

# Package ‘log10’

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**Title** Decimal log plotting in two and three dimensions

**Author** Timothee Poisot <timothee.poisot@univ-montp2.fr>

**Maintainer** Timothee Poisot <timothee.poisot@univ-montp2.fr>

**Depends** R (>= 1.8.0)

**Description** Provides a range of function for 10-log plotting

**License** GPL (>= 2)

**URL** <http://homepage.mac.com/tim.poisot>

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addlog	<i>Add elements on a decimal log x-y plot</i>
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## Description

Add elements on a decimal log x-y plot via *points*

## Usage

```
addlog(x, y, log='xy', ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	X-values
y	Y values, can be left blank (same behavior as <i>plot</i> )
log	Dimensions to be converted into 10-log : 'x', 'xy' or 'y'
...	Further arguments to be passed to logplot

**Examples**

```
a <- seq(from=1,to=100,by=1)^2
logplot(a, log='y')
addlog(a+1e3, log='y')
```

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hcp1	<i>High contrast palette 1</i>
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**Description**

Provides a high contrast palette ranging from blue to red

**Usage**

```
hcp1(n)
```

**Arguments**

n	The number of colors to generate
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**Examples**

```
data(volcano)
logfill1(volcano, log='', pal=hcp1)
```

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hcp2	<i>High contrast palette 2</i>
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**Description**

Provides a high contrast palette ranging from black to darkred

**Usage**

```
hcp2(n)
```

**Arguments**

n	The number of colors to generate
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**Examples**

```
data(volcano)
logfill(volcano, log='', pal=hcp2)
```

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 hcp3

*High contrast palette 3*


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**Description**

Provides a high contrast palette ranging from turquoise to darkred

**Usage**

```
hcp3(n)
```

**Arguments**

`n`                      The number of colors to generate

**Examples**

```
data(volcano)
logfill(volcano, log='', pal=hcp3)
```

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 logaxis

*Draw a 10-log scale axis*


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**Description**

Add a 10-log scale axis on the specified side of the plot

**Usage**

```
logaxis(side, range)
```

**Arguments**

`side`                      The side of the plot (same as *axis*)  
`range`                      The axis range, in power of ten

**Note**

This function is used internally by the package

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logfill	<i>Decimal x-y filledcontour plot</i>
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### Description

Plot a filledcontour plot with 10-log axes, and superposes a contour plot with values

### Usage

```
logfill(z, pal=hcp3, f.nbins=100, c.nbins=10, log='xy', c.col='black', int=c('i', 'i'),
```

### Arguments

<code>z</code>	The matrix to be plotted. X and Y coordinates must be passed as rownames and colnames respectively
<code>pal</code>	The color palette : the package provides <i>hcp1</i> and <i>hcp2</i>
<code>f.nbins</code>	Number of color shades for the plot
<code>c.nbins</code>	Number of lines for the overlapped contourplot : 0 suppresses the contourplot
<code>log</code>	Axes to be log-transformed
<code>c.col</code>	Color for the contour plot
<code>int</code>	A vector giving the type of the axes. Best not changed.
<code>labcex</code>	Character expansion of the contourplot
<code>...</code>	Further arguments to be passed to logplot

### Examples

```
data(volcano)
par(mfcol=c(1,2),pty='s')
logfill(volcano)
logfill(volcano, log='')
```

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loglm	<i>Add a linear model to a plot</i>
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### Description

Plot the regression line of a linear model to a plot

### Usage

```
loglm(mod, log='xy', range=NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>mod</code>	The matrix to be plotted. X and Y coordinates must be passed as rownames and colnames respectively
<code>log</code>	The axes to be transformed to log
<code>range</code>	The interval on which the regression line is to be plotted (calculated internally with the model terms if none is supplied)
<code>...</code>	Further arguments to be passed to <code>addlog</code>

**Examples**

```
a <- seq(from=1,to=10,by=0.1)
b <- a + abs(rnorm(length(a),0,5))
c <- 2*a + abs(rnorm(length(a),0,5))
logplot(a,b,log='xy',pch=19,ylim=c(1,100))
addlog(a,c,log='xy',pch=19,col='grey')
model <- lm(b~a)
model.2 <- lm(c~a)
loglm(model,col='red',log='xy')
loglm(model.2,col='blue',log='xy',range=c(2,8),lty=3)
```

logplot

*Decimal x-y plot***Description**

Plot X and Y values with 10-log scales

**Usage**

```
logplot(x,y,log='xy',yint='r',xint='r',xlim=NULL,ylim=NULL,...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	X-values
<code>y</code>	Y values, can be left blank (same behavior as <code>plot</code> )
<code>log</code>	Dimensions to be converted into 10-log : 'x', 'xy' or 'y'
<code>ylim</code>	Limit of the y axis
<code>xlim</code>	Limit of the x axis
<code>yint</code>	The type of y axis : internal of regular. See <code>par</code> and the <code>yaxs</code> option
<code>xint</code>	The type of x axis : internal of regular. See <code>par</code> and the <code>xaxs</code> option
<code>...</code>	Further arguments to be passed to <code>plot</code>

**Examples**

```
a <- seq(from=1,to=100,by=0.1)^2
logplot(a,log='y')
```

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