

intcomp:
Benchmarking tool for gene expression - copy
number data integration models

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May 28, 2011

1 Introduction

Several algorithms have been suggested to integrate gene expression and DNA copy number measurement to discover novel cancer-associated genes and chromosomal regions. However, quantitative comparison of these models has been missing. This R package provides a benchmarking pipeline for integrative cancer gene detection methods. Cancer gene detection performance of each algorithm is evaluated by comparing the prioritized candidate gene list from each method to a golden standard list of known cancer genes in simulated and real data sets.

The package is experimental beta-release and provided as is. The main purpose of this vignette is to provide reference to algorithmic details of the benchmarking framework used in (1) and sufficient documentation of the functionality such that similar experiments can be replicated by experienced R users.

1.1 Comparison methods

The current version implements the comparison of the following ge/cn integration algorithms: CNAmets (2; 3), DRI (4), edira (5), intCNGEan (6), Ortiz-Estevez (7), pint (8), PMA (9), PREDA/SODEGIR (10), and SIM (11). Multiple variants are evaluated for some methods (1).

2 Examples

2.1 Installing dependencies

The benchmarking pipeline depends on various external R packages. Install the dependencies from within R using the following commands:

```
> source("http://www.bioconductor.org/biocLite.R")
> biocLite(c("biomaRt", "DNAcopy", "DRI", "edira", "hgu133ahsentrezg.db",
+           "intCNGEan", "org.Hs.eg.db", "PMA", "SIM", "PREDA", "CGHcall",
+           "CNAmets"))
```

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You may need to install the following packages manually: curl library¹ and the R packages XML², RCurl³, edira⁴, intCNGEan⁵, org.Hs.eg.db⁶, PREDA/SODEGIR⁷, and CNAmets⁸.

3 Running the comparison tests

3.1 Loading example data

The package contains the data sets from (12) and (13). These two data sets are available from public sources and have been used to validate multiple alternative integration algorithms.

3.1.1 Pollack et al. (2002)

Loading Pollack et al. (2002) (13) data set⁹.

```
> library(intcomp)
> data(pollack)
> dat <- read.pollack(chrs = 1:22, CopyNoGeneDataset4719, clone2geneid)
> ge <- dat$ge$data
> cn.raw <- dat$cn$data
> gene.info <- dat$ge$info
```

3.1.2 Hyman et al. (2002)

Loading Hyman et al. (2002) (12) data set¹⁰.

```
> data(hyman)
> library("org.Hs.eg.db")
> dat <- read.hyman(cdna, cgh, genenames, chrs = 1:22, as.list(org.Hs.egALIAS2EG))
> ge <- dat$ge
> cn.raw <- dat$cn
> gene.info <- dat$cn.raw$info
```

3.2 Preprocessing copy number data

Some methods require segmented and/or called copy number data, obtained with

¹<http://curl.haxx.se/download.html>

²<http://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/XML/index.html>

³<http://www.omegahat.org/RCurl/>

⁴<http://www.statistik.tu-dortmund.de/~schaefer/>

⁵<http://www.few.vu.nl/~wvanwie/software/intCNGEan/intCNGEan.html>

⁶<http://www.bioconductor.org/packages/release/data/annotation/html/org.Hs.eg.db.html>

⁷<http://www.xlab.unimo.it/PREDA/PREDAinstall.R>

⁸<http://csbi.ltdk.helsinki.fi/CNAmets/>

⁹<http://www.pnas.org/content/suppl/2002/09/23/162471999.DC1/4719CopyNoGeneDatasetLegend.html> accessed June 2, 2010.

¹⁰HymancdnaDataA.tab, HymancghDataA.tab and HymanAcc.mat obtained from <http://www.ece.ucsb.edu/pubs/ieee/index.shtml> accessed June 2, 2010.

```

> cgh <- process.copynumber(cn.raw)
> cn.seg <- list(data = assayDataElement(cgh, "segmented"), info = gene.info)
> cn.call <- list(data = assayDataElement(cgh, "calls"), info = gene.info)
> rownames(cn.call$data) <- rownames(cn.seg$data) <- rownames(ge$data)
> cn.call$info <- cn.seg$info <- cn.raw$info

```

3.3 Golden standard list of known cancer genes

The golden standard list of known breast cancer genes from The Breast Cancer Gene Database¹¹ (14) was downloaded and stored to the `tgdb` object. This script details how to load the list, convert to Entrez GeneIDs and select the genes that are included in the experimental data:

```

> library("org.Hs.eg.db")
> data(tgdb)
> cancerGenes <- get.brca.genes(rownames(dat$ge$data), as.list(org.Hs.egALIAS2EG),
+   tgdb)

```

4 Running the benchmarking pipeline

The example data set now contains (i) gene expression data (`ge`), (ii) gene copy number data (`cn`), (iii) optional sample class labels (tumor/normal), and (iv) golden standard list of known cancer genes. The `ge` and `cn` data sets are lists containing *data* and *info* fields. The probes in gene expression and gene copy number are paired; *data* is a data matrix with gene expression (`ge$data`) or gene copy number (`cn$data`) data; *info* field is a data frame containing additional information about genes: *loc* indicates the genomic location of the probes in base pairs (numeric); *chr* and *arm* are factors indicating the chromosome and chromosomal arm of the probe, respectively. To run the benchmarking tests for all methods, use:

```

> methods <- c("CNAmet", "edira")
> res <- test.geneorder.pipeline(ge = ge, cn.raw = cn.raw, cn.seg = cn.seg,
+   cn.call = cn.call, cghCall = cgh, Labels = NULL, cancerGenes = cancerGenes,
+   nperm = 20, input = "real", version = "normal", methods = methods)
> auc.ordered <- sort(unlist(res$auc))

```

The following *methods* are available: *OrtizEstevez*, *intcngcan*, *edira*, *pint*, *SIM.window*, *SIM.full*, *DRI.cp*, *DRI.cs*, *PMA.raw*, *CNAmet*, *PREDa* and for two-group comparisons (requiring *Labels*) *DRI.ct*, *DRI.ss*, *DRI.srank*, *DRI.sraw*. The cancer gene prioritization of each method is compared to the golden standard list of known cancer genes; the result contains running times of the algorithms and the AUC values from ROC analysis (1). The AUC values provide quantitative estimates of model performance in cancer gene detection and provide the basis for comparisons.

¹¹http://www.tumor-gene.org/cgi-bin/TGDB/tgdb_by_name.cgi accessed 5.6.2010; 'tgdb_by_name.cgi.html' and 'tgdb.txt'

Acknowledgements

The package has been supported by EuGESMA COST Action BM0801: European Genetic and Epigenetic Study on AML and MDS.

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