

Lesson 8: The assignment

Jan Verbesselt, Ben De Vries, Loïc Dutrieux

November 20, 2013

Abstract

A description of the assignment required for the applied geo-scripting course.

1 Learning objectives

- Apply the learned knowledge to solve a real-world problem
- Use libraries which offer spatial data handling functions
- Develop new functions that can help you and keep your script clear and efficient
- Analyse new data sets e.g. download, import, and prepare your own data set

2 The assignment

Below, the different steps for the assignment are described:

- Identify an interesting question which you could answer using applied geo-scripting skills. You are welcome to use the data sets that we have used during this course but we recommend you to also look at other publicly available data sets listed below.
- Describe your project in a paragraph where you explain your question (why?), methodology (how?) and data set you are planning to use (1 page max.). Before starting with your project, the description needs to be approved by one of the lecturers of the geo-scripting course.
- See <http://goo.gl/HTtND8> for details about the planning and availability of PC rooms. You have 2.5 weeks to work on the scripting project.
- The deadline is 6/12/2013. See below for submission details (Section 5).

3 Publicly available data sets

- Landsat VCF data. (Sexton et al., 2013) recently developed a landsat tree cover product, also referred to as Landsat VCF (Vegetation Continuous Fields of land cover). This VCF product provides estimates of the percentage of horizontal ground in each 30-m pixel covered by woody vegetation greater than 5 meters in height. For further details and access to the product, refer to the [glcf website](#). Use the VCF R package for

automatic download, pre-processing and easy handling of the VCF data. The VCF R package is not on CRAN, therefore you will not be able to find it in the standard list of packages. Instead it can be installed thanks to the devtools package, using the following commands.

```
>library(devtools)
>install_bitbucket(repo='vcf', username='duttri001')
```

- Rainfall data: [TRMM Rainfall data](#)
- MAP library: <http://www.maplibrary.org>
- Global administrative areas: <http://www.gadm.org/>
- See the MODIS package to download MODIS data (see a [tutorial](#) here).
- MODIS data for different locations around the world can also be downloaded via the following [MODIS Land Subset tool](#)
- ASTER Digital Elevation Models (DEMs): <http://asterweb.jpl.nasa.gov/gdem.asp>
- SRTM DEM: <http://srtm.usgs.gov/index.php>
- The HydroSHEDS dataset is a global hydrological database developed by the WWF Conservation Science Programme, combining data from the SRTM with river network data to construct watershed boundaries, flow networks, etc. Hydrological data are freely available for direct download in a variety of formats. Homepage: <http://hydrosheds.cr.usgs.gov/>, and see <http://hydrosheds.cr.usgs.gov/dataavail.php> for the available datasets.

4 Example projects

For example:

- If you illustrate that you are able to download MODIS data via the [MODIS package](#) and for example are able to detect change between two images, for a specific country and describe what the change means then that would be a nice project.
- The Landsat VCF product seems well suited for a variety of landscape ecology topics. For instance one could investigate wildlife corridors in the Netherlands or forest/habitat fragmentation at the municipality level using Landsat VCF data as the initial data source. Such results, if you are able to produce them could be related, at least visually, to many other variables that might be available on the internet (population density, regional investments in nature conservation programs, etc).

5 Reporting

- Provide a reproducible script via your GitHub account via a new repository (e.g. called “**assignmentfirstname**”). The reproducible script has to be well documented, and able to (a) download and read the data, (b) process and analyse to solve your question, (c) and visualise the results. A suggestion for organise your script and keep them readable. See this great blog post by Prof. Rob Hyndman: <http://robjhyndman.com/hyndsight/organization-and-r/>.
- Provide a clear scientific report, e.g. as a short word document containing your project description (abstract, introduction and objectives, methodology, results and conclusion (max. 3 pages). Focus on your most important results. Key is that you illustrate that you have applied the knowledge learned during the course using a scripting language to solve a real life problem. Add this document to your git repository.

6 Handy webpages

<http://robjhyndman.com/hyndsight/finding-an-r-function/>

References

Sexton, J. O., Song, X.-P., Feng, M., Noojipady, P., Anand, A., Huang, C., Kim, D.-H., Collins, K. M., Channan, S., DiMiceli, C., & Townshend, J. R. (2013). Global, 30-m resolution continuous fields of tree cover: Landsat-based rescaling of modis vegetation continuous fields with lidar-based estimates of error. *International Journal of Digital Earth*, 6, 427–448.