治疗方法的) 功效

英文释义: the ability of sth, especially a drug or a medical treatment, to produce the results that are wanted

例句: Critics have differing views regarding the efficacy of the structures of the novels in the Aubrey/Maturin series.

aggregate  ['ægrɪgət] v. 聚集

英文释义: to put together different items, amounts, etc. into a single group or total

例句: When it rains, water is collected from an awning or roof and aggregated in a large container like a well or reservoir where it can drain back to the ground water source for things like anthropogenic and livestock use.

percolate  ['pɜːrkəleɪt] v. 渗入

英文释义: to move gradually through a surface that has very small holes or spaces in it

例句: The forty-seven geothermal springs of Arkansas' Hot Springs National Park are sourced via a process known as natural groundwater recharge, in which rainwater percolates downward through the earth.

collaborate  [kə'læbəreɪt] v. 合作

英文释义: to work together with sb in order to produce or achieve sth

例句: Known for the albums Quiet Nights and Milestones, jazz trumpeter Miles Davis collaborated several times with pianist Gil Evans.

exonerate  [ɪgˈzɔːnəreɪt] v. 宣布（某人）无罪

英文释义: to officially state that sb is not responsible for sth that they have been blamed for

例句: The police report exonerated Lewis from all charges of corruption.

postulate  ['pɔːstʃələɪt; 'pɔːstʃələt] v. 假定


英文释义: to suggest or accept that sth is true so that it can be used as the basis for a theory, etc.

例句: They postulated a 500-year lifespan for a plastic container.

evince  [ɪˈvɪns] v. 表明

英文释义: to show clearly that you have a feeling or quality

例句: Highly influential leader of the US civil rights movement, Martin Luther King Jr. evinced his commitment to nonviolent resistance by organizing and directing numerous peaceful protests like sit-ins across the United States in the 1960s.

elide  [ɪˈlaɪd] v. 省略（词的部分）发音

英文释义: to leave out the sound of part of a word when you are pronouncing it

例句: The 't' in 'often' may be elided.

gauge  [geɪdʒ] v. 判定


英文释义: to make a judgement about sth, especially people's feelings or attitudes

例句: They interviewed employees to gauge their reaction to the changes.

resemblance  n. 相似

英文释义: the fact of being or looking similar to sb/sth

例句: There was a strong family resemblance between them.

refuse  [rɪˈfjuːz; 'refjuːs] n. 废弃物

英文释义: waste material that has been thrown away

例句: Columba livia, the rock pigeon, is thought to be well-suited to survival in urbanized environments because of the anthropogenic food sources supplied in the form of refuse from restaurants.

ingest  [ɪnˈdʒest] v. 摄入


英文释义: to take food, drugs, etc. into your body, usually by swallowing

例 句: In the study, mice with *C. difficile* that ingested sorbitol were found to have lower levels of toxin production than mice that did not ingest sorbitol.

amputation  [ˌæmpju'teɪʃn] n. 截肢

英文释义: the act of amputating someone's arm or leg means to cut all or part of it off in an operation because it is diseased or badly damaged

例 句: Scientists generally agree that amputations were dangerous and deadly prior to 10,000 years ago due to lack of proper surgical tools and techniques.

repossession  [ˌri:pə'zeʃn] n. 被收回的房子（或汽车等）

英文释义: the act of repossessing property, goods, etc.; a house, car, etc. that has been repossessed

例 句: Auctions are the best place for buying repossessions.

rehabilitation  [ˌri:ə'bɪlɪ'teɪʃn] n. 复原

英文释义: the act of improving a building or area so that it returns to the good condition it was in before

例 句: While mentoring students and artists within these communities, Whiting was encouraged to broaden his contributions and work on the renovation of historic buildings. By way of this, he became one of the chief officials on the rehabilitation of Māori buildings in New Zealand.

pervasive  [pər'veɪsɪv] adj. 遍布的

英文释义: existing in all parts of a place or thing

例 句: Text corpora such as the British National Corpus are enormous collections of electronically stored texts that can be used for empirical testing of hypotheses regarding how pervasive a word is in spoken and written English.

intermittent  [ˌɪntər'mɪtənt] adj. 断断续续的

英文释义: stopping and starting often over a period of time, but not regularly

例 句: The weather forecast is for sun, with intermittent showers.

insulate  [ˈɪnsəleɪt] v. 使免受（不良影响）

英文释义: to protect sb/sth from unpleasant experiences or influences

例 句: The royal family tried to insulate him from the prying eyes of the media.

downplay  [ˌdaʊnˈpleɪ] v. 对…轻描淡写

英文释义: to make people think that sth is less important than it really is

例句: It downplays the significance of the size difference between the sei whale and the bowhead whale.

facsimile  [fækˈsiməli] n. 摹本

英文释义: an exact copy of sth

例句: Copley and Petrov would then reproduce with scrupulous fidelity, sparing no expense in producing a biweekly folio of painstakingly replicated art facsimiles.

painstaking  [ˈpeɪnzteɪkɪŋ] adj. 需细心的


英文释义: needing a lot of care, effort and attention to detail

例句: Copley and Petrov would then reproduce with scrupulous fidelity, sparing no expense in producing a biweekly folio of painstakingly replicated art facsimiles.

plunge  [plʌndʒ] v. 参与


英文释义: the act of becoming involved in a situation or activity

例句: I could never stand more than three months of dreaming at a time without feeling an irresistible desire to plunge into society.

paralysis  [pəˈræləsis] n. 麻痹

英文释义: a loss of control of, and sometimes feeling in, part or most of the body, caused by disease or an injury to the nerves

例句: I was overcome by a sort of paralysis; but this was pleasant and good for me.

defer  [dɪˈfɜːr] v. 推迟

英文释义: to delay sth until a later time

例句: On returning home I deferred for a time my desire to embrace all mankind.

deceased  [dɪˈsiːst] adj. 死去了的

英文释义: dead

例句: My deceased grandfather, as far as I remember, was a sort of house-steward to my grandmother.

dread  [dred] v. 非常害怕

英文释义: to be very afraid of sth; to fear that sth bad is going to happen

例句: He dreaded her like fire; but, on hearing of such a heavy loss, he almost went out of his mind.

escalation  [ˌeskəˈleɪʃ(ə)n] n. 迅速增加

英文释义: to become or make sth greater, worse, more serious, etc.

例句: One such theory points to various primary sources that indicate an escalation in infighting among rival factions in the society that coincided with increasing droughts.

rival  ['raɪvəl] n. 对手

英文释义: a person, group, or organization that you compete with in sport, business, a fight etc

例句: One such theory points to various primary sources that indicate an escalation in infighting among rival factions in the society that coincided with increasing droughts.

fraction  ['frækʃn] n. 小部分


英文释义: a small part or amount of sth

例句: One such theory points to various primary sources that indicate an escalation in infighting among rival factions in the society that coincided with increasing droughts.

tyrant  ['taɪrənt] n. 暴君

英文释义: a person who has complete power in a country and uses it in a cruel and unfair way

例句: "Such and so shameful is the chain / Which Heaven's new tyrant doth ordain / To bind me helpless here."

undergo  [ˌʌndərˈɡoʊ] v. 经历, 经受 (变化、不快的事等)

英文释义: to experience sth, especially a change or sth unpleasant

例句: To do so, the researchers had participants in an experimental group undergo two sessions of mindfulness therapy while participants in a control group listened to a lecture on empathy and helping strangers.

pastoral  ['pæstərəl] adj. 牧师的

英文释义: relating to the work of a priest or teacher in giving help and advice on personal matters, not just those connected with religion or education

例句: Pastoral communities from the Early Neolithic period did not construct chambered

long barrows.

chamber  ['tʃeɪmbər] n. (作特定用途的) 房间

英文释义: a room used for the particular purpose that is mentioned

例句: Pastoral communities from the Early Neolithic period did not construct chambered long barrows.

barrow  ['bærəʊ] n. 古坟

英文释义: a large pile of earth built over a place where people were buried in ancient times

例句: Pastoral communities from the Early Neolithic period did not construct chambered long barrows.

anticipate  [æn'tɪsɪpeɪt] v. 预料


英文释义: to expect sth

例句: Few new parents anticipate that their baby will someday become an astronaut, yet if Jerry L. Ross's parents had made this prediction when he was born in 1948, they would have been correct, for NASA selected him for the job in 1980.

steer  [stɪr] v. 驾驶 (船、汽车等)


英文释义: to control the direction in which a boat, car, etc. moves

例句: [The Rat] had patiently hunted through the wood for an hour or more, when at last to his joy he heard a little answering cry. Steering himself by the sound, he made his way through the gathering darkness to the foot of an old beech tree.

prolong  [prə'lɒŋ] v. 延长

英文释义: to make sth last longer

例句: These scientists therefore imply that prolonged deep sleep is likely advantageous in ways that have yet to be discovered.

trigger  ['trɪɡər] v. 发动; 引起

英文释义: to make sth happen suddenly

例句: The arrival of humans to the Americas is thought to have _____ a sudden decrease in biodiversity throughout the continents.

semblance  ['sembləns] n. 表象

英文释义: a situation in which sth seems to exist although this may not, in fact, be the case

例句: Some robots such as Surena (developed in 2008) and COMAN (developed in 2012) are designed to resemble humans so that people will find it easier to interact with them. To this end, certain features such as the ability to respond to voice commands can help to create the comforting semblance of humanity.

soothe  [su:ð] v. 安慰

英文释义: to make sb who is anxious, upset, etc. feel calmer

例句: Some robots such as Surena (developed in 2008) and COMAN (developed in 2012) are designed to resemble humans so that people will find it easier to interact with them. To this end, certain features such as the ability to respond to voice commands can help to create the comforting semblance of humanity, but a robot that appears too similar to humans can make people feel more unsettled than soothed.

revolt  [rɪ'vɒlt] v. 反抗, 反叛 (当权者)

英文释义: to take violent action against the people in power

例句: The peasants threatened to revolt.

vindicate  ['vɪndɪkeɪt] v. 证实

英文释义: to prove that sth is true or that you were right to do sth, especially when other people had a different opinion

例句: I have every confidence that this decision will be fully vindicated.

bleak  [bli:k] adj. 不乐观的


英文释义: not encouraging or giving any reason to have hope

例句: The bleak fields are asleep,
My heart alone wakes;

opalescent  [ˌɒpə'les(ə)nt] adj. 像猫眼石般变色的

英文释义: changing colour like an opal

例句: "The sierra is clad in gala colors. Over its inaccessible peaks the opalescent fog settles like a snowy veil on the forehead of a bride."

veil  [veɪl] n. (尤指女用的) 面纱, 面罩


英文释义: a covering of very thin transparent material worn, especially by women

例句: "The sierra is clad in gala colors. Over its inaccessible peaks the opalescent fog settles like a snowy veil on the forehead of a bride."

credibility  [ˌkredəˈbɪləti] n. 可信性

英文释义: the quality that sb/sth has that makes people believe or trust them

例句: In the work, Winnermucca directly addresses the reader to establish her authority and credibility.

fusion  [ˈfjuːʒn] n. 融合

英文释义: the process or result of joining two or more things together to form one

例句: Mosques often reflect multiple architectural styles, resulting in a unique fusion of those influences, as in the case of the Sheikh Zayed Mosque, which combines elements from the Persian, Mughal, and Moorish styles.

daze  [deɪz] adj. (尤因震惊或头部被击) 神志不清的, 茫然的

英文释义: unable to think clearly, especially because of a shock or because you have been hit on the head

例句: The Mole is dazed after briefly meeting a stranger while traveling with a friend.

tender  [ˈtendər] adj. 温柔的

英文释义: kind, gentle and loving

例句: What he needs now is a lot of tender loving care.

supplant  [səˈplænt] v. 取代


英文释义: to take the place of sb/sth

例句: Barker was soon supplanted as party leader.

venerate  [ˈvenəreɪt] v. 崇敬

英文释义: (formal) to have and show a lot of respect for sb/sth, especially sb/sth that is considered to be holy or very important

例句: These children are venerated as holy beings.

satiate  [ˈseɪʃieɪt] v. 满足

英文释义: to give sb so much of sth that they do not feel they want any more

例句: From sculptures like Miró's Chicago by Joan Miró, found at Brunswick Plaza, to street art like Justus Roe's mural South Shore on South Exchange Avenue, Chicago offers an array of works to satiate the tastes of art lovers.

orthodox  ['ɔ:rθəðɔ:ks] adj. 正统的

英文释义: following generally accepted beliefs

例句: Orthodox economists believe that a recession is now inevitable.

unequivocal  [ˌʌniˈkwɪvəkl] adj. 毫不含糊的

英文释义: expressing your opinion or intention very clearly and firmly

例句: Unequivocal though it seemed to many mathematicians, Nagata's conjecture, posed in 1972, eventually yielded to the combined efforts of Ualbai U. Umirbaev and Ivan P. Shestakov, who presented a proof of it in 2004.

recurrent  [rɪˈkɜ:rənt] adj. 反复出现的

英文释义: that happens again and again

例句: Poverty is a recurrent theme in her novels.

scattered  ['skætəd] adj. 零散的

英文释义: spread far apart over a wide area or over a long period of time

例句: It was a scattered sort of a fair. If we didn't expect more, we got less.

rash  [ræʃ] adj. 轻率的

英文释义: doing sth that may not be sensible without first thinking about the possible results

例句: He was daring, without being rash: prompt, but not thoughtless; firm, without being harsh.

prompt  [pra:mpt] adj. 敏捷的; 迅速的


英文释义: acting without delay

例句: He was daring, without being rash: prompt, but not thoughtless; firm, without being harsh.

crude  [kru:d] adj. 天然的

英文释义: in its natural state, before it has been treated with chemicals

例句: "The [train] engines of this valley have a whistle, the echoes of which sound like iterated gasps and sobs. I always think of them as crude music."

petition  [pə'tɪʃn] v. 请愿

英文释义: to make a formal request to sb in authority, especially by sending them a petition

例句: Local residents have successfully petitioned against the siting of a prison in their area.

hesitant  ['hezɪtənt] adj. 犹豫的

英文释义: slow to speak or act because you feel uncertain, embarrassed or unwilling

例句: So while they might be eager to produce an established classic like *Les Misérables*, for example, most would be hesitant to stage a work from a relatively unknown playwright.

straddle  ['strædl] v. 骑; 跨坐

英文释义: to sit or stand with one of your legs on either side of sb/sth

例句: "The firs grow on a kind of island in the middle [of a lake]; you have to straddle bravely across on a fallen tree-trunk that bridges the two banks."

devour  [dɪ'vaʊər] v. 吞噬

英文释义: to destroy sb/sth

例句: Green meadows make rifts in [the woods] here and there, so do little patches of cultivation. But these do not amount to much, for the magnificent woods devour everything.

atrocious  [ə'trɒʃəs] adj. 糟透的

英文释义: very bad or unpleasant

例句: As a result, this lovely region is atrociously poor and its few scattered farms provide just the requisite number of red roofs to set off the velvety green of the woods.

torrent  ['tɔːrənt] n. 急流


英文释义: a large amount of water moving very quickly

例句: "Montigny is a village, not a town: its streets, thank heaven, are not paved; the showers roll down them in little torrents that dry up in a couple of hours."

disregard  [ˌdɪsrɪˈɡɑːrd] v. 不理睬，忽视


英文释义: to not consider sth

例句: Art historian and archaeologist Lisa Trever has argued that the interpretation of Moche "portrait" vessels as hyper-realistic portrayals of identifiable people may inadvertently disregard the creativity of the objects' creators.

woolly  ['wʊli] adj. 有毛覆盖的

英文释义: covered with wool or with hair like wool

例句: Researchers have long hypothesized that woolly mammoths were hunted to extinction in North America by humans using spears with grooved tips known as Clovis points.

spear  [spɪr] v. 用矛刺

英文释义: to throw or push a spear or other pointed object through sth/sb

例句: Researchers have long hypothesized that woolly mammoths were hunted to extinction in North America by humans using spears with grooved tips known as Clovis points.

grooved  [ɡruːvd] adj. 有槽的

英文释义: having a groove or several grooves

例句: Researchers have long hypothesized that woolly mammoths were hunted to extinction in North America by humans using spears with grooved tips known as Clovis points.

mound  [maʊnd] n. 土墩

英文释义: a large pile of earth or stones

例句: Using a mechanical spear-thrower, he launched spears with Clovis points into mounds of clay—substitutes for the animals' large bodies.

substitute  ['sʌbstɪtʊːt] n. 代替物

英文释义: a person or thing that you use or have instead of the one you normally use or have

例句: Using a mechanical spear-thrower, he launched spears with Clovis points into mounds of clay—substitutes for the animals' large bodies.

penetrate  ['penətreɪt] v. 穿过; 进入

英文释义: to go into or through sth

例句: The projectiles generally penetrated only a few inches into the clay, an amount insufficient to have harmed most woolly mammoths.

outline  ['aʊtlain] v. 概述

英文释义: to give a description of the main facts or points involved in sth

例句: It outlines an early strategy for exhibit design used by one tribal cultural center, then explains a newer strategy used by a different tribal cultural center.

plague  [pleɪg] v. 困扰

英文释义: to cause pain or trouble to sb/sth over a period of time

例句: These studies are plagued by insufficient sample sizes, a lack of control groups, and failures to establish pretraining baselines for the measured attributes of participants.

supersede  [ˌsuːpər'siːd] v. 取代

英文释义: to take the place of sth/sb that is considered to be old-fashioned or no longer the best available

例句: The theory has been superseded by more recent research.

dodge  [dɒdʒ] v. 闪开

英文释义: to move quickly and suddenly to one side in order to avoid sb/sth

例句: While the others are hopping about in the air, I can dodge under their feet and grab the ball.

adverse  [əd'vɜːrs, 'ædvɜːrs] adj. 不利的

英文释义: negative and unpleasant; not likely to produce a good result

例句: The measures intended to protect arthropods can sometimes have adverse effects on mammals.

dilute  [daɪ'lʊt] v. 使降低效果

英文释义: to make sth weaker or less effective

例句: Such a comparison may seem consistent with the theoretical critique that by diluting control over the economy, democratic institutions inhibit states' ability to counteract inflationary pressures.

dispose  [di'spouz] v. 布置


英文释义: to arrange things or people in a particular way or position

例句: Environmental policy researcher Jessika Richter warns that because new batteries can't be put in once the old ones no longer work, the gadgets stop functioning and are usually disposed of as trash.

compliment  ['kɑ:mplimənt] v. 赞扬

英文释义: a remark that expresses praise or admiration of sb

例句: It's a great compliment to be asked to do the job.

virtuosity  [ˌvɜ:rtʃu'ɑ:səti] n. 高超技艺

英文释义: a very high degree of skill in performing or playing

例句: Despite Argerich's experience and virtuosity, she never takes for granted that she knows a piece of music.

withstand  [wið'stænd, wɪθ'stænd] v. 承受

英文释义: to be strong enough not to be hurt or damaged by extreme conditions, the use of force, etc.

例句: By contrast, the black bear (makwa in Ojibwe) should be able to withstand the highest predicted warming without much harm and so likely won't require the conservation efforts that the northern wild rice will.

heterogeneous  [ˌhetərə'dʒi:niəs] adj. 由很多种类组成的

英文释义: consisting of many different kinds of people or things

例句: Rasmus Heltberg's study of fuel use in Nicaragua shows how reductive this model is, however: household fuel use was heterogeneous, flexible, and influenced by several factors, including local electrical and plumbing infrastructure.

circumstance  ['sɜ:rkəmstæns] n. 条件; 环境; 状况

英文释义: the conditions and facts that are connected with and affect a situation, an event or an action

例句: The energy ladder attributes household fuel choice primarily to a single characteristic of households, but Heltberg's study showed that multiple circumstances can affect household fuel choice.

rustle  ['rʌsl] n. 沙沙声

英文释义: the sound of light, dry things moving together

例句: "It struck three o'clock, the banker listened; everyone was asleep in the house and nothing could be heard outside but the rustling of the chilled trees."

spoilt  [spɔɪlt] adj. 宠坏的

英文释义: rude and badly behaved because they are given everything they ask for and not enough discipline

例句: "The banker, spoilt and frivolous, with millions beyond his reckoning, was delighted at the bet."

frivolous  ['frɪvələs] adj. 愚蠢的

英文释义: silly or amusing, especially when such behaviour is not suitable

例句: "The banker, spoilt and frivolous, with millions beyond his reckoning, was delighted at the bet."

reckon  ['rekən] v. 认为

英文释义: to think sth or have an opinion about sth

例句: "The banker, spoilt and frivolous, with millions beyond his reckoning, was delighted at the bet."

turbulence  ['tɜːrbjələns] n. 骚乱

英文释义: a situation in which there is a lot of sudden change, confusion, disagreement and sometimes violence

例句: Testing by Yuzo R. Yanagisuru, Otar Akanyeti, and James C. Liao using models of three head shapes—narrow (low ratio of width to length), intermediate, and wide (high ratio of width to length)—showed that for large vortices, fish with intermediate heads would be better able than narrow-headed fish to distinguish between vortices and general turbulence in the water.

opt  [ɑːpt] v. 选择

英文释义: to choose to take or not to take a particular course of action

例句: Mariana Lopes Barata and Pedro Simoes Coelho collected data from 324 music-streaming service users to identify factors that influence users to opt for paid (premium) versions of music streaming services, like Apple Music.

overflow  [ˌoʊvərˈfloʊ] v. 溢出

英文释义: to be so full that the contents go over the sides

例句: I guess this means Pops is overflowing with riches because ever since I can remember I was never without a book within reach.

vibrate  ['vaɪbreɪt] v. (使) 振动

英文释义: to move or make sth move from side to side very quickly and with small movements

例句: Ocelots, which are much smaller than jaguars, have a rigid hyoid that rumbles when the cat's larynx vibrates, resulting in a purr.

underestimate  [ˌʌndər'estɪmeɪt] v. 低估

英文释义: to think or guess that the amount, cost or size of sth is smaller than it really is

例句: International indices may have underestimated the strength of the Netherlands' democratic institutions relative to Jordan's.

index  ['ɪndeks] n. 索引

英文释义: a list of names or topics that are referred to in a book, etc., usually arranged at the end of a book in alphabetical order or listed in a separate file or book

例句: International indices may have underestimated the strength of the Netherlands' democratic institutions relative to Jordan's.

alliance  [ə'laɪəns] n. 联盟

英文释义: an agreement between countries, political parties, etc. to work together in order to achieve sth that they all want

例句: Dubautia waialealae is a species in a family of plants known collectively as the silversword alliance, all of which grow only on the Hawaiian Islands.

flourish  ['flʊːrɪʃ] v. 繁荣

英文释义: to develop quickly and be successful or common

例句: Some historians suggest that Maya mathematicians inherited it from the Olmec civilization, which flourished in the region 2,400-3,600 years ago.

wiry  ['waɪəri] adj. 瘦而结实的

英文释义: thin but strong

例句: I'm little of course, but terribly quick and wiry and tough.

worrisome  ['wɜːrɪsəm] adj. 令人担心的

英文释义: that makes you worry

例句: While bioaccumulation of manufactured nanoparticles may be inherently worrisome, it has been hypothesized that CuO-NP bioaccumulation in invertebrates like *L. stagnalis* could serve a valuable proxy role, obviating the need for manufacturers to conduct costly and intrusive sampling of vertebrate species—such as African clawed frogs (*Xenopus laevis*), commonly used in regulatory compliance testing—for nanoparticle bioaccumulation, as environmental protection laws currently require.

intrusive  [ɪn'truːsɪv] adj. 侵入的

英文释义: too noticeable, direct, etc. in a way that is disturbing or annoying

例句: While bioaccumulation of manufactured nanoparticles may be inherently worrisome, it has been hypothesized that CuO-NP bioaccumulation in invertebrates like *L. stagnalis* could serve a valuable proxy role, obviating the need for manufacturers to conduct costly and intrusive sampling of vertebrate species—such as African clawed frogs (*Xenopus laevis*), commonly used in regulatory compliance testing—for nanoparticle bioaccumulation, as environmental protection laws currently require.

enduring  [ɪn'dʊrɪŋ] adj. 持久的

英文释义: lasting for a long time

例句: In an analysis of economic data from 1976 to 1993, Ross Levine and Sara Zervos found that liberalization did not lead to enduring increases in investment in companies based in countries that liberalized.

convergent  [kən'veɜːrdʒənt] adj. 会聚性的

英文释义: to come from different directions and meet at the same point to become one thing

例句: Wenheng Zhang and colleagues have explored how convergent evolution—a phenomenon that occurs when the same trait evolves independently in two reproductively separate lineages—can result from a genetic mechanism shared by both lineages.

assertive  [ə'sɜːrtɪv] adj. 坚定自信的

英文释义: expressing opinions or desires strongly and with confidence, so that people take notice

例句: You should try and be more assertive.

credible  ['kredəbl] adj. 可信的

英文释义: that can be believed or trusted

例句: It is just not credible that she would cheat.

disguise  [dɪs'gaɪz] v. 伪装

英文释义: to change your appearance so that people cannot recognize you

例句: The hijackers were heavily disguised.

enliven  [ɪn'laɪvən] v. 使更有生气 (或活力)


英文释义: to make sth more interesting or more fun

例句: The moss in the towering water oaks had become enlivened with a verdant sheen of silver and hung like festoons of carnival or like funeral decorations for the mourning of the dead.

verdant  ['vɜːrdənt] adj. 嫩绿的


英文释义: fresh and green

例句: The moss in the towering water oaks had become enlivened with a verdant sheen of silver and hung like festoons of carnival or like funeral decorations for the mourning of the dead.

sheen  [ʃiːn] n. 光泽

英文释义: a soft smooth shiny quality

例句: The moss in the towering water oaks had become enlivened with a verdant sheen of silver and hung like festoons of carnival or like funeral decorations for the mourning of the dead.

festoon  [fe'stuːn] v. 给...饰以花彩

英文释义: ~ sb/sth (with sth) to decorate sb/sth with flowers, coloured paper, etc., often as part of a celebration

例句: The moss in the towering water oaks had become enlivened with a verdant sheen of silver and hung like festoons of carnival or like funeral decorations for the mourning of the dead.

carnival  ['kɑːrnɪv(ə)l] n. 嘉年华

英文释义: a public festival, usually one that happens at a regular time each year, that involves music and dancing in the streets, for which people wear brightly coloured clothes

例 句: The moss in the towering water oaks had become enlivened with a verdant sheen of silver and hung like festoons of carnival or like funeral decorations for the mourning of the dead.

funeral  ['fju:nərəl] n. 葬礼

英文释义: a ceremony, usually a religious one, for burying or cremating

例 句: The moss in the towering water oaks had become enlivened with a verdant sheen of silver and hung like festoons of carnival or like funeral decorations for the mourning of the dead.

mourn  [mɔ:rn] v. (因失去...而) 哀悼, 忧伤

英文释义: to feel and show sadness because sb has died

例 句: The moss in the towering water oaks had become enlivened with a verdant sheen of silver and hung like festoons of carnival or like funeral decorations for the mourning of the dead.

spectacle  ['spektəkl] n. 壮观的场面


英文释义: a performance or an event that is very impressive and exciting to look at

例 句: The bald cypresses spread themselves along the water courses while the willows wept as they always did. Mr. Bradford was conscious of this gorgeous spectacle of nature.

conspicuous  [kən'spɪkjʊəs] adj. 惹人注意的

英文释义: likely to attract attention

例 句: Mary's red hair always made her conspicuous at school.

desert  [dɪ'zɜ:t; 'dezɜ:t] v. 舍弃

英文释义: to go away from a place and leave it empty

例 句: The villages had been deserted.

ineluctable  [ˌɪnɪ'lʌktəbl] adj. 无可避免的

英文释义: that you cannot avoid

例 句: Malthus's theories are about the ineluctable tendency of populations to exceed resources.

irreproachable  [ˌɪrɪˈprəʊtʃəb(ə)l] adj. 无可指责的

英文释义: free from fault and impossible to criticize

例句: She welcomed her unexpected visitor with irreproachable politeness.

insuperable  [ɪnˈsuːpərəb(ə)l] adj. 无法克服的

英文释义: that cannot be dealt with successfully

例句: There were insuperable obstacles, and the plan was abandoned.

massive  [ˈmæsɪv] adj. 巨大的

英文释义: extremely large or serious

例句: The Al-Fattah Al-Aleem Mosque in the New Administrative Capital, Egypt, is a massive mosque that can accommodate approximately 17,000 people at once.

illusory  [ɪˈluːsəri] adj. 虚假的

英文释义: not real, although seeming to be

例句: First impressions can often prove illusory.

imposing  [ɪmˈpəʊzɪŋ] adj. 壮观的

英文释义: impressive to look at

例句: The Istiqlal Mosque in Jakarta, Indonesia, is a massive mosque that can accommodate approximately 200,000 people at once, making it an imposing sight to behold.

resonance  [ˈrezənəns] n. 洪亮

英文释义: the quality of being resonant

例句: Her voice had a strange and thrilling resonance.

ingenious  [ɪnˈdʒiːniəs] adj. 机敏的

英文释义: having a lot of clever new ideas and good at inventing things

例句: She's very ingenious when it comes to finding excuses.

counterbalance  [ˈkaʊntəbæləns] v. 抵消

英文释义: to have an equal but opposite effect to sth else


例句: Parents' natural desire to protect their children should be counterbalanced by the

child's need for independence.

pristine  ['prɪstɪn] adj. 崭新的

英文释义: fresh and clean, as if new

例句: The car is in pristine condition.

engender  [ɪn'dʒendər] v. 引起

英文释义: to make a feeling or situation exist

例句: In the 2010s, the price of vintage Teenage Mutant Ninja Turtles action figures rose dramatically, which had the counterintuitive effect of engendering demand.

locomotion  [ˌləʊkə'moʊʃn] n. 移动 (力)

英文释义: movement or the ability to move

例句: Some robots such as Surena (developed in 2008) and COMAN (developed in 2012) feature humanoid characteristics like bipedal locomotion so that people will find it easier to interact with them.

uncanny  [ʌn'kæni] adj. 异常的

英文释义: strange and difficult to explain

例句: While these features can help to engender feelings of comfort in people, a robot that looks too like human can fall into the “uncanny valley,” meaning that its appearance unintentionally unsettles those who encounter it.

constrict  [kən'strɪkt] v. 限制

英文释义: to limit or restrict what sb is able to do

例句: Film-makers of the time were constricted by the censors.

enormous  [ɪ'nɔːrməs] adj. 巨大的

英文释义: extremely large

例句: Text corpora such as the British National Corpus are enormous collections of

electronically stored texts that can be used for empirical testing of hypotheses regarding the frequency of typical word usage.

stricture  ['striktʃər] n. 限制


英文释义: a rule or situation that restricts your behaviour

例句: the Times [a British newspaper], replying to some foreign strictures on the dress, looks, and behavior of the English abroad, urges that the English ideal is that everyone should be free to do and to look just as he likes.

indefatigably  [ˌɪndɪ'fætɪɡəbli] adv. 不屈不挠地


英文释义: determined and never giving up

例句: But culture indefatigably tries, not to make what each raw person may like the rule by which he fashions himself; but to draw ever nearer to a sense of what is indeed beautiful, graceful, and becoming, and to get the raw person to like that.

inverse  [ˌɪn'vɜːrs] adj. (数量、位置) 相反的

英文释义: opposite in amount or position to sth else

例句: Several studies of sediment (e.g., dirt, pieces of rock, etc.) in streams have shown an inverse correlation between sediment grain size and downstream distance from the primary sediment source.

metropolitan  [ˌmetrə'pɑːlɪtən] adj. 大城市的

英文释义: connected with a large or capital city

例句: Often, governments will report a value for the city proper (including only residents within the city limits) and another for the larger metropolitan area (including residents from nearby places beyond the city limits)

proper  ['prɒ:pər] adj. 正确的

英文释义: right, appropriate or correct

例句: Citing the data in the table, a journalist claims the population estimates from the United Nations (UN) most likely included people outside the cities proper.

rural  ['rʊərəl] adj. 乡村的

英文释义: connected with or like the countryside

例句: It indicates the speaker's disappointment that other people dislike rural settings.

voucher  ['vaʊtʃər] n. 票券

英文释义: a printed piece of paper that can be used instead of money to pay for sth, or that allows you to pay less than the usual price of sth

例句: A book printed is a record, remaining in every man's possession, always ready to renew its acquaintance with his memory, and always ready to be produced as an authority or voucher to any reports he makes out of it, and conveys its contents for ages to come, to the eternity- of mortal time, when the author is forgotten in his grave.

permeance  ['pɜːrmiəns] n. 影响


英文释义: If an idea, feeling, or attitude permeates a system or permeates society, it affects every part of it or is present throughout it.

例句: Words committed to print have a greater permeance than messages that are merely spoken aloud.

detect  [dɪ'tekt] v. 发现

英文释义: to discover or notice sth, especially sth that is not easy to see, hear, etc

例句: The tests are designed to detect the disease early.

thrill  [θrɪl] v. 使非常兴奋; 使非常激动

英文释义: to excite or please sb very much

例句: "[The soldiers] entered the streets of Juchipila as the church bells rang, loud and joyfully, with that peculiar tone that thrills every mountaineer."

vain  [veɪn] adj. 徒劳的


英文释义: that does not produce the result you want; too proud of your own appearance, abilities or achievements

例句: The little conductor stood on tiptoe in an effort to keep one hand on the signal rope, craning his neck in a vain and dissatisfied endeavor to pierce the miasma of the fog.

on tiptoe  n. 蹑手蹑脚

英文释义: standing or walking on the front part of your foot, with your heels off the ground, in order to make yourself taller or to move very quietly

例句: The little conductor stood on tiptoe in an effort to keep one hand on the signal rope, craning his neck in a vain and dissatisfied endeavor to pierce the miasma of the fog.

crane  [kreɪn] v. (为看得更清楚而) 探着身子

英文释义: to lean or stretch over sth in order to see sth better; to stretch your neck

例句: The little conductor stood on tiptoe in an effort to keep one hand on the signal rope, craning his neck in a vain and dissatisfied endeavor to pierce the miasma of the fog.

pierce  [piərs] v. 冲破

英文释义: to force a way through a barrier

例句: The little conductor stood on tiptoe in an effort to keep one hand on the signal rope, craning his neck in a vain and dissatisfied endeavor to pierce the miasma of the fog.

drudging  ['drʌdʒɪŋ] adj. 累人的


英文释义: boring and hard, and taking a lot of time

例句: The motorman chafed in his box, thinking of the drudging lot of the laboring man. He registered discontent.

tempting  ['temptɪŋ] adj. 吸引人的

英文释义: something that is tempting is attractive, and makes people want to have it, do it, etc.


例句: It may be tempting to assume the difference is due to different levels of access to parks.

throb  [θrɔ:b] n. (强烈有节奏地) 跳动

英文释义: a strong regular beat

例句: Then we sit and sob, and long for the gas-lit streets,

and the sound of human voices, and the answering throb of human life.

gasp  [gæsp] n. (常指由强烈情感引起的) 倒抽气

英文释义: a quick deep breath, usually caused by a strong emotion

例句: "The [train] engines of this valley have a whistle, the echoes of which sound like iterated gasps and sobs. I always think of them as crude music."

sob  [sə:b] n. 抽噎 (声)

英文释义: an act or the sound of sobbing

例句: "The [train] engines of this valley have a whistle, the echoes of which sound like iterated gasps and sobs. I always think of them as crude music."

quiver  ['kwɪvər] n. 微颤

英文释义: a slight movement in part of your body

例句: "I sang, with a strange quiver in my voice, a promise-song."

bump  [bʌmp] v. (无意地) 碰

英文释义: to hit sb/sth by accident

例句: A study using obstructions that created large vortices in low-visibility conditions found that the narrow-headed lake sturgeon (*Acipenser fulvescens*) bumped into obstructions more often than the intermediate-headed dusky smooth-hound (*Mustelus canis*) did.

outnumber  [ˌaʊtˈnʌmbər] v. (在数量上) 压倒, 比…多

英文释义: to be greater in number than sb/sth

例句: It isn't surprising that night-blooming jessamine shrubs and other non-native forest plants only recently began to outnumber native forest plants in the wild.

constrain  [kənˈstreɪn] v. 强迫; 强制; 迫使

英文释义: to force sb to do sth or behave in a particular way

例句: The evidence was so compelling that he felt constrained to accept it.

extensive  [ɪk'stensɪv] adj. 大量的

英文释义: great in amount

例句: While it is possible in theory for anyone to publish in Virginia Quarterly Review, Kenyon Review, or a similar major poetry outlet, many people who do so have professional training in poetry and extensive practice writing it, which requires time not often available to those who must also work full-time jobs.

neatly  ['ni:tli] adv. 整齐地

英文释义: tidy and carefully arranged

例句: Like the rest of the books in the series, The Yellow Admiral has a rather abrupt ending, but the following book, The Hundred Days, picks up neatly where The Yellow Admiral leaves off.

eminence  ['eminəns] n. 著名

英文释义: the quality of being famous and respected, especially in a profession

例句: Over time, the Aubrey/Maturin series has acquired the same eminence among critics as works like In Search of Lost Time that have similar structures.

peasant  ['peznt] n. 农民

英文释义: a farmer who owns or rents a small piece of land

例句: The untaught peasant beheld the elements around him and was acquainted with their practical uses.

acquainted  [ə'kweɪntɪd] adj. 熟悉


英文释义: familiar with sth, having read, seen or experienced it

例句: The untaught peasant beheld the elements around him and was acquainted with their practical uses.

lineament  ['lɪniəmənt] n. 容貌

英文释义: a feature of your face

例句: He had partially unveiled the face of Nature, but her immortal lineaments were still a wonder and a mystery.

tertiary  ['tɜːrʃiəri, 'tɜːrʃəri] adj. 第三的


英文释义: third in order, rank or importance

例句: He might dissect, anatomize, and give names; but, not to speak of a final cause, causes in their secondary and tertiary grades were utterly unknown to him.

dissect  [dɪ'sekt, daɪ'sekt] v. 解剖 (人或动植物)

英文释义: to cut up a dead person, animal or plant in order to study it

例句: He might dissect, anatomize, and give names; but, not to speak of a final cause, causes in their secondary and tertiary grades were utterly unknown to him.

anatomize  [ə'natə,maɪz] vt. 仔细分析

英文释义: If you anatomise a subject or an issue, you examine it in great detail.

例句: He might dissect, anatomize, and give names; but, not to speak of a final cause, causes in their secondary and tertiary grades were utterly unknown to him.

fortification  [ˌfɔːrtɪfɪ'keɪʃn] n. 碉堡

英文释义: a tower, wall, gun position, etc. built to defend a place against attack

例句: I had gazed upon the fortifications and impediments that seemed to keep human beings from entering the citadel of nature, and rashly and ignorantly I had repined.

impediment  [ɪm'pedɪmənt] n. 妨碍


英文释义: something that delays or stops the progress of sth

例句: I had gazed upon the fortifications and impediments that seemed to keep human beings from entering the citadel of nature, and rashly and ignorantly I had repined.

repine  [rɪ'paɪn] v. 抱怨

英文释义: to feel sad or complain about something, especially a bad situation

例句: I had gazed upon the fortifications and impediments that seemed to keep human beings from entering the citadel of nature, and rashly and ignorantly I had repined.

citadel  ['sɪtədel] n. 城堡, 要塞, 某事物有保障的地方

英文释义: a place or situation in which an idea, principle, system etc that you think is important is kept safe

例句: The business is no longer regarded as a citadel of commerce.

deterioration  [dɪˈtɪəriəˈreɪʃn] n. 恶化


英文释义: becoming worse

例句: An image of the Forbidden City thus conceals the subtle deterioration of the building's materials.

outpouring  ['aʊtpɔːrɪŋ] n. 涌现; 喷涌

英文释义: a large amount of sth produced in a short time

例句: The late 1990s saw a new outpouring of cheap steel from elsewhere around the globe.

erratic  [ɪˈrætɪk] adj. 不确定的; 不稳定的

英文释义: not happening at regular times; not following any plan or regular pattern

例句: She had learnt to live with his sudden changes of mood and erratic behaviour.

outsized  ['aʊtsaɪzd] adj. 超大型的; 极大的

英文释义: exceptionally large

例句: Harris's work has been attached with outsized importance while the works of Hanks, a Mexican American author before the war, have been largely forgotten.

enormity  [ɪˈnɔːrməti] n. 巨大; 广大


英文释义: the large size or scale of something

例句: As one of the remarkable buildings that beautify Central Jakarta's cityscape, the Istiqlal Mosque inspires people with its enormity and contemporary design.

supplement  ['sʌplɪmənt] v. 增补, 补充

英文释义: to add sth to sth in order to improve it or make it more complete

例句: There are many art exhibitions in the Art Institute of Chicago, but browsing some other art works in the street can supplement the visitor's experience.

prohibitive  [prəˈhɪbətɪv, prəʊˈhɪbətɪv] adj. 贵得买不起的

英文释义: so high that it prevents people from buying sth or doing sth

例句: Some African companies spend a lot of money and energy to find investors. If not for the help of a business program dedicated to finding investors for those companies, the expenses of those companies otherwise would be prohibitive.

misconstrue  [ˌmɪskənˈstruː] v. 误解

英文释义: to understand sb's words or actions wrongly

例句: She of course is complaining that her comments were sort of misconstrued.

touch  [tʌtʃ] n. 风格; 手法


英文释义: a way or style of doing sth

例句: Based on the appearance of some of Los Angeles roof tiles, it can be seen that Mexican touches are palpable.

palpable  [ˈpælpəbl] adj. 易于察觉的; 明显的


英文释义: that is easily noticed by the mind or the senses

例句: Based on the appearance of some of Los Angeles roof tiles, it can be seen that Mexican touches are palpable.

brink  [brɪŋk] n. (峭壁的) 边沿, 边缘

英文释义: the extreme edge of land, for example at the top of a cliff or by a river

例句: In Assam, wildlife biologist Dr. Purnima Devi Barman is at the forefront of conservation efforts that—through community involvement and scientific study—aim to rescue adjutants from the brink of extinction.

define  [dɪˈfaɪn] v. 明确; 界定

英文释义: to describe or show sth accurately

例句: We need to define the task ahead very clearly.

allure  [əˈlʊr] n. 诱惑力; 吸引力

英文释义: the quality of being attractive and exciting

例句: Standing in Turkey, the statue of an ancient figure, despite its construction dating back from 6,000 to 2,000 years ago, has retained an enduring allure for people.

antiquity  [æn'tɪkwəti] n. 古老

英文释义: the state of being very old or ancient

例句: The statue is still affecting for viewers, precisely owing to its profound antiquity and the myriad vicissitudes it has borne witness to.

affecting  [ə'fektɪŋ] adj. 深深打动人的

英文释义: producing strong feelings of sadness and sympathy

例句: The statue is still affecting for viewers, precisely owing to its profound antiquity and the myriad vicissitudes it has borne witness to.

bounded  [baʊndɪd] adj. 有界的

英文释义: (of a set) having a bound, esp where a measure is defined in terms of which all the elements of the set, or the differences between all pairs of members, are less than some value, or else all its members lie within some other well-defined set

例句: In a country bounded by two hostile countries, we stand as a victim of history.

circumscribe  ['sɜ:kəmskraɪb] v. 限制, 约束

英文释义: to limit sb/sth's freedom, rights, power, etc.

例句: The power of the monarchy was circumscribed by the new law.

detractor  [dɪ'træktər] n. 诋毁者


英文释义: a person who tries to make sb/sth seem less good or valuable by criticizing it

例句: Despite encountering quite a few detractors toward his work in his early days, author Richard Wright ultimately established himself within the realm of literature.

imitator  ['ɪmɪteɪtər] n. 模仿者

英文释义: a person or thing that copies sb/sth else

例句: The band's success has inspired hundreds of would-be imitators.

protractor  [prə'træktər, prɒv'træktər] n. 量角器; 分度规

英文释义: an instrument for measuring and drawing angles, usually made from a half circle of clear plastic with degrees (0° to 180°) marked on it

例句: Other important measurement tools include the ruler, the protractor, the tape measure.

confound  [kən'faʊnd] v. 使困惑惊讶

英文释义: to confuse and surprise sb

例句: Mathematicians were confounded by it until Andrew Wiles, in 1994, provided a verified proof for the theorem, making the mathematical community agree with this conjecture.

indoctrinate  [ɪn'dɑ:ktrɪneɪt] v. 强行灌输（信仰或学说）

英文释义: to force sb to accept a particular belief or set of beliefs and not allow them to consider any others

例句: to force sb to accept a particular belief or set of beliefs and not allow them to consider any others

appease  [ə'pi:z] v. 安抚；抚慰

英文释义: to make sb calmer or less angry by giving them what they want

例句: The move was widely seen as an attempt to appease critics of the regime.

assuage  [ə'sweɪdʒ] v. 缓和，减轻（不快）

英文释义: to make an unpleasant feeling less severe

例句: To tackle these challenges, Lebanon has implemented a series of measures, which have successfully assuaged the fears of investors.

discount  ['dɪskaʊnt] v. 认为…不重要

英文释义: to think or say that sth is not important or not true

例句: The literary works of Alberto Wiggins and Ellen A. Garnier have traditionally been regarded as distinct styles. In the future, however, scholars will discount the nuances between these two writers, comparing them as writers of the same school of stylistic expression.

denounce  [dɪ'naʊns] v. 谴责

英文释义: to strongly criticize sb/sth that you think is wrong, illegal, etc.

例句: She publicly denounced the government's handling of the crisis.

scrutinize  ['skru:tənaɪz] v. 仔细查看


英文释义: to look at or examine sb/sth carefully

例句: The statement was carefully scrutinized before publication.

compartment  [kəm'pɑ:rtmənt] n. 隔间

英文释义: one of the separate sections which a coach/car on a train is divided into

例句: In the crowded train compartment, our disgruntled teacher registered his discontent.

disgruntled  [dis'grʌntld] adj. 不满的

英文释义: annoyed or disappointed because sth has happened to upset you

例句: In the crowded train compartment, our disgruntled teacher registered his discontent.

register  ['redʒɪstər] v. 流露出

英文释义: to show or express a feeling

例句: In the crowded train compartment, our disgruntled teacher registered his discontent.

survey  ['sɜ:rveɪ] v. 查看

英文释义: to look carefully at the whole of sth, especially in order to get a general impression of it

例句: He surveyed the fence, and all gladness left him and a deep melancholy settled down upon his spirit.

melancholy  ['melənkə:li] n. 忧郁

英文释义: a deep feeling of sadness that lasts for a long time and often cannot be explained

例句: He surveyed the fence, and all gladness left him and a deep melancholy settled down upon his spirit.

unleash  [ʌn'li:ʃ] v. 释放


英文释义: to suddenly let a strong force, emotion, etc. be felt or have an effect

例句: Wikipedia users are often plagued by misinformation and deliberately unleashed disinformation.

spurious  ['spjʊriəs] adj. 虚假的


英文释义: false, although seeming to be genuine

例句: Wikipedia users are often plagued by misinformation and deliberately unleashed disinformation. What they have in common is that they are both spurious statements of fact, and the difference is that the former is usually published unintentionally, while the latter is always released intentionally.

intentional  [ɪn'tenʃən(ə)l] adj. 故意的

英文释义: done deliberately

例句: Wikipedia users are often plagued by misinformation and deliberately unleashed disinformation. What they have in common is that they are both spurious statements of fact, and the difference is that the former is usually published unintentionally, while the latter is always released intentionally.

deceitful  [dɪ'si:tf(ə)l] adj. 不诚实的

英文释义: behaving in a dishonest way by telling lies and making people believe things that are not true

例句: The ambassador called the report deceitful and misleading.

fraudulent  ['frɔ:dʒələnt] adj. 欺骗的

英文释义: intended to cheat sb, usually in order to make money illegally

例句: There is no evidence that the broker was in league with the fraudulent vendor.

dramatize  ['drɑ:mətaɪz] v. 使戏剧化

英文释义: to make sth seem more exciting or important than it really is

例句: Don't worry too much about what she said—she tends to dramatize things.

dissertation  [ˌdɪsər'teɪʃn] n. 专题论文

英文释义: a long piece of writing on a particular subject, especially one written for a university degree

例句: Sulman enjoys high status in social science and his dissertations were quoted many times in a variety of settings.

tally  ['tæli] v. 吻合

英文释义: to be the same as or to match another person's account of sth, another set of figures, etc.

例句: Her report of what happened tallied exactly with the story of another witness.

copious  ['koʊpiəs] adj. 大量的

英文释义: in large amounts

例句: New and interesting research conducted by Suleiman A. Al-Sweedan and Moath Alhai is inspired by their observation that though there have been copious studies of the effect of high altitude on blood chemistry, there is a paucity of studies of the effect on blood chemistry of living in locations below sea level, such as the California towns

of Salton City and Seeley.

preliminary  [prɪ'limɪneri] adj. 预备性的

英文释义: happening before a more important action or event

例句: After a few preliminary remarks he announced the winners.

equivocal  [ɪ'kwɪvək(ə)l] adj. 模棱两可的


英文释义: not having one clear or definite meaning or intention; able to be understood in more than one way

例句: She gave an equivocal answer, typical of a politician.

sporadic  [spə'rædɪk] adj. 偶尔发生的


英文释义: happening only occasionally or at intervals that are not regular

例句: Only around 2, 000 people are employed in the yards and construction halls and work is sporadic.

intense  [ɪn'tens] adj. 十分强烈的

英文释义: very great; very strong

例句: Some climate models for the western United States predict that while total annual precipitation may remain unchanged from the present level, precipitation will become concentrated into fewer but more intense rain and snow events.

heinous  adj. 十分丑陋的

英文释义: very ugly or unpleasant

例句: Their new colour scheme is hideous!

chronicle  ['kra:nɪkl] v. 按事件发生顺序记载

英文释义: to record events in the order in which they happened

例句: Osage Nation citizen Randy Tinker-Smith produced and directed the ballet Wahzhazhe, which vividly chronicles Osage history and culture.

nurture  ['nɜ:tʃər] v. 扶持; 帮助

英文释义: to help sb/sth to develop and be successful

例句: Although fewer companies trade their stocks on the Cambodia Securities Exchange

in Phnom Penh, Cambodia, than on the stock exchanges in London, Mumbai, or Tokyo, the Cambodia Securities Exchange has the advantage of being able to nurture relatively small companies in Cambodia.

equalize  ['i:kwəlaɪz] v. 使平等

英文释义: to make things equal in size, quantity, value, etc. in the whole of a place or group

例句: Such measures are needed to equalize wage rates between countries.

irresolvable  [ˌɪrɪ'zɒlvəbəl] adj. 不能解决的

英文释义: not able to be resolved into parts or elements

例句: However these pressures are not necessarily as overwhelming, or as irresolvable, as they are often made out to be.

repudiation  [rɪˌpjʊ:di'eɪʃ(ə)n] n. 否认, 拒绝

英文释义: the act of repudiating the state of being repudiated; especially the refusal of public authorities to acknowledge or pay a debt

例句: He believes his public repudiation of the conference decision will enhance his standing as a leader.

crave  [kreɪv] v. 渴望


英文释义: to have a very strong desire for sth

例句: She has always craved excitement.

resemblance  [rɪ'zembləns] n. 相似

英文释义: the fact of being or looking similar to sb/sth

例句: The resemblance between the two signatures was remarkable.

oblige  [ə'blaɪdʒ] v. 强迫, 迫使

英文释义: to force sb to do sth, by law, because it is a duty, etc.

例句: Parents are obliged by law to send their children to school.

chromatography  [ˌkroumə'tɑ:grəfi] n. 色谱法

英文释义: the separation of a mixture by passing it through a material through which some parts of the mixture travel further than others

例 句: Chromatography is a process used by scientists to separate complex chemical mixtures at the "nano, " or molecular, level by virtue of differences in absorbency.

dismissal  [dɪs'mɪsl] n. 不予考虑

英文释义: the failure to consider sth as important

例 句: Her casual dismissal of the threats seemed irresponsible.

classifiable  ['klæsɪfaɪəbl] adj. 可分类的

英文释义: that you can or should classify

例 句: The information was not easily classifiable.

empirical  [ɪm'pɪrɪkl] adj. 实证的

英文释义: based on experiments or experience rather than ideas or theories

例 句: There is no empirical evidence to support his thesis.

pretentious  [prɪ'tenʃəs] adj. 炫耀的


英文释义: trying to appear important, intelligent, etc. in order to impress other people

例 句: It was just an ordinary house—nothing pretentious.

resplendent  [rɪ'splendənt] adj. 华丽的


英文释义: brightly coloured in an impressive way

例 句: He glimpsed Sonia, resplendent in a red dress.

chafe  [tʃeɪf] v. (尤指因受限制而) 恼怒

英文释义: to feel annoyed and impatient about sth, especially because it limits what you can do

例 句: He soon chafed at the restrictions of his situation.

unsettle  [ʌn'set(ə)l] v. 使心神不宁

英文释义: to make sb feel upset or worried, especially because a situation has changed

例 句: Changing schools might unsettle the kids.

entail  [ɪn'teɪl] v. 牵涉

英文释义: to involve sth that cannot be avoided

例句: The job entails a lot of hard work.

capitalize  ['kæpɪtəlaɪz] v. 充分利用

英文释义: to gain a further advantage for yourself from a situation

例句: The team failed to capitalize on their early lead.

renounce  [rɪ'naʊns] v. 宣布放弃

英文释义: to state officially that you are no longer going to keep a title, position, etc.

例句: After a period of imprisonment she renounced terrorism.

hesitancy  ['hezɪtənsi] n. 犹豫

英文释义: the state or quality of being slow or uncertain in doing or saying sth

例句: I noticed a certain hesitancy in his voice.

affinity  [ə'fɪnəti] n. 喜好; 喜爱

英文释义: a strong feeling that you understand sb/sth and like them or it

例句: Sam was born in the country and had a deep affinity with nature.

corpus  ['kɔ:rpəs] n. 语料库

英文释义: a collection of written or spoken texts

例句: This will be based on the computer corpus and published electronically, but edited by humans.

proxy  ['prɔ:ksi] n. 代理权


英文释义: the authority that you give to sb to do sth for you, when you cannot do it yourself

例句: You can vote either in person or by proxy .

inconsequential  [ɪn,kɑ:nsɪ'kwɛnʃl] adj. 不重要的

英文释义: not important or worth considering

例句: Do you find that taking care of seemingly inconsequential tasks makes you feel happier and calmer?

momentous  [moʊ'mentəs] adj. 重要的

英文释义: very important or serious, especially because there may be important results

例句: The prime minister called the eve of the Games "a truly momentous day for our country".

anonymous  [əˈnɒnɪməs] adj. 匿名的

英文释义: written, given, made, etc. by sb who does not want their name to be known or made public

例句: You can remain anonymous if you wish.

eventful  [ɪˈventfl] adj. 充满大事的


英文释义: full of things that happen, especially exciting, important or dangerous things

例句: This has been an eventful year for Tom, both professionally and personally.

nebulous  [ˈnebjələs] adj. 模糊的

英文释义: not clear

例句: The notions we children were able to form of the great world beyond were exceedingly nebulous.

concrete  [ˈkɒnkri:t] adj. 确实的, 具体的

英文释义: based on facts, not on ideas or guesses

例句: It is easier to think in concrete terms rather than in the abstract.

controvert  [ˈkɒ:ntɹəvɜ:t] adj. 反驳

英文释义: to say or prove that sth is not true

例句: By pleading guilty, the defendant gives up the right to try to controvert those facts.

rectify  [ˈrektɪfaɪ] v. 矫正

英文释义: to put right sth that is wrong

例句: We must take steps to rectify the situation.

negligible  [ˈneglɪdʒəbl] adj. 微不足道的

英文释义: of very little importance or size and not worth considering

例句: The cost was negligible.

fathom  ['fæðəm] v. 彻底了解

英文释义: to understand or find an explanation for sth

例句: He couldn't fathom out what the man could possibly mean.

rudimentary  [ˌruːdɪ'mentri] adj. 基础的

英文释义: dealing with only the most basic matters or ideas

例句: They were given only rudimentary training in the job.

erroneous  [ɪ'rouniəs] adj. 错误的

英文释义: not correct; based on wrong information

例句: Some people have the erroneous notion that one can contract AIDS by giving blood.

contextualize  [kən'tekstʃuəlaɪz] v. 将…置于上下文中理解

英文释义: to consider sth in relation to the situation in which it happens or exists

例句: In the end, what might allow TIBCO a break is its ability to contextualize its story against larger trends.

deserted  [dɪ'zɜːrtɪd] adj. 被遗弃的

英文释义: left by a person or people who do not intend to return

例句: She led them into a deserted sidestreet.

fidelity  [fɪ'deləti] n. 准确性

英文释义: the quality of being accurate

例句: The fidelity of the translation to the original text is important.

evenhanded  [ˌiːv(ə)n'hændɪd] adj. 公平无私的

英文释义: If someone is evenhanded, they are completely fair, especially when they are judging other people or dealing with two groups of people.

例句: Security Council attempts to take tough action against the Syrian regime, arguing the draft resolutions were not evenhanded.

prudent  ['pruːdnt] adj. 谨慎的

英文释义: sensible and careful when you make judgements and decisions

例句: It might be more prudent to get a second opinion before going ahead.

complacent  [kəm'pleɪsnt] adj. 自满的

英文释义: too satisfied with yourself or with a situation, so that you do not feel that any change is necessary; showing or feeling complacency

例句: We must not become complacent about progress.

demanding  [dɪ'mændɪŋ] adj. 费力的

英文释义: needing a lot of skill, patience, effort, etc.

例句: The work is physically demanding.

oppressive  [ə'presɪv] adj. 压迫的

英文释义: treating people in a cruel and unfair way and not giving them the same freedom, rights, etc. as other people

例句: The new laws will be just as oppressive as those they replace.

forbearing  [fɔːr'berɪŋ] adj. 宽容的


英文释义: behaves in a calm and sensible way at a time when they would have a right to be very upset or angry

例句: Thank you for being so forbearing.

deference  ['defərəns] n. 遵从; 听从

英文释义: behaviour that shows that you respect sb/sth

例句: The women wore veils in deference to the customs of the country.

amenity  [ə'menəti, ə'mɪ:nəti] n. 便利设施

英文释义: a feature that makes a place pleasant, comfortable or easy to live in

例句: The campsite is close to all local amenities.

projectile  [prə'dʒekt(ə)l] n. 枪弹; 炮弹

英文释义: an object, such as a bullet, that is fired from a gun or other weapon

例句: Trying to shoot down an incoming missile or warhead with a physical projectile, by contrast, is much more difficult.

clamour  ['klæməɪ] v. 大声（或吵闹）地要求


英文释义: to demand sth loudly

例句: People began to clamour for his resignation.

indefatigable  [ˌɪndɪˈfætɪɡəbl] adj. 不屈不挠的

英文释义: never giving up or getting tired of doing sth

例句: She worked indefatigably to interest children in music.

precedence  [ˈpreɪdəns] n. 优先

英文释义: the condition of being more important than sb else and therefore coming or being dealt with first

例句: She had to learn that her wishes did not take precedence over other people's needs.

reduplication  [rɪˌdʒʊpləˈkeɪʃən] n. 重复

英文释义: the process or an instance of redoubling

例句: This phenomenon, in which an element of a root word is repeated, sometimes with modification, within another word that is related to the root word, is called reduplication.

discrete  [dɪˈskri:t] adj. 分离的

英文释义: independent of other things of the same type

例句: The organisms can be divided into discrete categories.

indecision  [ˌɪndɪˈsɪʒn] n. 优柔寡断

英文释义: the state of being unable to decide

例句: After a moment's indecision, he said yes.

vexing  [ˈveksɪŋ] adj. 令人烦恼的


英文释义: causing or likely to cause vexation

例句: Can they reinvent the car for a congested, urbanized world with vexing climate and energy problems?

apostle  [əˈpɒsl] n. 倡导者, 鼓吹者

英文释义: a person who strongly believes in a policy or an idea and tries to make other people believe in it

例句: Her mother was a dedicated apostle of healthy eating.

uncouth  [ʌn'ku:θ] adj. 粗鲁的

英文释义: rude or socially unacceptable

例句: This obsession is socially uncouth, politically counterproductive and, too often, unwittingly revealing.

shriek  [ʃri:k] n. 尖叫

英文释义: a loud high shout, for example one that you make when you are excited, frightened or in pain

例句: She let out a piercing shriek.

permeate  v. 渗透; 弥漫

英文释义: to spread to every part of an object or a place

例句: The smell of roast beef permeated the air.

tempest  ['tempɪst] n. 暴风雨

英文释义: a violent storm

例句: By and by the tempest spent itself and died without accomplishing its object.

lineage  ['lɪnɪdʒ] n. 家族

英文释义: the series of families that sb comes from originally

例句: They can trace their lineage back to the 18th century.

delineate  [dɪ'liːniət] v. (详细地) 描述, 解释

英文释义: to describe, draw or explain sth in detail

例句: Our objectives need to be precisely delineated.

multitude  ['mʌltɪtʊ:d] n. 群众


英文释义: the mass of ordinary people

例句: It was an elite that believed its task was to enlighten the multitude.

preposterous  [prɪ'pɑ:stərəs] adj. 荒唐的

英文释义: completely unreasonable, especially in a way that is shocking or annoying

例句: These claims are absolutely preposterous!

deft  [deft] adj. 灵巧的

英文释义: skilful and quick

例句: He finished off the painting with a few deft strokes of the brush.

primordial  [praɪ'mɔ:rdiəl] adj. 原始的

英文释义: existing at or from the beginning of the world

例句: Twenty million years ago, Idaho was populated by dense primordial forest.

egocentric  [ˌi:ɡou'sentrik] adj. 以自我为中心的

英文释义: thinking only about yourself and not about what other people need or want

例句: He was egocentric, a man of impulse who expected those around him to serve him.

conflagration  [ˌkɑ:nflə'ɡreɪʃn] n. 大火灾

英文释义: a very large fire that destroys a lot of land or buildings

例句: The region's conflagration was made worse by the tinder of speculative capital that preceded the explosion.

lurk  [lɜ:rk] v. 埋伏, 潜伏

英文释义: to wait somewhere secretly, especially because you are going to do sth bad or illegal

例句: Why are you lurking around outside my house?

countenance  ['kaʊntənəns] n. 面容

英文释义: a person's face or their expression

例句: Gradually his countenance cleared, and he began to smile long, slow smiles.

sierra  [si'erə] n. 锯齿状山脉

英文释义: a long range of steep mountains with sharp points, especially in Spain and America

例句: The remote sierras of the south lie there.

outgrow  [ˌaʊt'ɡroʊ] v. 增长得容不进 (某地)

英文释义: to grow too big to be able to wear or fit into sth

例句: The company has outgrown its offices.

iterate  ['ɪtəreɪt] v. 重复说; 重复做

英文释义: to say or do again; repeat

例句: Besides, by being nimble, it is possible to iterate the direction of a company.

heterotrophic  [ˌhetərə'truːfɪk] adj. (生物, 如动物) 异养的

英文释义: (of organisms, such as animals) obtaining carbon for growth and energy from complex organic compounds

例句: Most lithotrophic organisms are autotrophic, whereas organotrophic organisms are heterotrophic.

rift  [rɪft] n. 裂缝

英文释义: a large crack or opening in the ground, rocks or clouds

例句: Green meadows make rifts in [the woods] here and there, so do little patches of cultivation.

requisite  ['rekwɪzɪt] adj. 必需的

英文释义: necessary for a particular purpose

例句: She lacks the requisite experience for the job.

lullaby  ['lʌləbaɪ] n. 摇篮曲

英文释义: a soft gentle song sung to make a child go to sleep

例句: She gently crooned a lullaby.

chromosome  ['kroʊməsoʊm] n. 染色体


英文释义: one of the very small structures like threads in the nuclei (= central parts) of animal and plant cells, that carry the genes

例句: Each cell of our bodies contains 46 chromosomes.

magistrate  ['mædʒɪstreɪt] n. 地方执法官

英文释义: an official who acts as a judge in the lowest courts of law

例句: She will face a local magistrate on Tuesday.

premature  [ˌpri:məˈtʃʊr, ˌpri:məˈtʊr] adj. 草率的

英文释义: happening or made too soon

例句: It is premature to talk about success at this stage.

treacherous  [ˈtreɪʃərəs] adj. 有潜在危险的


英文释义: dangerous, especially when seeming safe

例句: The ice on the roads made driving conditions treacherous.

delve  [delv] v. 探究

英文释义: to try hard to find out more information about sth

例句: She had started to delve into her father's distant past.

homogeneous  [ˌhouməˈdʒiːniəs] adj. 同种类的

英文释义: consisting of things or people that are all the same or all of the same type

例句: Previous research has shown that plant species with a narrow geographical range tend to be more genetically homogeneous than plant species with extensive ranges are.

homogeneity  [ˌhoumoudʒəˈniːəti] n. 同种; 同质

英文释义: the quality of being homogeneous

例句: Almost like clones in their similarity to one another, the cheetah species' homogeneity makes them especially vulnerable to disease.

expectancy  [ɪkˈspektənsi] n. 期待

英文释义: the state of expecting or hoping that sth, especially sth good or exciting, will happen

例句: There was an air of expectancy among the waiting crowd.

premium  [ˈpriːmiəm] adj. 优质的


英文释义: of high quality

例句: At the premium end of the market, business is booming.

hoard  [hɔːrd] n. 藏品

英文释义: a collection of money, food, valuable objects, etc., especially one that sb keeps in a secret place so that other people will not find or steal it

例句: The case involves a hoard of silver and jewels valued at up to £40m.

fictionalize  ['fɪkʃənəlaɪz] v. 把（真人真事）改编成小说（或电影）


英文释义: to write a book or make a film/movie about a true story, but changing some of the details, characters, etc.

例句: Bronte merely fictionalized true events.

apprehension  [ˌæprɪˈhenʃn] n. 忧虑

英文释义: worry or fear that sth unpleasant may happen

例句: There is growing apprehension that fighting will begin again.

foreshadow  [fəʊrˈʃædɒʊ] v. 预示

英文释义: to be a sign of sth that will happen in the future

例句: What are the signs that foreshadow a suicide?

intimidate  [ɪnˈtɪmɪdeɪt] v. 恐吓; 威胁

英文释义: to frighten or threaten sb so that they will do what you want

例句: She refused to be intimidated by their threats.

larynx  [ˈlærɪŋks] n. 喉

英文释义: the area at the top of the throat that contains the vocal cords

例句: The cry occurs when air is brought into contact with the baby's larynx.

ligament  [ˈlɪɡəmənt] n. 韧带

英文释义: a strong band of tissue in the body that connects bones and supports organs and keeps them in position

例句: I've torn a ligament.

infighting  [ˈɪnfɑɪtɪŋ] n. 内讧

英文释义: arguments and disagreements between people in the same group who are competing for power

例句: The infighting eventually stopped.

demise  [dɪ'maɪz] n. 终止; 失败

英文释义: the end or failure of an institution, an idea, a company, etc.

例句: Despite the predictions of their demise, the mall, both at home and abroad, appears far from finished.

bust  [bʌst] v. 打破

英文释义: to break sth

例句: Sea otters and other animals, though, have busted the myth that tool use is limited to certain primates.

dispel  [dɪ'spel] v. 驱散, 消除

英文释义: to make sth, especially a feeling or belief, go away or disappear

例句: His speech dispelled any fears about his health.

inflammation  [ˌɪnflə'meɪʃn] n. 炎症

英文释义: a condition in which a part of the body becomes red, sore and swollen because of infection or injury

例句: The drug can cause inflammation of the liver.

ordain  [ɔ:r'dem] v. 主宰; 规定

英文释义: to order or command sth; to decide sth in advance

例句: Fate had ordained that they would never meet again.

wrench  [rentʃ] v. 猛拉

英文释义: to pull or twist sth/sb/yourself suddenly and violently

例句: Guy wrenched his mind back to the present.

recompense  [ˈrekəmpens] n. 赔偿

英文释义: something, usually money, that you are given because you have suffered in some way, or as a payment for sth

例句: There must be adequate recompense for workers who lose their jobs.

hydraulic  [haɪ'drɔ:lɪk] adj. 与水利系统有关的

英文释义: connected with hydraulic systems

例 句: The irrigation system developed by the Hohokam people in the 7th century CE in what is now known as central Arizona was simple but applied hydraulic engineering design features that are still used today.

vicinity  [və'sɪnəti] n. 周围地区

英文释义: the area around a particular place

例 句: There is no hospital in the immediate vicinity.

precariousness  [prɪ'keriəsnes] n. 不稳定

英文释义: being unsettled or in doubt or dependent on chance

例 句: Yet the conclave is likely to do little to change perceptions about the precariousness of world oil markets.

exactitude  [ɪg'zæktɪtʊ:d] n. 精准

英文释义: the quality of being very accurate and exact

例 句: Ecologist Exequiel Ezcurra and colleagues found that the inhabitants of the Mexica empire used natural landmarks to track time with a high degree of exactitude.

resilience  [rɪ'zɪliəns] n. 快速复原的能力

英文释义: the ability of people or things to feel better quickly after sth unpleasant

例 句: Overwork and exhaustion are the opposite of resilience and the bad habits we acquire when we're young only magnify when we hit the workforce.

inconspicuousness  n. 不显著

英文释义: the quality of being not easily seen

例 句: The vacuum was higher, then the drying time was shorter, but the effect showed inconspicuousness.

prudently  ['pru:dntli] adv. 谨慎地

英文释义: make judgements and decisions sensibly and carefully

例 句: The principle shall be put into judicial practice prudently with strict conditions to observe.

overtly  [oʊ'vɜ:rtli] adv. 公开地

英文释义: in an open way and not secretly

例句: In editor Lisa Yaszek's introduction to her anthology *The Future Is Female! More Classic Science Fiction Stories by Women*, Yaszek identifies an increasing sense of overtly feminist mode of writing in the 1970s, in contrast to many woman-authored science fiction stories of the 1920s to 1960s whose politics were less deliberately signaled.

cordially  ['kɔ:rdʒəli] adv. 热情友好地


英文释义: in a pleasant and friendly manner

例句: They all greeted me very cordially and were eager to talk about the new project.

inadvertently  [ˌɪnəd'vɜ:rtntli] adv. 不经意地

英文释义: without knowledge or intention

例句: Those cultures can be built consciously or evolve inadvertently.

antecedent  [ˌæntɪ'si:d(ə)nt] adj. 先前的

英文释义: preceding in time or order

例句: It was permissible to take account of antecedent legislation.

impending  [ɪm'pendɪŋ] adj. 即将发生的

英文释义: that is going to happen very soon

例句: Preceding a flare, the corona temporarily exhibits increased brightness above the region where the flare is impending.

innocuous  [ɪ'nɔ:kjuəs] adj. 无害的

英文释义: not harmful or dangerous

例句: Both mushrooms look innocuous but are in fact deadly.

perpetual  [pə'rpetʃuəl] adj. 永久的

英文释义: never ending or changing

例句: The perpetual argument is that funds are tight, that we have more pressing problems here on Earth.

emanate  ['eməneɪt] v. 散发

英文释义: to come out from a source

例句: K.D. Leka and colleagues found that the Sun's corona provides an advance indication of solar flares—intense eruptions of electromagnetic radiation that emanate from active regions in the Sun's photosphere and can interfere with telecommunications on Earth.

dodge  [dɑ:dʒ] v. 避开

英文释义: to move quickly and suddenly to one side in order to avoid sb/sth

例句: While the others are hopping about in the air, I can dodge under their feet and grab the ball.

replicas  n. 复制品

英文释义: copy that is not the original

例句: To understand how Paleolithic artists navigated dark caves, archaeologist Ma Ángeles Medina-Alcaide and her team tested different lighting methods in a cave in Spain using replicas of artifacts found in European caves with art.

tramp  [træmp] n. 徒步旅行

英文释义: a long walk from place to place

例句: I have had a good deal of journeying in my life, and taken great delight in it, but I have never taken greater delight than in my rides and drives and tramps and voyages within the borders of my native town."

entice  [ɪn'taɪs] v. 诱使

英文释义: to persuade sb/sth to go somewhere or to do sth

例句: External shopping cues are a type of marketing that uses obvious messaging—a display featuring a new product, for example, or a “buy one, get one free” offer—to entice consumers to make spontaneous purchases.

rearing  ['rɪərɪŋ] n. 饲养

英文释义: helping someone grow up to be an accepted member of the community

例句: Rearing conditions likely affect the responses of bold jumping spiders to experimental stimuli.

tentative  ['tentətɪv] adj. 暂定的

英文释义: unsettled or not definite

例句: Mary Engle Pennington, a chemist who helped advance home refrigeration, undoubtedly made a substantial impact on society, but her place in our historical memory is perhaps more tentative than that of Stephanie Kwolek, who invented the incredibly strong material known as Kevlar, an accomplishment for which she will long be remembered.

ameliorate  [ə'mi:liəreɪt] v. 改善

英文释义: to make sth better

例句: To ameliorate this situation, it is necessary to actively recruit subjects from diverse backgrounds and locations.

rationalize  ['ræʃ(ə)nəlaɪz] v. 对... 进行合理解释

英文释义: to find or try to find a logical reason to explain sth

例句: He further rationalized his activity by convincing himself that he was actually promoting peace.

postulate  ['pɑ:stʃəleɪt; 'pɑ:stʃələt] v. 假定

英文释义: to suggest or accept that sth is true so that it can be used as the basis for a theory, etc.

例句: They postulated a 500-year lifespan for a plastic container.

antagonistic  [æn'tæɡə'nɪstɪk] adj. 敌对的

英文释义: showing or feeling opposition

例句: It can also be antagonistic, such as when a political candidate turns toward their competitor during a debate and makes eye contact that signals hostility.

inconsequential  [ɪn,kɑ:nsɪ'kwɛnʃl] adj. 不重要的

英文释义: not important or worth considering

例句: While recent scholarship has undermined claims that the works of twelfth-century Islamic philosopher Ibn Rushd were inconsequential to other Muslim philosophers of his time, it is indisputable that his location in the Muslim-ruled area of what is now Spain meant that his works were primarily available thousands of miles west of the era's center of Islamic thought.

thwart  [θwɔ:rt] v. 阻挠

英文释义: to prevent sb from doing what they want to do

例句: It suggests that if not for a certain aspect of his character, Israel might not have been as easily thwarted in his ambition to establish a farm.

ambivalence  [æm'bi:vələns] n. 矛盾情绪

英文释义: the simultaneous existence of two opposed and conflicting attitudes, emotions, etc

例句: "Poetry" is a 1919 poem by Marianne Moore. The poem highlights an ambivalence toward poetry as the speaker acknowledges its merits while also expressing a sense of displeasure

contempt  [kən'tempt] n. 轻蔑


英文释义: the feeling that sb/sth is without value and deserves no respect at all

例句: "Reading [poetry], however, with a perfect contempt for it, one discovers that there is in / it after all, a place for the genuine."

encompass  [ɪn'kʌmpəs] v. 包含

英文释义: to include a large number or range of things

例句: Literary theorist Mikhail Bakhtin argued that there are important characteristics of narratives that are not fully encompassed by two concepts that other theorists have used to analyze narratives.

amenity  [ə'menəti, ə'mi:nəti] n. 便利设施

英文释义: a feature that makes a place pleasant, comfortable or easy to live in

例句: While such amenities were available mainly to town dwellers, regular bathing in rivers and streams or daily sponge baths at home were common practices throughout medieval Europe.

hygiene  ['haɪdʒi:n] n. 卫生


英文释义: the practice of keeping yourself and your living and working areas clean in order to prevent illness and disease

例句: The people of medieval Europe have traditionally been seen as uninterested in cleanliness and hygiene, but modern research has shown that this is largely a myth.

spontaneously  [spɑ:n'teɪniəsli] adv. 自发地

英文释义: happen naturally without being made to happen

例 句: When classical pianist Martha Argerich performs, it appears as if the music is coming to her spontaneously.

upend  [ʌp'end] v. 使颠倒

英文释义: to turn sb/sth upside down

例 句: An excavation in Chiquihuite Cave in central Mexico has upended the belief that approximately 13,000 years ago, a group known as the Clovis people were the first human inhabitants of North America.

posit  ['pə:zɪt] v. 假设

英文释义: to suggest or accept that sth is true so that it can be used as the basis for an argument or discussion

例 句: Although no major election took place sufficiently near the study for Gil de Zúñiga and Diehl to identify causality between NFM and voting behavior, they did posit that NFM may reduce voting probability through an indirect effect.

status quo  n. 当时的状况

英文释义: the situation as it is now, or as it was before a recent change

例 句: The War of 1812 has a tenuous place in historical memory in Britain, partly because it is overshadowed by the much larger concurrent conflict against Napoleonic France and partly because it essentially maintained the geopolitical status quo for Britain: the country neither gained nor lost significant territory or position as a result of its participation in the war.

contentious  [kən'tenʃəs] adj. 可能引起争议的

英文释义: likely to cause disagreement between people

例 句: Sanctions are expected to be among the most contentious issues.

conspicuous  [kən'spɪkjʊəs] adj. 明显的

英文释义: easy to see or notice

例 句: The advertisements were all posted in a conspicuous place.

manifest  ['mænɪfest] v. 显现出

英文释义: to become visible or obvious

例 句: Historians argue that Morris's repudiation of industrialization is manifest in the

Kelmscott editions' use of handmade materials and intricate ornamentation reminiscent of medieval manuscripts: these meticulously handcrafted elements exemplify the artistry involved.

scrutinize  ['skru:tənaɪz] v. 仔细检查

英文释义: to look at or examine sb/sth carefully

例句: The statement was carefully scrutinized before publication.

Redress  [rɪ'dres; 'ri:dres] v. 纠正

英文释义: to correct sth that is unfair or wrong

例句: Redressing the long-standing trend of overemphasizing teenagers and young adults in research on social media use, scholars have recently begun to expand their focus to include the fastest-growing cohort of social media users: senior citizens.

cohort  ['kəʊhɔ:t] n. 一群人

英文释义: a group of people who share a common feature or aspect of behaviour

例句: Redressing the long-standing trend of overemphasizing teenagers and young adults in research on social media use, scholars have recently begun to expand their focus to include the fastest-growing cohort of social media users: senior citizens.

exacerbate  [ɪg'zæsəbeɪt] v. 使恶化

英文释义: to make sth worse, especially a disease or problem

例句: The symptoms may be exacerbated by certain drugs.

epitomize  [ɪ'pɪtəmaɪz] v. 成为...的典范

英文释义: to be a perfect example of sth

例句: Brand is symbols that epitomize all kinds of important information of enterprise.

preclude  [pri'klu:d] v. 妨碍

英文释义: to prevent sth from happening or sb from doing sth

例句: A constitutional amendment precludes any president from serving more than two terms.

vibrant  ['vaɪbrənt] adj. 充满生机的

英文释义: full of life and energy

例句: Evocative of African sculpture and American and Scandinavian folk art, these portraits feature flat, deliberately oversimplified figures in a vibrant but limited color palette.

zenith  ['zi:nɪθ] n. 鼎盛时期

英文释义: the time when sth is strongest and most successful

例句: Scholarly accounts of the Chicano movement—a movement that advocated for the social, political, and cultural empowerment of Mexican Americans and reached its zenith in the 1960s and 1970s—tend to focus on the most militant, outspoken figures in the movement, making it seem uniformly radical.

blemish  ['blemɪʃ] n. 瑕疵

英文释义: a mark on the skin or on an object that spoils it and makes it look less beautiful or perfect

例句: Every piece is closely scrutinized, and if there is the slightest blemish on it, it is rejected.

indulge  [ɪn'dʌldʒ] v. 纵容

英文释义: to be too generous in allowing sb to have or do whatever they like

例句: Eighteenth-century historian Edward Gibbon thought the only character defect of the Roman emperor Marcus Aurelius was his mild temperament—though the emperor was widely considered virtuous, his overly permissive nature led him to indulge the vices of those who surrounded him.

frivolous  ['frɪvələs] adj. 愚蠢的

英文释义: silly or amusing, especially when such behaviour is not suitable

例句: The banker, spoilt and frivolous, with millions beyond his reckoning, was delighted at the bet.
