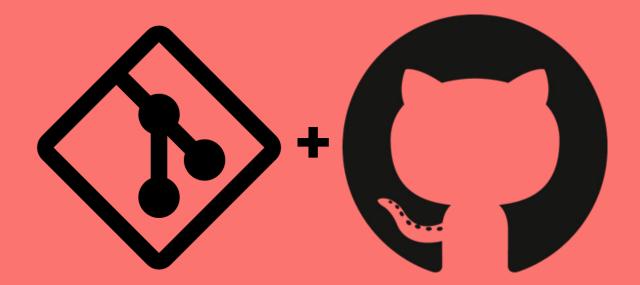
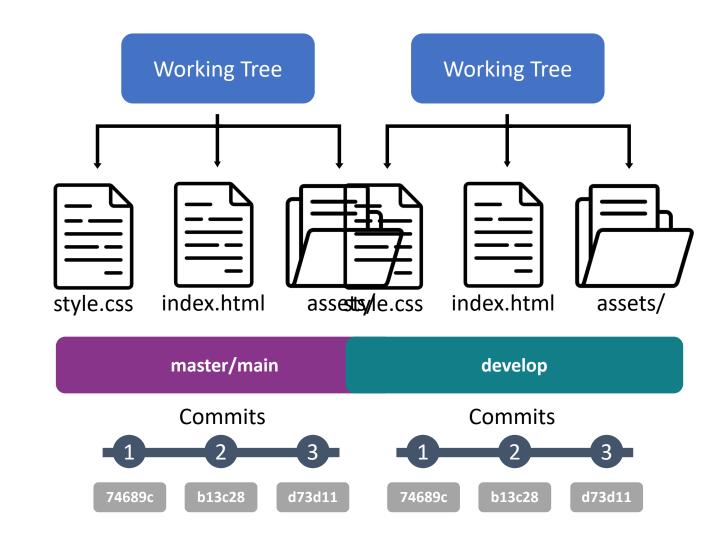
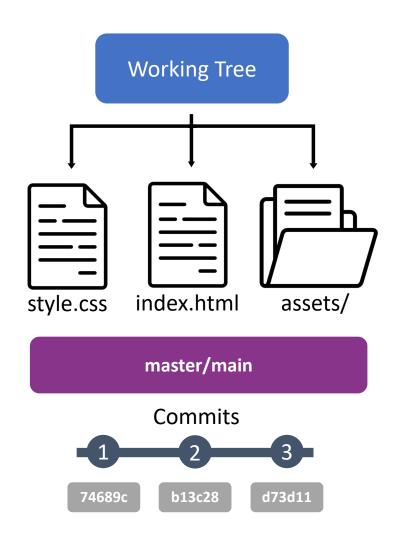
Git Branches

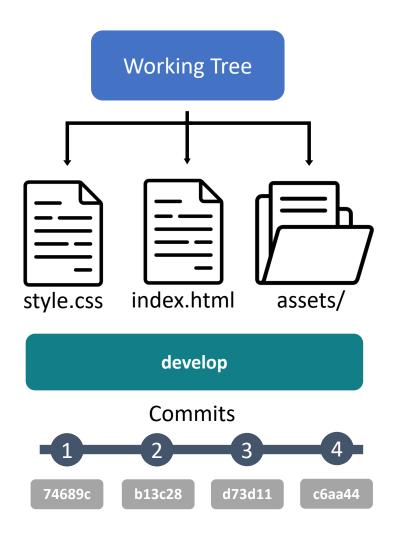


In Practice



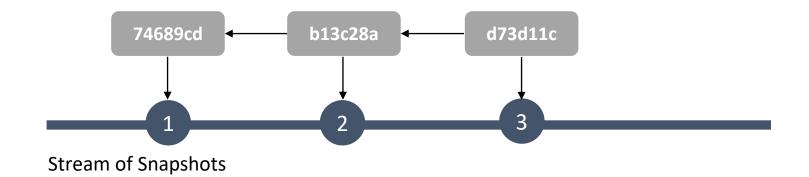


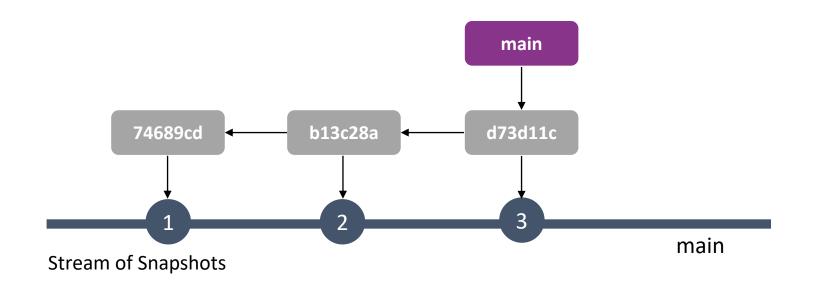


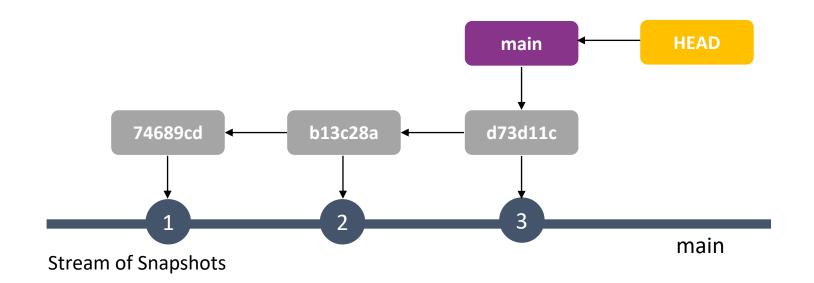


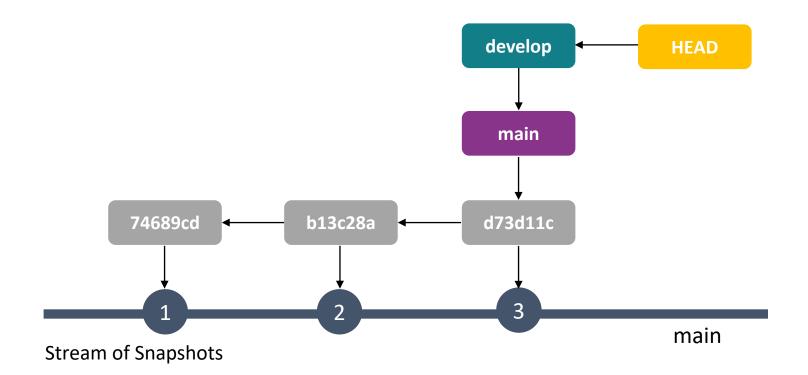
- 1. A branch represents an independent line of development
- 2. It is a set of code changes grouped together with a unique name
- 3. The implementation behind Git branches is more lightweight than other version control systems

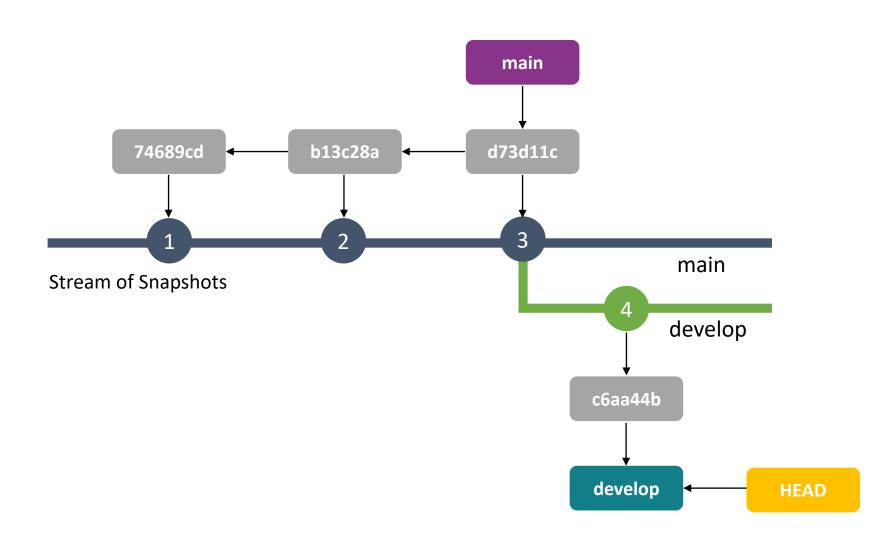
- 4. Git branches are effectively a pointer to a snapshot of your changes
- 5. Instead of copying files one by one, Git stores a branch as a reference to a commit











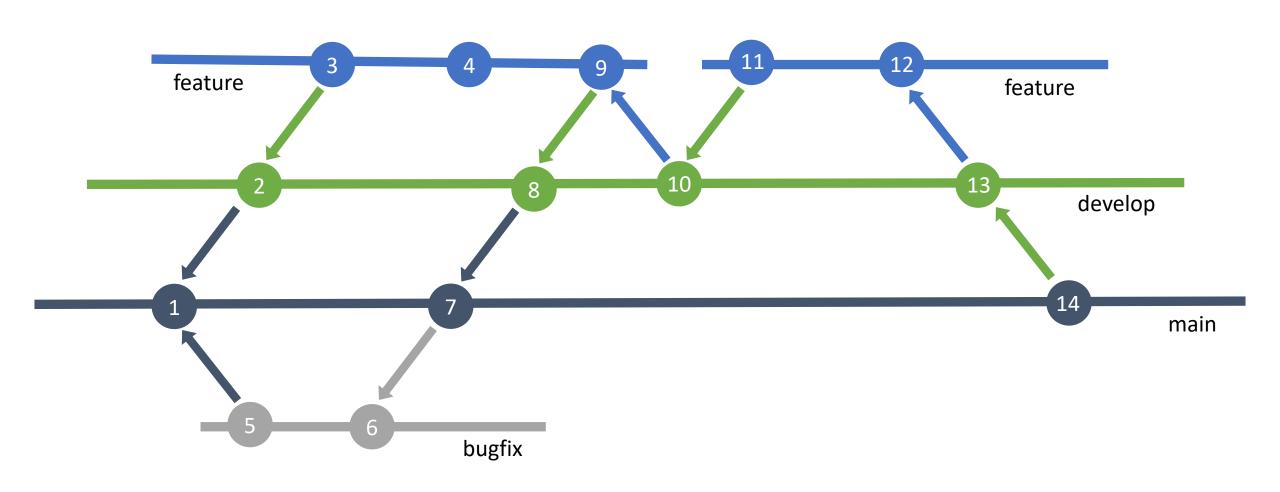
- 1. A HEAD is a reference which points to where you are now
- 2. HEAD points to either a specified branch or a commit
- 3. HEAD typically moves along with each new commit made in a branch

- 4. Internally, HEAD is a file stored under the top level .git/
- 5. It contains the path to
 - a. a branch in refs/or
 - b. a commit under objects/
- 6. References are stored under .git/refs/*/

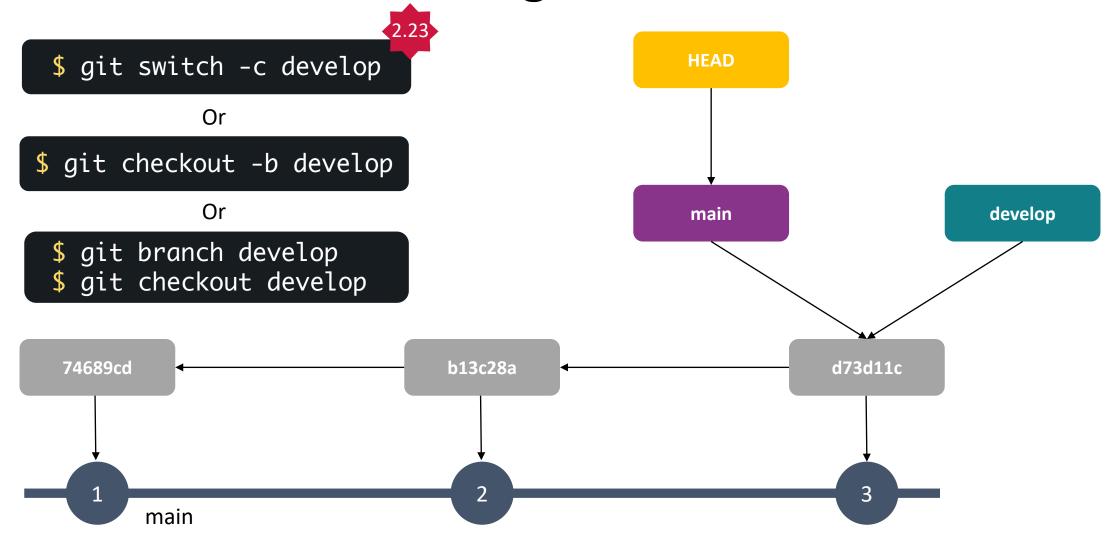


HEAD refs under .git/	When
HEAD	Created by default. Contains the currently checked-out branch or commit
ORIG_HEAD	Created before drastic changes to history happen—e.g., reset, rebase. Contains a backup reference to previous state of HEAD
FETCH_HEAD	Created when fetching from a remote repo. Contains the most recently fetched branch
MERGE_HEAD	Created during a merge. Contains the commits (other commit) to be merged into the current branch
CHERRYPICK_HEAD	Created during a cherrypick. Contains the commit ID to be cherry picked

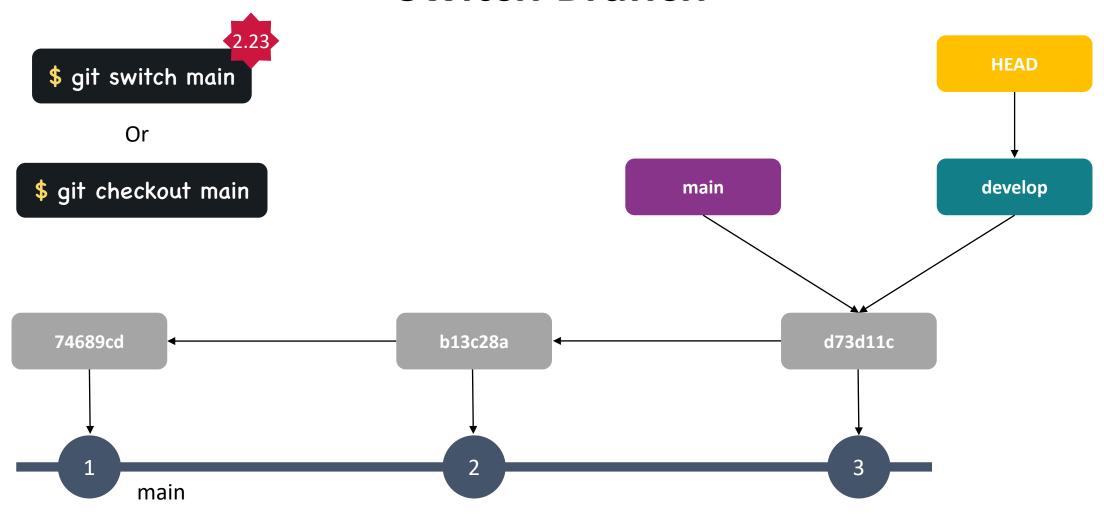
A Typical "Branched" Repo



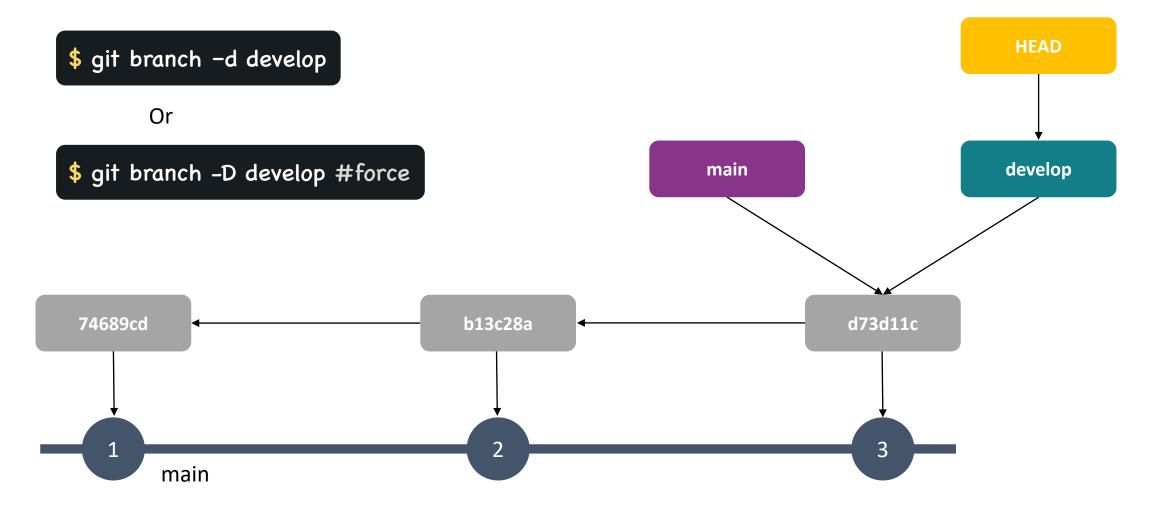
Creating A Branch



Switch Branch



Delete A Branch



Let us practice

```
• • •
COMMIT_EDITMSG
HEAD
config
hooks
logs
objects
refs
```

```
→ project-1$ git branch
* develop
main

→ project-1$ cat ./.git/HEAD
ref: refs/heads/develop

→ project-1$ cat ./.git/refs/heads/develop
7e051346a7fc41a96d1fcdcb5300da38542b5c9f # commit ID
```