hw5_q.R

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```
library(hexbin) # load library
### 2
round(Q dist, 3) # dist of digits for entire dataset
BenFord <- function(x) { # Benford's theoretical distribution</pre>
 log10(1+1/x)
}
# Plot Benford with actual distribution
plot(BenFord(1:9), ylab = 'Density', xlab = 'Digit',
     main = 'Benford\'s Theoretical Distribuion with Actual Distribution')
legend(x = 5, y = 0.25, legend = c('Benford', 'Actual'), col = c('blue', 'red'), lty = 1:3)
par(pch=20, col="blue"); lines(BenFord(1:9)); points(BenFord(1:9))
par(pch=22, col="red"); points(prop.table(comb_sum)); lines(prop.table(comb_sum), type = 'c')
dev.off()
# Calculate KLD for actual vs Benford, uniform vs Benford
KLD(P = Q_dist, Q = BenFord(1:9))
KLD(P = rep(1/9, 9), Q = BenFord(1:9))
### 4
length(grouped_id) # Number of different id's
View(rownames(comb dist)) # Inspect strange id's
# Summary statistics (mean, median, mode, etc.)
summary(KLD_df)
unique(KLD_df)[which.max(tabulate(match(KLD_df, unique(KLD_df))))] # mode
alpha <- 0.05; quantile(KLD_df, c(alpha/2, 1-alpha/2))</pre>
hist(KLD_df, main = 'Histogram of KLD scores', xlab = 'KLD') # histogram
### 5
KLD_df [KLD_df > 2.5,] # how many larger than 2.5
### bootstrap
KLD ci final <- read.csv('KLD ci.csv') # Load data from cluster
colnames(KLD_ci_final) <- c('id', 'actual', '2.5', '97.5')</pre>
ci_width <- KLD_ci_final[,c('97.5')] - KLD_ci_final[,c('2.5')] # Calculate CI width
summary(ci_width)
quantile(ci_width, c(alpha/2, 1-alpha/2))
unique(ci_width)[which.max(tabulate(match(ci_width, unique(ci_width))))] # mode
hist(ci_width, main = 'Histogram of C.I. Width', xlab = 'C.I. Width')
# Check upper and lower bounds of bootstrap
upper_bound <- KLD_ci_final$^97.5^ - KLD_ci_final$actual</pre>
upper_bound[upper_bound < 0] # None beyond upper bound</pre>
```