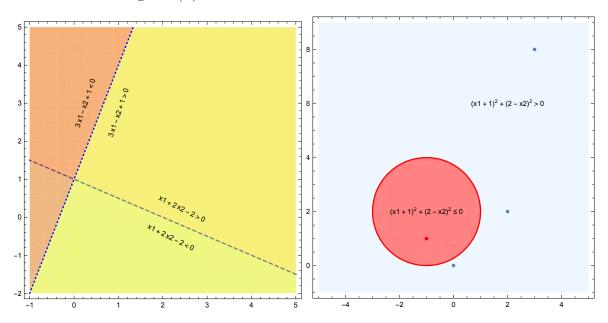
## JHU Engineering for Professionals Applied and Computational Mathematics Data Mining: 625.740

## Homework 6 Solutions (Part I)

1. Exercise 1: See figure  $1(\alpha)$ .



**Figure 1.** ( $\alpha$ ) Exercise 1: Hyperplanes in two dimensions. Also known as lines. ( $\beta$ ) Exercise 2: A circle.

- 2. Exercise 2: See figure  $1(\beta)$ . (d) Let  $x_3 = x_1^2$  and  $x_4 = x_2^2$ . The boundary curve can be written as:  $1+2x_1-4x_2+x_3+x_4=0$  which is linear in the variables  $\{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4\}$ .
- 3. Exercise 3: See figure  $2(\alpha)$ . The parameters,  $\beta_0 = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}, \beta_1 = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \beta_2 = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ , are found by solving this maximization problem:

Maximize M, s.t.

$$\beta_1^2 + \beta_2^2 = 1$$

$$\beta_0 + 2\beta_1 + 2\beta_2 \ge M$$

$$\beta_0 + 4\beta_1 + 4\beta_2 \ge M$$

$$\beta_0 + 2\beta_1 + \beta_2 \le -M$$

$$\beta_0 + 4\beta_1 + 3\beta_2 \le -M$$

Classify a point as "red" if  $1 - 2x_1 + 2x_2 \ge 0$  and as "blue" otherwise.

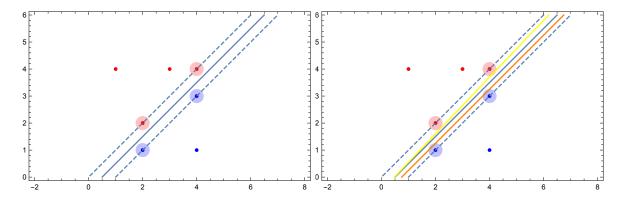


Figure 2. Exercise 3: ( $\alpha$ ) The red and blue points, and the separating line:  $1 - 2x_1 + 2x_2 = 0$ . The margin,  $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \approx 0.353553$ , is the distance from the boundary line to each of the dashed lines. Red or blue disks (according to class) surround each support vector. ( $\beta$ ) Added to the plot are a couple of lines that separate the data, but are not optimal (they do not maximize the margin). The yellow line is a plot of the line  $1 - 2.1x_1 + 2x_2 = 0$ . The orange line is a plot of  $1.5 - 2x_1 + 2x_2 = 0$ . There are many others, infinitely many!

- (f) The seventh point is far enough away from the margin, that a slight disturbance will not change anything about the classifier. Only when it moves enough to be inside the margin (and thus a support vector) will it have any effect.
- (g) Any other line will do! Or are the textbook authors asking for another separating line? In that case, moving the line either to the right or left a bit will work. Also, rotating the line slightly, etc. Please see figure  $2(\beta)$  for a couple of examples.
- (h) Draw a blue point at (2,4) or a red point at (6,1) or  $\cdots$