Time Series Database Interface: R fame (TSfame)

August 12, 2011

1 Introduction

The code from the vignette that generates this guide can be loaded into an editor with edit(vignette("TSfame")). This uses the default editor, which can be changed using options(). It should be possible to view the pdf version of the guide for this package with print(vignette("TSfame")).

WARNING: Running these example will overwrite a fame database called "testvigFame.db". Beware, if by any chance you have a database with this name.

Once R is started, the functions in this package are made available with

```
> library("TSfame")
```

This will also load required packages TSdbi, DBI, fame, methods, and tframe. Some examples below also require zoo, and tseries.

The package fame may be installed but not functional because the Fame HLI code is not available. A warning will be issues and the vignette example will not work,

2 Using the Database - TSdbi Functions

This section gives several simple examples of putting series on and reading them from the database. (If a large number of series are to be loaded into a database, one would typically do this with a batch process in Fame.) The first thing to do is to establish a connection to the database:

```
> con <- TSconnect("fame", dbname = "testvigFame.db")
```

(It is also possible to establish connections to Fame databases using Fame server. See the section "Examples Using TSdbi with ets" below for more details.) This puts a series called *vec* on the database and then reads is back.

```
> z <- ts(rnorm(10), start = c(1990, 1), frequency = 1)
> seriesNames(z) <- "vec"
> if (TSexists("vec", con)) TSdelete("vec", con)
> TSput(z, con)
> z <- TSget("vec", con)</pre>
```

If the series is printed it is seen to be a "ts" time series with some extra attributes.

TSput fails if the series already exists on the con, so the above example checks and deletes the series if it already exists. TSreplace does not fail if the series does not yet exist, so examples below use it instead. Several plots below show original data and the data retrieved after it is written to the database. One is added to the original data so that both lines are visible.

And now more examples:

```
> z < -ts(matrix(rnorm(20), 10, 2), start = c(1990, 1), frequency = 1)
> seriesNames(z) <- c("matc1", "matc2")</pre>
> TSreplace(z, con)
[1] TRUE
> TSget("matc1", con)
Time Series:
Start = 1990
End = 1999
Frequency = 1
  \begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad 0.04947581 \quad 2.06767351 \quad 1.59894192 \quad 1.08516650 \quad 0.21173449 \quad -1.34753759 
 [7] -0.33129964 -1.24035429 2.08706096 0.79484584
attr(,"seriesNames")
[1] matc1
attr(,"TSmeta")
An object of class "TSmeta"
Slot "TSdescription":
[1] NA
Slot "TSdoc":
[1] NA
Slot "TSlabel":
[1] NA
Slot "serIDs":
[1] "matc1"
Slot "conType":
[1] "TSfameConnection"
attr(,"package")
[1] "TSfame"
Slot "DateStamp":
[1] "2011-08-12 12:44:49 EDT"
Slot "dbname":
```

```
[1] "testvigFame.db"
Slot "hasVintages":
[1] FALSE
Slot "hasPanels":
[1] FALSE
> TSget("matc2", con)
Time Series:
Start = 1990
End = 1999
Frequency = 1
  \begin{smallmatrix} [1] \end{smallmatrix} \quad 0.33420628 \ -1.57829158 \quad 0.40161274 \ -0.17332700 \quad 1.06697263 \quad 2.03138011 
 [7] \ -0.02948305 \ -0.77565507 \ \ 0.34785179 \ \ 0.28641921
attr(,"seriesNames")
[1] matc2
attr(,"TSmeta")
An object of class "TSmeta"
Slot "TSdescription":
[1] NA
Slot "TSdoc":
[1] NA
Slot "TSlabel":
[1] NA
Slot "serIDs":
[1] "matc2"
Slot "conType":
[1] "TSfameConnection"
attr(,"package")
[1] "TSfame"
Slot "DateStamp":
[1] "2011-08-12 12:44:49 EDT"
Slot "dbname":
[1] "testvigFame.db"
Slot "hasVintages":
[1] FALSE
```

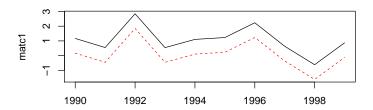
```
Slot "hasPanels":
[1] FALSE
> TSget(c("matc1", "matc2"), con)
Time Series:
Start = 1990
End = 1999
Frequency = 1
          matc1
                     matc2
1990 0.04947581 0.33420628
1991 2.06767351 -1.57829158
1992 1.59894192 0.40161274
1993 1.08516650 -0.17332700
1994 0.21173449 1.06697263
1995 -1.34753759 2.03138011
1996 -0.33129964 -0.02948305
1997 -1.24035429 -0.77565507
1998 2.08706096 0.34785179
1999 0.79484584 0.28641921
attr(,"TSmeta")
An object of class "TSmeta"
Slot "TSdescription":
[1] NA
Slot "TSdoc":
[1] NA
Slot "TSlabel":
[1] NA
Slot "serIDs":
[1] "matc1" "matc2"
Slot "conType":
[1] "TSfameConnection"
attr(,"package")
[1] "TSfame"
Slot "DateStamp":
[1] "2011-08-12 12:44:49 EDT"
Slot "dbname":
[1] "testvigFame.db" "testvigFame.db"
Slot "hasVintages":
```

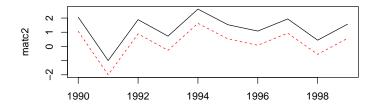
[1] FALSE

Slot "hasPanels":

[1] FALSE

> tfplot(z + 1, TSget(c("matc1", "matc2"), con), lty = c("solid", "dashed"), col = c("black", "red"))





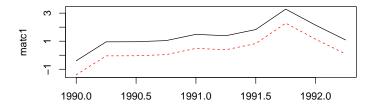
- > $z \leftarrow ts(matrix(rnorm(20), 10, 2), start = c(1990, 1), frequency = 4)$ > $seriesNames(z) \leftarrow c("matc1", "matc2")$
- > TSreplace(z, con)

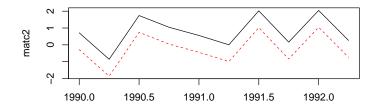
[1] TRUE

> TSget(c("matc1", "matc2"), con)

matc1 matc2
1990 Q1 -1.22780504 0.73695382
1990 Q2 0.68440681 1.41896871
1990 Q3 -0.26469659 0.46350069
1990 Q4 0.95842703 -0.02499647
1991 Q1 -0.99925285 -0.81056573
1991 Q2 0.74844132 -0.14564871

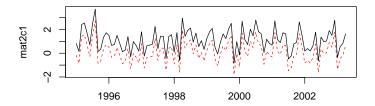
```
1991 Q3 -0.57409170 0.43829719
1991 Q4 0.99301571 1.20143116
1992 Q1 -0.18865540 1.08513901
1992 Q2 0.02024639 -0.04987060
attr(,"TSmeta")
An object of class "TSmeta"
Slot "TSdescription":
[1] NA
Slot "TSdoc":
[1] NA
Slot "TSlabel":
[1] NA
Slot "serIDs":
 [1] "matc1" "matc2"
Slot "conType":
 [1] "TSfameConnection"
attr(,"package")
 [1] "TSfame"
Slot "DateStamp":
 [1] "2011-08-12 12:44:49 EDT"
Slot "dbname":
[1] "testvigFame.db" "testvigFame.db"
Slot "hasVintages":
 [1] FALSE
Slot "hasPanels":
[1] FALSE
> tfplot(z + 1, TSget(c("matc1", "matc2"), con), lty = c("solid", lty = c("solid", lty = c("solid", lty = c("solid", lty = l
                          "dashed"), col = c("black", "red"))
```

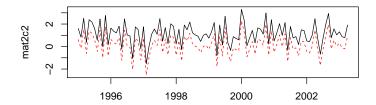




```
> z <- ts(matrix(rnorm(200), 100, 2), start = c(1995, 1), frequency = 12) > seriesNames(z) <- c("mat2c1", "mat2c2") > TSreplace(z, con)
```

> tfplot(z + 1, TSget(c("mat2c1", "mat2c2"), con), lty = c("solid", "dashed"), col = c("black", "red"))





The following extract information about the series from the database, although not much information has been added for these examples.

```
> TSmeta("mat2c1", con)
```

- > TSmeta("vec", con)
- > TSdates("vec", con)
- > TSdescription("vec", con)
- > TSdoc("vec", con)

Below are examples that make more use of TS description and codeTSdoc. Often it is convenient to set the default connection:

> options(TSconnection = con)

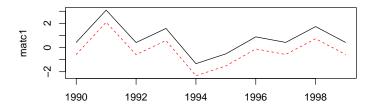
and then the con specification can be omitted from the function calls unless another connection is needed. The con can still be specified, and some examples below do specify it, just to illustrate the alternative syntax.

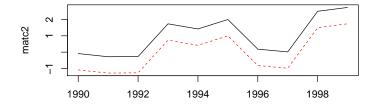
```
> z <- TSget("mat2c1")
> TSmeta("mat2c1")
An object of class "TSmeta"
Slot "TSdescription":
[1] "NA"
```

```
Slot "TSdoc":
[1] "NA"
Slot "TSlabel":
[1] NA
Slot "serIDs":
[1] "mat2c1"
Slot "conType":
[1] "TSfameConnection"
attr(,"package")
[1] "TSfame"
Slot "DateStamp":
[1] NA
Slot "dbname":
[1] "testvigFame.db"
Slot "hasVintages":
[1] FALSE
Slot "hasPanels":
[1] FALSE
```

Data documentation can be in two forms, a description specified by TSdescription or longer documentation specified by TSdoc. These can be added to the time series object, in which case they will be written to the database when TSput or TSreplace is used to put the series on the database. Alternatively, they can be specified as arguments to TSput or TSreplace. The description or documentation will be retrieved as part of the series object with TSget only if this is specified with the logical arguments TSdescription and TSdoc. They can also be retrieved directly from the database with the functions TSdescription and TSdoc.

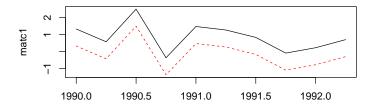
```
> zz <- TSget("Series1", con, TSdescription = TRUE, TSdoc = TRUE)
> start(zz)
 [1] 1990
                                           1
> end(zz)
 [1] 1999
                                           1
> TSdescription(zz)
 [1] "short rnorm series from testvigFame.db retrieved 2011-08-12 12:44:50"
> TSdoc(zz)
 [1] "Series created as an example in the vignette."
> TSdescription("Series1", con)
 [1] "short rnorm series"
> TSdoc("Series1", con)
[1] "Series created as an example in the vignette."
> z \leftarrow ts(rnorm(10), start = c(1990, 1), frequency = 1)
> seriesNames(z) <- "vec"
> TSreplace(z, con)
 [1] TRUE
> zz <- TSget("vec", con)
> z \leftarrow ts(matrix(rnorm(20), 10, 2), start = c(1990, 1), frequency = 1)
> seriesNames(z) <- c("matc1", "matc2")
> TSreplace(z, con)
 [1] TRUE
> tfplot(z + 1, TSget(c("matc1", "matc2"), con), lty = c("solid", lty = c("solid", lty = c("solid", lty = c("solid", lty = l
                      "dashed"), col = c("black", "red"))
```

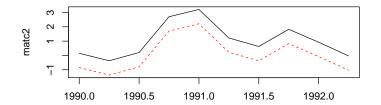




```
> z \leftarrow ts(matrix(rnorm(20), 10, 2), start = c(1990, 1), frequency = 4)
> seriesNames(z) \leftarrow c("matc1", "matc2")
> TSreplace(z, con)
```

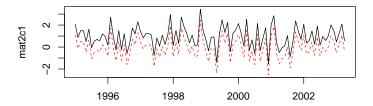
> tfplot(z + 1, TSget(c("matc1", "matc2"), con), lty = c("solid", "dashed"), col = c("black", "red"))

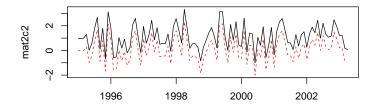




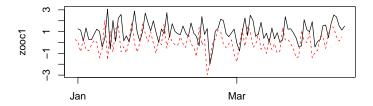
```
> z <- ts(matrix(rnorm(200), 100, 2), start = c(1995, 1), frequency = 12) > seriesNames(z) <- c("mat2c1", "mat2c2") > TSreplace(z, con)
```

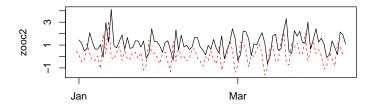
> tfplot(z + 1, TSget(c("mat2c1", "mat2c2"), con), lty = c("solid", "dashed"), col = c("black", "red"))





The following examples use dates and times which are not handled by ts, so the zoo time representation is used.





```
Beware that (as of Dec, 2010) there is a bug with weekly dates:
> z <- zoo(matrix(rnorm(200), 100, 2), as.Date("1990-01-01") +
      0:99 * 7)
> seriesNames(z) <- c("zooWc1", "zooWc2")</pre>
> TSreplace(z, con)
[1] TRUE
> z2 <- TSget(c("zooWc1", "zooWc2"), con)</pre>
> time(z)
  [1] "1990-01-01" "1990-01-08" "1990-01-15" "1990-01-22" "1990-01-29"
   \hbox{ [6] } \hbox{ "1990-02-05" "1990-02-12" "1990-02-19" "1990-02-26" "1990-03-05" } \\
  [11] \ "1990-03-12" \ "1990-03-19" \ "1990-03-26" \ "1990-04-02" \ "1990-04-09" 
 [16] "1990-04-16" "1990-04-23" "1990-04-30" "1990-05-07" "1990-05-14"
 [21] "1990-05-21" "1990-05-28" "1990-06-04" "1990-06-11" "1990-06-18"
 [26] "1990-06-25" "1990-07-02" "1990-07-09" "1990-07-16" "1990-07-23"
 [31] "1990-07-30" "1990-08-06" "1990-08-13" "1990-08-20" "1990-08-27"
 [36] "1990-09-03" "1990-09-10" "1990-09-17" "1990-09-24" "1990-10-01"
 [41] "1990-10-08" "1990-10-15" "1990-10-22" "1990-10-29" "1990-11-05"
 [46] "1990-11-12" "1990-11-19" "1990-11-26" "1990-12-03" "1990-12-10"
 [51] "1990-12-17" "1990-12-24" "1990-12-31" "1991-01-07" "1991-01-14"
```

[56] "1991-01-21" "1991-01-28" "1991-02-04" "1991-02-11" "1991-02-18"

```
[61] "1991-02-25" "1991-03-04" "1991-03-11" "1991-03-18" "1991-03-25" [66] "1991-04-01" "1991-04-08" "1991-04-15" "1991-04-22" "1991-04-29" [71] "1991-05-06" "1991-05-13" "1991-05-20" "1991-05-27" "1991-06-03" [76] "1991-06-10" "1991-06-17" "1991-06-24" "1991-07-01" "1991-07-08" [81] "1991-07-15" "1991-07-22" "1991-07-29" "1991-08-05" "1991-08-12" [86] "1991-08-19" "1991-08-26" "1991-09-02" "1991-09-09" "1991-09-16" [91] "1991-09-23" "1991-09-30" "1991-10-07" "1991-10-14" "1991-10-21" [96] "1991-10-28" "1991-11-04" "1991-11-11" "1991-11-18" "1991-11-25"
```

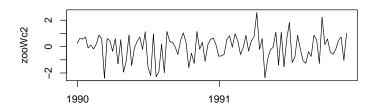
> time(z2)

```
[1] "1989-12-31" "1990-01-07" "1990-01-14" "1990-01-21" "1990-01-28"
 [6] "1990-02-04" "1990-02-11" "1990-02-18" "1990-02-25" "1990-03-04"
[11] "1990-03-11" "1990-03-18" "1990-03-25" "1990-04-01" "1990-04-08"
[16] "1990-04-15" "1990-04-22" "1990-04-29" "1990-05-06" "1990-05-13"
[21] "1990-05-20" "1990-05-27" "1990-06-03" "1990-06-10" "1990-06-17"
[26] "1990-06-24" "1990-07-01" "1990-07-08" "1990-07-15" "1990-07-22"
[31] "1990-07-29" "1990-08-05" "1990-08-12" "1990-08-19" "1990-08-26"
[36] "1990-09-02" "1990-09-09" "1990-09-16" "1990-09-23" "1990-09-30"
[41] "1990-10-07" "1990-10-14" "1990-10-21" "1990-10-28" "1990-11-04"
[46] "1990-11-11" "1990-11-18" "1990-11-25" "1990-12-02" "1990-12-09"
[51] "1990-12-16" "1990-12-23" "1990-12-30" "1991-01-06" "1991-01-13"
[56] "1991-01-20" "1991-01-27" "1991-02-03" "1991-02-10" "1991-02-17"
[61] "1991-02-24" "1991-03-03" "1991-03-10" "1991-03-17" "1991-03-24"
[66] "1991-03-31" "1991-04-07" "1991-04-14" "1991-04-21" "1991-04-28"
[71] "1991-05-05" "1991-05-12" "1991-05-19" "1991-05-26" "1991-06-02"
[76] "1991-06-09" "1991-06-16" "1991-06-23" "1991-06-30" "1991-07-07"
[81] "1991-07-14" "1991-07-21" "1991-07-28" "1991-08-04" "1991-08-11"
[86] "1991-08-18" "1991-08-25" "1991-09-01" "1991-09-08" "1991-09-15"
[91] "1991-09-22" "1991-09-29" "1991-10-06" "1991-10-13" "1991-10-20"
[96] "1991-10-27" "1991-11-03" "1991-11-10" "1991-11-17" "1991-11-24"
```

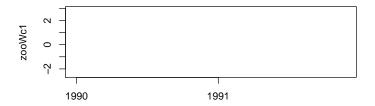
and while this works:

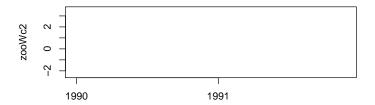
> tfplot(z2)





this may not:





3 Examples Using Web Data

This section illustrates fetching data from a web server and loading it into the database. This would be a very slow way to load a database, but provides examples of different kinds of time series data. The fetching is done with TShistQuote which provides a wrapper for get.hist.quote from package tseries to give syntax consistent with the TSdbi.

Fetching data may fail due to lack of an Interenet connection or delays.

The connection *con* established above to the database will be used to save data but, to make the use of the two connections more obvious, neither will be set as the default:

> options(TSconnection = NULL)

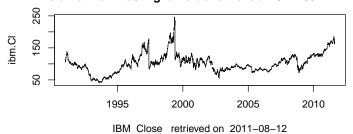
Now connect to the web server and fetch data:

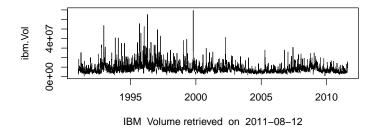
```
> require("TShistQuote")
> Yahoo <- TSconnect("histQuote", dbname = "yahoo")
> x <- TSget("^gspc", quote = "Close", con = Yahoo)
> plot(x)
> tfplot(x)
> TSrefperiod(x)
```

```
[1] "Close"
> TSdescription(x)
[1] "^gspc Close from yahoo"
> TSdoc(x)
[1] "^gspc Close from yahoo retrieved 2011-08-12 12:44:53"
  Then write the data to the local server, specifying table B for business day
data (using TSreplace in case the series is already there from running this ex-
ample previously):
> TSreplace(x, serIDs = "gspc", Table = "B", con = con)
[1] TRUE
  and check the saved version:
> TSrefperiod(TSget(serIDs = "gspc", con = con))
[1] "daily"
> TSdescription("gspc", con = con)
[1] "NA"
> TSdoc("gspc", con = con)
[1] "NA"
> tfplot(TSget(serIDs = "gspc", con = con))
```

- [1] "IBM Close from testvigFame.db retrieved 2011-08-12 12:44:57"
- [2] "IBM Volume from testvigFame.db retrieved 2011-08-12 12:44:57"
- > TSdoc(z)
- [1] "IBM Close retrieved on 2011-08-12"
- [2] "IBM Volume retrieved on 2011-08-12"
- > tfplot(z, xlab = TSdoc(z), Title = TSdescription(z))
- > tfplot(z, Title = "IBM", start = "2007-01-01")

IBM Close from testvigFame.db retrieved 2011-08-12 12:45:0 IBM Volume from testvigFame.db retrieved 2011-08-12 12:45:





> dbDisconnect(con)
> dbDisconnect(Yahoo)

3.1 Examples Using TSdbi with ets

These examples use a database called "ets" which is available at the Bank of Canada. This set of examples illustrates how the programs might be used if a larger database is available. Typically a large database would be installed using database scripts directly rather than from R with *TSput* or *TSreplace*.

The following are wrapped in if (!inherits(con, "try-error")) so that the vignette will build even when the database is not available. This seems to require an explicit call to print(), but that is not usually needed to display results below. Another artifact of this is that results printed in the if block do not display until the end of the block.

Assuming 'ets /home/ets/db/etsintoecd.db' is a Fame Server path due to white space. Assuming 'ets /home/ets/db/etsintoecd.db' is a Fame Server path due to white space.

```
Slot "TSdescription":
[1] "Special Drawing Right---Currency Conversions/US$ exchange rate/Average of daily rates/N
Slot "TSdoc":
[1] "Special Drawing Right---Currency Conversions/US$ exchange rate/Average of daily rates/N
Slot "TSlabel":
[1] NA
Slot "serIDs":
[1] "M.SDR.CCUSMA02.ST"
Slot "conType":
[1] "TSfameConnection"
attr(,"package")
[1] "TSfame"
Slot "DateStamp":
[1] NA
Slot "dbname":
[1] "ets /home/ets/db/etsintoecd.db"
Slot "hasVintages":
[1] FALSE
Slot "hasPanels":
[1] FALSE
The above connection is recognized to be a server because of the white space
between "ets" and the database name. This produces a warning message from
the fame package call, because it is guessing that a Fame server call is intended.
An alternative way to establish the connection is to explicitely indicate that
the server functionality is to be used:
> conServer <- try(TSconnect("fameServer", dbname = "/home/ets/db/etsintoecd.db",
      service = "2959", host = "ets", user = "", password = "",
      stopOnFail = TRUE))
> if (!inherits(conServer, "try-error")) {
      print(TSmeta("M.SDR.CCUSMA02.ST", con = conServer))
  }
An object of class "TSmeta"
Slot "TSdescription":
[1] "Special Drawing Right---Currency Conversions/US$ exchange rate/Average of daily rates/N
```

An object of class "TSmeta"

```
Slot "TSlabel":
[1] NA
Slot "serIDs":
[1] "M.SDR.CCUSMA02.ST"
Slot "conType":
[1] "TSfameServerConnection"
attr(,"package")
[1] "TSfame"
Slot "DateStamp":
[1] NA
Slot "dbname":
[1] "/home/ets/db/etsintoecd"
Slot "hasVintages":
[1] FALSE
Slot "hasPanels":
[1] FALSE
  This does not give the warning message, and for that reason will be used
below, but they are interchangable.
> if (!inherits(conServer, "try-error")) {
      options(TSconnection = conServer)
      print(TSmeta("M.SDR.CCUSMA02.ST"))
      "M.CAN.CCUSMA02.ST", "CAN/USD exchange rate", "M.MEX.CCUSMA02.ST", "MEX/USD exchange rate", "M.JPN.CCUSMA02.ST", "JPN/USD exchange rate",
          "M.EMU.CCUSMA02.ST", "Euro/USD exchange rate", "M.OTO.CCUSMA02.ST",
          "OECD /USD exchange rate", "M.G7M.CCUSMA02.ST", "G7
                                                                  /USD exchange rate",
          "M.E15.CCUSMA02.ST", "Euro 15. /USD exchange rate"),
          2, 8))
      print(TSdates(EXCH.IDs[, 1]))
      z <- TSdates(EXCH.IDs[, 1])</pre>
      print(start(z))
      print(end(z))
      tfplot(TSget(serIDs = "M.CAN.CCUSMA02.ST", conServer), ylab = "CDN dollors per US doll
          Title = "Canada - U.S. Exchange Rate")
  }
```

[1] "Special Drawing Right---Currency Conversions/US\$ exchange rate/Average of daily rates/N

Slot "TSdoc":

```
An object of class "TSmeta"
Slot "TSdescription":
[1] "Special Drawing Right---Currency Conversions/US$ exchange rate/Average of daily rates/N
Slot "TSdoc":
[1] "Special Drawing Right---Currency Conversions/US$ exchange rate/Average of daily rates/N
Slot "TSlabel":
[1] NA
Slot "serIDs":
[1] "M.SDR.CCUSMA02.ST"
Slot "conType":
[1] "TSfameServerConnection"
attr(,"package")
[1] "TSfame"
Slot "DateStamp":
[1] NA
Slot "dbname":
[1] "/home/ets/db/etsintoecd"
Slot "hasVintages":
[1] FALSE
Slot "hasPanels":
[1] FALSE
     [,1]
[1,] "M.SDR.CCUSMA02.ST from 1960 1 to 2011 7
                                                     12"
[2,] "M.CAN.CCUSMA02.ST from 1960 1 to 2011 7
                                                     12"
[3,] "M.MEX.CCUSMA02.ST from 1963 1 to 2011 7
                                                     12"
[4,] "M.JPN.CCUSMA02.ST from 1960 1 to 2011 7
                                                     12"
[5,] "M.EMU.CCUSMA02.ST from 1979 1 to 2011 7
                                                     12"
[6,] "M.OTO.CCUSMAO2.ST not available"
[7,] "M.G7M.CCUSMA02.ST not available"
[8,] "M.E15.CCUSMA02.ST not available"
[[1]]
[1] 1960
            1
[[2]]
[1] 1960
            1
[[3]]
```

[1] 1963 1

[[4]]

[1] 1960 1

[[5]]

[1] 1979 1

[[6]]

[1] NA

[[7]]

[1] NA

[[8]]

[1] NA

F F 4 7 7

[[1]] [1] 2011 7

[[2]] [1] 2011

7

[[3]] [1] 2011 7

[[4]] [1] 2011 7

[[5]]

[1] 2011 7

[[6]]

[1] NA

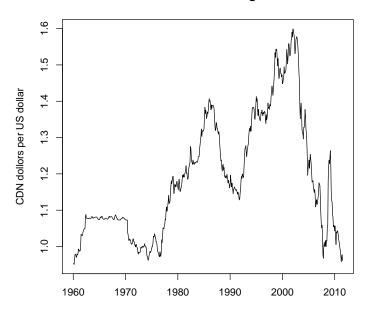
[[7]]

[1] NA

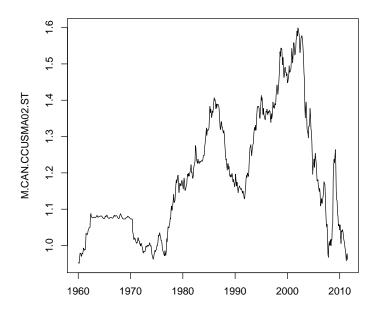
[[8]]

[1] NA

Canada - U.S. Exchange Rate

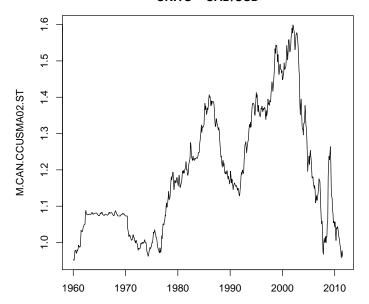


[1] "CANADA---Currency Conversions/US\$ exchange rate/Average of daily rates/National currency

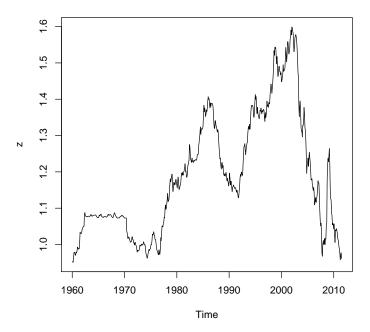


```
> if (!inherits(conServer, "try-error")) {
    z <- TSget("M.CAN.CCUSMA02.ST", TSdescription = TRUE)
    tfplot(z, Title = strsplit(TSdescription(z), "//")[[1]][1:2])
}</pre>
```

of daily rates/National currency:USD---CAN CAD/USD exchange UNITS = CAD/USD



```
> if (!inherits(conServer, "try-error")) {
      plot(z)
}
```



```
> if (!inherits(conServer, "try-error")) {
     options(TSconnection = NULL)
}
```

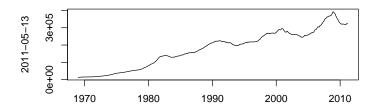
Finally, dbDisconnect closes the connection if it is a Fame Server connect, and does nothing otherwise, but is provided for compatability with other connections.

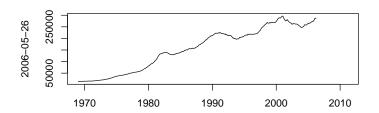
```
> dbDisconnect(conets)
> dbDisconnect(conServer)
> dbDisconnect(con)
> options(TSconnection = NULL)
```

A simple mechanism for accessing vintages of data stored in different Fame databases is available as illustrated by the following examples.

```
tfplot(z)
options(TSconnection = conetsV)
z <- TSget("V122646")
z <- TSget(c("V122646", "V122647"))
tfplot(z)
dbDisconnect(conetsV)
}</pre>
```

Assuming 'ets /home/ets5/mfadata/etsmfacansim_20110513.db' is a Fame Server path due to whit Assuming 'ets /home/ets5/mfadata/etsmfacansim_20060526.db' is a Fame Server path due to whit Assuming 'ets /home/ets5/mfadata/etsmfacansim_20110513.db' is a Fame Server path due to whit Assuming 'ets /home/ets5/mfadata/etsmfacansim_20110513.db' is a Fame Server path due to whit Assuming 'ets /home/ets5/mfadata/etsmfacansim_20110513.db' is a Fame Server path due to whit [1] TRUE





```
"2006-05-26"))
tfplot(r)
dbDisconnect(conServerV)
}
```

