jss: A Document Class for Publications in the Journal of Statistical Software

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1 Introduction

The LATEX 2_{ε} document class **jss** is an extension of the standard LATEX 2_{ε} **article** class for publications in the Journal of Statistical Software (JSS, http://www.jstatsoft.org/). It provides infrastructure for all four kinds of publications in JSS: regular articles, code snippets, book reviews and software reviews. Each document requires several declarations to be made in the header (before \begin{document}} document}) which are described in Section 2 separately for articles/code snippets and book/software reviews along with some general commands which can be used in all documents.

The final version of JSS papers should be prepared using this JSS style file; the submission of the final version needs to include the full sources (.tex, .bib, and all graphics). A quick check for the most important aspects of the JSS style is given in Section 2.1; authors should make sure that all of them are addressed in the final version.

All documents need to be processed by pdfTEX, some useful information on this is provided in Section 3, which also contains some information on using BibTEX. BibTEX together with the style file jss.bst produces references and citations in the required format.

The actual code for the batch file (jss.ins), the driver (jss.drv) and the class (jss.cls) are briefly described in Section 4. Note, that usually you do not have to read that section when you want to prepare a submission for JSS.

2 Instructions for authors

To use the JSS styles, you have to include the class file jss.cls, the logo jsslogo.jpg and the BibTeX style jss.bst in your search path. This can either be your local working directory or in your texmf or localtexmf tree.

The LATEX documents have to include the jss.cls first by

 $\documentclass[type]{jss}$

where type can be article (which is the default), codesnippet, bookreview or softwarereview. Templates with brief instructions are provided in article.tex, codesnippet.tex, bookreview.tex and softwarereview.tex respectively. The corresponding commands used for the header declarations are described in more detail in the following.

By using jss.cls, the packages graphicx, a4wide, color, hyperref, ae, fancyverb and natbib are loaded automatically. Authors may, of course, include further packages but should not change the page layout or change the font or font encoding. If the package thumbpdf is available, its inclusion is encouraged

The titles of JSS publications are capitalized, i.e., in title style, but the section headers are not and should be in sentence-style.

Hint. If you want to use markup in section headers you will usually have to escape it for the PDF bookmarks by giving the text for the bookmark explicitly without markup, e.g.,

```
\section[Calling C++ from R]{Calling \proglang{C++} from \proglang{R}}
```

Hint. If compilation with pdfTEX fails with an error at \begin{document} the reason is almost surely that some of the declarations in the header have not been made properly. For example, \Plainauthor, \Plaintitle or \Plainkeywords might be missing or still containing markup.

Acknowledgments should be included at the end of the paper before the references in a separate section set up via \section*{Acknowledgments}.

2.1 Style checklist

A quick check for the most important aspects of the JSS style is given below. Authors should make sure that all of them are addressed in the final version. More details can be found in the remainder of this manual.

- The manuscript can be compiled by pdfT_FX.
- \proglang, \pkg and \code has been used for highlighting throughout the paper (including references).
- References are provided in a .bib BIBTEX database and included in the text by \cite, \citep, \citet, etc.
- Titles and headers are formatted properly:
 - \title in title style,
 - \section etc. in sentence style,
 - all titles in the BibTeX file in title style.
- Figures, tables and equations are marked with a \label and referred to by \ref, e.g., "Figure~\ref{...}".
- Software packes are \cite{}d properly.

2.2 Articles and code snippets

For JSS articles and code snippets respectively, the following declarations have to be made in the header of the TEX sources (before \begin{document}). See also the template article.tex or codesnippet.tex respectively.

\author

The command \author specifies the list of authors. The name of each author should be followed by a linebreak and his affiliation (only the university, in a single line). The authors should be separated by \And (instead of \and), e.g.,

```
\author{Achim Zeileis\\Wirtschaftsuniversit\"at Wien \And Second Author\\Plus Affiliation}
```

If not all authors fit into a single line, \AND (instead of \And) should be used in front of authors that should go into the next line.

\Plainauthor

The list of authors without affiliations. It needs to be comma-separated and must not contain any markup (bold fonts etc.), e.g.,

\Plainauthor{Achim Zeileis, Second Author}

\title The title of the paper. It should be capitalized and may contain further markup (in particular markup such as \pkg and \proglang), e.g.,

```
\title{A Capitalized Title for a Package \pkg{foo}}
```

\Plaintitle The full title without any markup. The default is to use \title, therefore it needs to be specified only if it is different from \title, e.g.,

```
\Plaintitle{A Capitalized Title for a Package foo}
```

\Shorttitle A shorter version of the title to be used for page headings. The default is to use \title, therefore it needs to be specified only if it is different from \title, e.g.,

```
\Shorttitle{A Capitalized Title}
```

\Abstract Enter the abstract for your article here, e.g.,

```
\Abstract{
  The abstract of the article.
}
```

- \Keywords A comma-separated list of (at least one) keyword(s) which should not be capitalized, e.g., \Keywords{keywords, comma-separated, not capitalized}.
- \PlainkeywordsThe list of keywords without any markup. The default is to use \Keywords, therefore it needs to be specified only if it is different from \Keywords.
 - \Volume The JSS volume number in which the article is published, e.g., \Volume{11}. Note: This information will be provided upon acceptance or added by the technical editor. Prior to acceptance, do not use this command.
 - \Issue The JSS issue number in which the article is published, e.g., \Issue{9}. Note: This information will be provided upon acceptance or added by the technical editor. Prior to acceptance, do not use this command.
 - \Month The month in which the article is published, e.g., \Month{September}. Note: This information will be provided upon acceptance or added by the technical editor. Prior to acceptance, do not use this command.
 - Year The year in which the article is published, e.g., Year{2004}. Note: This information will be provided upon acceptance or added by the technical editor. Prior to acceptance, do not use this command.
- \Submitdate The date of submission for the article, e.g., \Submitdate{2004-09-29}. Note: This information will be provided upon acceptance or added by the technical editor. Prior to acceptance, do not use this command.
- \Acceptdate The date of acceptance for the article, e.g., \Acceptdate{2004-09-29}. Note: This information will be provided upon acceptance or added by the technical editor. Prior to acceptance, do not use this command.
 - \Address The address of (at least) one author should be given in the following format

```
\Address{
    Achim Zeileis\\
    Department of Statistics and Mathematics\\
    Wirtschaftsuniversit\"at Wien\\
    1090 Wien, Austria\\
    E-mail: \email{Achim.Zeileis@wu-wien.ac.at}\\
    URL: \url{http://statmath.wu-wien.ac.at/~zeileis/}
```

It is also possible to include your telephone and fax number, by adding them in the format

Telephone: +43/1/31336-5053 Fax: +43/1/31336-734

before the e-mail address.

Furthermore, if the document is prepared using the Sweave functions in R, something like the following line

%% need no \usepackage{Sweave.sty}

(with '\%%') needs to be included in the header.

2.3 Book and software reviews

For JSS book and software respectively, the following declarations have to be made in the header of the TeX sources (before \begin{document}}). See also the template bookreview.tex or softwarereview.tex respectively. Note that some commands might differ between book and software reviews, this is always stated explicitly below.

\Reviewer The command \Reviewer specifies the name of the reviewer followed by a linebreak and his affiliation (only the university, in a single line), e.g.,

\Reviewer{Frederic Udina\\Pompeu Fabra University}

\PlainreviewerThe name of the reviewer without affiliation. It must not contain any markup (bold fonts etc.), e.g.,

\Plainauthor{Frederic Udina}

The following five commands are just required for book reviews.

\Booktitle The title of the book. It should be capitalized and may contain further markup (in particular markup such as \pkg and \proglang), e.g.,

\Booktitle{Visualizing Categorical Data}

\Bookauthor Author(s) of the book, e.g.,

\Bookauthor{Michael Friendly}

If there are several authors they should be comma-separated, and the last author separated by and, e.g., \Bookauthor{A and B} or \Bookauthor{A, B and C}.

\Pubyear Year of publication, e.g., \Pubyear{2000}.

\ISBN ISBN number, e.g., \ISBN{1-58025-660-0}.

\Pages Number of pages, both arabic and roman (if available), e.g., \Pages{456} or \Pages{xvi + 145}.

The following command is just required for software reviews.

\SoftwaretitleThe title of the software. It should be capitalized and may contain further markup (in particular markup such as \pkg and \proglang), e.g.,

\Softwaretitle{\pkg{Aabel} 1.5.7}

The remaining commands are again required for both book and software reviews.

Publisher of the book/software, e.g., \Publisher{SAS Institute Inc.} or \Publisher

\Publisher{Gigawiz Ltd. Co.}.

Address of the publisher of the book/software, e.g., \Pubaddress{Carey, NC}. \Pubaddress

Price of the book/software. For books this might simply be \Price{USD 69.95} or \Price \Price{USD 69.95 (P)}, but could also distinguish between hardcover and paperback versions \Price{USD 69.95 (P), USD 89.95 (H)}. Analogously, for a software it could be \Price{USD 349 (standard), USD 249 (academic)}.

\URL A URL for the book or software, e.g.,

\URL{http://www.math.yorku.ca/SCS/vcd/}

If no URL is available, use \URL{}.

\Plaintitle The full book or software title without any markup (line breaks, bold fonts etc.). The default is to use \Booktitle or \Softwaretitle respectively, therefore it needs to be specified only if it is different from \Booktitle or \Softwaretitle, e.g.,

\Plaintitle{Visualizing Categorical Data}

A shorter version of the book or software title to be used for page headings. The default is \Shorttitle to use \Booktitle or \Softwaretitle respectively, therefore it needs to be specified only if it is different from \Booktitle or \Softwaretitle, e.g.,

\Shorttitle{Visualizing Categorical Data}

The JSS volume number in which the review is published, e.g., \Volume{11}. Note: This \Volume information will be provided upon acceptance or added by the technical editor.

The JSS issue number in which the review is published, e.g., \Issue{9}. Note: This infor-\Issue mation will be provided upon acceptance or added by the technical editor.

\Month The month in which the review is published, e.g., \Month{September}. Note: This information will be provided upon acceptance or added by the technical editor.

\Year The year in which the review is published, e.g., \Year{2004}. Note: This information will be provided upon acceptance or added by the technical editor.

The date of publication for the review, e.g., \Submitdate{2004-09-29}. Note: This infor-\Submitdate mation will be provided upon acceptance or added by the technical editor.

The address of (at least) one author should be given in the following format \Address

```
\Address{
 Achim Zeileis\\
 Department f\"ur Statistik \& Mathematik\\
 Wirtschaftsuniversit\"at Wien\\
 1090 Wien, Austria\\
 E-mail: \email{Achim.Zeileis@wu-wien.ac.at}\\
 URL: \url{http://statmath.wu-wien.ac.at/~zeileis/}
```

It is also possible to include your telephone and fax number, by adding them in the format

Telephone: +43/1/31336-5053 Fax: +43/1/31336-734

before the e-mail address.

2.4 Further commands

The **jss** package provides several commands for typesetting names related to software (programming languages, packages, code) and mathematical formulae.

Writing about software

\proglang

This should be used for typesetting the names of programming languages, e.g., \proglang{Java}, \proglang{C++} or \proglang{R}. This applies also to programmable environments which also have a GUI like \proglang{SAS}, \proglang{Stata} or \proglang{S-PLUS}.

\pkg This should be used for typesetting the names of packages, e.g., \pkg{CMregr}, \pkg{MATCH} or \pkg{strucchange}.

\code

This should be used for typesetting code chunks within the text, e.g., \code{plot(1:10)}. Currently, this simply uses a typewriter font. Although it escapes most special characters, it might still lead to problems with some special characters. In such cases the code can also be set using \verb, e.g., \verb/print("hello world")/.

Layout of code

jss.cls only provides very simple means of including code which are mostly borrowed from Sweave. There are three verbatim environments for code: Code, CodeInput and CodeOutput. Furthermore, there is an environment CodeChunk which can be put around sequences of CodeInputs and CodeOutputs to (hopefully) keep LATEX from page-breaking in the middle of a code chunk. In short, there are two options: a) if no distinction between input and output is necessary, the code is placed between \begin{Code} and \end{Code}. b) If input and output should be distinguished, this can be done like in the following example.

An example what this could look like, is the following R code. The first three lines are the input, the rest is output.

```
\begin{CodeChunk}
\begin{CodeInput}
R> data(cars)
R> fm <- lm(dist ~ speed, data = log(cars))
R> summary(fm)
\end{CodeInput}
\begin{CodeOutput}
Call:
lm(formula = dist ~ speed, data = log(cars))
```

Residuals: Min 1Q Median 3Q Max -1.00215 -0.24578 -0.02898 0.20717 0.88289 Coefficients: Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|) (Intercept) -0.7297 0.3758 -1.941 0.0581 0.1395 11.484 2.26e-15 *** speed 1.6024 Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1 Residual standard error: 0.4053 on 48 degrees of freedom Multiple R-Squared: 0.7331, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7276 F-statistic: 131.9 on 1 and 48 DF, p-value: 2.259e-15 \end{CodeOutput} \end{CodeChunk}

If you prepare your paper using Sweave (which is recommended if you describe an R package) do not include Sweave.sty into your document, the necessary commands are already available within jss.cls. To prevent Sweave from including Sweave.sty automatically you need to include a line like

```
%% need no \usepackage{Sweave.sty}
```

(with '%%') into the header of your document.

If this basic infrastructure for typesetting your code is not sufficient, you can also use other LaTeX packages like the **listings** package.

Mathematical formulae

Commonly used operators like E, VAR, COV, and P should be set using the commands \E, \VAR, \COV and \Prob. Beyond this, **jss** does not provide (or enforce) a certain mathematical notation. However, using the **statex** package (e.g., available from CTAN and in TEX Live) could be useful.

3 Using pdfT_EX and BibT_EX

Using pdfTeX

A LATEX document (foo.tex, say) using jss.cls needs to be compiled using pdfTeX, typically this will be done using either of the following commands:

```
pdflatex foo.tex
texi2dvi --pdf foo.tex
texi2pdf foo.tex
```

If you are not using command line tools but some integrated GUI editor for LATEX documents you will have to press the 'pdfLATEX' button (as opposed to the 'LATEX' button).

All graphics included into the document have to be in a format pdfTEX can deal with, i.e., PDF for vector graphics or JPG/PNG/etc. for bitmaps/raster graphics. If you cannot produce PDF graphics directly but only PS/EPS, these can be converted using ps2pdf or epstopdf (usually preferred).

Hint. If you are used to compiling your documents with standard IATEX and then getting automatic reloads of the resulting DVI document in your DVI viewer, which is not possible with PDF documents in many PDF viewers: you might want to look at **xpdf** (Linux) or **gsview** (Windows, see http://www.cs.wisc.edu/~ghost/gsview/) which have a reload function.

Hint. If you want to use markup in section headers you will usually have to escape it for the PDF bookmarks by giving the text for the bookmark explicitly without markup, e.g.,

\section[Calling C++ from R]{Calling \proglang{C++} from \proglang{R}}

Hint. If you know how to produce LaTeX documents that can be processed with both LaTeX and pdfTeX, you can do so if you provide an EPS substitute for jsslogo.jpg (e.g. an empty or converted jsslogo.eps). Note, however, that the final document needs to be processed with pdfTeX. Neither this manual nor the JSS encourage or support compilation of JSS documents with standard LaTeX.

References with BIBTEX

The format for references (e.g., articles, books, software, proceedings) should look like this

Brown RL, Durbin J, Evans JM (1975). "Techniques for Testing the Constancy of Regression Relationships over Time." Journal of the Royal Statistical Society B, 37, 149–163.

Friendly M (2000). Visualizing Categorical Data. SAS Insitute, Carey, NC.

R Development Core Team (2004). R: A Language and Environment for Statistical Computing. R Foundation for Statistical Computing, Vienna, Austria. ISBN 3-900051-00-3, URL http://www.R-project.org/.

Urbanek S, Theus M (2003). "iPlots – High Interaction Graphics for R." In K Hornik, F Leisch, A Zeileis (eds.), "Proceedings of the 3rd International Workshop on Distributed Statistical Computing, Vienna, Austria," ISSN 1609-395X, URL http://www.ci.tuwien.ac.at/Conferences/DSC-2003/Proceedings/.

Important. Note, that also the titles of papers are in title style (as opposed to sentence style), i.e., they are capitalized. The first word after a colon ':' is always capitalized. Furthermore, commands like \proglang and \pkg should also be used for the references. The names of journals or proceeding volumes should not be abbreviated.

The easiest way to achieve this is to use BIBTEX together with the style file jss.bst. To do so, the references just have to be included in a BIBTEX file, foo.bib say, which has to be included at the end of the LATEX document by \bibliography{foo}. Note, that to obtain references in the format above, the title field in your bib file, needs to be capitalized (contrary to the folklore, there are BIBTEX styles that rely on this even for @Article entries), i.e. the entry title = {Visualizing Categorical Data} is correct, while entries like title = {Visualizing categorical data} or (even worse) title = {{Visualizing categorical data}} are not.

The default in jss.cls is to use the **natbib** package with options authoryear, round and longnamesfirst. If you cite any article with six or more authors the latter option should be turned off. This can be done by using the option shortnames when loading the jss.cls class

\documentclass[article,shortnames]{jss}

4 The code

4.1 The batch file

First comes the code for creating the batch file jss.ins which in turn can be used for producing the package and driver files.

4.2 The driver

Next comes the documentation driver file for T_EX , i.e., the file that will produce the documentation you are currently reading. It will be extracted from this file by the docstrip program. Since it is the first code in the file one can alternatively process this file directly with $\text{LAT}_EX\ 2_E$ to obtain the documentation.

```
15 (*driver)
16 \documentclass[a4paper]{ltxdoc}
17 \providecommand{\file}[1]{\texttt{#1}}
18 \providecommand{\pkg}[1]{{\normalfont\fontseries{b}\selectfont #1}}
19 \usepackage{color, hyperref, a4wide}
20 \oddsidemargin1.2cm
21 \textwidth14.2cm
22 \textheight23.3cm
23 \topmargin-.7cm
24 \setlength{\parskip}{0.7ex plus0.1ex minus0.1ex}
25 \setlength{\parindent}{0em}
26 \begin{document}
     \OnlyDescription
27
     \DocInput{jss.dtx}
28
29 \end{document}
30 (/driver)
```

4.3 The class

Next is the main part, the code for the class file.

```
It requires LATEX 2\varepsilon
```

```
31 \langle *class \rangle
32 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
33 \ProvidesClass{jss}[\filedate\space\fileversion\space jss class by Achim Zeileis]
34 \langle /class \rangle
```

and is based on the article class. But before we load the class we declare and process some options. These reflects wether we want to write an article, code snippet, a book re-

view or software review. The shortnames option is for loading natbib without the option longnamesfirst.

```
35 \langle *class \rangle
36 \%\% options
37 \neq 37 
38 \newif\if@codesnippet
39 \newif\if@bookreview
40 \newif\if@softwarereview
41 \newif\if@review
42 \newif\if@shortnames
44 \@articletrue
45 \@codesnippetfalse
46 \@bookreviewfalse
47 \@softwarereviewfalse
48 \@reviewfalse
49 \@shortnamesfalse
51 \DeclareOption{article}{\@articletrue%
52 \@codesnippetfalse \@bookreviewfalse \@softwarereviewfalse}
53 \DeclareOption{codesnippet}{\@articlefalse%
54 \@codesnippettrue \@bookreviewfalse \@softwarereviewfalse}
55 \DeclareOption{bookreview}{\@articlefalse%
56 \@codesnippetfalse \@bookreviewtrue \@softwarereviewfalse}
57 \DeclareOption{softwarereview}{\Qarticlefalse%
58 \@codesnippetfalse \@bookreviewfalse \@softwarereviewtrue}
59 \verb|\DeclareOption{shortnames}{\Qshortnamestrue}|
61 \ProcessOptions
62 \LoadClass[11pt,a4paper,twoside]{article}
63 (/class)
A few packages are required and the font encoding is specified.
64 (*class)
65 %% required packages
66 \RequirePackage{graphicx,a4wide,color,ae,fancyvrb}
67 \RequirePackage[T1] {fontenc}
68 (/class)
In addition, hyperref is included later on. The bibliography is generated using natbib and
the BibTeX style jss.bst.
69 (*class)
70 %% bibliography
71 \if@shortnames
72 \usepackage[authoryear,round] {natbib}
73 \else
    \usepackage[authoryear,round,longnamesfirst]{natbib}
74
76 \bibpunct{(}{)}{;}{a}{}{,}
77 \bibliographystyle{jss}
78 (/class)
Paragraphs are not indented, instead \parskip is increased.
79 (*class)
80 %% paragraphs
81 \setlength{\parskip}{0.7ex plus0.1ex minus0.1ex}
82 \setlength{\parindent}{0em}
83 (/class)
```

```
To process the meta information we need some new commands: for all publications,
84 (*class)
85 %% for all publications
86 \newcommand{\Address}[1]{\def\@Address{#1}}
87 \newcommand{\Plaintitle}[1]{\def\@Plaintitle{#1}}
88 \newcommand{\Shorttitle}[1]{\def\@Shorttitle{#1}}
89 \newcommand{\Plainauthor}[1]{\def\@Plainauthor{#1}}
90 \newcommand{\Volume}[1]{\def\@Volume{#1}}
91 \newcommand{\Year}[1]{\def\@Year{#1}}
92 \newcommand{\Month}[1]{\def\0Month{#1}}
93 \newcommand{\Issue}[1]{\def\@Issue{#1}}
94 \newcommand{\Submitdate}[1]{\def\@Submitdate{#1}}
95 (/class)
for articles and code snippets,
96 (*class)
97 \% for articles and code snippets
98 \newcommand{\Acceptdate}[1]{\def\@Acceptdate{#1}}
99 \newcommand{\Abstract}[1]{\def\@Abstract{#1}}
100 \newcommand{\Keywords}[1]{\def\@Keywords{#1}}
101 \newcommand{\Plainkeywords}[1]{\def\@Plainkeywords{#1}}
102 (/class)
for book and software reviews,
103 (*class)
104 \%\% for book and software reviews
105 \newcommand{\Reviewer}[1]{\def\@Reviewer{#1}}
106 \newcommand{\Booktitle}[1]{\def\@Booktitle{#1}}
107 \newcommand{\Bookauthor}[1]{\def\@Bookauthor{#1}}
108 \newcommand{\Publisher}[1]{\def\@Publisher{#1}}
109 \newcommand{\Pubaddress}[1]{\def\@Pubaddress{#1}}
110 \newcommand{\Pubyear}[1]{\def\@Pubyear{#1}}
111 \newcommand{\ISBN}[1]{\def\@ISBN{#1}}
112 \newcommand{\Pages}[1]{\def\@Pages{#1}}
113 \newcommand{\Price}[1]{\def\@Price{#1}}
114 \newcommand{\Plainreviewer}[1]{\def\@Plainreviewer{#1}}
115 \newcommand{\Softwaretitle}[1]{\def\@Softwaretitle{#1}}
116 \newcommand{\URL}[1]{\def\@URL{#1}}
117 (/class)
and for internal use only.
118 (*class)
119 %% for internal use
120 \end{Seriesname} [1] {\end{def @Seriesname} } \label{fig:seriesname} \\
122 \newcommand{\Hyperauthor}[1]{\def\@Hyperauthor{#1}}
123 \newcommand{\Footername}[1]{\def\@Footername{#1}}
124 \newcommand{\Firstdate}[1]{\def\@Firstdate{#1}}
125 \newcommand{\Seconddate}[1]{\def\@Seconddate{#1}}
126 \newcommand{\Reviewauthor}[1]{\def\@Reviewauthor{#1}}
127 (/class)
Some defaults for theses commands are specified, which are (hopefully) a useful guidance
```

Some defaults for theses commands are specified, which are (hopefully) a useful guidance when using the jss.cls.

```
128 (*class)
129 %% defaults
130 \author{Firstname Lastname\\Affiliation}
131 \title{Title}
132 \Abstract{---!!!---an abstract is required---!!!---}
```

```
133 \Plainauthor{\@author}
134 \Volume{VV}
135 \Year{YYYY}
136 \Month{MMMMMM}
137 \Issue{II}
138 \Submitdate{yyyy-mm-dd}
139 \Acceptdate{yyyy-mm-dd}
140 \Address{
141 Firstname Lastname\\
    Affiliation\\
142
143 Address, Country\\
144 E-mail: \email{name@address}\\
145
    URL: \url{http://link/to/webpage/}
146 }
147
148 \Reviewer{Firstname Lastname\\Affiliation}
149 \Plainreviewer{Firstname Lastname}
150 \Booktitle{Book Title}
151 \Bookauthor{Book Author}
152 \Publisher{Publisher}
153 \Pubaddress{Publisher's Address}
154 \Pubyear{YYY}
155 \ISBN{x-xxxxx-xxx-x}
156 \Pages{xv + 123}
157 \Price{USD 69.95 (P)}
158 \URL{http://link/to/webpage/}
159 (/class)
Conditional on the type of document several other defaults and some meta information is
stored.
160 (*class)
161 \if@article
    \Seriesname{Issue}
162
     \Hypersubject{Journal of Statistical Software}
163
     \Plaintitle{\@title}
164
165
     \Shorttitle{\@title}
166
     \Plainkeywords{\@Keywords}
167 \fi
168
169 \if@codesnippet
170
    \Seriesname{Code Snippet}
     \Hypersubject{Journal of Statistical Software -- Code Snippets}
171
     \Plaintitle{\@title}
172
     \Shorttitle{\@title}
173
     \Plainkeywords{\@Keywords}
174
175 \fi
176
177 \if@bookreview
178
     \Seriesname{Book Review}
179
     \Hypersubject{Journal of Statistical Software -- Book Reviews}
180
     \Plaintitle{\@Booktitle}
181
     \Shorttitle{\@Booktitle}
182
     \Reviewauthor{\@Bookauthor\\
                    \verb|\QPublisher|, \QPubaddress|, \QPubyear.||
183
                    ISBN~\@ISBN. \@Pages~pp. \@Price.\\
184
                    \url{\@URL}}
185
     \Plainkeywords{}
186
187
     \@reviewtrue
188 \fi
189
```

```
190 \if@softwarereview
          \Seriesname{Software Review}
191
          \Hypersubject{Journal of Statistical Software -- Software Reviews}
192
193
          \Plaintitle{\@Softwaretitle}
          \Shorttitle{\@Softwaretitle}
194
          \Booktitle{\@Softwaretitle}
195
          \Reviewauthor{\@Publisher, \@Pubaddress. \@Price.\\
196
197
                                        \url{\@URL}}
198
          \Plainkeywords{}
          \@reviewtrue
199
200 \fi
201
202 \if@review
203
          \Hyperauthor{\@Plainreviewer}
          \Keywords{}
204
          \Footername{Reviewer}
205
         \Firstdate{\textit{Published:} \@Submitdate}
206
207
          \Seconddate{}
208 \ensuremath{\setminus} else
          \Hyperauthor{\@Plainauthor}
209
          \Keywords{---!!!---at least one keyword is required---!!!---}
210
          \Footername{Affiliation}
211
          \Firstdate{\textit{Submitted:} \@Submitdate}
212
213
          \Seconddate{\textit{Accepted:} \@Acceptdate}
214 \fi
215 \langle /class \rangle
 For typesetting of code some basic infrastructure along the lines of Sweave is provided. First,
 the Sweave commands are provided explicitly,
216 (*class)
217 %% Sweave(-like)
218 \DefineVerbatimEnvironment{Sinput}{Verbatim}{fontshape=sl}
219 \DefineVerbatimEnvironment{Soutput}{Verbatim}{}
220 \label{lem:code} $$ \end{code} {\tt Verbatim} {\tt fontshape=sl} $$
221 \newenvironment{Schunk}{}{}
222 (/class)
 and analogous commands with more neutral names for general pieces of code.
223 \langle *class \rangle
224 \label{lem:code} $$ \ensuremath{\tt 224 \label{tode}{\tt Verbatim}_{\tt 1}}$ $$
225 \label{lem:codeInput} \end{CodeInput} \e
226 \DefineVerbatimEnvironment{CodeOutput}{Verbatim}{}
227 \newenvironment{CodeChunk}{}{}
228 \setkeys{Gin}{width=0.8\textwidth}
229 (/class)
 The header and footer of JSS publications displays the logo, the publication information
 and some further links. Here, we define the footer first (because it must be included before
 hyperref in T<sub>F</sub>Xlive). It contains the somewhat extended publication information (from the
 header), preceded by the address of the author/reviewer.
230 (*class)
231 %% footer
232 \newlength{\footerskip}
233 \setlength{\footerskip}{2.5\baselineskip plus 2ex minus 0.5ex}
235 \newcommand{\makefooter}{%
236
          \vspace{\footerskip}
237
          \begin{samepage}
238
```

```
\textbf{\large \@Footername: \nopagebreak}\\[.3\baselineskip] \nopagebreak
239
     \@Address \nopagebreak
240
     \vfill
241
242
     \hrule \nopagebreak
     \vspace{.1\baselineskip}
243
     {\fontfamily{pzc} \fontsize{13}{15} \selectfont Journal of Statistical Software}
244
245
     \hfill
246
     \url{http://www.jstatsoft.org/}\\ \nopagebreak
247
     published by the American Statistical Association
248
     \hfill
     \url{http://www.amstat.org/}\\[.3\baselineskip] \nopagebreak
249
     {Volume~\@Volume, \@Seriesname~\@Issue}
250
251
     \hfill
     \@Firstdate\\ \nopagebreak
252
    {\@Month{} \@Year}
253
254
     \hfill
    \@Seconddate \nopagebreak
255
256
    \vspace{.3\baselineskip}
257
    \hrule
    \end{samepage}
258
259 }
260 \langle / class \rangle
We include the footer at the end of the document.
261 (*class)
262 \AtEndDocument{\makefooter}
263 (/class)
After defining this, we can require the hyperref package.
265 %% required packages
266 \RequirePackage{hyperref}
267 (/class)
and proceed to define the header.
The header for all JSS publications has the logo jsslogo.jpg along with the publication
information.
268 (*class)
269 %% new \maketitle
270 \def\@myoddhead{
271
     {\color{white} JSS}\\[-1.42cm]
     \hspace{-2em} \includegraphics[height=23mm,keepaspectratio]{jsslogo} \hfill
272
     \parbox[b][23mm]{118mm}{\hrule height 3pt
273
274
              \center{
              {\fontfamily{pzc} \fontsize{28}{32} \selectfont Journal of Statistical Software}
275
      \vfill
276
              {\it \small \@Month{} \@Year, Volume~\@Volume, \@Seriesname~\@Issue.%
277
       \hfill \href{http://www.jstatsoft.org/}{http://www.jstatsoft.org/}}\\[0.1cm]
278
279
        \hrule height 3pt}}
280 (/class)
This header is then used in the re-defined \maketitle:
281 (*class)
282 \if@review
     283
       {\large
284
285
       \noindent
       Reviewer: \@Reviewer
286
287
       \vspace{\baselineskip}
```

```
288
       \hrule
       \vspace{\baselineskip}
289
       \textbf{\@Booktitle}
290
291
       \begin{quotation} \noindent
292
       \@Reviewauthor
       \end{quotation}
293
294
       \vspace{0.7\baselineskip}
295
       \hrule
296
       \vspace{1.3\baselineskip}
297
298
299
       \thispagestyle{empty}
300
       \markboth{\centerline{\@Shorttitle}}{\centerline{\@Hypersubject}}
301
       \pagestyle{myheadings}
    }
302
303 \else
     \def\maketitle{\@oddhead{\@myoddhead} \par
304
305
        \def\thefootnote{\fnsymbol{footnote}}
306
307
        \def\@makefnmark{\hbox to Opt{$^{\@thefnmark}$\hss}}
        \long\def\@makefntext##1{\parindent 1em\noindent
308
                                  \label{local_sem} $$\  \  \  ^{\end{hss }\#1}
309
        \@maketitle \@thanks
310
311
      \endgroup
312
      \setcounter{footnote}{0}
313
      \thispagestyle{empty}
314
      \markboth{\centerline{\@Shorttitle}}{\centerline{\@Hypersubject}}
315
      \pagestyle{myheadings}
316
      \let\maketitle\relax \let\@maketitle\relax
317
      \gdef\@thanks{}\gdef\@author{}\gdef\@title{}\let\thanks\relax
318
319
320
     \def\@maketitle{\vbox{\hsize\textwidth \linewidth\hsize \vskip 1in
321
      {\centering
322
      {\LARGE\bf \@title\par}
323
324
      \vskip 0.2in plus 1fil minus 0.1in
325
326
          \def\and{\unskip\enspace{\rm and}\enspace}%
327
          \def\And{\end{tabular}\hss \egroup \hskip 1in plus 2fil
328
              \hbox to Opt\bgroup\hss \begin{tabular}[t]{c}\large\bf\rule{\z@}{24pt}\ignorespaces}%
329
          \def\AND{\end{tabular}\hss\egroup \hfil\hfil\egroup
330
             \vskip 0.1in plus 1fil minus 0.05in
              \hbox to \linewidth\bgroup\rule{\z0}{10pt} \hfil\hfil
331
             \hbox to Opt\bgroup\hss \begin{tabular}[t]{c}\large\bf\rule{\z@}{24pt}\ignorespaces}
332
          \hbox to \linewidth\bgroup\rule{\z@}{10pt} \hfil\hfil
333
334
          \hbox to Opt\bgroup\hss \begin{tabular}[t]{c}\large\bf\rule{\z@}{24pt}\@author
          \end{tabular}\hss\egroup
335
336
      \hfil\hfil\egroup}
337
      \vskip 0.3in minus 0.1in
338
      \hrule
      \begin{abstract}
339
      \@Abstract
340
      \end{abstract}}
341
      \textit{Keywords}:~\@Keywords.
342
343
      \vskip 0.1in minus 0.05in
344
345
      \vskip 0.2in minus 0.1in
346 }}
347 \fi
```

```
348 \langle / class \rangle
The appearance of sections, subsections and subsubsections is controlled by
350 %% sections, subsections, and subsubsections
351 \newlength{\preXLskip}
352 \newlength{\preLskip}
353 \newlength{\preMskip}
354 \newlength{\preSskip}
355 \newlength{\postMskip}
356 \newlength{\postSskip}
357 \setlength{\preXLskip}{1.8\baselineskip plus 0.5ex minus 0ex}
358 \setlength{\preLskip}{1.5\baselineskip plus 0.3ex minus 0ex}
359 \setlength{\preMskip}{1\baselineskip plus 0.2ex minus 0ex}
360 \setlength{\preSskip}{.8\baselineskip plus 0.2ex minus 0ex}
361 \setlength{\postMskip}{.5\baselineskip plus 0ex minus 0.1ex}
362 \setlength{\postSskip}{.3\baselineskip plus 0ex minus 0.1ex}
363
364
365 \newcommand{\jsssec}[2][default]{\vskip \preXLskip%
366
     \pdfbookmark[1]{#1}{Section.\thesection.#1}%
367
     \refstepcounter{section}%
     \centerline{\textbf{\Large \thesection. #2}} \nopagebreak
368
     \vskip \postMskip \nopagebreak}
370 \newcommand{\jsssecnn}[1]{\vskip \preXLskip%
     \centerline{\textbf{\Large #1}} \nopagebreak
372
     \vskip \postMskip \nopagebreak}
373
374 \newcommand{\jsssubsec}[2][default]{\vskip \preMskip%
     \pdfbookmark[2]{#1}{Subsection.\thesubsection.#1}%
375
     \refstepcounter{subsection}%
376
     \textbf{\large \thesubsection. #2} \nopagebreak
377
     \vskip \postSskip \nopagebreak}
379 \newcommand{\jsssubsecnn}[1]{\vskip \preMskip%
380
     \textbf{\large #1} \nopagebreak
381
     \vskip \postSskip \nopagebreak}
382
383 \newcommand{\jsssubsubsec}[2][default]{\vskip \preSskip%
     \pdfbookmark[3]{#1}{Subsubsection.\thesubsubsection.#1}%
384
     \refstepcounter{subsubsection}%
385
     {\large \textit{#2}} \nopagebreak
386
     \vskip \postSskip \nopagebreak}
387
388 \newcommand{\jsssubsubsecnn}[1]{\vskip \preSskip%
     {\textit{\large #1}} \nopagebreak
     \vskip \postSskip \nopagebreak}
390
391
392 \newcommand{\jsssimplesec}[2][default]{\vskip \preLskip%
393 %% \pdfbookmark[1]{#1}{Section.\thesection.#1}%
394
     \refstepcounter{section}%
     \textbf{\large #1} \nopagebreak
395
     \vskip \postSskip \nopagebreak}
396
397 \newcommand{\jsssimplesecnn}[1]{\vskip \preLskip%
     \textbf{\large #1} \nopagebreak
398
```

\renewcommand{\section}{\secdef \jsssimplesec \jsssimplesecnn}

\renewcommand{\subsection}{\secdef \jsssimplesec \jsssimplesecnn}

\renewcommand{\subsubsection}{\secdef \jsssimplesec \jsssimplesecnn}

\vskip \postSskip \nopagebreak}

 $399 \\ 400$

402

403

404 \re 405 \else

401 \if@review

```
\renewcommand{\section}{\secdef \jsssec \jsssecnn}
406
     \renewcommand{\subsection}{\secdef \jsssubsec \jsssubsecnn}
407
     \renewcommand{\subsubsection}{\secdef \jsssubsubsec \jsssubsubsecnn}
408
409 \fi
410 (/class)
The hypersetup uses some modified colors
412 %% colors
413 \ensuremath{\mbox{definecolor}\{\mbox{Red}\}\{\mbox{0.5,0,0}\}\}
414 \definecolor{Blue}{rgb}{0,0,0.5}
415 \langle / class \rangle
and is then defined by
416 (*class)
417 \if@review
     \hypersetup{%
418
       hyperindex = {true},
419
       colorlinks = {true},
420
       linktocpage = {true},
421
       plainpages = {false},
422
       linkcolor = {Blue},
424
       citecolor = {Blue},
       urlcolor = {Red},
425
       pdfstartview = {Fit},
426
       pdfpagemode = {None},
427
       pdfview = {XYZ null null null}
428
     }
429
430 \else
     \hypersetup{%
431
432
       hyperindex = {true},
433
       colorlinks = {true},
434
       linktocpage = {true},
435
       plainpages = {false},
       linkcolor = {Blue},
436
       citecolor = {Blue},
437
       urlcolor = {Red},
438
       pdfstartview = {Fit},
439
       pdfpagemode = {UseOutlines},
440
       pdfview = {XYZ null null null}
441
442
443 \fi
The information for the hyper summary requires some information which has not been pro-
cessed before the beginning of the document. Therefore, we need a second \hypersetup.
445 \langle *class \rangle
446 \AtBeginDocument{
     \hypersetup{%
       pdfauthor = {\@Hyperauthor},
448
449
        pdftitle = {\@Plaintitle},
450
       pdfsubject = {\@Hypersubject},
451
       pdfkeywords = {\@Plainkeywords}
452
453 }
454 \langle / \text{class} \rangle
We put the header at the beginning of the document (for footer see above).
455 (*class)
456 \AtBeginDocument{\maketitle}
```

```
457 \langle / class \rangle
      Finally, some additional commands are provided for writing about software (code, program-
      ming languages, packages),
458 \langle *class \rangle
459 \%\% commands
460 \text{ } \text{\ } \text
461 \end{code} \end{code} \her\end{code} \he\end{code} \he\
462 \end{ar} {\rm alfont\tfamily\hyphenchar\font=-1 \#1} \egroup}
463 \text{ } \text{makeatother}
465 \det proglang = textsf
466 \newcommand \pkg [1] {{\normalfont\fontseries\{b\}\selectfont \#1}} \\
467 (/class)
      for specifying e-mail addresses,
468 (*class)
469 \verb|\command{\email}[1]{\href{mailto:#1}{\normalfont\texttt{#1}}}|
470 \langle / class \rangle
       digital object identifiers (DOIs),
472 \end{$$doi$[1]{\end{$}}} \end{$$doi$[1]_{\end{$}}} \end{$$doi:$$}
473 \langle / class \rangle
      and for mathematical notation.
474 (*class)
475 \mbox{ } \mbox{mand} \E}{\mbox{mathsf}E}
476 \mbox{ } {\bf VAR} {\bf VAR} 
477 \mbox{COV}{\mathbb{COV}}
478 \mbox{ } \mbox{
```

 $479 \langle / class \rangle$