

# Deep Generative Models

## Lecture 13

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# Outline

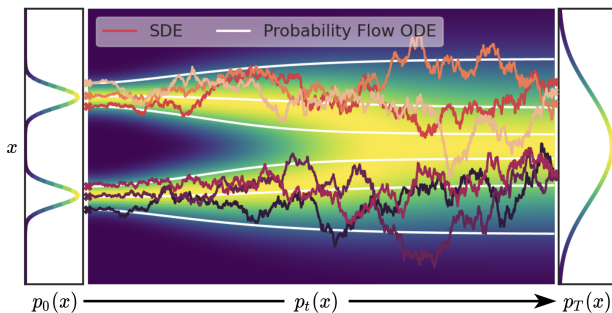
## Recap of previous lecture

$d\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}, t)dt + g(t)d\mathbf{w}$  – SDE with probability path  $p(\mathbf{x}, t)$

### Probability flow ODE

There exists ODE with identical probability path  $p(\mathbf{x}, t)$  of the form

$$d\mathbf{x} = \left[ \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}, t) - \frac{1}{2}g^2(t)\frac{\partial}{\partial \mathbf{x}} \log p(\mathbf{x}, t) \right] dt$$



Song Y., et al. *Score-Based Generative Modeling through Stochastic Differential Equations*, 2020

## Recap of previous lecture

$$d\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}, t)dt, \quad \mathbf{x}(t + dt) = \mathbf{x}(t) + \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}, t)dt$$

### Reverse ODE

Let  $\tau = 1 - t$  ( $d\tau = -dt$ ).

$$d\mathbf{x} = -\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}, 1 - \tau)d\tau$$

### Reverse SDE

There exists the reverse SDE for the SDE  $d\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}, t)dt + g(t)d\mathbf{w}$  that has the following form

$$d\mathbf{x} = \left( \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}, t) - g^2(t) \frac{\partial \log p(\mathbf{x}, t)}{\partial \mathbf{x}} \right) dt + g(t)d\mathbf{w}, \quad dt < 0$$

### Sketch of the proof

- ▶ Convert initial SDE to probability flow ODE.
- ▶ Revert probability flow ODE.
- ▶ Convert reverse probability flow ODE to reverse SDE.

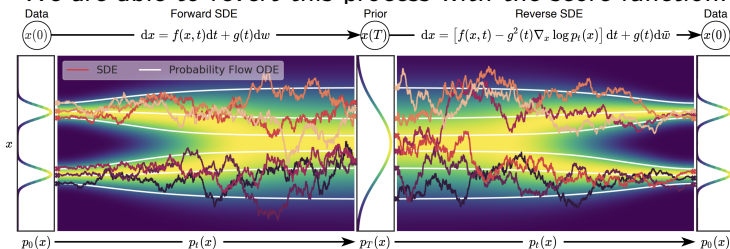
## Recap of previous lecture

$$d\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}, t)dt + g(t)d\mathbf{w} - \text{SDE}$$

$$d\mathbf{x} = \left[ \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}, t) - \frac{1}{2}g^2(t)\frac{\partial}{\partial \mathbf{x}} \log p(\mathbf{x}, t) \right] dt - \text{probability flow ODE}$$

$$d\mathbf{x} = \left( \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}, t) - g^2(t)\frac{\partial \log p(\mathbf{x}, t)}{\partial \mathbf{x}} \right) dt + g(t)d\mathbf{w} - \text{reverse SDE}$$

- ▶ We got the way to transform one distribution to another via SDE with some probability path  $p(\mathbf{x}, t)$ .
- ▶ We are able to revert this process with the score function.



## Recap of previous lecture

$$d\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}, t)dt + g(t)d\mathbf{w}$$

### Variance Exploding SDE (NCSN)

$$d\mathbf{x} = \sqrt{\frac{d[\sigma^2(t)]}{dt}} \cdot d\mathbf{w}, \quad \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}, t) = 0, \quad g(t) = \sqrt{\frac{d[\sigma^2(t)]}{dt}}$$

Variance grows since  $\sigma(t)$  is a monotonically increasing function.

### Variance Preserving SDE (DDPM)

$$d\mathbf{x} = -\frac{1}{2}\beta(t)\mathbf{x}(t)dt + \sqrt{\beta(t)} \cdot d\mathbf{w}$$

$$\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}, t) = -\frac{1}{2}\beta(t)\mathbf{x}(t), \quad g(t) = \sqrt{\beta(t)}$$

Variance is preserved if  $\mathbf{x}(0)$  has a unit variance.

# Summary

