## Unstable Laser Emission Vignette for the Data Set laser of the R package hyperSpec

Claudia Beleites (cbeleites@units.it) CENMAT, DMRN, University of Trieste

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## 1 Introduction

This data set consists of a time series of 84 spectra of an unstable laser emission at 405 nm recorded during ca. 1.5 h.

## 2 Loading the Data and Preprocessing

```
> library (hyperSpec)
> laser <- scan.txt.Renishaw ("laser.txt", data = "ts")
> plot (laser, "spcprct15")
```

As most of the spectra do not show any signal (fig. 1a), so the spectral range can be cut to -75 – 0 cm<sup>-1</sup>. Note that negative numbers in the spectral range specification with the tilde do not exclude the spectral range but rather mean negative values of the wavelength axis. The results are shown in figure 1b.

```
> laser <- laser [,,-75~0]
> plot (laser, "spcprct15")
```

The wavelength axis was recorded as Raman shift from 405 nm. However, the wavelengths were not properly calibrated and here the wavelength is of interest. The band at -50 cm<sup>-1</sup> is known to be at 405 nm.

```
> wl (laser) <- wl (laser) + 50
```

The wavelengths corresponding to the wavenumbers are

$$\lambda = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\lambda_0} - \tilde{\nu}}$$

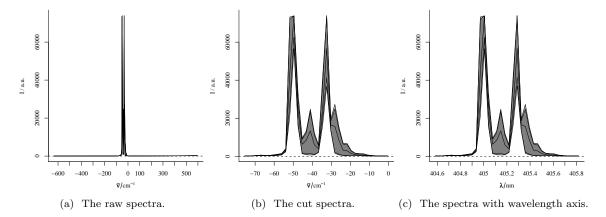


Figure 1: The laser emission spectra.

with  $\tilde{\nu}$  being the Raman shift, and  $\lambda_0$  the excitation wavelength for a Raman process<sup>1</sup>, here 405 nm. Taking into account that 1 cm = 10<sup>7</sup> cm, we arrive at the new wavelength axis:

```
> wl (laser) <- list (
+    wl = 1e7 / (1/405e-7 - wl (laser)),
+    label = expression (lambda / nm)
+   )
> plot (laser, "spcprct15")
```

Note that the new wavelength axis label is immediately assigned as well.

Now, save laser as the laser data set shipped with hyperSpec.

```
> save (laser, file = "laser.rda")
> laser

hyperSpec object
   84 spectra
   2 data columns
   36 data points / spectrum
wavelength: lambda/nm [numeric 36]   404.5828 404.6181 ... 405.8176
data: (84 rows x 2 columns)
   (1) t: t / s [numeric 84] range 0 2 ... 5722
   (2) spc: I / a.u. [AsIs matrix 84 x 36] range 98.0365 98.0557 ... 73934.4
```

## 3 Inspecting the time dependency of the laser emission

The maxima of the different emission lines encountered during this measurement are data points 13, 17, 21, and 23 (fig. 2a):

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>There is no Raman process involved in this data, but the spectra were recorded during the installation of the 405 nm laser at a Raman spectrometer. The Raman software therefore recorded Raman shift as abscissa of the spectra.

```
> plot (laser, "spcmeansd")
> abline (v = wl (laser)[c (13, 17, 21, 23)], col = c("black", "blue", "red", "darkgreen") )
```

plotc can also be used to plot time-series. In that case, the abscissa needs to be specified in parameter use.c. The collection time is stored in column \$t\$ in seconds from start of the measurement, and can be handed over as the column name. The resulting time series are shown in figure 2b variable,

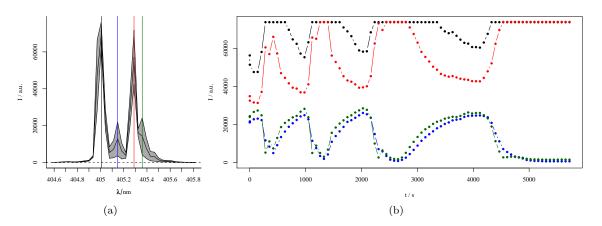


Figure 2: The laser emission time series. 2a shows the spectral position of the bands. The time series are plotted in corresponding colors in 2b.