

# Project 1

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RACHEL WEBER

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# Background

## The Data:

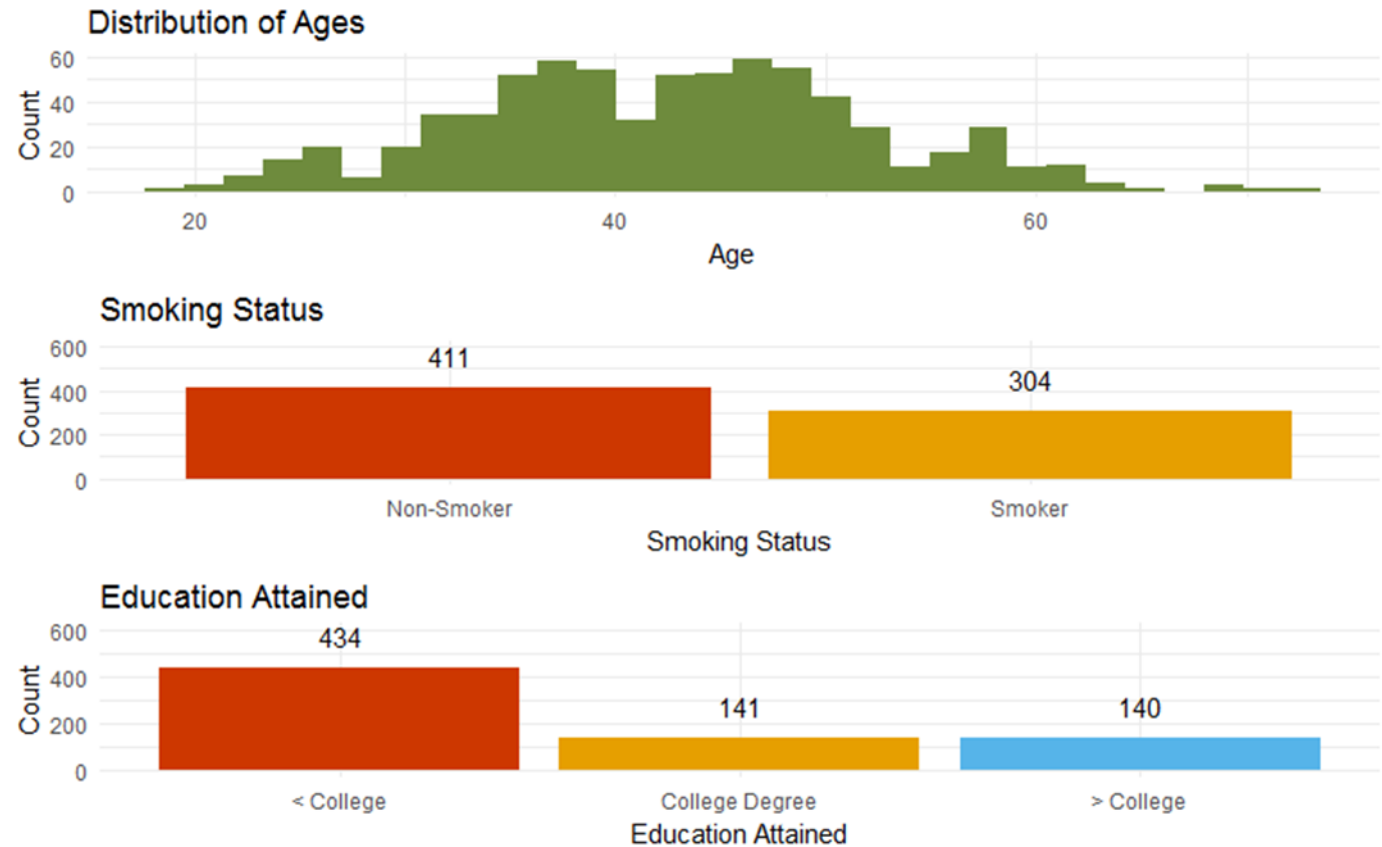
- Prospective study on natural and treated histories of HIV-1 infected men with up to 8 years of data both from lab tests and quality of life assessments
- Subjects were seen annually after beginning HAART
- After data cleaning 474 patients remained, all of which had complete lab test data. 468 had complete QOL data

## Question of Interest:

*How does treatment response differ from year 0 to year 2 between patients who report hard drug use at baseline and those who do not?*

## Hypothesis:

*Drug users may have poor treatment response necessitating more aggressive treatment strategies or enrollment in drug rehabilitation programs*



# Analysis Plan

## Model Formulas

### 1. Viral Load

- Model:  $\Delta \log(vload) = drugs_{baseline} + age + bmi + adh_{year2} + race + education + smoke_{baseline} + \log(vload_{baseline})$

### 2. T-Cell Count

- Model:  $\Delta tcell = drugs_{baseline} + age + bmi + adh_{year2} + race + education + smoke_{baseline} + \log(tcell_{baseline})$

### 3. Physical Health

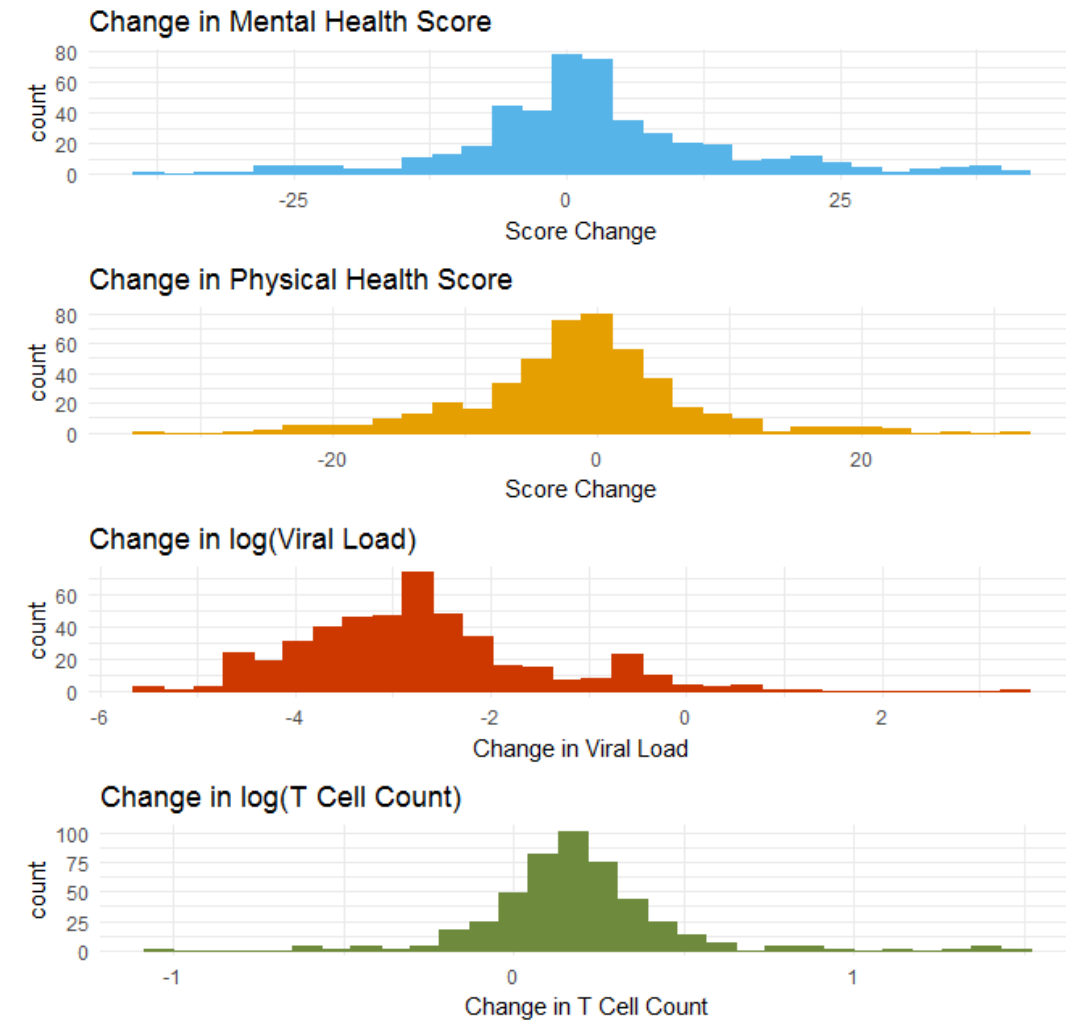
- Model:  $\Delta health = drugs_{baseline} + age + bmi + adh_{year2} + race + education + smoke_{baseline} + health_{baseline}$

### 4. Mental Health

- Model:  $\Delta health = drugs_{baseline} + age + bmi + adh_{year2} + race + education + smoke_{baseline} + health_{baseline}$

## Bayesian Priors

- All priors were uninformative with mean = 0 and variance between 1000 and 1,000,000
  - This enabled the data to provide most of the posterior information
- T-Cell count, physical health, and mental health all had changes centered at 0 (right)
  - Viral load had mean = -2 but the prior distribution covered its variance well



# Results - CD4+ Count

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Average change: 1.354 log unit

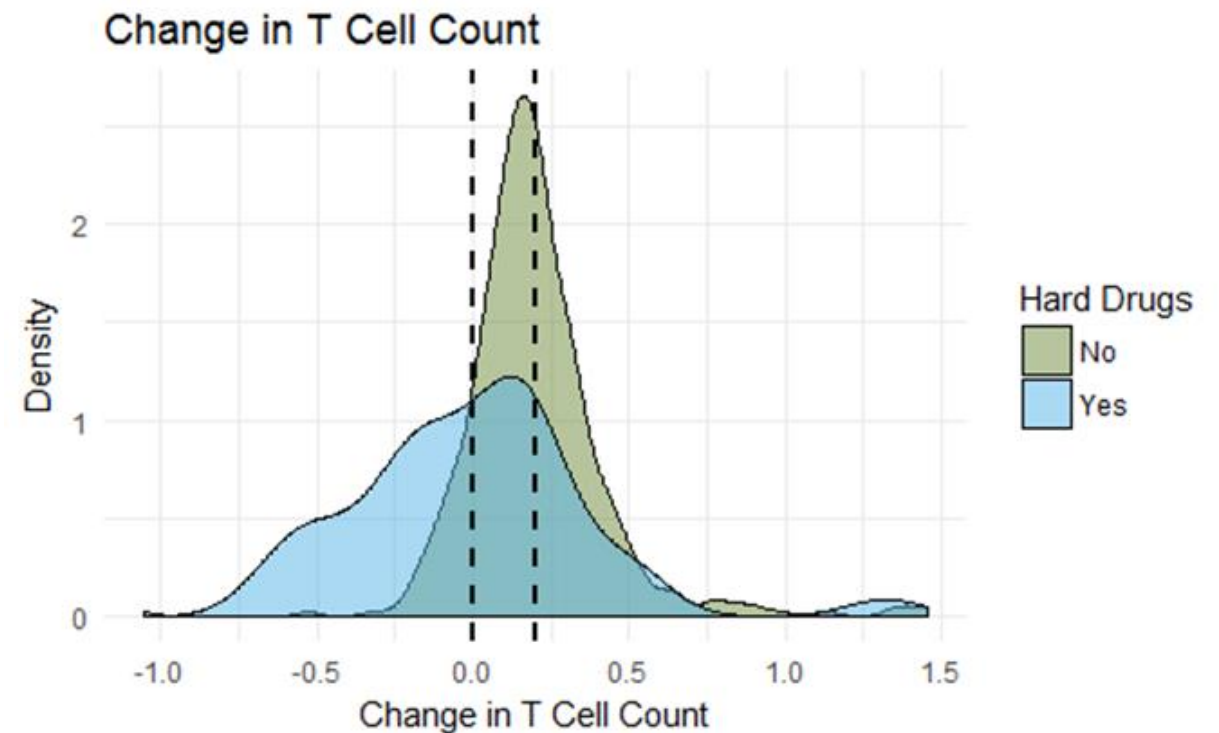
Average for drug users: 1.14 log units

- 95% CI: 1.074-1.204

Frequentist and Bayesian models agreed almost perfectly

## Conclusion:

Hard Drug use decreases the CD4+ count improvement seen in patients over 2 years of participation in the HAART regimen.



# Results - Physical Health

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Average change: 17 point increase

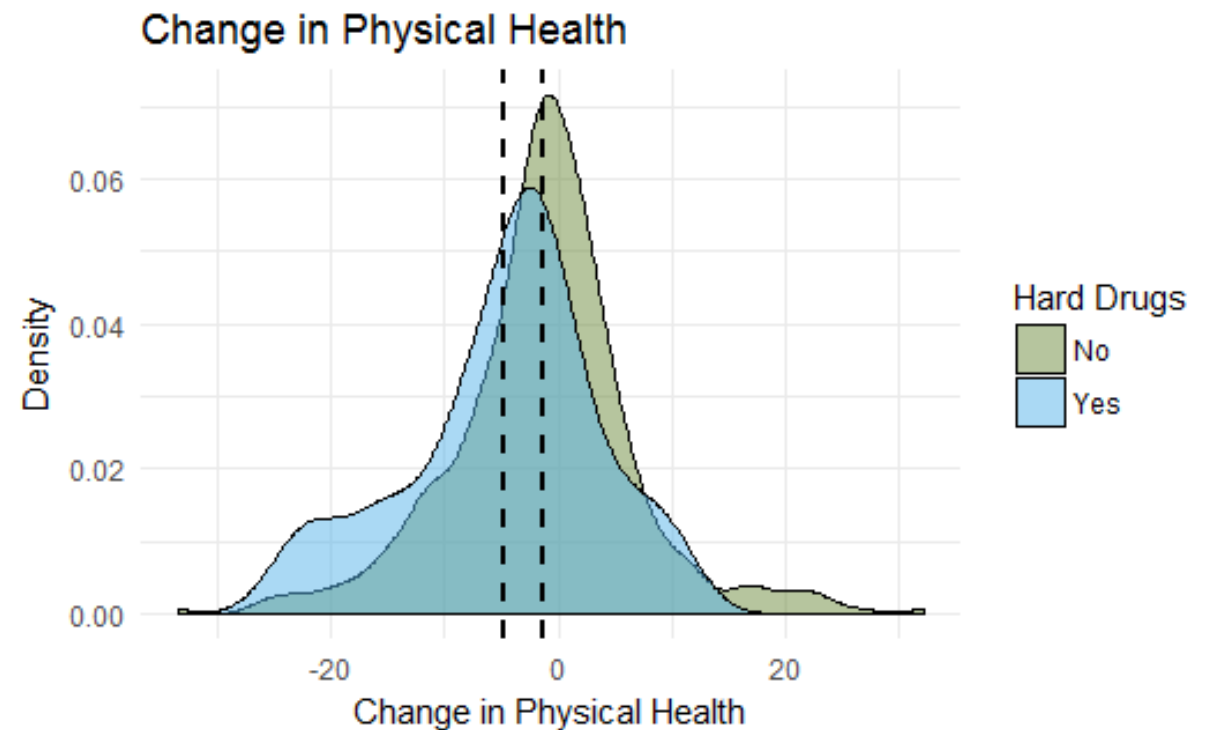
Average for drug users: 13.45

- 95% CI: 10.64-16.26

Frequentist and Bayesian models agreed almost perfectly

Conclusion:

Hard Drug use decreases the Amount of Physical improvement seen in patients over 2 years of participation in the HAART regimen.



# Takeaways

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1. No Impact:
  1. Mental Health Quality of Life
  2. Diminishment of Viral Load
2. Negative Impact:
  1. Physical Health Quality of Life – 4 point decrease
  2. T Cell Count Improvement – .2 log units
3. The analysis was hindered by many patients lost to follow-up by year two (241) and model ignorance of data at year one
4. Analysis in a longitudinal framework could take advantage of repeated measures over 8 years and better estimate the effects of hard drug use