```
In [1]: # importing mysql.connector to use python+sql
        import mysql.connector as sql
In [2]: # establishing coonection betwwen python+sql
        connection = sql.connect(host='localhost',user='root',password='.....')
        connection
        <mysql.connector.connection cext.CMySQLConnection at 0x275546d76a0>
Out[2]:
In [3]: # creating cursor to hold result of guery execution
        cursor = connection.cursor()
In [4]: # cursor.execute() method executes the command
        cursor.execute("show databases")
        for x in cursor:
             print(x)
        ('codespyder',)
        ('information schema',)
        ('internship',)
        ('mysql',)
        ('performance schema',)
        ('pysupportdb',)
        ('sakila',)
        ('sys',)
        ('world',)
In [5]: # cursor.execute() method executes the command
        cursor.execute("use codespyder")
In [6]: # cursor.execute() method executes the command
        cursor.execute("show tables")
In [7]: # cursor.fetchall() method return all the rows(values)
        cursor.fetchall()
Out[7]: [('bonus',), ('title',), ('worker',)]
In [ ]: # Creating table
        # you have to provide every line in ""(quotes) while writing sql query
```

```
cursor.execute("CREATE TABLE Worker (WORKER ID INT PRIMARY KEY, FIRST NAME VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,"
                        "LAST NAME VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL, SALARY INT,"
                          "JOINING DATE DATETIME, DEPARTMENT VARCHAR(10))")
         # cursor.ecxecute("CREATE TABLE Worker (WORKER ID INT PRIMARY KEY, FIRST NAME VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL, LAST_NAME VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
In [ ]: # Inserting values into table
         # query for insert
         query = "INSERT INTO Worker (WORKER ID, FIRST NAME, LAST NAME, SALARY, JOINING DATE, DEPARTMENT) VALUES (%s, %s, %s, %s, %s, %s, %s)"
         # values provided into list to insert
         value = [(1, 'Monika', 'Arora', 100000, '2014-02-20 09:00:00', 'HR'),
                  (2, 'Niharika', 'Verma', 80000, '2014-06-11 09:00:00', 'Admin'),
                  (3,'Vishal','Singhal',300000,'2014-02-20 09:00:00','HR'),
                  (4, 'Amitabh', 'Singh', 500000, '2014-02-20 09:00:00', 'Admin'),
                  (5,'Vivek','Bhati',500000,'2014-06-11 09:00:00','Admin'),
                  (6, 'Vipul', 'Diwan', 200000, '2014-06-11 09:00:00', 'Account'),
                  (7, 'Satish', 'Kumar', 75000, '2014-01-20 09:00:00', 'Account'),
                  (8,'Geetika','Chauhan',90000,'2014-04-11 09:00:00','Admin')]
         # To enter multiple records into table
         cursor.executemany(query,value)
        cursor.execute("CREATE TABLE Bonus(WORKER REF ID INT NOT NULL, BONUS DATE DATETIME, BONUS AMOUNT INT)")
In [ ]: query = "INSERT INTO Bonus(WORKER REF ID, BONUS DATE, BONUS AMOUNT) VALUES (%s, %s, %s)"
         value = [(1, '2016-02-20 \ 00:00:00', 5000),
                  (2,'2016-06-11 00:00:00',3000),
                  (3,'2016-02-20 00:00:00',4000),
                  (1, '2016-02-20 00:00:00', 4500),
                  (2,'2016-06-11 00:00:00',3500)]
         cursor.executemany(query,value)
        cursor.execute("CREATE TABLE Title (WORKER REF ID INT NOT NULL, WORKER TITLE VARCHAR(20), AFFECTED FROM DATETIME)")
In [ ]:
In [ ]: query = "INSERT INTO Title (WORKER REF ID, WORKER TITLE, AFFECTED FROM) VALUES (%s, %s, %s)"
         value = [(1, 'Manager', '2016-02-20 00:00:00'),
                  (2, 'Executive', '2016-06-11 00:00:00'),
                  (8, 'Executive', '2016-06-11 00:00:00'),
                  (5, 'Manager', '2016-06-11 00:00:00'),
                  (4, 'Asst. Manager', '2016-06-11 00:00:00'),
                  (7, 'Executive', '2016-06-11 00:00:00'),
                  (6, 'Lead', '2016-06-11 00:00:00'),
```

```
(3,'Lead','2016-06-11 00:00:00')]
          cursor.executemany(query,value)
 In [8]: # execute the command
         # AS is used to give alias name
         cursor.execute("SELECT FIRST_NAME AS 'WORKER_NAME' FROM Worker")
In [9]: # return all the values executed by command
          cursor.fetchall()
Out[9]: [('Monika',),
          ('Niharika',),
          ('Vishal',),
           ('Amitabh',),
          ('Vivek',),
           ('Vipul',),
          ('Satish',),
          ('Geetika',)]
In [10]: # upper() used to typecast in uppercase
         cursor.execute("SELECT upper(FIRST NAME) FROM Worker")
         cursor.fetchall()
         [('MONIKA',),
Out[10]:
          ('NIHARIKA',),
          ('VISHAL',),
           ('AMITABH',),
          ('VIVEK',),
          ('VIPUL',),
          ('SATISH',),
          ('GEETIKA',)]
In [11]: # distict is used find unique values
         cursor.execute("SELECT DISTINCT DEPARTMENT FROM Worker")
          cursor.fetchall()
         [('HR',), ('Admin',), ('Account',)]
Out[11]:
In [12]: # substring() is used to find substring
         # substring(string name, start position, length of substring)
         cursor.execute("SELECT substring(FIRST NAME,1,3) FROM Worker")
          cursor.fetchall()
```

```
Out[12]: [('Mon',),
          ('Nih',),
          ('Vis',),
          ('Ami',),
          ('Viv',),
          ('Vip',),
          ('Sat',),
          ('Gee',)]
In [13]: # Length() is used to find Length of string
          cursor.execute("SELECT DISTINCT DEPARTMENT, length(DEPARTMENT) FROM Worker")
          cursor.fetchall()
         [('HR', 2), ('Admin', 5), ('Account', 7)]
Out[13]:
In [14]: # concat() used to concat values of column
          cursor.execute("SELECT concat(FIRST NAME,' ',LAST NAME) AS COMPLETE NAME FROM Worker")
          # *, gives whole table
          # cursor.executabse("SELECT *, concat(FIRST NAME,' ',LAST NAME) AS COMPLETE NAME FROM Worker")
          cursor.fetchall()
Out[14]: [('Monika Arora',),
          ('Niharika Verma',),
          ('Vishal Singhal',),
           ('Amitabh Singh',),
           ('Vivek Bhati',),
           ('Vipul Diwan',),
           ('Satish Kumar',),
           ('Geetika Chauhan',)]
In [15]: # order by clause use for sorting data
          # order by is by default in ascending order
          cursor.execute("SELECT * FROM Worker ORDER BY FIRST NAME")
          cursor.fetchall()
```

```
[(4,
            'Amitabh',
            'Singh',
            500000,
           datetime.datetime(2014, 2, 20, 9, 0),
            'Admin'),
           (8,
            'Geetika',
            'Chauhan',
            90000,
           datetime.datetime(2014, 4, 11, 9, 0),
            'Admin'),
           (1, 'Monika', 'Arora', 100000, datetime.datetime(2014, 2, 20, 9, 0), 'HR'),
          (2,
            'Niharika',
            'Verma',
            80000,
           datetime.datetime(2014, 6, 11, 9, 0),
            'Admin'),
           (7,
            'Satish',
            'Kumar',
            75000,
           datetime.datetime(2014, 1, 20, 9, 0),
            'Account'),
           (6,
            'Vipul',
            'Diwan',
            200000,
           datetime.datetime(2014, 6, 11, 9, 0),
            'Account'),
           (3, 'Vishal', 'Singhal', 300000, datetime.datetime(2014, 2, 20, 9, 0), 'HR'),
          (5, 'Vivek', 'Bhati', 500000, datetime.datetime(2014, 6, 11, 9, 0), 'Admin')]
In [16]: # order by is use for sorting data
          # DESC is use to sort data in descending order
          cursor.execute("SELECT * FROM Worker ORDER BY FIRST NAME ASC, DEPARTMENT DESC")
          cursor.fetchall()
```

```
[(4,
Out[16]:
            'Amitabh',
            'Singh',
            500000,
            datetime.datetime(2014, 2, 20, 9, 0),
            'Admin'),
           (8,
            'Geetika',
            'Chauhan',
            90000,
           datetime.datetime(2014, 4, 11, 9, 0),
            'Admin'),
           (1, 'Monika', 'Arora', 100000, datetime.datetime(2014, 2, 20, 9, 0), 'HR'),
           (2,
            'Niharika',
            'Verma',
            80000,
            datetime.datetime(2014, 6, 11, 9, 0),
            'Admin'),
           (7,
            'Satish',
            'Kumar',
            75000,
            datetime.datetime(2014, 1, 20, 9, 0),
            'Account'),
           (6,
            'Vipul',
            'Diwan',
            200000,
            datetime.datetime(2014, 6, 11, 9, 0),
            'Account'),
           (3, 'Vishal', 'Singhal', 300000, datetime.datetime(2014, 2, 20, 9, 0), 'HR'),
           (5, 'Vivek', 'Bhati', 500000, datetime.datetime(2014, 6, 11, 9, 0), 'Admin')]
In [17]: # WHERE clause is use to select data (filter data)
          cursor.execute("SELECT * FROM Worker WHERE FIRST NAME='Vipul' OR FIRST NAME='Satish'")
          cursor.fetchall()
```

```
[(6,
            'Vipul',
            'Diwan',
            200000,
           datetime.datetime(2014, 6, 11, 9, 0),
            'Account'),
           (7,
            'Satish',
            'Kumar',
           75000,
           datetime.datetime(2014, 1, 20, 9, 0),
            'Account')]
In [18]: cursor.execute("SELECT * FROM Worker WHERE DEPARTMENT='Admin'")
          cursor.fetchall()
         [(2,
Out[18]:
            'Niharika',
            'Verma',
            80000,
           datetime.datetime(2014, 6, 11, 9, 0),
            'Admin'),
           (4,
            'Amitabh',
            'Singh',
            500000,
           datetime.datetime(2014, 2, 20, 9, 0),
            'Admin'),
          (5, 'Vivek', 'Bhati', 500000, datetime.datetime(2014, 6, 11, 9, 0), 'Admin'),
          (8,
            'Geetika',
            'Chauhan',
            90000,
           datetime.datetime(2014, 4, 11, 9, 0),
            'Admin')]
In [19]: # LIKE clause is use to compare 'a%' - gives string starting with a
          cursor.execute("SELECT * FROM Worker WHERE FIRST NAME LIKE 'a%'")
          cursor.fetchall()
```

```
Out[19]:
            'Amitabh',
            'Singh',
            500000,
            datetime.datetime(2014, 2, 20, 9, 0),
            'Admin')]
In [20]: # LIKE clause is use to compare '%h' - gives string ending with h
          cursor.execute("SELECT * FROM Worker WHERE FIRST NAME LIKE '%h' AND length(FIRST NAME)=6")
          cursor.fetchall()
Out[20]: [(7,
            'Satish',
            'Kumar',
            75000,
            datetime.datetime(2014, 1, 20, 9, 0),
            'Account')]
In [21]: cursor.execute("SELECT * FROM Worker WHERE SALARY>=100000 AND SALARY<=500000")
          cursor.fetchall()
Out[21]: [(1, 'Monika', 'Arora', 100000, datetime.datetime(2014, 2, 20, 9, 0), 'HR'),
          (3, 'Vishal', 'Singhal', 300000, datetime.datetime(2014, 2, 20, 9, 0), 'HR'),
           (4,
            'Amitabh',
            'Singh',
            500000,
            datetime.datetime(2014, 2, 20, 9, 0),
            'Admin'),
           (5, 'Vivek', 'Bhati', 500000, datetime.datetime(2014, 6, 11, 9, 0), 'Admin'),
           (6,
            'Vipul',
            'Diwan',
            200000,
            datetime.datetime(2014, 6, 11, 9, 0),
            'Account')]
In [22]: cursor.execute("SELECT FIRST NAME, LAST NAME FROM Worker WHERE SALARY<=100000 AND SALARY>=50000")
          cursor.fetchall()
Out[22]: [('Monika', 'Arora'),
           ('Niharika', 'Verma'),
          ('Satish', 'Kumar'),
           ('Geetika', 'Chauhan')]
```